



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

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AUDITORS' REPORT

To the shareholders

Saudi Electricity Company
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)
Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of **Saudi Electricity Company** (a Saudi joint stock company) as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of income, cash flows and changes in shareholders' equity for the year then ended, and notes 1 to 30 which form an integral part of these financial statements as prepared by the Company in accordance with Article 123 of the Regulations for Companies and presented to us with all the necessary information and explanations. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting standards used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting standards appropriate to the nature of the Company, and comply with the relevant provisions of the Regulations for Companies and the articles of the Company as these relate to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements.

Deloitte & Touche Bakr Abulkhair & Co.

Bakr A. Abulkhair License No. 101

Safr 12, 1429 February 19, 2008 والمحيدة المسلم و هر المحيد و المحيد و هر المحيد و المحيد و المحيد المحيد

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Balance Sheet

As of December 31, 2007

In SR thousand	Notes	2007	2006
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	5,589,304	4,200,669
Receivables from electricity consumers and accrued revenue, net	4	13,424,736	10,541,391
Prepayments and other receivables, net	5	1,719,272	1,580,227
Inventories, net	6	6,587,084	4,695,973
Total Current Assets		27,320,396	21,018,260
Non-Current Assets			
Receivables from electricity consumers	4	4,825,000	11,125,000
Equity investments in companies and others	7	1,659,595	748,063
Construction work in progress	8	15,050,529	13,674,707
Fixed assets, net	9	87,654,690	80,642,235
Total Non-Current Assets		109,189,814	106,190,005
TOTAL ASSETS		136,510,210	127,208,265
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	10	32,201,873	25,348,879
Accruals and other payables	11	1,494,488	1,250,130
Current portion of long-term loans	13	979,300	741,114
Total Current Liabilities		34,675,661	27,340,123
Non-Current Liabilities			
Long-term loans	13	3,846,118	9,015,415
Sukuk	15	5,000,000	-
End-of-service indemnities		4,008,747	3,973,971
Deferred revenue.net	17	11,574,810	10,533,997
Customers' refundable deposits		1,036,738	982,217
Long-term Government payables	10	13,295,613	13,295,613
Government loan	18	14,938,060	14,938,060
Total Non-Current Liabilities		53,700,086	52,739,273
Total Liabilities		88,375,747	80,079,396
Shareholders' Equity			
Share capital	19	41,665,938	41,665,938
Statutory reserve		894,598	739,309
General reserve	20	532,418	531,563
Retained earnings		5,041,509	4,192,059
Total Shareholders' Equity		48,134,463	47,128,869
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		136,510,210	127,208,265

Statement of Income

For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

In SR Thousand

	Notes	2007	2006
Operating Revenues			
Electricity sales		19,463,327	18,284,878
Meter reading, maintenance and bills preparation tariff		722,994	707,997
Electricity connection tariff	17	793,131	713,782
Total Operating Revenues		20,979,452	19,706,657
Operating Expenses			
Fuel expenses		(4,937,677)	(4,758,872)
Purchased energy		(1,370,984)	(1,195,470)
Operations and maintenance	21	(6,760,312)	(6,349,688)
Depreciation	9	(6,371,536)	(6,065,179)
General and administrative expenses	22	(284,173)	(182,874)
Total Operating Expenses		(19,724,682)	(18,552,083)
Operating Income		1,254,770	1,154,574
Other income and expenses, net	23	338,798	259,258
Net income before zakat		1,593,568	1,413,832
Deferred zakat expenses	12	(40,677)	-
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR		1,552,891	1,413,832
Earnings Per Share (SR)		0,37	0,34

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

In SR thousand

	2007	2006
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income before zakat	1,593,568	1,413,832
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by		
operating activities:		
Provision for doubtful receivables	74,559	225,614
Provision for slow-moving inventory	(65,760)	(21,982)
Company's share in net income of investee companies	(11,344)	1,199
Depreciation	6,371,536	6,065,179
Gain on sale of fixed assets, net	(128,778)	(35,133)
End-of-service indemnities, net	34,776	131,344
Deferred revenues, net	1,040,813	576,867
(Increase) decrease in operating assets and liabilities:		
Receivables from electricity consumers and accrued revenue	3,342,951	859,669
Prepayments and other receivables	(139,045)	(503,442)
Inventories	(1,825,351)	(1,019,588)
Accounts payable	6,852,994	6,529,844
Accruals and other payables	250,364	47,362
Net proceeds and refunds from customers' refundable deposits	54,521	51,485
Net cash from operating activities	17,445,804	14,322,250
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Equity investments in companies and others	(900,188)	(413,519)
Dividend received from investments	-	3,896
Fixed assets and construction work in progress	(14,778,115)	(11,668,285)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	147,080	53,730
Net cash used in investing activities	(15,531,223)	(12,024,178)
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES		
Sukuk	5,000,000	-
Net proceeds (repayment) of long-term loans	(4,931,111)	1,415,912
Dividends paid to shareholders and Board of Directors' remuneration	(594,835)	(521,231)
Net cash (used in) from financing activities	(525,946)	894.681
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,388,635	3,192,753
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of the year	4,200,669	1,007,916
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF THE YEAR	5,589,304	4,200,669

Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

In SR Thousand

	Notes	Share Capital	Statutory Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance, January 1, 2006		41,665,938	597,926	530,510	3,467,962	46,262,336
Net income for the year		-	-	-	1,413,832	1,413,832
Dividends for 2005	24	-	-	-	(547,252)	(547,252)
Board of directors'						
Remuneration for 2005	25	-	-	-	(1,100)	(1,100)
Electricity fee collections						
(individuals)	20	-	-	1,053	-	1,053
Transfer to statutory reserve		-	141,383	-	(141,383)	-
Balance, December 31, 2006		41,665,938	739,309	531,563	4,192,059	47,128,869
Net income for the year		-	-	_	1,552,891	1,552,891
Dividends for 2006	24	-	-	-	(547,252)	(547,252)
Board of directors'					, , ,	, , ,
Remuneration for 2006	25	-	-	-	(900)	(900)
Transfer to statutory reserve		-	155,289	-	(155,289)	-
Electricity fee collections						
(individuals)	20	-	-	855	-	855
Balance, December 31, 2007		41,665,938	894,598	532,418	5,041,509	48,134,463

1. ORGANIZATION AND ACTIVITIES

The Saudi Electricity Company "the Company" was formed pursuant to the Council of Ministers; Resolution Number 169 dated Sha'ban 11, 1419H (corresponding to November 29, 1998), which reorganized the electricity sector in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia by merging the majority of the local companies that provided electricity power services (10 joint stock companies, that covered most of the geographical areas of the Kingdom), in addition to the projects of the General Electricity Corporation, a governmental corporation related to the Ministry of Industry and Electricity (11 operating projects, that covered various areas in the north of the Kingdom) in Saudi Electricity Company.

The Company was founded pursuant to the Royal Decree No. M/16 dated Ramadan 6, 1420H corresponding to December 13, 1999, in accordance with the Council of Ministers' Resolution Number 153, dated Ramadan 5, 1420H., corresponding to December 12, 1999, and the Minister of Commerce Resolution Number 4027, dated Dhu Al Hijjah 30, 1420H., corresponding to April 5, 2000 and registered under Commercial Registration Number 1010158683, dated Muharram 28, 1421 H., corresponding to May 3, 2000 in Riyadh.

The Company's principal activity is the generation, transmission and distribution of electric power. The Company is the major provider of electric power all over the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, serving governmental, industrial, agricultural, commercial and residential consumers.

The Company, based on its organization chart, is divided into main activities of generation, transmission, and distribution and related supporting activities such as finance, human resources, general services and planning. Generation, transmission and distribution activities complement each other for the purpose of delivering the electricity to the consumer. The company does not have transfer prices between these activities and, revenues are recognized from selling electricity to the end consumer for the Company as a whole based on the official tariff decided by the government.

The Company is a tariff regulated electricity company. Electricity tariffs are determined by the Council of Ministers based on recommendations from the Saudi Electricity Regulatory Agency (SERA). SERA was established in November 2001 as per the Resolution No. 169 dated Sha'aban 11, 1419H. The last change in tariff was made through the Council of Ministers Resolution No. 170 dated Rajab 12, 1421H and was effective from Sha'aban 1, 1421H., corresponding to October 28, 2000. The maximum rate of 26 Halala per kilowatt hour, has not been changed thereafter.

According to the Company's Article of Association, the Company's financial year begins on January 1, and ends on December 31, of every calendar year.

The accompanying financial statements include Sukuk Electricity Company accounts "a wholly owned limited liability company" registered under Commercial Registration Number 1010233775 dated Jumad Al-Awal 16, 1428 H., corresponding to June 2, 2007.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Standard of General Presentation and Disclosure issued by the Ministry of Commerce and in compliance with the accounting standards issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants.

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies applied by the Company:

Accounting Convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting standards requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current event and actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at banks and time deposits, with original maturities of three months or less.

Electricity Consumers Receivables

Electricity consumers receivables represent the amount not collected from the consumers at the balance sheet date, and are stated net of provision for doubtful receivables where recovery is considered doubtful.

Inventories

Inventory items of generators, transmission and distribution materials, supplies and fuel are stated at weighted average cost basis, net of provision for slow moving and obsolete items.

Inventory items that are considered an integral part of the generation plant, transmission and distribution networks, and general property such as strategic and stand-by spare parts, are included in fixed assets.

Investments in Companies' Equity and Other

Investments in companies which are at least 20% owned are recorded using the equity method, under which the investment is stated initially at cost, and adjusted thereafter by the post acquisition change of the Company's share in the net assets of the investee company. The Company's share in the net results is recognized when investees' financial statements are issued.

Investments of less than 20% owned for which there is no readily available market are stated at cost. Revenue is recognized from these investment upon declaration of dividends by the investee companies.

Investments that are acquired with the intention to be held to maturity are carried at cost (adjusted for any premium or discount), less any decline in value which is other than temporary. Such investments are classified as non current assets with the exception of bonds that mature during the next fiscal period, which are classified as current assets.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated operational useful lives using the straight line method. Cost includes cost of acquisition from supplier, direct labor, indirect construction costs, and finance cost up to the date the asset is put in service. Accumulated depreciation of fixed assets sold or otherwise disposed are removed from the accounts at the time of disposal and the related gain or loss is recognized in the statement of income. The estimated operational useful lives are as follows:

	Year
Generation plant, equipment and spare parts	20 to 25
Transmission network, equipment and spare parts	20 to 30
Distribution network, equipment and spare parts	15 to 25
Buildings	20 to 30
Other assets	4 to 20

Impairment

At each balance sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as income immediately.

Capitalization of Borrowing Costs

Net borrowing cost which represents, finance charges and other finance costs on long-term loans charged to the Company, net of commission income for the period, are capitalized on all construction-in-progress projects of material amounts that require long period of time for construction. The borrowing cost capitalized on each project is calculated using the capitalization rate on the average amount spent on the projects.

End-of-Service Indemnities

End-of-service indemnities are calculated in accordance with the Saudi Labor Law.

Zakat

Zakat is provided in accordance with the regulations of the Department of Zakat and Income Tax in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Adjustments arising from final Zakat assessment, if any, is recorded in the statement of income for the period in which such assessment is obtained.

Revenues

- Revenue for electricity sales is recognized when bills are issued to consumers based on the consumption of electric power measured by kilowatt/hour. Revenue on power consumed by consumers but not yet billed at the balance sheet date is accrued.
- Revenue from meter reading, maintenance and bills preparation services represent the monthly fixed tariff based on the capacity of the meter
 used by the consumers, and is recognized when bills are issued. Revenue of meter reading, maintenance and bills preparation services not yet
 billed at the balance sheet date is accrued.
- Electricity service connection tariff received from consumers is deferred and recognized on a straight line basis over the average useful lives of
 the equipment used in serving the consumers, estimated for 20 years.

Expenses

Operation and maintenance expenses include expense to the generation, transmission, and distribution activities, as well as, a portion of the general services and related supporting activities expenses. The remaining portion of these expenses is included under general and administrative expenses. General services and supporting activities expenses are allocated between the main activities based on the benefits received and is evaluated periodically.

Statutory Reserve

In accordance with the Companies Regulations and the Company's Articles of Association, 10% of net income for the year is transferred to statutory reserve. The Company may discontinue such transfer when the reserve equals 50% of the paid-up capital.

Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Saudi Riyals at exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated into Saudi Riyals at the exchange rates prevailing at that date. Realized and unrealized exchange gains and losses arising from such translations are recorded in the statement of income.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	In SR thousand	
	2007	2006
Cash on hand	2,695	1,638
Cash at banks	428,588	177,990
Short-term deposits	5,158,021	4,021,041
	5 589 304	4 200 669

4. RECEIVABLES FROM ELECTRICY CONSUMERS AND ACCRUED REVENUE, NET

	In SR thousand	
	2007	2006
Electricity Consumers Receivable		
Governmental institutions	12,698,672	16,439,149
Non-current portion of Governmental institutions (4a)	(4,825,000)	(11,125,000)
Current portion of Governmental Institutions	7,873,672	5,314,149
Commercial and residential	2,797,830	2,724,021
Special customers	1,686,602	1,549,295
Saudi Aramco (Notes 26 & 28)	1,071,019	747,124
Saline Water Conversion Corporation	557,900	814,811
Electricity connection receivables	394,088	284,735
Total electricity consumers receivable	14,381,111	11,434,135
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables (4b)	(1,878,782)	(1,804,223)
Net Electricity Consumers' Receivable	12,502,329	9,629,912
Accrued revenues	922,407	911,479
Total	13,424,736	10,541,391

4 a) Receivables from Governmental institutions for the period from 5/4/2000 to 31/12/2005, has been agreed to be settled over a period of three years effective 2007 and has been classified to consumer receivables due within one year under current assets, while the remaining balance has been classified as non-current consumers receivables.

4 b) Movements in the provision for doubtful receivables during the year is as follows:

.,	In SR th	nousand
	2007	2006
Balance, January 1	1,804,223	1,578,609
Charge for the year	74,559	225,614
Balance, December 31	1,878,782	1,804,223

5. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET

	In SR Thousand	
	2007	2006
Advances to suppliers and contractors	1,039,183	1,304,923
Outstanding letters of credit	447,141	208,393
Prepaid expenses	25,412	27,813
Other	288,730	118,996
Total	1,800,466	1,660,125
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(81,194)	(79,898)
	1,719,272	1,580,227

6. INVENTORIES, NET

	In SR Thousand	
	2007	2006
Distribution network materials and supplies	3,540,919	2,120,978
Generation plant materials and supplies	2,532,444	2,217,004
Transmission network materials and supplies	313,224	236,701
Fuel and oil	215,650	223,320
Others	174,105	152,988
Total	6,776,342	4,950,991
Less: Provision for slow moving inventories	(189,258)	(255,018)
	6,587,084	4,695,973

Movement in provision for slow moving inventories during the year is as follows:

	In SR T	nousand
	2007	2006
Balance, January 1	255,018	277,000
Write offs during the year	(65,760)	(21,982)
Balance, December 31	189,258	255,018

7. EQUITY INVESTMENTS IN COMPANIES AND OTHERS

	In SR Thousand	
2007		2006

Investments accounted for under the equity method (a)	1,415,318	746,663
Other investment, at cost (b)	1,210	1,400
Held to maturity investments (c)	243,067	-
	1,659,595	748,063

a) Investment accounted for under the equity method.

	Shareholding	In SR	Thousand
	%	2007	2006
Gulf Cooperation Council Interconnection Authority (a-1)	31,60	1,403,382	735,727
Water Electricity Company (a-2)	50	10,936	10,936
Rass Al Zoor Water and Electricity Company (a-3)	20	1,000	-
Total investments accounts for under the equity method		1,415,318	746,663

a 1) Gulf Cooperation Council Interconnection Authority

The Company has participated in the capital of the Gulf Cooperation Council Interconnection Authority (hereafter referred to as "GCCIA") by 31.6% to enhance the electricity transmission and distribution between the member countries. The Company's participation in GCCIA amounted to USD 347.6 million, equivalent to SR 1,305 million. The company has paid on account of the above investment an amount of USD 372 million, equivalent of SR 1,396 million, and has requested to increase its share in the capital of GCCIA with the excess amount paid. As of the report date of the accompanying financial statements, the financial statements of the Company for the year 2007 have not been issued.

a 2) Water and Electricity Company

The Company entered into a partnership agreement with Saline Water Conversion Corporation to establish a jointly owned limited liability company in the name of Water and Electricity Company pursuant to the Supreme Economic Council's decision No. 5/23 dated 23/3/1423, for the encouragement of the private sector in the participation in water desalination projects. The Company's share amounting to SR 15 million was paid in full and represented 300,000 shares (50% of the capital). As of the report date of the accompanying financial statements, the financial statements of the Company for the year 2007 have not been issued.

a 3) Rass Al Zoor Water and Electricity Company

Based on the Company's Board of Directors resolution No. 02/73/2007 dated 1/12/1428H., the Company entered into a partnership with the Public Investment Fund to establish Rass Al Zoor Water and Electricity Company, a joint stock company established pursuant to Royal Decree No. 77 dated on 14/9/1428H. The Company's share amounting to SR 1 million was paid in full and represented 20% of the investees' capital. The investee has not yet started operation, accordingly, no financial statements have been issued till the issuance of the accompanying financial statements.

b) Other investment, at cost.

	Shareholding	In SR Tho	ousand
	%	2007	2006
Al-Shuaiba Water and Electricity Company	8	400	400
Al-Shuqaiq Water and Electricity Company	8	400	1,000
Al-Jubail Water and Electricity Company	5	250	-
Al-Shuaba Holding Company	8	160	-
Total other investments, at cost		1,210	1,400

c) Held to maturity investments

	In SR Thou	In SR Thousand		
	2007	2006		
Saudi Sabic Industries Corporation Sukuk	150,000	-		
Ras Al-Khimah Investment Authority Sukuk	93,067	-		
Total held to maturity investments	243,067	-		

d) Share in net income (loss) of investees accounted for under equity method.

	In SR Thousand	
	2007	2006
Gulf Cooperation Council Interconnection Authority (Note 23)	11,344	1,959
Water and Electricity Company	_	(3,158)
	11,344	(1,199)

8. CONSTRUCTION WORK IN PROGRESS

	In SR Thousand		
	2007	2006	
Transmission projects	6,549,777	4,820,604	
Power generation projects	4,403,073	5,825,028	
Distribution projects	3,691,284	2,499,251	
General projects	406,395	529,824	
	15,050,529	13,674,707	

Net financing cost capitalized on projects under construction during the year amounted to SR 634 million (2006: SR 691 million).

9. FIXED ASSETS, NET

	Land	Buildings	Machinery & Equipment	Capital Spare Parts	Vehicles and Heavy Equipment	Others	Total
				In SR Thousand			
Cost:							
January 1, 2007	1,329,129	12,355,668	162,774,141	2,394,648	1,185,226	1,597,038	181,635,850
Additions	80,970	605,521	10,818,072	50,490	32,568	1,814,672	13,402,293
Disposals	-	(18,717)	(255,084)	(7,384)	(148,508)	(9,122)	(438,815)
December 31, 2007	1,410,099	12,942,472	173,337,129	2,437,754	1,069,286	3,402,588	194,599,328
Accumulated Deprecial January 1, 2007 Charged for the year	ation:	7,313,585 513,609	90,066,028 5,539,613	1,470,832 80,784	1,049,424 48,970	1,093,746 188,560	100,993,615 6,371,536
Disposals	-	(16,578)	(239,347)	(7,384)	(148,273)	(8,931)	(420,513)
December 31, 2007	-	7,810,616	95,366,294	1,544,232	950,121	1,273,375	106,944,638
Net Book Value:							
December 31, 2007	1,410,099	5,131,856	77,970,835	893,522	119,165	2,129,213	87,654,690
December 31, 2006	1,329,129	5,042,083	72,708,113	923,816	135.802	503,292	80,642,235

The land referred to above includes plots of land with a book value of SR 151 million the title deed of which is currently not in the name of the Company. The legal formalities to transfer the title deed of the land to the Company's name is in process.

Net book value of fixed assets based on the Company's main activities as of December 31, 2007 was as follows:

		2007			2006
Generation	Transmission	Distribution	General Property	Total	Total
246,567	600,482	226,292	336,758	1,410,099	1,329,129
2,540,870	1,491,195	149,916	949,875	5,131,856	5,042,083
26,617,107	26,992,022	23,877,338	484,368	77,970,835	72,708,113
517,208	375,956	104	254	893,522	923,816
-	-	-	119,165	119,165	135,802
1,848,427	175,432	37,897	67,457	2,129,213	503,292
31,770,179	29,635,087	24,291,547	1,957,877	87,654,690	80,642,235
	246,567 2,540,870 26,617,107 517,208 - 1,848,427	246,567 600,482 2,540,870 1,491,195 26,617,107 26,992,022 517,208 375,956 	Generation Transmission Distribution 246,567 600,482 226,292 2,540,870 1,491,195 149,916 26,617,107 26,992,022 23,877,338 517,208 375,956 104 - - - 1,848,427 175,432 37,897	Generation Transmission Distribution General Property 246,567 600,482 226,292 336,758 2,540,870 1,491,195 149,916 949,875 26,617,107 26,992,022 23,877,338 484,368 517,208 375,956 104 254 - - - 119,165 1,848,427 175,432 37,897 67,457	Generation Transmission Distribution General Property Total 246,567 600,482 226,292 336,758 1,410,099 2,540,870 1,491,195 149,916 949,875 5,131,856 26,617,107 26,992,022 23,877,338 484,368 77,970,835 517,208 375,956 104 254 893,522 - - - 119,165 119,165 1,848,427 175,432 37,897 67,457 2,129,213

Depreciation expense charged to various activities during the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	In SR thousand		
	2007	2006	
Generation depreciation expenses	2,422,869	2,084,999	
Transmission depreciation expenses	1,822,576	1,849,550	
Distribution depreciation expenses	1,836,348	1,839,432	
General property depreciation expenses	289,743	291,198	
	6,371,536	6,065,179	

10 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	In SR thousand		
	2007	2006	
Saudi Aramco for fuel cost (Notes 26& 28)	30,651,387	26,102,026	
Transferred to Government account (10-a)	(13,295,613)	(13,295,613)	
Saudi Aramco receivable for fuel cost	17,355,774	12,806,413	
Saline Water Conversion Corporation for power purchased	6,211,819	5,436,373	
Payables to contractors and retentions	2,716,432	2,214,285	
Payables to suppliers	1,599,746	1,174,381	
Municipality fees	1,739,598	1,445,003	
Advances received for construction of projects	679,696	588,328	
Others (10-b)	1,898,808	1,684,096	
	32,201,873	25,348,879	

10 a) Accounts payable to Saudi Aramco for fuel cost for the period from 5/4/2000 to 31/12/2003 has been reclassified from current liabilities to non-current liabilities (long-term government payables) in accordance with the minutes of the meeting held between the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Petroleum and Mineral Resources signed on 15/10/1427 whereby the Company's liability to Saudi Aramco was transferred to the account of the Ministry of Finance.

10 b) Other payables include an amount of SR 112 million and is still under consideration between the Company and the Government and pertains to the accounts prior to merger the discussed in note 1.

11. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

	In SR Thousand	
	2007	2006
Accrued expenses	455,357	352,937
Accrued employers' benefits	336,677	232,511
Unclaimed dividends	283,081	329,764
Other	419,373	334,918
	1,494,488	1,250,130

Unclaimed dividends include SR 97 million as of December 31, 2007 representing cash dividends declared by Saudi Consolidated Electricity Company due to the shareholders (2006: SR 98 million).

12. PROVISION FOR ZAKAT

The principle elements of the zakat base are as follows:

	In SR	In SR Thousand		
	2007	2006		
Adjusted Net (loss) Income Computation:				
Income before Zakat	1,593,568	1,413,832		
Add: Zakat adjustments	(8,209,550)	(9,289,492)		
Adjusted Net (Loss) Income	(6,615,982)	(7,875,660)		
Zakat base computation:				
Share capital	41,665,938	41,665,938		
Adjusted net (loss) income	(6,615,982)	(7,875,660)		
Reserves	1,270,872	1,128,436		
Retained earnings	3,643,907	2,919,610		
Provisions	6,113,110	5,724,529		
Long-term loans and Sukuk	9,825,418	9,756,529		
Government loan	14,938,060	14,938,060		
Contractor payables	2,999,513	2,214,285		
Total	73,840,836	70,471,727		
Less:				
Fixed assets and construction-in-progress	(72,179,125)	(87,916,913)		
Long-term investments	(1,648,251)	(748,063)		
Inventory of material and spare parts	(5,109,270)	(3,659,746)		
Zakat Base – Negative	(5,095,810)	(21,852,995)		

No provision for zakat has been made due to the negative adjusted net income and the zakat base. The Company has considered the temporary depreciation differences which resulted to a deferred zakat amounting to SR 41 million approximately.

The zakat status of the former Saudi Consolidated Electricity Company was finalized up to the end of the year 1420 H. (date of the merger) by offsetting the zakat differences due to the Zakat Department against the Government's subsidies due to the Company. However, as of the date of the accompanying financial statements, the Company has not received the final assessments from the Zakat Department to indicate the finalization of the zakat status of the said Company.

The Company has obtained a restricted Zakat certificate up to 2006. According to the final assessment received from the DZIT for the period from April 5, 2000 (date of merger) to December 13, 2001 and for the year 2002, zakat differences amounted to SR 13 million due to amounts claimed by the Company from Aramco for the electricity consumption on residential properties based on the residential tariff rather than the industrial tariff which Aramco has used for settlement. The management has not provided for this difference as it believes that zakat should not be levied on revenues which have not receive any response from DZIT regarding its objection against the above assessment. The final assessment for the year 2003 to 2006 has not been received till the date of issuing these financial statements.

13. LONG-TERM LOANS

In SR thousand	
2007	2006
9,756,529	8,340,617
950,293	2,407,083
(5,881,404)	(991,171)
4,825,418	9,756,529
(979,300)	(741,114)
3,846,118	9,015,415
	2007 9,756,529 950,293 (5,881,404) 4,825,418 (979,300)

Following are the scheduled repayments of long-term loans as of December 31:

	In SR thousand	
	2007	2006
Between one and two years	979,300	1,403,192
Between two and three years	979,300	1,239,130
Between three and four years	968,958	1,075,067
Between four and five years	695,900	1,064,432
Beyond five years	222,660	4,233,594
	3,846,118	9,015,415

On 3/11/2007, the Company has accelerated the repayment of certain outstanding loans, by repayment paid an amount of SR 4,550 million to a group of national and international commercial banks.

Bank loans represent long-term borrowings obtained from commercial banks to finance construction work. Some of these loans are secured by promissory notes issued by the Company and by collection of revenues through banks.

14. DUE TO BANKS

The Company has unused credit facilities from local bank as of December 31, 2007 amounting to SR 500 million. These facilities are secured by promissory notes.

15. SUKUK

On July 1, 2007, the Company issued Sukuk for SR 5 billion, at par value of SR 500,000 each without discount or premium, maturing in year 2027.

The Sukuk bears a rate of return based on SIBOR plus a margin per annum payable quarterly in arrears from the net income received under the Sukuk assets held by the Sukuk custodian "Electricity sukuk Company" a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. At the end of each five year period, the Company shall pay an amount equal to 10% of the aggregate face value of the Sukuk as bonus to the Sukuk holders.

The Company has provided an undertaking to the Sukuk holders to repurchase the Sukuk from the Sukuk holders in the years 2012, 2017, 2022 at an amount equivalent to 90%, 60% and 30% of the face value respectively.

16. DERIVATIVES

The Company entered into interest rate hedging agreements with several banks to hedge the fluctuation in loans interest rates for an amount of SR 4,750 million which includes a US Dollar portion representing approximately 15%.

The hedging agreements are based on the swap between the Company and the banks of fixed rates against floating rates, every six months.

17. DEFFERRED REVENUE - NET

In SR Thousand	
2007	2006
10,533,997	9,957,130
1,833,944	1,290,649
(793,131)	(713,782)
11,574,810	10,533,997
	2007 10,533,997 1,833,944 (793,131)

18. GOVERNMENT LOAN

Pursuant to the resolution number 169 dated 11/8/1419, the net dues of Saudi Electricity Company to the Government and the net dues from the Government were determined in accordance with rules and procedures stipulated in the minutes approved by the Minister of Industry and Electricity and the Minister of Finance and National Economy dated 27/6/1418H (29/10/1997). The net difference payable to the Government by the Company, as determined at the end of the business day preceding the issuance of the Royal Decree for the incorporation of the Company, to be an interest free subordinated long-term loan with a grace period of twenty five years starting from the date of the announcement of the incorporation of the Company. The loan is to be reviewed thereafter subject to the financial position of the Government and the Company.

The minutes of the meeting held on 21/7/1422H between the Minister of Industry and Electricity and the Minister of Finance, in which the initial amount of the Government loan was determined, stated that the final settlement of Government accounts will be subject to the reconciliation for the claims of the Company from Government entities, and the loan amount shall be adjusted accordingly. During 2005, the Company finalized the amount due which included the claims of the Company and the amounts due to the Government and the agreement was signed between the Ministry of Water and Electricity and the Ministry of Finance on 15/07/1426 for the loan due to the Government amounting to SR 14,938,060.

19. SHARE CAPITAL

The share capital of the Company as of December 31, 2007 amounting to SR 41,665,938,150 consists of 4,166,593,815 shares with a par value of SR 10 each.

The share capital referred to above is owned by the following:

	Number of Shares	Ownership Percentage
Government	3,096,175,320	74.31%
Saudi Aramco	288,630,420	6.93%
Other shareholders	781,788,075	18.76%
	4,166,593,815	100%

20. GENERAL RESERVE

General reserve represents the balances of the reserves that were reflected in the books of the Saudi Consolidated Electricity Company at the date of the merger amounting to SR 213,668 thousand and the returns on investing the Electricity Fee Fund amounting to SR 294,976 thousand. In addition, it also includes collections of electricity bills from individuals amounting to SR 23,774 thousand (2006: SR 22, 919 thousand) after December 31, 2001. accordingly, the balance of the general reserve amounted to SR 532,418 thousand as of December 31, 2007 (2006: SR 531,563 thousand).

21. OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES

	2007			2006	
	Generation	Transmission	Distribution	Total	Total
Employees' expenses and benefits	1,303,356	648,802	1,990,447	3,942,605	3,755,497
Materials	876,383	81,870	290,017	1,248,270	851,168
Provision for doubtful receivable	-	-	74,559	74,559	225,614
Municipality fee	-	-	296,541	296,541	258,953
Others	767,885	67,264	363,188	1,198,337	1,258,456
Total	2,947,624	797,936	3,014,752	6,760,312	6,349,688

22. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

In SR Thousand 2007 2006 Employees' expenses and benefits 103,000 98,094 Administrative materials 51,973 195 General and administrative expenses 129,200 84,585 284,173 182,874

23. OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES, NET

	In SR Thousand	
	2007	2006
Gain on disposal of fixed assets, net	128,778	35,133
Penalties	108,094	107,275
Share in net income (loss) of investee companies accounted		
Under the equity method (Note 7d)	11,344	(1,199)
Sales of tender documents	17,565	11,782
Fees for reconnection	8,328	11,977
Others	64,689	94,290
	338,798	259,258

24. PROPOSED DIVIDEND AND EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)

In compliance with the Company's Articles of Association, a preliminary distribution of dividend of not less than 5% of paid up share capital is to be made after deducting reserves in accordance with the condition stated by Resolution 169 dated 11/8/1419, which stipulates that the Government would waive its share from the dividend distribution for a period of ten years from the date of the Company's formation provided that such dividends do not exceed 10% of the par value of the shares. If dividends exceed 10% of the par value of the shares then the Government's share shall be treated similar to the shares of the other shareholders.

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on 19/02/2008G, proposed dividends for years 2007 for the shareholders amounting to SR 547 million in cash at SR 0.7 per share representing 7% of the par value of the shares (2006: SR 547 million). The proposed dividends for year 2007 requires the Company's General Assembly approval.

25. BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND ALLOWANCES

Costs and allowances relating to the Board of Directors meeting and other subcommittee meetings attendance for the year amounted to SR 442 thousand (2006: SR 829 thousand).

The Board of Directors' remuneration of SR 0.8 million is due from the profit of the year 2006 after distribution of dividends of 5% to the other shareholders (Note 19 and 24). The remuneration is payable after the General Assembly's approval (2006: SR 1.9 million).

26. RELATED PARTTY TRANSACTIONS

SEC provides electricity power and connections to governmental agencies, ministries and Saudi Aramco. The rates charged related parties are approved by the Council of Ministers and are similar to the rates applied to other consumers, except for the rates used for Saline Water Conversion Corporation (SWCC) which are in accordance with a Government resolution, and except for the residential properties of Saudi Aramco. The Company believes that residential properties of Aramco fall under the commercial tariff while Saudi Aramco has rejected this tariff and is settling the electricity sales for all such properties based on the industrial tariff which resulted for a difference of SR 149 million for the current year and a cumulative difference of SR 1,310 million since the Company's inception to December 31, 2007 which has not been reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The issue is still under discussion between the two companies. In addition, SEC purchases fuel from Aramco and electric power from Saline Water Conversion Corporation, based on prices set by Government resolutions. Also, fees are paid to the municipalities based on electricity revenues.

The significant transactions and the related approximate amounts are as follows:

2007 5,229,137 1,234,487	2006 4,907,862
1,234,487	
	1,633,961
109,603	87,402
6,573,227	6,629,225
4,556,437	4,442,357
775,180	846,808
296,541	258,953
5,628,158	5,548,118
	6,573,227 4,556,437 775,180 296,541

27. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments represent the value of unperformed portions of the SEC contractual agreements for the construction and installation of utility plants and other assets amounting to approximately SR 35,550 million (2006: SR 29.613 million). The scheduled time to complete the commitments is between one to three years.

28. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- (a) The total disputed amount between the Company and ARAMCO for handling crude oil fees since the Company's foundation on April 5, 2000 and up to December 31, 2007 amounted to approximately SR 1,500 million. The company's management is of the opinion that there will be no liability on the Company based on the Royal Decree number M/8 dated 25/7/1415 as this matter was not discussed by the Ministerial Committee that was formed by the Royal Decree referred to herein. Accordingly, the difference has not been recorded in the Company's books of account.
- (b) Saudi Aramco has also a claim for the settlement of its share in the annual dividends from the date of the Company's foundation to December, 31, 2006, estimated at SR 1,129 million. The Company believes that Saudi Aramco has no right for this claim since it is a wholly owned government agency and accordingly, is governed by the Ministerial Resolution No. 169 dated 11/8/1419 H.
- (c) The Company has a dispute with Saudi Aramco relating to certain dual meters readings in Shadgum, Jumaih and Othmaniah Gas plants as Aramco has rejected certain amounts billed through the said meters. The issue is still under discussion.
- (d) The Company has a dispute with one of its power energy vendors relating to the purchase price per Kilowatt hour. The total price differences between the amount accepted by the Company and the amount billed by the vendor amounted to SR 146 million from the date of commencement of work up to December 31, 2007. The Company believes that the amount billed is overstated and there is no binding agreement, and therefore, these differences have not been booked in the Company's accounts.
- (e) The Company has issued a guarantee to one of the commercial banks against its share for financing a loan granted to one of the companies it has invested. The guarantee amounted to \$ 101.4 million (2006: \$ 44.6 million) equivalent to SR 380 million.
- (f) The Company has outstanding letters of credit amounting to SR 198 million (2006: SR 106 million).

29. RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial instruments carried on the balance sheet principally include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Credit risk is the risk that one party will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk. Cash is substantially placed with national banks with sound credit ratings. Prepayment and accounts receivable are carried net of provision for doubtful debts, if any.

Commission rate risk is the exposure to various risks associated with the effect of fluctuations in the prevailing commission rate on the Company's financial position and cash flows. The Company monitors the fluctuations in commission rates and believes that the effect of the commission rate risk is immaterial. The Company manages its loan through hedging agreement to hedge the facilitation of interest rate, which has the economic benefit to transfer the interest loan from a floating to fixed rate.

Liquidity risk is the risk that Company will be unable to meet its funding requirements primarily for loan commitments. The Company maintains adequate funding to meet such obligations when they become due.

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Management monitors the fluctuations in currency exchange rates and believes that the currency risk is no material.

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. As the Company's financial instruments are compiled under the historical cost convention, differences can arise between the book values and fair value estimates. Management believes that the fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are not materially different from their carrying values.

30. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain figures for 2006 have been reclassified to conform with the presentation in the current year.