

Consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited)



Contents	Page
Administration and contact details	2
Statement of Directors' responsibilities	3
Independent auditor's review report	4
Consolidated interim statement of financial position	5
Consolidated interim statement of income	6
Consolidated interim statement of changes in equity	7 – 8
Consolidated interim statement of cash flows	9 – 10
Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements	11 – 62

### SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN) (A Saudi Arabian joint stock company) Administration and contact details as at March 31, 2014



Commercial registration number

1010164391

Directors

Engr. Abdallah Bin Saif Al-Saif – Chairman H.E. Sulaiman Bin Abdulrahman Al Gwaiz H.E. Mohammed Bin Abdullah Al-Kharashi Dr. Ziad Bin Abdulrahman Al-Sudairy

Mr. Sultan Bin Jamal Shawli Engr. Khalid Saleh Al Mudaifer Mr. Mansour Bin Saleh Al-Maiman Engr. Khalid Bin Hamad Al-Senani Engr. Abdulaziz Bin Abdullah Al Sugair

Registered address

Building number 395

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Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Postal address

P.O. Box 68861

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Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Banker

The Saudi British Bank (SABB)

Auditors

Ernst & Young

Al Faisaliah Office Tower, 14th Floor

King Fahad Road P.O. Box 2732 Riyadh 11461

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia



Statement of Directors' responsibilities for the preparation and approval of the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited)

The following statement, which should be read in conjunction with the independent auditor's responsibilities stated in the independent auditor's review report, set out on page 4, is made with a view to distinguish the responsibilities of management and those of the independent auditors in relation to the consolidated interim financial statements of Saudi Arabian Mining Company (Ma'aden) (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group")

Management is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated interim financial statements that present fairly the consolidated interim financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2014, the results of its operations, changes in equity and cash flows for the quarter then ended, in accordance with the accounting standards issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants ("SOCPA").

In preparing the consolidated interim financial statements, the management is responsible for:

- selecting suitable accounting policies and applying them consistently;
- making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- stating whether SOCPA accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the consolidated interim financial statements and
- preparing and presenting the consolidated interim financial statements on a going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue its business for the foreseeable future.

The management is also responsible for:

- designing, implementing and maintaining an effective system of internal controls throughout the Group;
- maintaining statutory accounting records in compliance with local legislation and accounting standards in the respective jurisdictions in which the Group operates;
- · taking steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and
- · detecting and preventing fraud and other irregularities.

The consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 set out on pages 5 to 62, were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on April 14, 2014 and signed on its behalf by:

Engr. Khalid H. Al-Senani Authorized by the Board Engr. Khalid Al Mudaifer President and Chief Executive Officer Mr. Khalid Al-Rowais Chief Financial Officer

14 Jumada' II 1435H April 14, 2014 Riyadh Kingdom of Saudi Arabia



Ernst & Young & Co. (Public Accountants) 6<sup>th</sup> & 14<sup>th</sup> Floors – Al Faisaliah Office Tower PO Box 2732 King Fahad Road Riyadh 11461 Saudi Arabia Registration Number: 45 Tel: +966 11 273 4740 Fax: +966 11 273 4730

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Independent auditor's review report to the shareholders of Saudi Arabian Mining Company (Ma'aden) (A Saudi Arabian Joint Stock Company)

### Scope of review

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated interim statement of financial position of Saudi Arabian Mining Company "Ma'aden" (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") as at March 31, 2014 and the related consolidated interim statements of income, changes in equity and cash flows for the quarter then ended and the notes 1 to 48 which form an integral part of the consolidated interim financial statements. These consolidated interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Group's management and have been prepared by them and submitted to us with all the information and explanations which we required.

We conducted our limited review in accordance with the Standard on Review of Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants. A limited review consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the consolidated interim financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

### Conclusion

Based on our limited review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

For Ernst & Young

Rashid S. AlRashoud Certified Public Accountant Registration No. 366

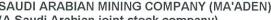
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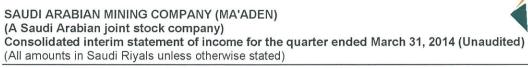
(14 April 2014)



SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN)
(A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)
Consolidated interim statement of financial position as at March 31, 2014 (Unaudited)
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

	Notes_	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Assets				
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments Trade and other receivables Inventories Advances and prepayments	7 8 9 10 11	3,667,107,517 193,800,776 1,094,781,665 2,306,610,059 249,894,477	7,121,488,946 2,938,218,320 694,599,983 1,595,382,544 172,267,110	4,336,642,990 52,437,776 760,446,009 1,883,019,869 147,361,191
	_	7,512,194,494	12,521,956,903	7,179,907,835
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Capital work-in-progress Exploration and evaluation assets Deferred stripping expense Intangible assets Investment in a jointly controlled entity Due from joint venture partners Advances and prepayments	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	18,310,713,585 38,689,162,154 149,012,667 32,356,834 269,544,282 441,077,924 720,000,000 44,782,041	18,427,305,945 27,203,828,525 413,830,496 42,483,109 343,521,551 444,370,019	18,130,467,596 36,993,696,476 145,883,817 33,381,669 274,183,998 441,370,614 720,000,000 32,336,297
	_	58,656,649,487	46,896,048,548	56,771,320,467
Total assets	_	66,168,843,981	59,418,005,451	63,951,228,302
Liabilities Current liabilities Projects and other payables Accrued expenses Zakat payable Severance fees payable Current portion of obligation under capital lease Current portion of long-term borrowings	19 20 21.2 22 25 26.4	2,840,565,295 2,210,469,638 18,062,761 40,942,053 10,138,560 2,028,190,354	1,911,823,962 2,730,897,009 86,667,826 98,441,957 - 1,231,409,329	2,051,281,265 3,261,021,743 54,295,070 36,430,433 9,881,978 1,198,190,354
	_	7,148,368,661	6,059,240,083	6,611,100,843
Non-current liabilities Employees' benefits Provision for mine closure and reclamation Obligation under capital lease Long-term borrowings Due to joint venture partners	23 24 25 26.4 27	227,335,207 110,291,809 47,520,644 32,810,329,404 168,740,113	180,413,308 90,619,820 - 29,238,918,950 142,411,992	214,830,581 83,490,623 50,113,352 31,544,709,390 439,533,088
	9 <del></del>	33,364,217,177	29,652,364,070	32,332,677,034
Total liabilities	_	40,512,585,838	35,711,604,153	38,943,777,877
<b>Equity</b> Share capital Statutory reserve	28	9,250,000,000	9,250,000,000	9,250,000,000
Share premium Transfer of net income Retained earnings	29 30	5,250,000,000 561,660,119 4,823,282,446	5,250,000,000 393,422,274 3,423,151,748	5,250,000,000 561,660,119 4,698,098,798
Equity attributable to shareholders' of the parent company		19,884,942,565	18,316,574,022	19,759,758,917
Non-controlling interest	31.6 _	5,771,315,578	5,389,827,276	5,247,691,508
Total equity	_	25,656,258,143	23,706,401,298	25,007,450,425
Total liabilities and equity	_	66,168,843,981	59,418,005,451	63,951,228,302
Commitments and contingent liabilities	43			





	Notes	Quarter e March 31, 2014	nded March 31, 2013	Year ended December 31, 2013
Sales Cost of sales Gross profit	32 33 _	1,775,542,922 (1,379,292,484) 396,250,438	1,496,549,042 (935,935,551) 560,613,491	6,047,264,545 (4,537,780,359) 1,509,484,186
Operating expenses Selling, marketing and logistic expenses General and administrative expenses	34 35	(71,658,791) (86,969,485)	(71,324,216) (78,547,246)	(282,354,440) (477,597,313)
Exploration and technical services expenses	36 _	(45,589,164)	(28,510,586)	(141,835,064)
Operating income		192,032,998	382,231,443	607,697,369
Other (expenses) / income Share in net loss of a jointly controlled entity Income from short-term investments Finance charges Other income / (expenses), net	17.2 37 38 39 _	(292,690) 2,522,718 (46,937,702) 581,253	(481,716) 10,728,881 (41,228,649) (584,659)	(3,481,121) 26,627,550 (182,585,150) 1,423,265,192
Provision for zakat, net	21.2	147,906,577 4,347,008	350,665,300 (23,067,635)	1,871,523,840 (55,448,293)
Net income for the quarter / year	=	152,253,585	327,597,665	1,816,075,547
Net income for the quarter / year attributable to: Shareholders' of the parent company Non-controlling interest	6.1 31.6	125,183,648 27,069,937	239,193,555 88,404,110	1,682,378,450 133,697,097
	-	152,253,585	327,597,665	1,816,075,547
Earnings per ordinary share (Saudi Riyals)  Operating income per share inclusive of non-controlling interest's share  Basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing		0.21	0.41	0.66
operations attributable to Shareholders' of the parent company	40	0.14	0.26	1.82

### Consolidated interim statement of changes in equity for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated) SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN) (A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)



262,571,245 25,007,450,425 23,084,663,009 23,706,401,298 1,488,477,882 327,597,665 Total equity 294,140,624 (450,000,000) 5,389,827,276 262,571,245 5,247,691,508 Sub-total 5,007,282,542 - (450,000,000) (450,000,000) 45,292,987 88,404,110 294,140,624 590,413,453 185,706,440 Net income attributable 502,009,343 88,404,110 45,292,987 controlling to noninterest Non-controlling interest 408,572,095 share 731,891,457 262,571,245 114,431,471 Payments to increase 294,140,624 (617,459,986) (556,711,869) capital\* 617,459,986 556,711,869 4,390,841,728 4,947,553,597 3,773,381,742 Share capital 3,423,151,748 18,316,574,022 4,698,098,798 19,759,758,917 1,443,184,895 18,077,380,467 239,193,555 Sub-total Equity attributable to shareholders' of the parent company 1,443,184,895 3,183,958,193 Retained earnings 239,193,555 (168,237,845) 393,422,274 168,237,845 561,660,119 393,422,274 Transfer of net income Statutory reserve 5,250,000,000 5,250,000,000 5,250,000,000 Share premium 9,250,000,000 capital 9,250,000,000 Share 9,250,000,000 31.6 31.6 31.6 31.6 9 Notes 30 3 Payments to increase share capital Net income for the remainder of the Payments to increase share capital Increase in non-controlling interest / share capital contributed during Net income transferred to statutory during the remainder of the year\* Increase in non-controlling interest / share capital contributed during Dividend paid to non-controlling interest during the remainder of the remainder of the year Net income for the quarter during the quarter \* December 31, 2013 January 1, 2013 March 31, 2013 the quarter

Consolidated interim statement of changes in equity for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

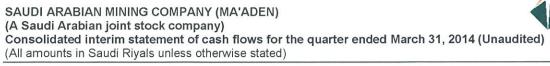


Continued											
	Į	Equity	Equity attributable to shareholders' of the parent company	hareholders' of	the parent com	pany		Non-controlling interest	g interest		
			Statutory reserve	reserve							
	Notes	Share capital	Share premium	Transfer of net income	Retained earnings	Sub-total	Share capital	Payments to increase share capital*	Net income attributable to non- controlling interest	Sub-total	Total equity
December 31, 2013	0,	,250,000,000	9,250,000,000 5,250,000,000 561,660,119		4,698,098,798	4,698,098,798 19,759,758,917	4,947,553,597	114,431,471	185,706,440	114,431,471 185,706,440 5,247,691,508	25,007,450,425
Net income for the quarter		j	ĭ	1	125,183,648	125,183,648	90	1	27,069,937	27,069,937	152,253,585
Payments to increase share capital during the quarter *	31.6	•	Ť	*	,	1	1	495,953,383	ì	495,953,383	495,953,383
Increase in non-controlling interest / share capital contributed during the quarter	31.6	· ·	•	•	·	i.	600,750	ř	1	600,750	600,750
March 31, 2014	σ <b>,</b>	,250,000,000	9,250,000,000 5,250,000,000 561,660,119	561,660,119	4,823,282,446	4,823,282,446 19,884,942,565	4,948,154,347	610,384,854	212,776,377	610,384,854 212,776,377 5,771,315,578	25,656,258,143

\*These payments, to ultimately increase share capital of the applicable subsidiaries over a period of time, are treated as part of the total equity in these subsidiaries in accordance with the SOCPA clarification number 14/1 issued on March 14, 2012, although no shares have been issued yet and the Commercial Registration certificate has not yet been amended, but will be once these prepayments have been converted to share capital.







		Quarte March 31,	r ended March 31,	Year ended December 31,
	Notes	2014	2013	2013
Operating activities				
Income before zakat		147,906,577	350,665,300	1,871,523,840
Adjustments for non-cash flow items:		,000,0	555,555,555	1,011,020,010
Reversal of allowance for inventory obsolescence	10	20	_	(2,265,620)
Depreciation	12	265,286,621	261,386,488	1,018,792,418
Adjustment / written-off property, plant and	12	200,200,021	201,000,100	1,010,702,110
equipment	12	686,776	-	(46,932)
Deferred stripping expense	15	13,927,243	16,707,553	71,975,210
Amortization of intangible assets	16	4,948,618	5,107,909	20,011,009
Adjustment / written-off intangible assets	16	-2	-	79,467,964
Share in net loss of a jointly controlled entity	17.2	292,690	481,716	3,481,121
Provision for severance fees	22	6,778,898	6,925,204	37,828,408
Provision for employees' termination benefits	23.1	13,152,391	9,826,605	52,392,909
Contribution for the employees' savings plan	23.2	4,551,045	6,978,766	13,759,930
Provision for inventory loss	33	43,918,321	-	65,877,481
Income from short term investments	37	(2,522,718)	(10,728,881)	(26,627,550)
Changes in working capital:				
Trade and other receivables	9	(334,335,656)	(131,559,087)	(197,405,113)
Inventories	10	(451,508,511)	(505,448,167)	(1,007,678,445)
Advances and prepayments	11	(114,979,030)	(86,212,319)	(72,933,794)
Projects and other payables – Trade	19	6,322,466	26,083,724	(20,541,484)
Accrued expenses - Trade	20	1,213,939	181,385,001	113,255,547
Zakat paid	21.2	(31,885,301)	<u> </u>	(64,753,414)
Severance fees paid	22	(2,267,278)	-	(92,914,728)
Employees' termination benefits paid	23.1	(3,523,116)	(5,883,927)	(14,903,351)
Employees' savings plan withdrawal	23.2	(1,675,694)	(1,463,238)	(7,374,009)
Provision for mine closure and reclamation utilized	24.1	(2,512,532)	(123,336)	(7,252,533)
Net cash (utilized) / generated from operating activities		(436,224,251)	124,129,311	1,833,668,864
activities		(400,224,201)	124,120,011	1,000,000,004
Investing activities				
Income received from short-term investments		2,403,468	19,913,093	41,774,971
Short-term investments	8	(141,243,750)	123,945,915	3,003,763,250
Additions to property, plant and equipment	12	(661,972)	· <del>-</del>	(62,688,826)
Additions to capital work-in-progress	13	(2,127,709,374)	(2,919,439,042)	(12,542,912,402)
Additions to exploration and evaluation assets	14	(3,128,850)	(66,540,170)	(236,872,324)
Additions to deferred stripping expense	15	(12,902,408)	(16,837,524)	(63,003,741)
Additions to intangible assets	16	(308,902)	(20,558,808)	(20,558,808)
Due from joint venture partners	18	-	-	(720,000,000)
Projects and other payables – Projects	19	782,961,564	(125,710,507)	60,372,004
Accrued expenses – Projects	20	(1,051,766,044)	(356,299,913)	241,954,275
Net cash utilized in investing activities		(2,552,356,268)	(3,361,526,956)	(10,298,171,601)



(A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)





Continued Quarter ended Year ended March 31, March 31, December 31, 2013 Notes 2014 2013 Financing activities 59.995.330 Obligation under capital lease 25 (2,336,126)2.095,620,014 3,799,532,167 6,072,103,632 Net proceeds from long-term borrowings received 26.4 Due to joint venture partners 27 29,178,750 90,000,000 387,121,096 Payments to increase share capital by non-controlling interest, net 195,981,658 294,140,624 556,711,869 31.6 Increase in share capital of non-controlling interest 31.6 600,750 Dividend paid to non-controlling interest 31.6 (450,000,000)2,319,045,046 4,183,672,791 6,625,931,927 Net cash generated from financing activities Net change in cash and cash equivalents (669,535,473)946,275,146 (1,838,570,810)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the guarter / 4,336,642,990 6,175,213,800 6,175,213,800 Cash and cash equivalents at end of the quarter / 3,667,107,517 7,121,488,946 4,336,642,990 Non-cash flow transactions 16,000,000 Transfer from inventories to capital work-in-progress 10,13 Transfer to property, plant and equipment from capital 12.13 418,465,913 98,824,481 496,656,304 work-in-progress Provision for mine closure capitalized in property, plant and equipment 12,24.1 29,313,718 Transfer to capital work-in-progress from inventories 13,10 150,981,092 Depreciation capitalized as part of capital work-in-2,222,217 13,12 progress Transfer to capital work-in-progress from exploration and evaluation assets 13,14 438,278,833 Transfer to intangible assets from capital work-in-16,13 25.033.511 progress Transfer from due to joint venture partners to payments to increase share capital pertaining to non-controlling 27,31.6 299,971,725 interest Transfer from payments to increase share capital to 617,459,986 1,174,171,855 share capital pertaining to non-controlling interest 31.6



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### 1. General information

Saudi Arabian Mining Company ("Ma'aden") (the "Company") was formed as a Saudi joint stock company pursuant to Royal Decree No. M/17 dated 14 Zul Qaida 1417H (corresponding to March 23, 1997) and the Council of Ministers Resolution No. 179 dated 8 Zul Qaida 1417H (corresponding to March 17, 1997), with Commercial Registration No. 1010164391 dated 10 Zul Qaida 1421H (corresponding to February 4, 2001). The Company has an authorized share capital of SAR 9,250,000,000 (Nine billion and two hundred fifty million Saudi Riyals) divided into 925,000,000 (Nine hundred and twenty five million) ordinary shares with a nominal value of SAR 10 each.

The objectives of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are to be engaged in various projects related to all stages of the mining industry, including development, advancement and improvement of the mineral industry, mineral products and by-products. These activities exclude:

- petroleum and natural gas and materials derived there from;
- · any and all hydrocarbon substances, products, by-products and derivatives; and
- activities related to all stages of the oil industry and the industries associated therewith and supplementary thereto.

The Group's principal mining activities are at the Mahd Ad' Dahab, Al-Hajar, Bulghah, Al-Amar, Sukhaybarat, Al Jalamid, Az Zabirah and Al-Ghazallah mines. Currently the Group mainly mines gold, phosphate rock, low-grade bauxite, kaolin and magnesite.

The Group is involved in the following two major projects, both of which are in their development stages:

### Aluminum project

The Group's objective with the aluminum project is to develop the bauxite mine, the alumina refinery, smelter and rolling mill as well as a power plant for the production of aluminum and related products in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. In December 2009, the Company entered into a joint venture agreement with Alcoa Incorporated, ("Alcoa Inc.") for the development of the aluminum project. The Company has a 74.9% interest in the aluminum project and Alcoa Inc. has a 25.1% interest. The estimated capital cost of the project is SAR 40.5 billion. Alcoa Inc. has reimbursed the Company for 25.1% of the aluminum project's costs incurred by the Company before Alcoa Inc.'s participation.

On February 14, 2012 the Board of Directors approved a plan developed by Ma'aden in collaboration with their joint venture partner Alcoa Inc. (Note 27) to extend the product mix of their aluminum complex, currently under construction at Ras Al Khair, to include:

- automotive heat treated and non-heat treated sheet,
- · building and construction sheet, and
- foil stock sheet

### Phosphate production facility

On March 19, 2013, Ma'aden signed Heads of Agreement with The Mosaic Company ("Mosaic") and SABIC to jointly develop a fully integrated phosphate production facility located at the King Abdullah Project for the development of Wa'ad Al Shamal Mineral Industrial City, in the Northern Region, near the city of Turayf in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Ma'aden, Mosaic and SABIC will own 60%, 25% and 15% of the joint venture respectively. On August 5, 2013, the shareholders agreement to jointly develop a fully integrated phosphate production facility was signed by Ma'aden, Mosaic and SABIC (Note 27 and 39).

This project is based on the exploitation of the Al-Khabra phosphate deposit for which Ma'aden owns the mining license and includes the utilization of captive national resources such as groundwater and sulfur, and taking advantage of the existing railway infrastructure, linking the Northern Borders Province to Ras Al Khair in the Eastern Province to have access to the port facilities at the Arabian Gulf. The estimated capital cost of the project is SAR 26 billion.



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### 2. Group structure

The Company has the following subsidiaries and jointly controlled entity, all incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia:

		Eff	ective owner	ship
		March 31,	March 31, D	ecember 31,
Subsidiaries	Type of company	2014	2013	2013
Ma'aden Gold and Base Metals Company ("MGBM")	Limited liability company	100%	100%	100%
Ma'aden Infrastructure Company ("MIC")	Limited liability company	100%	100%	100%
Industrial Minerals Company ("IMC")	Limited liability company	100%	100%	100%
Ma'aden Aluminum Company ("MAC")	Limited liability company	74.9%	74.9%	74.9%
Ma'aden Rolling Company ("MRC")	Limited liability company	74.9%	74.9%	74.9%
Ma'aden Bauxite and Alumina Company ("MBAC")	Limited liability company	74.9%	74.9%	74.9%
Ma'aden Phosphate Company ("MPC")	Limited liability company	70%	70%	70%
Ma'aden Wa'ad Al Shamal Phosphate Company ("MWASPC")	Limited liability company	60%	:-	-
Jointly controlled entity				
Sahara and Ma'aden Petrochemical Company ("SAMAPCO")	Limited liability company	50%	50%	50%

The financial year end of all the subsidiaries and jointly controlled entity coincide with that of the parent company.

### MGBM

The company was incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, on August 9, 1989. The objectives of the company are:

- the exploration and mining of gold and associated minerals within their existing mining lease area by way of drilling, mining, concentrating, smelting and refining;
- · extract, refine, export and sell such minerals in their original or refined form; and
- construct, operate and maintain all mines, buildings, highways, pipelines, refineries, treatment plants, communication systems, power plants and other facilities necessary or suitable for the purposes of the lease.

### MIC

The company was incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia on August 17, 2008. The objectives of the company are to:

- manage the infrastructure project to develop, construct and operate the infrastructure; and
- provide services to Ras Al-Khair area and other mining and industrial locations in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

### IMC

The company was incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia on March 31, 2009. The objectives of the company are:

- the exploitation of industrial minerals within the existing mining lease area by way of drilling, mining, concentrating, smelting and refining; and
- · extract, refine, export and sell such minerals in their original or refined form.

The company currently operates a kaolin and low grade bauxite mine in the central zone of Az Zabirah and a high grade magnesite mine and processing plant at Al Madinah Al Munawarah which partially commenced operations during 2011 and the remaining project is still in development stage.



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### MAC

The company was incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia on October 10, 2010 and is owned:

- 74.9% by Saudi Arabian Mining Company ("Ma'aden") and
- 25.1% by Alcoa Saudi Smelting Inversiones S.L. ("ASSI"), a foreign shareholder, a company wholly owned by Alcoa Incorporated ("Alcoa Inc."), which is accounted for as a non-controlling interest in these consolidated interim financial statements.

The objectives of the company are the production of:

- aluminum ingots;
- aluminum T shape ingots;
- · aluminum slabs; and
- aluminum billets.

The company is currently in its project development phase.

### MRC

The company was incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia on October 10, 2010 and is owned:

- 74.9% by Saudi Arabian Mining Company ("Ma'aden") and
- 25.1% by Alcoa Saudi Rolling Inversiones S.L. ("ASRI"), a foreign shareholder, a company wholly owned by Alcoa Incorporated ("Alcoa Inc."), which is accounted for as a non-controlling interest in these consolidated interim financial statements.

The objectives of the company are the production of:

- · can body stock; and
- can ends stock.

The company is currently in its project development phase.

### MBAC

The company was incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia on January 22, 2011 and is owned:

- 74.9% by Saudi Arabian Mining Company ("Ma'aden") and
- 25.1% by AWA Saudi Limited ("AWA"), a foreign shareholder, which is owned 60% by Alcoa Inc. and 40% by Alumina Limited, an unrelated third party, which is accounted for as a non-controlling interest in these consolidated interim financial statements.

The objectives of the company are to:

- · produce and refine bauxite; and
- produce alumina.

The company is currently in its project development phase.

### MPC

The company was incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia on January 1, 2008 and is owned:

- 70% by Saudi Arabian Mining Company ("Ma'aden") and
- 30% by Saudi Basic Industries Corporation ("SABIC") which is accounted for as a non-controlling interest in these consolidated interim financial statements.

The objectives of the company are to:

- exploit the Al Jalamid phosphate deposits;
- utilize local natural gas and sulphur resources to manufacture Diammonium Phosphate ("DAP") fertilizers at the processing facilities at Ras Al-Khair; and
- produce ammonia as a raw material feed stock for the production of fertilizer and the excess ammonia is exported and sold domestically.



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### **MWASPC**

The company was incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia on January 27, 2014 and is owned:

- 60% by Saudi Arabian Mining Company ("Ma'aden");
- 25% by Mosaic Phosphate B.V., a foreign shareholder, a limited liability company registered in Netherlands wholly owned by The Mosaic Company ("Mosaic") which is accounted for as a noncontrolling interest in these consolidated interim financial statements; and
- 15% by Saudi Basic Industries Corporation ("SABIC") which is accounted for as a non-controlling interest in these consolidated interim financial statements.

The objectives of the Company are the production of:

- purified phosphoric acid,
- phosphoric acid.
- sodium tripolyphosphate,
- Di-calcium and Mono-calcium phosphate.
- Di-ammonium and Mono-ammonium phosphate,
- ammonia.
- nitro phosphate and nitro phosphate potash,
- sulphuric acid.
- products used in the manufacturing of lime; and
- purified phosphate rock.

### SAMAPCO

The company was incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia on August 14, 2011 and is owned:

- 50% by Saudi Arabian Mining Company ("Ma'aden"); and
- 50% by Sahara Petrochemical Company.

SAMAPCO is a joint venture project and is accounted for as an investment in a jointly controlled entity under the equity method of accounting in these consolidated interim financial statements.

The objectives of the company are the production of:

- · concentrated caustic soda;
- chlorine; and
- ethylene dichloride.

The operations of the company includes the production and supply of concentrated caustic soda feed stock to the alumina refinery at MBAC and to sell the excess production in the local wholesale and retail market. SAMAPCO is currently in its project development phase.

### 3. Basis of preparation

The accompanying consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared under the historic cost convention on the accrual basis of accounting and in compliance with the accounting standards promulgated by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants ("SOCPA").

The consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with SOCPA's standard of interim financial reports, on the basis of integrated periods, which views each interim period as an integral part of the financial year. Accordingly, revenues, gains, expenses, and losses of the period are recognized during the relevant period.

The results of the operations for an interim period may not be indicative of the annual results of the operations.

These consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals which is both the functional and reporting currency of the Group.



MA'ADEN

Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### 4. Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated interim financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods / year presented.

### 4.1 Basis of consolidation

### Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies to obtain economic benefit generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets acquired or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of acquisition, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. Goodwill arising from acquisition of subsidiaries is reported under "intangible assets" in the accompanying consolidated interim statement of financial position. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost, net of any accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. The accounting policies of the subsidiaries are in consistency with those adopted by the Group.

### Jointly controlled entity

A joint venture exists where the Group has a contractual arrangement with one or more parties to undertake activities typically, however not necessarily, through entities that are subject to joint control.

The Group recognises its interests in a jointly controlled entity using the equity method of accounting. The Group's share of the results of joint ventures is based on the financial statements prepared up to a date not earlier than three months before the consolidated interim statement of financial position date, adjusted to conform with the accounting polices of the Group, if any. Intragroup gains on transactions are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Intragroup losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment in the asset transferred.

### 4.2 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Saudi Riyals at the rates of exchange prevailing at the time of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the consolidated interim statement of financial position date are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at that date. Gains and losses from settlement and translation of foreign currency transactions are included in the consolidated interim statement of income.

### 4.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents balance includes cash on hand, cash in banks and time deposits with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of acquisition.

### 4.4 Short-term investments

Short-term investments include placements with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of more than three months but not more than one year from the date of acquisition.



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### 4.5 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are carried at the original sales invoice amount less an allowance for doubtful debts (if any). An allowance for doubtful debts is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all the amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Such allowances are charged to the consolidated interim statement of income and reported under "General and administrative expenses". When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written-off against the allowance for doubtful debts. Any subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written-off are credited against "General and administrative expenses" in the consolidated interim statement of income.

### 4.6 Inventories

### Finished goods

Finished goods are measured at the lower of net cost of production or net realizable value. The net cost of production is determined as the total cost of production divided by the saleable unit output.

Production costs include:

- labor costs, materials and contractor expenses which are directly attributable to the extraction and processing of ore;
- the depreciation of mining properties and leases of property, plant and equipment used in the extraction and processing of ore;
- production overheads; and
- revenue from sale of by-products is credited against production costs.

By-products are valued at net realizable value, with reference to the spot price of the commodities ruling at the reporting date.

### Work-in-process

The cost of work-in-process is determined using weighted average basis.

### Ore stockpiles

Ore stockpiles represent ore that has been extracted and is available for further processing. If there is significant uncertainty as to when the stockpiled ore will be processed it is expensed as incurred. Where the future processing of this ore can be predicted with confidence because it exceeds the mine's cut-off grade and due to economic viability, it is valued at the lower of net cost of production or net realizable value. Quantities of stockpiles and work-in-process are assessed primarily through surveys and assays.

### Spare parts and consumable materials

Spare parts and consumable materials are valued at the weighted average cost basis less an allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses.

### 4.7 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities carried on the consolidated interim statement of financial position principally include cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, trade and other receivables, projects and other payables, accrued expenses and borrowings.

A financial asset and liability is offset and net amount reported in the consolidated interim financial statements, when the Group has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously.

### SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN)





Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### 4.8 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at the historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided over the shorter of estimated economic useful lives of the applicable assets or the estimated lifeof-mine using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of the principal classes of assets are as follows:

		Number of years
•	Buildings	9 – 33
•	Heavy equipment	5 – 20
•	Fixed plant and heap leaching facilities	4 – 20
•	Other equipment	4 – 20
•	Office equipment	4 – 10
•	Furniture and fittings	4 – 10
•	Mobile and workshop equipment	10
•	Computer equipment	4 – 5
•	Mining assets	2 – 8
•	Laboratory and safety equipment	5
•	Motor vehicles	4
•	Civil works	4

Maintenance and normal repairs which do not materially extend the estimated economic useful life of an asset are charged to the consolidated interim statement of income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements, if any, are capitalized.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount and are included in the consolidated interim statement of income.

Borrowing costs related to qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of the qualified assets.

### 4.9 Capital work-in-progress

Assets in the course of construction are capitalized in the capital work-in-progress account. On completion, the cost of the related asset is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment. The cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any costs directly attributable to bringing it into working condition for its intended use. Costs associated with a start-up period are capitalized where the asset is available for use but incapable of operating at normal levels during the commissioning period net of the proceeds from the sale of any production during the development period. Capital work-inprogress is not depreciated.

### 4.10 Exploration and evaluation assets

Exploration expenditures are the costs incurred in the initial search for mineral deposits with economic potential or in the process of obtaining more information about existing mineral deposits. Exploration expenditures typically include costs associated with:

- acquisition of exploration rights to explore a potentially mineralized;
- topographical, geological, geochemical and geophysical studies;
- exploration drilling;
- trenching;
- sampling; and
- other work involved in searching for ore.

Evaluation expenditures are the costs incurred to establish the technical and commercial viability of developing mineral deposits identified through exploration activities or by acquisition. Evaluation expenditures include the cost of:

- establishing the volume and grade of deposits through drilling of core samples, trenching and sampling activities in an ore body that is classified as either a mineral resource or a proven and probable reserve;
- determining the optimal methods of extraction and metallurgical and treatment processes;
- studies related to surveying, transportation and infrastructure requirements;
- permitting activities; and



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

 economic evaluations to determine whether development of the mineralized material is commercially justified, including scoping, prefeasibility and final feasibilities studies.

All exploration and evaluation costs are expensed until it is concluded that a future economic benefit is more likely to be realized than not, i.e. 'probable'. The information used to make that determination depends on the level of exploration as well as the degree of confidence in the ore body. Exploration and evaluation expenditures are capitalized if management determines that probable future economic benefits will be generated as a result of the expenditures.

Exploration and evaluation expenditure relating to extensions of mineral deposits which are already being mined or developed, including expenditure on the definition of mineralization of such mineral deposits, is capitalized as mine development cost following the completion of an economic evaluation equivalent to a feasibility study.

All exploration and evaluation costs incurred after it is concluded that economic benefit is more likely to be realized than not, i.e. 'probable' are capitalized as "Exploration and evaluation assets" only until the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting of mineral resource are demonstrable. Once the technical and commercial viability is demonstrable i.e. economic benefit will or will not be realized, the asset is tested for impairment and any impairment loss is recognized. Based on the technical and commercial feasibility, if the economic benefit will be realized and management intends to develop the mine, exploration and evaluation asset is reclassified to "Capital work-in progress". Cash flows attributable to capitalized exploration and evaluation expenditures are classified as investing activities in the consolidated interim statement of cash flow. Once the commercial production stage is reached, the capitalized capital work-in-progress is reclassified to "Property, plant and equipment".

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset may exceed its recoverable amount. When facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, the Company measures, presents and discloses any resulting impairment loss.

For the purposes of exploration and evaluation assets only, one or more of the following facts and circumstances are considered for identifying that exploration and evaluation asset that may be impaired. These include the following:

- the period for which the entity has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed.
- substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned.
- exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area.
- sufficient data exist to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the
  carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from
  successful development or by sale.

Once it has been identified that exploration and evaluation asset may be impaired, asset impairment policy as specified in note 4.13 is followed.

### 4.11 Stripping ratio and deferred stripping costs

The Group also defers waste mining costs and has estimated the average of the waste-to-ore ratio for the quantities contained within the final pit design of the mine. This average is used to calculate the annual waste mining costs to be expensed as follows:

Average ratio of waste to ore mined x Quantity of ore mined x Average unit cost of total tonnes mined

In periods when the actual costs of waste are higher than the costs expensed according to this formula, the difference is deferred to be expensed in a future period when the actual costs are less than the amount to be expensed.

### SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN)



(A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)

Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### 4.12 Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise of purchased software and systems enhancements and transformation. These assets are carried at cost. Intangible assets are amortized on the straight-line basis over their anticipated useful lives and are reviewed at least at each financial year end. The amortization expense on the intangible assets is recognized in the consolidated interim statement of income consistent with the functions of the intangible assets.

Intangible assets for MIC comprises the infrastructure and support services assets at Ras Al Khair that are transferred to Royal Commission of Jubail and Yanbu ("RCJY") as stated in the Implementation Agreement signed between Ma'aden and RCJY. The cost of the intangible assets comprises its purchase price and any costs directly attributable to bringing such assets to working condition for their intended use. Such intangible assets are carried at historical cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is provided over the remaining period of LUSA (Land Usage and Service Agreement) term.

### 4.13 Asset impairment

The Group assesses its assets at each reporting date for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value-in-use.

Assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date. When it becomes evident that the circumstances which resulted in the impairment no longer exist, the impairment amount is reversed (with the exception of goodwill) and recorded as income in the consolidated interim statement of income in the period in which such reversal is determined.

### 4.14 Projects, other payable and accrued expenses

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Group.

### 4.15 Zakat, income tax and withholding tax

The Company is subject to zakat in accordance with the regulations of the Department of Zakat and Income Tax (the "DZIT"). A provision for zakat for the Company and zakat related to the Company's subsidiaries is charged to the consolidated interim statement of income. Differences, if any, at the finalization of final assessments are accounted for when such amounts are determined. Foreign shareholders in subsidiaries are subject to income tax which is included in non-controlling interest in the consolidated interim statement of income.

The Group withholds taxes on certain transactions with non-resident parties in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia as required under Saudi Arabian Income Tax Law.

### 4.16 Severance fees

Effective from year 2005 onwards, as per Article No. 71 of the Saudi Mining Investment Code issued based on the Royal Decree No. 47/M dated 20 Sha'aban 1425H (corresponding to October 4, 2004), the Group is required to pay to the Government of Saudi Arabia severance fee representing 25% of the annual net income per mining license or the equivalent of the hypothetical income tax, whichever is the lower.

The Zakat due shall be deducted from gross severance fee and the net severance fee amount is shown as part of cost of sales in the consolidated interim statement of income (Note 33).

### 4.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has:

- a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation in the future;
- the amount can be reliably estimated.



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### 4.18 Mine closure and reclamation

The mining, extraction and processing activities of the Group normally give rise to obligations for site closure or reclamation. Mine closure and reclamation works can include facility decommissioning and dismantling; removal or treatment of waste materials; site and land rehabilitation. The extent of work required and the associated costs are dependent on the requirements of current laws and regulations.

Provisions for the cost of each closure and reclamation program are recognized at the time the mining activities occur. When the extent of the mining activities increases over the life-of-mine, the provision is increased accordingly.

Costs included in the provision encompass all closure and reclamation activity expected to occur progressively over the life-of-mine and at the time of closure in connection with the mining activities at the reporting date. Costs arising from unforeseen circumstances, such as the contamination caused by unplanned discharges, are recognized as an expense and liability when the event gives rise to an obligation which is probable and capable of reliable estimation. The timing of the actual closure and reclamation expenditure is dependent upon a number of factors such as:

- the life-of-mine;
- · the operating license conditions; and
- the environment in which the mine operates.

The full estimated costs are capitalized as part of mining assets, under property, plant and equipment and then depreciated as an expense over the expected life-of-mine on straight-line basis. Adjustments to the estimated amount and timing of future closure and reclamation cash flows are a normal occurrence in light of the significant judgments and estimates involved. Factors influencing those changes include:

- revisions to estimated ore reserves, mineral resources and lives of mines;
- developments in technology;
- · regulatory requirements and environmental management strategies; and
- changes in the estimated extent and costs of anticipated activities, including the effects of inflation.

### 4.19 Employees' termination benefits

Employee termination benefits are payable as a lump sum to all employees employed under the terms and conditions of Saudi Labor and Workman Law on termination of their employment contracts. The liability is calculated as the current value of the vested benefits to which the employee is entitled, should the employee leave at the consolidated interim statement of financial position date. Termination payments are based on employees' final salaries and allowances and their cumulative years of service, as defined by the conditions stated in the laws of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

### 4.20 Employees' savings plan program

In accordance with Article 145 of the Labor Regulations, and in furtherance to Article 76 of the Company's Internal Work Regulation approved by resolution No. 424 dated 6<sup>th</sup> of Rabi II 1420H (corresponding to July 19, 1999) issued by H.H. Minister of Labor and Social Affairs, a Savings Plan Program was introduced to encourage the Saudi employees of the Group to save and invest their savings in areas more beneficial to them, to secure their future and as an incentive for them to continue working with the Group.

Participation in the Savings Plan Program is restricted to Saudi nationals and optional with employees required to contribute a monthly minimum installment of 1% to a maximum of 15% of their basic salary subject to a minimum of SAR 300. The Group will contribute an amount equaling 10% of the monthly savings of each member per annum for the first year and increase it by 10% in the year after it reaches 100% at the 10<sup>th</sup> year, which will in turn be credited to the savings accounts of the member. The Group's portion is charged to the consolidated interim statement of income on a monthly basis. The Group's portion will only be paid upon termination or resignation of the employee.

(A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### 4.21 Leasing

Leases are classified as capital leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under capital leases are recognized as assets of the Group at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair market value of the assets at the inception of the lease. Depreciation is provided over the estimated economic useful lives of the assets.

Finance costs, which represent the difference between the total lease commitments and the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair market value of the assets at the inception of the lease, are charged to the consolidated statement of income over the term of the relevant lease in order to produce a constant periodic rate of return on the remaining balance of the obligation for each accounting period.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to consolidated interim statement of income on a straight-line basis over the term of the operating lease.

### 4.22 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred, if any. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of those assets. Other borrowing costs are charged to consolidated interim statement of income.

### 4.23 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when all the following conditions are met:

- the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the product have been transferred to the buyer;
- neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold, has been retained;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the sale will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the sale can be measured reliably.

Revenues are shown net of discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

Sales revenue is commonly subject to an adjustment based on an inspection of the product by the customer. In such cases, sales revenue is initially recognized on a provisional basis using the Group's best estimate of contained metal, and adjusted subsequently.

Revenue from the sale of by-products is credited against production costs.

Investment income consists of earnings on bank deposits and is recognized on an accrual basis.

### 4.24 Selling, marketing and logistic expenses

Selling, marketing and logistic expenses include direct and indirect costs not specifically part of cost of sales as required under generally accepted accounting standards. Allocations between selling and marketing expenses and cost of sales, when required, are made on a consistent basis.

### 4.25 General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses include direct and indirect costs not specifically part of cost of sales as required under generally accepted accounting standards. Allocations between general and administrative expenses and cost of sales, when required, are made on a consistent basis.



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### 5. Critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgments

The preparation of consolidated interim financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the consolidated interim financial statements and accompanying notes. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

The most significant areas requiring the use of management's assumptions, estimates and judgments relate to:

- ore reserve and mineral resource estimates;
- · economic useful lives of property, plant and equipment;
- impairment and reversal of impairment of assets;
- allowances:
- · mine closure and environmental obligation;
- · zakat and income taxes; and
- contingencies.

### Ore reserve and mineral resource estimates

There is a degree of uncertainty involved in the estimation and classification of ore reserves and mineral resources and corresponding grades being mined or dedicated to future production. Until ore reserves or mineral resources are actually mined and processed, the quantity of ore reserve and mineral resource grades must be considered as estimates only. What is more, the quantity of ore reserves and mineral resources may vary depending on, amongst other things, metal prices and currency exchange rates.

The ore reserve estimates of the Group have been determined based on management long-term commodity price, forecasts cut-off grades and costs that may prove to be inaccurate. Any material change in the quantity of reserves, grades or stripping ratio may affect the economic viability of the properties. In addition, there can be no assurance that gold recoveries or other metal recoveries in small scale laboratory tests will give the same result in larger scale tests under on-site conditions or during production.

Fluctuation in commodity prices, the results of drilling, metallurgical testing and production and the evaluation of mine plans subsequent to the date of any estimate may require estimates to be revised. The volume and grade of ore reserves mined and processed and recovery rates may not be the same as currently anticipated. Any material reductions in estimates of ore reserves and mineral resources, or of the Group's ability to extract these ore reserves, could have a material adverse effect of the Group's business, prospects, financial condition and operating results.

### Economic useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's mining assets, classified within property, plant and equipment, are amortized on a straight-line basis over the lesser of their economic useful lives or the life-of-mine. When determining the life-of-mine, assumptions that were valid at the time of estimation, may change when new information becomes available.

The factors that could affect estimation of the life-of-mine include the following:

- changes in proven and probable ore reserves;
- the grade of ore reserves varying significantly from time to time;
- differences between actual commodity prices and commodity price assumptions used in the estimation and classification of ore reserves;
- unforeseen operational issues at mine sites; and
- changes in capital, operating, mining, processing and reclamation costs, discount rates could possibly adversely affect the economic viability of ore reserves.

Any of these changes could affect prospective depreciated of mining assets and their carrying value. The economic useful lives of non-mining property, plant and equipment is reviewed by management periodically. The review is based on the current condition of the assets and the estimated period during which they will continue to bring economic benefit to the Group.





Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### Impairment and reversal of impairment of assets

The Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets are impaired or whether there is any indicator that an impairment loss recognized in previous years may no longer exist or may have decreased.

### **Allowances**

The Group also creates an allowance for obsolete and slow-moving spare parts. At March 31, 2014, the allowance for obsolete slow-moving items amounted to SAR 16 million (March 31, 2013: SAR 19 million and December 31, 2013: SAR 16 million) (Note 10). These estimates take into consideration fluctuations of price or cost directly relating to events occurring subsequent to the consolidated interim statement of financial position date to the extent that such events confirm conditions existing at the end of the period / year.

### Mine closure and environmental obligations

The Group's mining and exploration activities are subject to various environmental laws and regulations. The Group estimates environmental obligations based on management's understanding of the current legal requirements in the various jurisdictions in which it operates, terms of the license agreements and engineering estimates. Provision is made, for decommissioning and land restoration costs as soon as the obligation arises. Actual costs incurred in future years could differ materially from the amounts provided. Additionally, future changes to environmental laws and regulations and life-of-mime estimates could affect the carrying amount of this provision.

### Zakat and income taxes

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014 an amount of SAR 31.9 million was paid to DZIT pertaining to the year ended December 31, 2013 but no zakat assessments were finalized by the DZIT. Where the final zakat outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the zakat provisions in the period / year in which such determinations are made.

### Contingencies

By their nature, contingencies will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The assessment of such contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgment and estimates of the outcome of future events.



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### 6. Segmental information

### Segment reporting

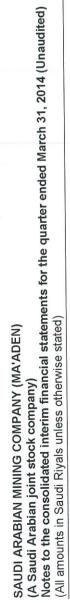
### 6.1 Business segment

A business segment is group of assets, operations or entities:

- engaged in revenue producing activities;
- results of its operations are continuously analyzed by management in order to make decisions related to resource allocation and performance assessment; and
- financial information is separately available.

The Group's operations consist of the following business segments:

- The corporate segment, includes the corporate operations and projects under development.
  - Automotive sheet project include automotive heat treated and non-heat treated sheet, building and construction sheet and foil stock sheet. The project is in the development stage (Note 1).
- The gold segment, consists of operations related to the mining of gold and is carried out through MGBM. This segment currently operates Mahd Ad Dahab, Al-Hajar, Bulghah, Al Amar, As Suq mines and a processing plant at Sukhaybarat which are located in different geographical areas in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The segment also include Ad Duwayhi mine which is in development stage.
- The phosphate segment, consist of operations related to mining of phosphate, the beneficiation of phosphate concentrate and utilization of national resources of natural gas and sulphur to manufacture DAP, MAP fertilizer and ammonia products and is carried out through MPC. This segment started commercial operation during first quarter of 2012, except for the ammonia plant for which commercial production was declared on October 1, 2011.
  - Phosphate project at the King Abdullah Project for the development of Wa'ad Al Shamal Mineral Industrial City is based on the exploitation of the Al-Khabra and Umm Wu'al phosphate deposits. The project is in the development stage (Note 1).
- The industrial minerals segment, consist of operations related to the mining of industrial minerals
  carried out through IMC, which currently operates a kaolin and low grade bauxite mine in the central
  zone of Az Zabirah and a high grade magnesite mine and processing plant at Al Madinah Al
  Munawarah which partially commenced operations during 2011.
- The aluminum segment, consists of the operations related to the development of an aluminum mine, refinery, smelter, rolling mill and power plant for the production of aluminum and related products. This segment is currently in the development stage.
  - Chlor Alkali project consists of the operations related to the development of concentrated caustic soda and ethylene dichloride complex for the production of concentrated caustic soda, chlorine and ethylene dichloride and the supply of all the required feedstock for use in the alumina refinery at Ma'aden Bauxite and Alumina Company, any excess production is sold in the international and domestic market. This segment is currently in the development stage.
- The infrastructure segment, relates to the development, construction and delivery of services in the Ras Al-Khair area, and other mining and industrial locations in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.





6.1 Business segment (continued)

Total	1,775,542,922 396,250,438 2,522,718 125,183,648	18,310,713,585 38,689,162,154 149,012,667 32,356,834 269,544,282 441,077,924 66,168,843,981	1,496,549,042 560,613,491 10,728,881 239,193,555	18,427,305,945 27,203,828,525 413,830,496 42,483,109 343,521,551 444,370,019 59,418,005,451
Consolidation adjustments and eliminations	(49,460,312) (29,122,108) - (166,726,705)	(82,290,599) 18 (341,792,633) 38 - - - (20,426,079,348) 6	(37,732,903) (19,698,965) - (314,289,303)	(82,290,599) 1 (236,286,459) 2 (18,617,644,887) 3
Infra- structure	49,595,656 21,001,363 401,122 20,959,708	787,824,303 149,707,720 - 252,638,042 - 1,394,976,059	38,134,840 14,920,746 - 14,545,235	561,672,543 275,511,991 - 240,889,031 - 1,130,604,318
Aluminum	- - (4,120,584)	61,207,055 35,163,489,925 - - 38,541,325,720	. (2,448,112)	1,628,543 561,672,543 26,014,174,290 275,511,991 - 240,889,031 - 31,778,848,945 1,130,604,318
Industrial minerals	39,800,362 24,313,233 158,278 19,671,865	229,111,736 86,844,325 - - - 461,138,720	26,439,801 20,375,761 11,500 17,108,978	246,274,948 81,971,887 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Phosphate	1,150,363,889 222,808,786 829,941 66,385,200	16,696,344,078 2,018,460,132 - 27,569,288 13,560,126 - 22,023,270,846	1,157,547,523 431,880,584 6,665,727 208,190,513	155,585,192 17,396,876,366 535,477,401 247,912,660 138,073,357 249,251,476 5,178,375 37,304,734 821,779 18,346,054
ploD	174,980,558 83,545,703 100,393 28,708,408	444,135,264 1 966,447,902 107,902,423 4,787,546 166,817 -	166,011,572 96,194,230 2,584,132 57,193,723	155,585,192 535,477,401 138,073,357 5,178,375 821,779
Corporate	410,262,769 73,703,461 1,032,984 160,305,756	174,381,748 646,004,783 41,110,244 - 3,179,297 441,077,924 22,034,678,167	146,148,209 16,941,135 1,467,522 258,892,521	147,558,952 285,066,755 26,505,663 - 83,464,687 444,370,019 19,786,644,088
Notes	32	21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 2	32 37	21 41 51 71 71
	March 31, 2014 Sales Gross profit Income from short-term investments Net income / (loss) attributable to shareholders' of the parent company	Property, plant and equipment Capital work-in-progress Exploration and evaluation assets Deferred stripping expense Intangible assets Investment in a jointly controlled entity Total assets	March 31, 2013 Sales Gross profit Income from short-term investments Net income / (loss) attributable to shareholders' of the parent company	Property, plant and equipment Capital work-in-progress Exploration and evaluation assets Deferred stripping expense Intangible assets Investment in a jointly controlled entity Total assets





MA'ADEN



	Note	Corporate	Gold	Phosphate	Industrial minerals	Aluminum	Infra- structure	Consolidation adjustments and eliminations	Total
December 31, 2013									
Sales	32	1,015,155,686	709,253,627	4,171,555,563	150,551,491	1	165,886,373	(165,138,195)	6,047,264,545
Gross profit		122,314,302	353,241,837	965,111,235	97,101,906	Ė	61,797,936	(90,083,030)	1,509,484,186
Income from short-term investments	37	7,464,853	4,059,283	14,287,545	218,142	1	597,727	•	26,627,550
Net income / (loss) attributable to shareholders' of the parent company		1,818,998,770	171,727,657	333,405,591	83,219,524	(27,426,570)	59,748,494	(757,295,016)	1,682,378,450
Property plant and equipment	12	142,221,152	134,495,123	134,495,123 16,924,662,606	234,063,888	62,677,113	714,638,313	(82,290,599)	18,130,467,596
Capital work-in-progress	13		1,051,446,195	475,477,535	86,094,284	86,094,284 33,984,155,794	225,195,111	(306,670,524)	36,993,696,476
Exploration and evaluation assets	4		105,615,678	1		r.	ľ	1	145,883,817
Deferred stripping expense	15		4,825,652	28,556,017	i	1	1	ĭ	33,381,669
Intendible assets	16	3,023,394	222,422	14,756,608	Î	t	256,181,574	1	274,183,998
Investment in a jointly controlled entity	17	441,370,614	ľ	1		ì	•	ī	441,370,614
Total assets		21,352,382,403	1,636,856,389	1,636,856,389 20,520,148,656	559,971,303	559,971,303 37,012,274,156 1,454,220,051	1,454,220,051	(18,584,624,656)	63,951,228,302

The corporate segment's net income amount excludes share in earnings of subsidiary companies. The corporate segment's total assets amount excludes investment balances with respect to subsidiary companies which have been eliminated on consolidation.

### 6.2 Geographical segment

A geographical segment is a group of assets, operations or entities engaged in revenue producing activities within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and returns different from those operating in other economic environments. The Group's operation is conducted only in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.



SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN)

(A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)

Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

7.	Cash	and	cash	equiva	lents

8.

Cash and cash equivalents			
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Term deposits with original maturities equal to or less than three months at the date of acquisition			
- unrestricted	2,801,600,690	5,936,649,816	3,377,583,347
- restricted	421,503,326	370,789,806	450,506,302
Sub-total	3,223,104,016	6,307,439,622	3,828,089,649
Cash and bank balances			
- unrestricted	443,976,650	803,459,978	497,529,466
- restricted	26,851	10,589,346	11,023,875
Sub-total .	444,003,501	814,049,324	508,553,341
Total	3,667,107,517	7,121,488,946	4,336,642,990
Restricted cash and cash equivalents are related to the	following:		
Cash accumulated in the debt service reserve account for the next schedule repayment of long-term borrowing, six months prior to the due date, as per the facility agreement	26,851	10,589,346	11,023,875
Balance portion accumulated for the scheduled repayment of long-term borrowings, six months prior to due date, invested and included in short-term deposits with original maturities equal to or less than three months at the date of acquisition	421,503,326	370,789,806	450,506,302
Total	421,530,177	381,379,152	461,530,177
Unrestricted cash and bank balances includes:			
Employees' savings plan obligation (Note 23.2)	24,267,279	20,521,535	21,391,928
Short-term investments			
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Term deposits with original maturities of more than three months and less than a year at the date of acquisition	191,243,750	2,929,817,335	50,000,000
Investment income receivable	2,557,026	8,400,985	2,437,776
Total	193,800,776	2,938,218,320	52,437,776

Short-term investments yield financial income at prevailing market rates.



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited)
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### 9. Trade and other receivables

	March 31,	March 31,	December 31,
	2014	2013	2013
Trade Due from SAMAPCO (Note 41.2)	874,434,473	626,111,033	561,424,851
	47,998,419	47,998,419	47,998,419
Due from Saudi Mining Polytechnic ("SMP") (Note 41.2) Insurance claim* Other	37,528,029 133,327,842 1,492,902	12,960,988 - 7,529,543	50,464,149 98,300,773 2,257,817
Total	1,094,781,665	694,599,983	760,446,009
Trade receivables includes:			
Due from Alcoa Inc. (Note 41.2)	66,011,089	43,531,339	23,948,991
Due from SABIC (Note 41.2)	293,557,077	280,680,244	242,382,717

<sup>\*</sup>Insurance claim relates to one of the aluminum pot lines on which the production was halted in October 2013. The temporary shutdown was undertaken after a period of pot instability. MAC is actively working to restore the pot line which is expected to be completed during second quarter of 2014.

### 10. Inventories

	March 31,	March 31,	December 31,
	2014	2013	2013
Finished goods – ready for sale Work-in-process at net production cost	282,504,876	397,837,410	303,757,498
	432,022,998	184,646,637	360,307,241
	116,682,391	74,409,091	105,632,033
Stockpile of mined ore Raw materials By-products	588,240,242	417,598,008	410,651,782
	6,759,201	19,613,169	3,764,780
	1,426,209,708	1,094,104,315	1,184,113,334
Sub-total  Spare parts and consumable materials	896,806,080	519,949,578	715,312,264
Allowance for obsolete slow-moving spare parts and consumable materials  Sub-total	(16,405,729)	(18,671,349)	(16,405,729)
	880,400,351	501,278,229	698,906,535
Total	2,306,610,059	1,595,382,544	1,883,019,869

The spare parts inventory primarily relates to plant and machinery and accordingly this inventory is expected to be utilized over a period not exceeding one year.

Movement in the allowance for inventory obsolescence is as follows:

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
January 1 Reversal of allowance for obsolescence (Note 33)	16,405,729	18,671,349 -	18,671,349 (2,265,620)
March 31 / December 31	16,405,729	18,671,349	16,405,729



(A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)

Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

### 11. Advances and prepayments

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Current portion:			
Advances to vendors	63,040,202	38,321,127	77,482,678
Advances to employees	57,599,737	43,774,469	13,700,858
Prepaid housing	63,589,268	37,011,924	28,179,145
Prepaid insurance	52,513,966	41,592,155	19,774,522
Other prepayments	13,151,304	11,567,435	8,223,988
Sub-total	249,894,477	172,267,110	147,361,191
Non-current portion:			
Other prepayments	44,782,041	20,708,903	32,336,297
Sub-total	44,782,041	20,708,903	32,336,297
Total	294,676,518	192,976,013	179,697,488





12. Property, plant and equipment

	Notes	Land	Mining assets	Motor vehicles	Heavy equipment	Fixed plant and heap leaching	Buildings	Civil	Other	Office equipment	Furniture and fittings	Total
Cost January 1, 2013 Transfer from capital work-in-progress	50	61,550,000	61,018,120	25,637,190	218,575,960 1,578,862	18,002,601,737	1,555,969,969	455,213,530	73,953,532	35,253,436 75,403	33,526,246	20,523,299,720
March 31, 2013		61,550,000	61,018,120	25,637,190	220,154,822	18,002,619,671	1,639,139,457	465,328,124	74,988,822	35,328,839	36,359,156	20,622,124,201
Additions during remainder of the year		•		60,781,150	e		į	i		1,907,676	1	62,688,826
Transfer from capital work-in-progress	13	X	,	3,678,979	26,250,921	1,789,018	325,112,947	25,539,142	3,675,812	2,032,026	9,752,978	397,831,823
Adjustments / write-offs			ī				1		104,984	(27,070)	(618,774)	(540,860)
December 31, 2013		61,550,000	61,018,120	90,097,319	246,405,743	18,004,408,689	1,964,252,404	490,867,266	78,769,618	39,241,471	45,493,360	21,082,103,990
Additions during the quarter		C	į.		ì		į	ï		661,972	,	661,972
Transfer from capital work-in-progress	13	Ĩ	٠	542,500	70,549,919	906,551	183,865,501	87,721,859	64,560,553	1,153,218	9,165,812	418,465,913
Provision for mine closure capitalized	24.1		29,313,718	,	•	à	1	ï		313	ē	29,313,718
Adjustments / write-offs			r	(2,692,117)		(3,179,387)		•	(100,000)	(829,058)	1	(6,800,562)
March 31, 2014		61,550,000	90,331,838	87,947,702	316,955,662	18,002,135,853	2,148,117,905	578,589,125	143,230,171	40,227,603	54,659,172	21,523,745,031
Accumulated depreciation												
January 1, 2013		ī	40,253,516	21,882,172	68,122,011	1,337,751,767	143,828,862	252,529,100	35,940,706	18,929,980	14,193,654	1,933,431,768
Charge for the quarter		·	1,076,972	502,489	3,640,903	219,996,153	25,585,255	4,268,206	3,258,974	1,157,459	1,900,077	261,386,488
March 31, 2013			41,330,488	22,384,661	71,762,914	1,557,747,920	169,414,117	256,797,306	39,199,680	20,087,439	16,093,731	2,194,818,256
Charge for the remainder of the year		6	3,178,253	2,215,663	15,884,534	662,409,835	42,844,520	11,780,060	8,678,381	3,750,810	6,663,874	757,405,930
Adjustments / write-offs		•	1			•			10,531	(4,549)	(593,774)	(587,792)
December 31, 2013		1	44,508,741	24,600,324	87,647,448	2,220,157,755	212,258,637	268,577,366	47,888,592	23,833,700	22,163,831	2,951,636,394
Charge for the quarter		•	690,994	2,617,150	4,517,466	205,400,275	39,858,445	4,652,857	5,575,972	1,214,621	2,981,058	267,508,838
Adjustments / write-offs			3	(2,692,117)	•	(2,326,141)	(191,630)	•	(100,000)	(803,898)	ť	(6,113,786)
March 31, 2014			45,199,735	24,525,357	92,164,914	2,423,231,889	251,925,452	273,230,223	53,364,564	24,244,423	25,144,889	3,213,031,446
Net book value												
March 31, 2013		61,550,000	19,687,632	3,252,529	148,391,908	16,444,871,751	1,469,725,340	208,530,818	35,789,142	15,241,400	20,265,425	18,427,305,945
December 31, 2013		61,550,000	16,509,379	65,496,995	158,758,295	15,784,250,934	1,751,993,767	222,289,900	30,881,026	15,407,771	23,329,529	18,130,467,596
March 31, 2014		61,550,000	45,132,103	63,422,345	224,790,748	15,578,903,964	1,896,192,453	305,358,902	89,865,607	15,983,180	29,514,283	18,310,713,585

## Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated) SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN) (A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)



# 12. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Property, plant and equipment of MPC and MAC with a net book value at March 31, 2014 of SAR 16,699,305,212 (March 31, 2013: SAR 17,398,504,909 and December 31, 2013: SAR 16,927,194,164) are pledged as security to lenders under the Common Term Financing Agreement (Note 26.7).

Property, plant and equipment of MBAC with a net book value at March 31, 2014 of SAR 58,245,919 (March 31, 2013: Nil and December 31, 2013: SAR 60,145,555) was acquired under a capital lease and are pledged as security to the lessor (Note 25).

March 31, March 31, December 31, 2013 2013 2013		2,222,217	261,037,531 257,525,329 1,004,164,132	<b>4,249,090</b> 3,861,159 14,628,286	<b>267,508,838</b> 261,386,488 1,018,792,418
Notes	Allocation of depreciation charge for the quarter / year to:	Capital work-in-progress	Cost of sales 33	General and administrative expenses	

# SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN) (A Saudi Arabian joint stock company) Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)



13. Capital work-in-progress

Cost	Notes	Corporate	Gold	Phosphate	Industrial minerals	Aluminum	Infra- structure	Total
January 1, 2013 Additions during the quarter Transfer to property, plant and equipment Advances to contractors, net	12	289,140,819 10,672,085 (365,538)	426,359,292 110,750,905 (1,632,796)	241,388,816 61,657,711 (44,723,791)	81,116,854 855,033	23,074,340,867 2,782,874,257	270,867,316 57,418,953 (52,102,356)	24,383,213,964 3,024,228,944 (98,824,481)
March 31, 2013	1	284,856,148	535,477,401	(10,199,469) 248,123,267	81,971,887	(79,327,293) 25,777,887,831	(671,922) 275,511,991	(104,789,902) 27,203,828,525
Additions during the remainder of the year	,	375,435,868	451,311,239	557,247,819	4,122,397	8,198,856,478	131,265,053	9,718,238,854
Transfer to intangible assets	7 9	(655,449)	(11,337,382)	(195,194,200)	1 1	1 1	(190,644,792)	(397,831,823)
Transfer from inventory		ī	1	150,981,092	Ī	1	(10000000000000000000000000000000000000	150,981,092
i alister from exploration and evaluation assets	4	î	75,994,937	362,283,896	,	į		420 070 000
Advances to contractors, net		(12,248,836)	1	182,646,011	1	(299,259,039)	34,096,370	(94.765.494)
December 31, 2013		647,387,731	1,051,446,195	1,306,087,885	86,094,284	33,677,485,270	225,195,111	36,993,696,476
Additions during the quarter		44,187,280	205,096,091	567,290,375	750,041	1,205,148,604	17,482,608	2,039,954,999
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	12	(34,781,064)	(296,094,384)	(936,432)	r)	ı	(86,654,033)	(418,465,913)
Transfer to inventory		Ī	Ĭ	(16,000,000)	1	Ī	1	(16,000,000)
Advances to contractors, net	ı	(10,789,164)	1	162,018,304	1	(54,936,582)	(6,315,966)	89,976,592
March 31, 2014	I	646,004,783	960,447,902	2,018,460,132	86,844,325	34,827,697,292	149,707,720	38,689,162,154
Advances to contractors capitalized as part of additions to capital work-inprogress								
March 31, 2013		48,250,591	1	r	1	539,365,639	17,186,768	604,802,998
December 31, 2013		36,001,755	1	182,646,011	Ę	240,106,600	51,283,138	510,037,504
March 31, 2014	ı	25,212,591	•	344,664,315	1	185,170,018	44,967,172	600,014,096





# 13. Capital work-in-progress (continued)

Total		107,819,540	481,163,536	91,910,514
Infra- structure	•		1	1
Aluminum		107,819,540	481,163,536	91,910,514
Industrial minerals			1	1
Gold Phosphate		ī	ı	1
Gold	<b>.</b>	1	1	1
Corporate		ı	1	ì
Notes Cor		38.1	38.1	38.1
	Borrowing cost capitalized as part of capital work-in-progress during the quarter / year	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013	Marcn 31, 2014

Capital work-in-progress includes borrowing cost relating to the qualifying assets of MAC, MRC and MBAC with a book value before consolidation elimination at March 31, 2014 of SAR 35,750,571,844 (March 31, 2013: SAR 26,262,086,950 and December 31, 2013: SAR 34,459,633,329) are pledged as security to the lenders under the Common Term Financing Agreement (Note 26.7).

# Depreciation capitalized as part of capital work-in-progress during the quarter/

March 31, 2013	12	r	1	1	ā	1	I	
December 31, 2013	12	ı		1		ı	1	
March 31, 2014	12					2,132,032	90,185	2,2

222,217

# 14. Exploration and evaluation assets

h 31, 2013	ions during the remainder of the year	sfer to capital work-in-progress	mber 31, 2013	ions during the quarter	
March 31, 2	Additions du	Transfer to	December 3	Additions du	
	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2013 Additions during the remainder of the year	March 31, 2013 Additions during the remainder of the year Transfer to capital work-in-progress	March 31, 2013 Additions during the remainder of the year Transfer to capital work-in-progress December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013 Additions during the remainder of the year Transfer to capital work-in-progress December 31, 2013 Additions during the quarter

### March 31, 2014

Note	Corporate	Gold	Phosphate	Total
	25,956,610	127,306,058	194,027,658	347,290,326
	549,052	10,767,300	55,223,818	66,540,170
	26,505,662	138,073,358	249,251,476	413,830,496
	13,762,477	43,537,257	113,032,420	170,332,154
13	5	(75,994,937)	(362,283,896)	(438,278,833)
	40,268,139	105,615,678	1	145,883,817
	842,105	2,286,745	1	3,128,850
	41,110,244	107,902,423		149,012,667

# (A Saudi Arabian joint stock company) Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated) SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN)



## 15. Deferred stripping expense

			i	
	100 N	Gold	Phosphate	Total
Cost	NOIS			
January 1, 2013		11,227,159	75,666,881	86,894,040
Stripping cost incurred during the quarter		1	16,837,524	16,837,524
March 31, 2013		11,227,159	92,504,405	103,731,564
Stripping cost incurred during the remainder of the year		1	46,166,217	46,166,217
December 31, 2013		11,227,159	138,670,622	149,897,781
Stripping cost incurred during the quarter		1	12,902,408	12,902,408
March 31, 2014		11,227,159	151,573,030	162,800,189
Accumulated amortization				
January 1, 2013		5 702 847	38 838 055	74 540 902
Expensed to cost of sales during the quarter	33	345,937	16,361,616	16 707 553
March 31, 2013		6,048,784	55,199,671	61,248,455
Expensed to cost of sales during the remainder of the year	33	352,723	54,914,934	55,267,657
December 31, 2013		6,401,507	110,114,605	116 516 112
Expensed to cost of sales during the quarter	33	38,106	13,889,137	13,927,243
March 31, 2014		6,439,613	124,003,742	130,443,355
Net book value				
March 31, 2013		5,178,375	37,304,734	42,483,109
December 31, 2013		4,825,652	28,556,017	33,381,669
March 31, 2014		4,787,546	27,569,288	32,356,834

# SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN) (A Saudi Arabian joint stock company) Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)



### 16. Intangible assets

	Note	Corporate	Gold	Phosphate	Infra- structure	Total
Cost				-		
January 1, 2013		70,328,710	5,902,120	23,929,635	272,842,879	373 003 344
Additions during the quarter		19,819,434	739,374	1		20,558,808
Wildich S1, 2013		90,148,144	6,641,494	23,929,635	272,842,879	393,562,152
i alisiel ilom capital work-in-progress Adiustments / write-offs	13	1	1	ı	25,033,511	25,033,511
		(86,164,189)	1	1	3	(86, 164, 189)
Vecember 31, 2013		3,983,955	6,641,494	23,929,635	297,876,390	332,431,474
Additions during the quarter		308,902	1	1	1	308,902
March 31, 2014		4,292,857	6,641,494	23,929,635	297,876,390	332,740,376
Accumulated amortization						
January 1, 2013 Charge for the quarter		6,391,786	5,445,124	4,387,100	28,708,682	44,932,692
Marak 21 2012		291,671	374,591	1,196,481	3,245,166	5,107,909
Marci 31, 2013		6,683,457	5,819,715	5,583,581	31,953,848	50,040,601
Charge for the remainder of the year		973,329	599,357	3,589,446	9,740,968	14,903,100
Adjastinelis / Wile-oils		(6,696,225)	I	Ĭ	1	(6,696,225)
December 31, 2013		960,561	6,419,072	9,173,027	41,694,816	58,247,476
Charge for the quarter		152,999	52,605	1,196,482	3,543,532	4,948,618
March 31, 2014		1,113,560	6,474,677	10,369,509	45,238,348	63,196,094
Net book value						
March 31, 2013		83,464,687	821,779	18,346,054	240,889,031	343.521.551
December 31, 2013		3,023,394	222,422	14,756,608	256,181,574	274.183.998
March 31, 2014		3,179,297	166,817	13,560,126	252,638,042	269,544,282





16. Intangible assets (continued)

		Quarter ended	ded	Year ended
		March 31,	March 31,	December 31,
	Notes	2014	2013	2013
Allocation of amortization charge for the quarter / year to:				
Cost of sales	33	4 795 619	1 816 230	10 746 000
General and administrative expenses	35	152.999	791671	18,746,009
Total		4,948,618	5,107,909	20,011,009



# 17. Investment in jointly controlled entity

18.

The involution in jointry controlled entity			
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Investment of 50% in the issued and paid-up share capital of SAMAPCO at cost (Note 17.1)	450,000,000	450,000,000	450,000,000
Share of the accumulated loss (Note 17.2)	(8,922,076)	(5,629,981)	(8,629,386)
Total	441,077,924	444,370,019	441,370,614
17.1 The investment of 50% in the issued and paid	d-up share capital	of SAMAPCO	
Contribution in kind			268,269,815
Cash paid			181,730,185
Total			450,000,000
17.2 Share of the accumulated loss in a jointly cor	ntrolled entity		
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
January 1 Share in net loss for the quarter / year	(8,629,386) (292,690)	(5,148,265) (481,716)	(5,148,265) (3,481,121)
March 31 / December 31	(8,922,076)	(5,629,981)	(8,629,386)
Due from joint venture partners			
-	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Due from Mosaic (Note 39)	450,000,000		450,000,000
Due from SABIC (Note 39)	270,000,000		270,000,000
Total	720,000,000	-	720,000,000

Due from joint venture partners represents the second installment of the remaining 50% of SAR 1.44 billion due on June 30, 2016 as per the Shareholders Agreement signed on August 5, 2013 (Note 1 and 39).



#### 19. Projects and other payables

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Projects	2,536,325,708	1,567,281,633	1,753,364,144
Trade	232,082,009	280,514,959	234,551,557
Non-refundable contributions*	38,000,000	38,000,000	38,000,000
Other	34,157,578	26,027,370	25,365,564
Total	2,840,565,295	1,911,823,962	2,051,281,265

Project payables mainly represents the liability in respect of contracts cost arising from MAC, MRC and MBAC.

#### 20. Accrued expenses

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Projects	1,432,214,037	2,030,358,088	2,543,895,556
Trade	540,032,078	503,830,523	447,109,110
Employees	93,591,328	98,563,626	185,300,357
Accrued expenses - Alcoa Inc. (Note 41.2)	141,055,622	95,791,427	83,763,220
Finance charges	3,576,573	2,353,345	953,500
Total	2,210,469,638	2,730,897,009	3,261,021,743

Accrued expenses for projects mainly represents the contracts cost accruals in relation to MAC, MRC, MBAC and MPC.

Accrued expenses for Alcoa Inc. mainly represents the personnel and other cost accruals related to the Alcoa Inc. employees seconded to MAC, MRC and MBAC.

<sup>\*</sup>Contributed by one of the MAC's contractors to support the company's objective to establish a social responsibility fund for the development of a community project.



#### 21. Zakat

## 21.1 Components of zakat base

The significant components of the zakat base of each company under the zakat and income tax regulation are as follows:

- shareholders' equity at the beginning of the quarter / year;
- provisions at the beginning of the quarter / year;
- long term borrowings;
- · adjusted net income;
- spare parts and consumable materials:
- net book value of property, plant and equipment;
- net book value of capital work-in-progress;
- net book value of exploration and evaluation assets;
- net book value of intangible assets;
- · carrying value of investment in a jointly controlled entity; and
- other items.

Zakat is calculated at 2.5% of the higher of the zakat base or adjusted net income.

# 21.2 Zakat payable

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
January 1	54,295,070	63,600,191	63,600,191
Provision for zakat, net	(4,347,008)	23,067,635	55,448,293
Current quarter / year (Note 21.3)	5,011,400	23,067,635	54,295,070
Previous quarter / year (over) / under provision	(9,358,408)		1,153,223
Paid during the quarter / year to the authorities	(31,885,301)	<u> </u>	(64,753,414)
March 31 / December 31	18,062,761	86,667,826	54,295,070

# 21.3 Provision for zakat consists of:

	Quarte	Year ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Saudi Arabian Mining Company	-	1,500,000	29,155,558
Ma'aden Phosphate Company	2,454,018	14,629,477	13,051,361
Ma'aden Gold and Base Metals Company (Note 22.2)	995,164	5,464,674	4,317,839
Industrial Minerals Company	1,120,254	1,099,123	5,125,202
Ma'aden Infrastructure Company	441,964	374,361	2,645,110
Total	5,011,400	23,067,635	54,295,070

# 21.4 Status of final assessments

The Company and its subsidiaries received provisional zakat certificates from the years ended December 31, 2008 to December 31, 2012, however, no zakat assessments were finalized by the DZIT.



# 22. Severance fees payable

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
January 1	36,430,433	91,516,753	91,516,753
Provision for severance fees (Note 33)	6,778,898	6,925,204	37,828,408
Current quarter / year (Note 22.1)	6,194,346	6,925,204	36,341,127
Previous quarter / year under provision	584,552		1,487,281
Paid during the quarter / year to the authorities	(2,267,278)		(92,914,728)
March 31 / December 31	40,942,053	98,441,957	36,430,433

In accordance with the Saudi Mining Code based on the Royal Decree No. 47/M dated 20 Sha'aban 1425H (corresponding to October 4, 2004), the Group is required to pay to the Government of Saudi Arabia severance fees, representing 25% of the annual net income per mining license, as defined, or the equivalent of a hypothetical income tax, based on the annual net income, whichever is lower. The zakat due shall be deducted from this amount. As a result of the above:

- the income for each mining license of MGBM is subject to severance fees,
- for low grade bauxite, kaolin and magnesia a fixed tariff per tonne is paid as severance fees,

Severance fee for both are shown as part of cost of sales in the consolidated interim statement of income.

#### 22.1 Provision for severance fees consists of:

	Quarter e	Year ended	
	March 31, 	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Gold mines (Note 22.2)	5,778,693	6,604,897	34,658,401
Low grade bauxite	353,012	297,163	1,410,647
Kaolin	24,745	12,601	136,440
Magnesia	37,896	10,543	135,639
Total (Note 22)	6,194,346	6,925,204	36,341,127

## 22.2 The provision for severance fees payable by gold mines is calculated as follows:

	Quarter	Year ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Net income from operating mines before severance fees for the quarter / year	35,482,264	63,798,620	210,962,881
25% of the quarter's / year's net income as defined	8,870,566	15,949,655	52,740,720
Hypothetical income tax based on quarter's / year's taxable net income	6,773,857	12,069,571	38,976,240
Provision based on the lower of the above two computations	6,773,857	12,069,571	38,976,240
Provision for zakat (Note 21.2)	(995,164)	(5,464,674)	(4,317,839)
Net severance fees provision for the quarter / year (Note 22.1)	5,778,693	6,604,897	34,658,401





SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN)
(A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)
Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited)
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

# 23. Employees' benefits

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Employees' termination benefits (Note 23.1) Employees' savings plan (Note 7 and 23.2)	203,067,928 24,267,279	159,891,773 20,521,535	193,438,653 21,391,928
Total	227,335,207	180,413,308	214,830,581
23.1 Employees' termination benefits			
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
January 1	193,438,653	155,949,095	155,949,095
Provision for the quarter / year	13,152,391	9,826,605	52,392,909
Paid during the quarter / year	(3,523,116)	(5,883,927)	(14,903,351)
March 31 / December 31	203,067,928	159,891,773	193,438,653
23.2 Employees' savings plan			
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
January 1	21,391,928	15,006,007	15,006,007
Contribution during the quarter / year	4,551,045	6,978,766	13,759,930
Withdrawals during the quarter / year	(1,675,694)	(1,463,238)	(7,374,009)
March 31 / December 31 (Note 4.20 and 7)	24,267,279	20,521,535	21,391,928



#### 24. Provision for mine closure and reclamation

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Gold mines (Note 24.1) Low grade bauxite, kaolin and magnesia mines	108,241,809	88,569,820	81,440,623
(Note 24.2)	2,050,000	2,050,000	2,050,000
Total	110,291,809	90,619,820	83,490,623

The movement in the provision for mine closure and reclamation for each of the mines along with the period in which they commenced commercial production and expected date of closure are as follows:

24.1 Gold mines	Mahad mine	Al Hajar mine	Sukhaybarat mine*	Bulghah mine	Al Amar mine	As Suq mine	Total
January 1, 2013 Utilization during the	22,436,284	10,911,200	20,467,221	21,661,407	13,217,044	-	88,693,156
quarter		(123,336)	-	_	2	-	(123,336)
March 31, 2013	22,436,284	10,787,864	20,467,221	21,661,407	13,217,044	-	88,569,820
Utilization during the remainder of the year	(1,721,053)	(5,256,054)	(152,090)	5 <u>2</u>	_	_	(7,129,197)
December 31, 2013	20,715,231	5,531,810	20,315,131	21,661,407	13,217,044	-	81,440,623
Additions during the quarter Utilization during the	5,047,637	1,727,802	2,045,124	2,169,438	1,323,717	17,000,000	29,313,718
quarter		(2,360,532)	(152,000)	( <del>-</del>	-	-	(2,512,532)
March 31, 2014	25,762,868	4,899,080	22,208,255	23,830,845	14,540,761	17,000,000	108,241,809
Commenced commercial							
production in	1988	2001	1991	2001	2008	2014	
Expected closure date in	2019	2014	** 2043	2020	2030	2018	

<sup>\*</sup> The Sukhaybarat mine ceased its mining activities and current operations are limited to the carbon in leach ("CIL") processing of ore transferred from Bulghah mine.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The feasibility study of the Al Hajar copper project, focusing on the resources and reserves estimates was completed on May15, 2013 and the financial module of the project is currently under evaluation. After the finalization of evaluation, the expected date will be determined.

24.2 Low grade bauxite, kaolin and magnesia mines	Az Zabirah mine	Al Ghazalah mine	Total
January 1, 2013	1,600,000	450,000	2,050,000
March 31, 2013	1,600,000	450,000	2,050,000
December 31, 2013	1,600,000	450,000	2,050,000
March 31, 2014	1,600,000	450,000	2,050,000
Commenced commercial production in	2008	2011	
Expected closure date in	2026	2028	

The provision for mine closure and reclamation represents the full amount of the estimated future closure and reclamation costs for the various operational mining properties, based on information currently available including closure plans and applicable regulations. Future changes, if any, in regulations and cost assumptions may be significant and will be recognized when determined. The provision for mine closure and reclamation relates to the Group's gold, low grade bauxite and kaolin mining activity only, as the aluminum project is currently in the development stage, and, an update estimation of the phosphate mine and plant closure and rehabilitation works including facility decommissioning and dismantling; removal or treatment of waste materials; site and land rehabilitation is in progress.



## 25. Obligation under capital lease

During 2013, MAC entered in a capital lease agreement with a financial institution. The lease payments under such agreements are due in monthly installments. The amounts of future payments under the leases are as follows:

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Future minimum lease payments Less: financial charges not yet due Net present value of minimum lease payments	72,850,006 (15,190,802) 57,659,204	- - -	76,710,325 (16,714,995) 59,995,330
Current portion shown under current liabilities  Long term portion of obligation under capital	(10,138,560)		(9,881,978)
lease	47,520,644		50,113,352
Maturity profile			
Minimum lease payment falling due during the quarter / year:			
2014	11,701,575	-	15,602,100
2015	15,602,100	, -	15,602,100
2016	15,602,100	-	15,602,100
2017	15,602,100	_	15,602,100
2018	14,342,131		14,301,925
Total	72,850,006	_	76,710,325

The present value of minimum lease payments has been discounted at an effective interest rate of approximately 0.858% per month. The leased assets are pledged as security to the lessor (Note 12).

# Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated) SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN) (A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)



# 26. Long-term borrowings

# 26.1 Facilities approved

MPC, MAC, MRC and MBAC entered into Common Terms Agreements ("CTA") with the Public Investment Fund and consortiums of financial institutions and the Company (Ma'aden) entered into a Shariah compliant Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility Agreement.

The Group facilities comprise of the following as at March 31, 2014:

	MPC MPC	MAC	MRC	MBAC	Ma'aden	
	June 15, 2008	Nov. 30, 2010	June 15, 2008 Nov. 30, 2010 Nov. 30, 2010 Nov. 27, 2011	acilities granted Nov. 27, 2011	facilities granted	Totol
Facilities under Common Term Agreement					1	0.0
Public Investment Fund ("PIF")	4,000,001,250	4,875,000,000	3,078,750,000	3,750,000,000	T	15,703,751,250
Islamic and commercial banks						
Procurement*	4,269,892,500	5,047,500,000	1,041,000,000	2,690,712,844	r	13,049,105,344
Al-Raihi Bank	1,491,562,500	900,000,000	I	258,750,000	1	2,650,312,500
The Export Import Beach of Koroo	2,343,750,000	1	I	1	ı	2,343,750,000
Korea Evport Insurance Comparison	1,500,000,000	•	ı	1	Ē	1,500,000,000
Makala	000,000,067	1	I	1	1	750,000,000
vvakala	1	787,500,000	1	768,750,000	3	1,556,250,000
	10,355,205,000	6,735,000,000	1,041,000,000	3,718,212,844	1	21,849,417,844
Saudi Industrial Development Fund ("SIDF")	600,000,000	600,000,000	600,000,000	900,000,000	ĵ	2,700,000,000
Sub-total	14,955,206,250	12,210,000,000	4,719,750,000	8,368,212,844	r	40,253,169,094
Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility Agreement	1		1	1	9,000,000,000	000'000'000'6
Total facilities granted	14,955,206,250 12,210,000,000	12,210,000,000	4,719,750,000	8,368,212,844	9,000,000,000	49,253,169,094

The financing agreements imposed the following conditions and financial covenants on each of the borrowing legal entities of the Group and if the conditions are met, the financial institutions will provide the long-term borrowing:

- the limitation on creation of additional liens and/or financing obligations by MPC, unless specifically allowed under the CTA;
  - financial ratio maintenance;
- maximum capital expenditures allowed; and
- restriction on dividend distribution to shareholders.

# SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN) (A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

#### MPC facility

\*Banque Saudi Fransi and Mizuho Corporate Bank Limited act as agents for procurement facility and commercial facility, respectively.

#### MAC facility

On November 26, 2012, the contracts for US Dollar procurement and Saudi Riyal procurement were revised to increase the respective facility amounts. Accordingly, the CTA was also revised to reflect the new facility arrangement.

\*Standard Chartered Bank acts as inter-creditor agent and as commercial facility agent, Bank Al Jazira acts as US Dollar procurement facility agent, as Saudi Riyal procurement facility agent, as US Dollar Wakala facility agent and as Saudi Riyal Wakala facility agent, SABB Securities Limited acts as onshore security agent and Riyadh Bank, London Branch acts as offshore security trustee and agent.

#### MRC facility

Facility Agent, SABB Securities Limited acts as Onshore Security Agent and Riyadh Bank, London Branch acts as Offshore Security Trustee and Agent.

#### Saudi Arabian Mining Company ("Ma'aden")

On December 18, 2012, the Company entered into a Shariah compliant Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility Agreement ("Murabaha Facility Agreement") and other agreements (together referred to as "financing agreements") totaling to SAR 9 billion. The facility is with a syndicate of local and international financial institutions, comprising of the following financial institutions:

Al-Rajhi Bank
Arab National Bank
Bank Al-Bilad
Bank AlJazira
Banque Saudi Fransi
J.P.Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., Riyadh Branch
Riyad Bank
Samba Financial Group
The National Commercial Bank
The Saudi British Bank
The Saudi Investment Bank

The financial covenants and conditions include the following with respect to standalone parent company only:

- · EBITDA to Interest ratio shall not be less than three times otherwise dividend block will be triggered; and
- the total net debt to tangible net worth (parent company only) shall be less than or equal to three times
  otherwise an event of default will be triggered which is subject to a cure period of six months, or nine
  months if the Company has acted expeditiously to cure such breach by initiating the process for a rights
  issue.



(A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)

Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited)

(All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

# 26.2 Facilities utilized under the different CTAs

# MPC facility

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	
Public Investment Fund	3,334,401,042	3,667,201,146	3,667,201,146
Less: Repaid during the quarter / year			332,800,104
Sub-total (Note 41.2)	3,334,401,042	3,667,201,146	3,334,401,042
The rate of commission on the principal amount of the loan drawdown and outstanding for each commission period, is in the range of LIBOR plus 0.5% per annum. Loan repayment started on June 30, 2012, on a six monthly basis, in equal principal repayments of SAR 166.4 million, with the final repayment of SAR 172.8 million on December 31, 2023 (Note 7).			
Islamic and commercial banks			
Banque Saudi Fransi – as agent for the procurement facility participants  Al-Rajhi Bank  The Export Import Bank of Korea  Mizuho Corporate Bank Limited - as agent for the commercial facility participants  Korea Export Insurance Corporation	3,906,951,637 2,144,531,250 1,337,250,000 1,021,654,688 668,625,000	4,099,096,800 2,250,000,000 1,419,750,000 1,071,900,000 709,875,000	4,099,096,800 2,250,000,000 1,419,750,000 1,071,900,000 709,875,000
Noted Export insulance outporation	van enterfesi		
Local Danaid during the succeeded to	9,079,012,575	9,550,621,800	9,550,621,800
Less: Repaid during the quarter / year			471,609,225
Sub-total	9,079,012,575	9,550,621,800	9,079,012,575
The rate of commission on the principal amount of the loan drawdown and outstanding for each commission period is in the range of LIBOR plus 0.5% to 1.15% per annum.  The repayment of facilities started on June 30, 2012. All the repayments of the above facilities will be on a six monthly basis, with the final repayment due on December 31, 2023 (Note 7).			
Saudi Industrial Development Fund	540,000,000	570,000,000	600,000,000
Less: Repaid during the quarter / year	40,000,000	30,000,000	60,000,000
Sub-total	500,000,000	540,000,000	540,000,000
The project follow-up cost paid during the drawdown amounted to SAR 6.3 million. Repayment of this facility started on February 26, 2013, on a six monthly basis, with the final payment on June 19, 2019 (Note 7).			
Total MPC borrowings (Note 26.4)	12,913,413,617	13,757,822,946	12,953,413,617

Total MAC borrowings (Note 26.4)



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

# 26.2 Facilities utilized under the different CTAs (continued)

# MAC facility

MAC facility			
_	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Public Investment Fund (Note 41.2)	4,875,000,000	3,993,016,061	4,875,000,000
The rate of commission on the principal amount of the loan drawdown and outstanding for each commission period, is LIBOR plus 1.5%.			
The repayment of the loan will be in 24 installments on a six monthly basis starting from December 31, 2014. The repayments are starting at SAR 99.9 million and increasing over the term of the loan with the final repayment of SAR 1,218 million on June 30, 2026.			
Islamic and commercial banks			
Dollar procurement Saudi Riyal procurement Commercial Wakala	930,000,000 4,117,500,000 900,000,000 787,500,000	737,274,348 2,861,109,923 728,172,164 740,377,493	930,000,000 4,117,500,000 900,000,000 787,500,000
Sub-total	6,735,000,000	5,066,933,928	6,735,000,000
The rate of commission on the principal amount (lease base amount in case of Wakala facilities) of the loan drawn for each commission period on all the US Dollar facilities is LIBOR plus a margin (mark-up in case of Wakala facilities) that varies over the term of the loan. The rate of commission on the principal amount (lease base amount in case of Wakala facilities) of the loan drawn for each commission			
period on all the Saudi Riyal facilities is Saudi Interbank Offered Rate ("SIBOR") plus a margin (mark-up in case of Wakala facilities) that varies over the term of the loan. The margin/mark-up on the principal amount of the loan drawn for each commission period is in the range of 1.65% to 2.75% per annum.			
The repayment of the principal amounts of loans will start from December 31, 2014. The repayments are starting at SAR 138 million and increasing over the term of the loan with the final repayment of SAR 1,684 million on June 30, 2026.			
Saudi Industrial Development Fund	420,000,000	420,000,000	420,000,000
Repayment of the SIDF facility will start from February 4, 2015. The repayments are starting at SAR 25 million and increasing over the term of the loan with the final repayment of SAR 62.5 million on June 7, 2020.			

12,030,000,000

9,479,949,989 12,030,000,000



# 26.2 Facilities utilized under the different CTAs (continued)

# MRC facility

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Public Investment Fund (Note 41.2)	2,321,849,292	2,321,849,291	2,321,849,292
The rate of commission on the principal amount of the loan draw for each commission period is London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 1.5%.			
The repayment of the principal amount of loan will be in 20 installments on a six monthly basis starting from December 31, 2016. The repayments are starting at SAR 30.8 million and increasing over the term of the loan with the final repayment of SAR 153.9 million on June 30, 2026.			
Islamic and commercial banks			
Riyal procurement	774,852,281	774,852,281	774,852,281
The rate of commission on the principal amount of the loan drawn for each commission period on all the Saudi Riyal facilities is Saudi Interbank Offered Rate ("SIBOR") plus a margin that varies over the term of the loan. The margin/mark-up on the principal amount of the loan drawn for each commission period is in the range of 1.65% to 2.45% per annum.			
The repayment of the principal amounts of loans will start from December 31, 2016. The repayments are starting at SAR 10.4 million and increasing over the term of the loan with the final repayment of SAR 13.5 million on June 30, 2026.			
Saudi Industrial Development Fund	480,000,000	360,000,000	480,000,000
Repayment of the SIDF facility will start from January 25, 2016. The repayments are starting at SAR 25 million and increasing over the term of the loan with the final repayment of SAR 62.5 million on July 19, 2021.			
Total MRC borrowings (Note 26.4)	3,576,701,573	3,456,701,572	3,576,701,573



# 26.2 Facilities utilized under the different CTAs (continued)

#### MBAC facility

_	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Public Investment Fund (Note 41.2)	2,695,780,793	1,625,265,826	1,961,113,684
The rate of commission on the principal amount of the loan drawn for each commission period is London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 1.5%.			
The repayment of the principal amount of PIF facility will be in 21 installments on a six monthly basis starting from June 30, 2017. The repayments are starting at SAR 75 million and increasing over the term of the loan with the final repayment of SAR 435 million on June 30, 2028.			
Islamic and commercial banks			
Dollar procurement Riyal procurement Commercial Wakala	566,745,465 1,340,633,274 183,421,340 731,823,696	338,511,682 800,747,518 109,555,846 501,772,900	410,114,437 970,123,442 96,180,686 745,252,305
Sub-total	2,822,623,775	1,750,587,946	2,221,670,870
The rate of commission on the principal amount (lease base amount in case of wakala facilities) of the loan drawn for each commission poriod on the all			

The rate of commission on the principal amount (lease base amount in case of wakala facilities) of the loan drawn for each commission period on the all the dollar facilities is LIBOR plus a margin (mark-up in case of wakala facilities) that varies over the term of the loan. The rate of commission on the principal amount (lease base amount in case of wakala facilities) of the loan drawn for each commission period on all the Saudi Riyal facilities is Saudi Interbank Offered Rate ("SIBOR") plus a margin (mark-up in case of wakala facilities) that varies over the term of the loan. The margin/mark-up on the principal amount of the loan drawn for each commission period is in the range of 1.45% to 2.4% per annum.

The repayment of the principal amounts of Islamic and commercial total approved facilities will start from June 30, 2017. The repayments are starting at SAR 74 million and increasing over the term of the loan with the final repayment of SAR 431 million on June 30, 2027.

Total N	<b>IBAC</b>	borrowings	(Note	26.4	)
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**5,518,404,568** 3,375,853,772 4,182,784,554

# 26.3 Facilities utilized under the Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility

#### Ma'aden

	March 31,	March 31,	December 31,
	2014	2013	2013
Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility (Note 26.4)	800,000,000	400,000,000	

The rate of commission on the principal amount of the borrowing drawdown is SIBOR plus 0.85% per annum.



All amounts in Saudi Riyais unless otherwise stated)			
26.4 Total borrowings			
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Facilities utilized under:			
CTA (Note 26.2): MPC MAC MRC MBAC	12,913,413,617 12,030,000,000 3,576,701,573 5,518,404,568	13,757,822,946 9,479,949,989 3,456,701,572 3,375,853,772	12,953,413,617 12,030,000,000 3,576,701,573 4,182,784,554
Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility (Note 26.3):			
Ma'aden	800,000,000	400,000,000	
Total	34,838,519,758	30,470,328,279	32,742,899,744
Current portion of borrowings MPC	965,185,354	831,409,329	960,185,354
MAC	263,005,000		238,005,000
Ma'aden	800,000,000	400,000,000	-
Total	2,028,190,354	1,231,409,329	1,198,190,354
Long-term portion of borrowings	32,810,329,404	29,238,918,950	31,544,709,390
26.5 Maturity profile of long-term borrowings			
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
2013	_	831,409,329	
2014	2,028,190,354	1,194,190,354	1,198,190,354
2015	1,574,221,379	1,569,721,379	1,574,221,379
2016	1,756,319,904	1,726,819,904	1,756,319,904
2017	2,105,048,418	1,901,183,904	2,105,048,418

# 26.6 Facilities' currency denomination

Thereafter

Total

Essentially all of the Group's facilities have been contracted in United States Dollar (US\$) and the drawdown balances in US\$ are shown below:

27,374,739,703

34,838,519,758

22,847,003,409 26,109,119,689

30,070,328,279 32,742,899,744

	March 31, 2014 (US\$)	March 31, 2013 (US\$)	December 31, 2013 (US\$)
Public Investment Fund	3,527,208,301	3,095,288,620	3,331,297,071
Islamic and commercial banks Procurement Al-Rajhi Bank The Export Import Bank of Korea Korea Export Insurance Corporation Commercial US Dollar procurement Wakala Sub-total	2,703,983,251 571,875,000 356,600,000 178,300,000 561,353,607 399,132,124 405,152,986 5,176,396,968	2,276,215,073 600,000,000 378,600,000 189,300,000 509,234,136 286,876,275 331,240,105 4,571,465,589	2,605,180,630 571,875,000 356,600,000 178,300,000 547,835,742 357,363,850 398,987,639 5,016,142,861
Saudi Industrial Development Fund	373,333,333	352,000,000	384,000,000
Syndicated Revolving Credit Facility	213,333,333	106,666,667	-
Total	9,290,271,935	8,125,420,876	8,731,439,932



#### 26.7 Security

The following assets were pledged as security for these long-term borrowings in accordance with the applicable CTAs:

	March 31,	March 31,	December 31,
	2014	2013	2013
Property, plant and equipment (Note 12)	16,699,305,212	17,398,504,909	
Capital work-in-progress (Note 13)	35,750,571,844	26,262,086,950	
Total	52,449,877,056	43,660,591,859	51,386,827,493

# 27. Due to joint venture partners

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Due to Alcoa Inc.*	168,740,113	52,411,992	139,561,363
Due to Mosaic **	-	56,250,000	187,482,328
Due to SABIC **		33,750,000	112,489,397
Total	168,740,113	142,411,992	439,533,088

<sup>\*</sup>Due to Alcoa Inc. represents their share of 25.1% in joint venture project cost to extend the product mix of their aluminum complex, currently under construction at Ras Al Khair, to include automotive heat treated and non-heat treated sheet, building and construction sheet and foil stock sheet (Note 1).

#### 28. Share capital

		March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
	Authorized, issued and fully paid			
	925,000,000 ordinary shares, with a nominal value of SAR 10 per share (Note 40)	9,250,000,000	9,250,000,000	9,250,000,000
29.	Share premium			
		March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
	525,000,000 ordinary shares with a nominal value of			
	SAR 10 per share issued at a premium of SAR 10 per share	5,250,000,000	5,250,000,000	5,250,000,000

<sup>\*\*</sup>At year ended December 31, 2013, due to Mosaic and SABIC represented their capital contribution to develop jointly a fully integrated phosphate production facility known as the Umm Wu'al phosphate project (Note 1). On January 27, 2014, a new company - MWASPC was incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and accordingly the capital contributions are now presented in non-controlling interest as payment to increase share capital (Note 31.5).



## 30. Transfer of net income

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
January 1 Transfer of 10% of net income for the year	561,660,119	393,422,274	393,422,274 168,237,845
March 31 / December 31	561,660,119	393,422,274	561,660,119

In accordance with Regulations for Companies in Saudi Arabia, the Company has established a statutory reserve by the appropriation of 10% of net income until such reserve equals 50% of the share capital. Such transfer is made on an annual basis and the reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

# 31. Non-controlling interest

		Payments to	Net income / (loss) attributable to	
	Share capital		non-controlling interest	Total
31.1 Ma'aden Aluminum Company				
January 1, 2013	1,206,249,381	-	(2,608,941)	1,203,640,440
Share of net loss for the quarter	_	-	(552,875)	(552,875)
Payments to increase share capital during the quarter	-	181,190,624	-	181,190,624
March 31, 2013	1,206,249,381	181,190,624	(3,161,816)	1,384,278,189
Share of net loss for the remainder of the year	=	-	(4,008,409)	(4,008,409)
Payments to increase share capital during the remainder of the year		262,571,245		262,571,245
Increase in non-controlling interest during the remainder of the year	443,761,869	(443,761,869)	_	-
December 31, 2013	1,650,011,250	=	(7,170,225)	1,642,841,025
Share of net loss for the quarter		_	(563, 125)	(563, 125)
March 31, 2014	1,650,011,250		(7,733,350)	1,642,277,900
31.2 Ma'aden Rolling Company				
January 1, 2013	482,453,375	67,955,695	(1,016,960)	549,392,110
Share of net loss for the quarter		-	(169,997)	(169,997)
March 31, 2013	482,453,375	67,955,695	(1,186,957)	549,222,113
Share of net loss for the remainder of the year	_	1=	(960,132)	(960,132)
December 31, 2013	482,453,375	67,955,695	(2,147,089)	548,261,981
Share of net loss for the quarter		-	(350,043)	(350,043)
March 31, 2014	482,453,375	67,955,695	(2,497,132)	547,911,938



# 31. Non-controlling interest (continued)

	Share capital		Net income / (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	
31.3 Ma'aden Bauxite and Alumina Company				
January 1, 2013	222,134,986	663,935,762	(1,536,772)	884,533,976
Share of net loss for the quarter	=	_	(97,524)	
Payments to increase share capital during the quarter	-	112,950,000	_	112,950,000
Increase in non-controlling interest during				
the quarter	617,459,986	(617,459,986)		
March 31, 2013	839,594,972	159,425,776	(1,634,296)	997,386,452
Share of net loss for the remainder of the year	-	×	(3,402,077)	(3,402,077)
Increase in non-controlling interest during the remainder of the year	112,950,000	(112.050.000)		
December 31, 2013	952,544,972	(112,950,000) 46,475,776	(5,036,373)	993,984,375
Share of net loss for the quarter	-		(467,696)	(467,696)
Payments to increase share capital during			(407,030)	(407,090)
the quarter		170,680,000		170,680,000
March 31, 2014	952,544,972	217,155,776	(5,504,069)	1,164,196,679
31.4 Ma'aden Phosphate Company				
January 1, 2013	1,862,544,000	-0	507,172,016	2,369,716,016
Share of net income for the quarter		-	89,224,506	89,224,506
March 31, 2013	1,862,544,000	_	596,396,522	2,458,940,522
Dividend paid during the remainder of the year (Note 41.1)	-	-	(450,000,000)	(450,000,000)
Share of net income for the remainder of			50 000 005	50.000.005
the year December 31, 2013	1,862,544,000		53,663,605	53,663,605
Share of net income for the quarter	1,002,544,000	-		2,062,604,127
Share of het income for the quarter	-	-	28,450,800	28,450,800
March 31, 2014	1,862,544,000		228,510,927	2,091,054,927
31.5 Ma'aden Wa'ad Al Shamal Phosphate Company				
January 27, 2014 – date of incorporation				
Issuance of non-controlling interest during the quarter	600,750	_	<u>,                                    </u>	600,750
Contributions to increase share capital				
during the quarter	1-	325,273,383	_	325,273,383
March 31, 2014	600,750	325,273,383		325,874,133





SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN)
(A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)
Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

# 31. Non-controlling interest (continued)

	Share capital	Payments to increase share capital	Net income / (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	
31.6 Summary total				
January 1, 2013 Share of net income for the quarter	3,773,381,742	731,891,457 -	502,009,343 88,404,110	5,007,282,542 88,404,110
Payments to increase share capital during the quarter (Note 41.1) Increase in non-controlling interest during	-	294,140,624	(5	294,140,624
the quarter March 31, 2013	617,459,986	(617,459,986)	-	-
Dividend paid during the remainder of the year (Note 41.1)	4,390,841,728	408,572,095	(450,000,000)	5,389,827,276 (450,000,000)
Share of net income for the remainder of the year	-	-	45,292,987	45,292,987
Payments to increase share capital during the remainder of the year (Note 41.1) Increase in non-controlling interest during	-	262,571,245	-	262,571,245
the remainder of the year December 31, 2013	556,711,869	(556,711,869)	- 405 700 440	-
Share of net income for the quarter	4,947,553,597	114,431,471		5,247,691,508
Payments to increase share capital during the quarter (Note 41.1) Increase in non-controlling interest during	-	495,953,383	27,069,937	27,069,937 495,953,383
the quarter	600,750	=	-	600,750
March 31, 2014	4,948,154,347	610,384,854	212,776,377	5,771,315,578



SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN)
(A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)
Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

# 32. Sales

	Quarter March 31, 2014	ended March 31, 2013	Year ended December 31, 2013
Phosphate segment			
Diammonium phosphate fertilizer	851,005,416	734,809,654	3,091,386,007
Ammonia	299,358,473	422,737,869	1,080,169,556
	1,150,363,889	1,157,547,523	4,171,555,563
Corporate			
Aluminum	410,262,769	146,148,209	1,015,155,686
Gold segment			
Gold	174,980,558	166,011,572	709,253,627
Industrial minerals			
Low grade bauxite	24,439,911	21,593,266	95,875,428
Caustic calcined magnesia	11,489,194	2,884,929	33,410,744
Kaolin	3,871,257	1,961,606	21,265,319
	39,800,362	26,439,801	150,551,491
Infrastructure			
Infrastructure revenue	135,344	401,937	748,178
Total			
Total	1,775,542,922	1,496,549,042	6,047,264,545
Gold sales analysis Quantity of gold ounces (Oz) sold Average realized price per ounce (Oz) in:	36,312	27,877	138,512
US\$	1,285	1,588	1,365
Saudi Riyals (equivalent)	4,819	5,955	5,121
33. Cost of sales			
	Quarter March 31, 2014	ended March 31, 2013	Year ended December 31, 2013
Salaries and staff related benefits	67,434,332	65,708,398	263,455,759
Contracted services	40,456,554	25,536,634	125,841,850
Repairs and maintenance	23,921,799	10,581,698	51,856,427
Consumables	26,838,893	33,748,192	110,807,050
Overheads	16,927,276	17,367,956	70,470,827
Raw materials and utilities consumed	1,124,073,263	814,577,714	3,147,614,548
Provision for inventory loss	43,918,321	-	65,877,481
Reversal of inventory obsolescence (Note 10)	_	_	(2,265,620)
Severance fees (Note 22)	6,778,898	6,925,204	37,828,408
Sale of by-products (Note 33.1)	(8,720,871)	(10,527,356)	(31,550,694)
Total cash operating costs	1,341,628,465	963,918,440	3,839,936,036
Depreciation (Note 12)	261,037,531	257,525,329	1,004,164,132
Deferred stripping expense (Note 15)	13,927,243	16,707,553	71,975,210
Amortization (Note 16)	4,795,619	4,816,238	18,746,009
Total operating costs	1,621,388,858	1,242,967,560	4,934,821,387
Increase in inventory (Note 10)	(242,096,374)	(307,032,009)	(397,041,028)
Total	1,379,292,484	935,935,551	4,537,780,359

# 33.1 Sale of by-products comprise of the following commodities:

	Quarter ended		Year ended
	March 31, 	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Copper	5,329,009	5,847,995	18,218,080
Zinc	2,111,023	2,642,796	9,571,533
Silver	1,280,839	2,036,565	3,761,081
Total	8,720,871	10,527,356	31,550,694

# 34. Selling, marketing and logistic expenses

	Quarter ended		Year ended
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Selling, marketing and logistic expenses	71,658,791	71,324,216	282,354,440

Selling, marketing and logistic expenses comprises of marketing fees and other sales related overheads that are not specifically part of cost of sales.

# 35. General and administrative expenses

	Quarter ended		Year ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013	
Salaries and staff related benefits	59,590,077	57,363,274	241,184,415	
Contracted services	8,281,522	8,296,436	140,560,114	
Overheads and other	13,593,972	7,806,611	75,091,817	
Consumables	994,462	702,246	4,335,954	
Repair parts	107,363	225,849	531,727	
Depreciation (Note 12)	4,249,090	3,861,159	14,628,286	
Amortization (Note 16)	152,999	291,671	1,265,000	
Total	86,969,485	78,547,246	477,597,313	

# 36. Exploration and technical services expenses

	Quarter er	Year ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Salaries and staff related benefits	11,918,282	10,852,304	45,570,625
Contracted services	28,545,291	11,988,919	71,694,410
Overheads and other	3,036,218	2,657,841	13,144,135
Consumables	1,524,777	2,662,511	9,821,878
Repair parts	564,596	349,011	1,604,016
Total	45,589,164	28,510,586	141,835,064

# 37. Income from short-term investments

	Quarter ended		Year ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013	
Income received and accrued on short-term				
investments	2,522,718	10,728,881	26,627,550	



## 38. Finance charges

	Quarter	ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Public Investment Fund	7,116,584	9,210,519	35,096,061
Banque Saudi Fransi – as agent for the procurement			<i>y y</i>
facility participants	12,384,418	11,122,921	50,691,813
Al-Rajhi Bank	6,780,469	6,631,781	28,432,241
The Export Import Bank of Korea	2,996,786	3,744,127	14,382,631
Korea Export Insurance Corporation	1,579,575	1,957,003	7,532,282
Mizuho Corporate Bank Limited - as agent for the			20.4 (20.0) (20.0)
commercial facility participants	3,706,380	4,006,508	16,524,306
Saudi Industrial Development Fund	4,374,000	475,000	5,650,000
Revolving Credit Facility	7,999,490	4,080,790	24,275,816
Total	46,937,702	41,228,649	182,585,150

# 38.1 Summary of borrowing cost

	Quarter	ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Expensed during the quarter / year Capitalized as part of qualifying assets in capital	46,937,702	41,228,649	182,585,150
work-in-progress during the quarter / year (Note 13)	91,910,514	107,819,540	481,163,536
Total	138,848,216	149,048,189	663,748,686

# 39. Other income / (expenses), net

	Quarter er	nded	Year ended
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Other income / (expenses), net	581,253	(584,659)	1,423,265,192

On August 5, 2013, the Company entered into an agreement with Mosaic and SABIC to jointly develop a fully integrated phosphate production facility known as the Umm Wu'al phosphate project (Note 1).

As per the agreement Mosaic and SABIC are liable to pay contractual dues to Ma'aden of SAR 1.44 billion in two installments and thereby recorded as other income. This amount is in addition to the historical cost incurred by Ma'aden on the project. First installment, 50% of SAR 1.44 billion, is received by Ma'aden during the year ended December 31, 2013 while the second installment of remaining 50% of the amount is due on June 30, 2016 (Note 18).



# 40. Earnings per ordinary share

	Quarter e	ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Net income attributable to the shareholders' of the parent company for the quarter / year	125,183,648	239,193,555	1,682,378,450
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the quarter / year (Note 28)	925,000,000	925,000,000	925,000,000
Basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share from continuing operations	0.14	0.26	1.82

Basic earnings per ordinary share is calculated by dividing the income attributable to the shareholders of the parent company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the quarter / year.

# 41. Related party transactions and balances

# 41.1 Related party transactions

Transactions with a related parties carried out during the quarter / year under review, in the normal course of business, are summarized below:

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Soloo through CADIC during the greater to the	400.047.700	040,000,700	0.000.700.404
Sales through SABIC during the quarter / year	408,247,709	818,323,736	2,626,763,424
Sales to Alcoa Inc. during the quarter / year	152,586,343	51,073,367	327,839,306
Dividend paid to SABIC during the quarter / year (Note 31.4 and 31.6)	-	-	450,000,000
Payments to increase share capital received from:			
Alcoa Inc.	170,680,000	294,140,624	556,711,869
Mosaic	203,295,864	=	=
SABIC	121,977,519		
Total (Note 31.6)	495,953,383	294,140,624	556,711,869
41.2 Related party balances			
Amount due from / (to) related parties arising from transaction with related parties are as follows:			
Receivables from related parties			
Due from Alcoa Inc. (Note 9)	66,011,089	43,531,339	23,948,991
Due from SABIC (Note 9)	293,557,077	280,680,244	242,382,717
Due from SAMAPCO (Note 9)	47,998,419	47,998,419	47,998,419
Due from Saudi Mining Polytechnic (Note 9)	37,528,029	12,960,988	50,464,149
Total	445,094,614	385,170,990	364,794,276

42.

Total



Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited) (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

amounts in Saudi Riyais unless otherwise stated)			
41.2 Related party balances (continued)			
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Payable to related party			
Accrued expenses - Alcoa Inc. (Note 20)	141,055,622	95,791,427	83,763,220
Payments to increase share capital received from:			
Alcoa Inc.	285,111,471	408,572,095	114,431,471
Mosaic	203,295,864	-	-
SABIC	121,977,519		
Sub-total (Note 31.6)	610,384,854	408,572,095	114,431,471
Total	751,440,476	504,363,522	198,194,691
Long-term borrowings from PIF, a 50% shareholder in Ma'aden			
Due to PIF for the financing of the :			
MPC facility (Note 26.2)	3,334,401,042	3,667,201,146	3,334,401,042
MAC facility (Note 26.2)	4,875,000,000	3,993,016,061	4,875,000,000
MRC facility (Note 26.2)	2,321,849,292	2,321,849,291	2,321,849,292
MBAC facility (Note 26.2)	2,695,780,793	1,625,265,826	1,961,113,684
Total	13,227,031,127	11,607,332,324	12,492,364,018
Operating leases			
	Quarte	r ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Payments under operating leases recognized			
as an expense during the quarter / year	5,156,308	3,594,188	19,782,551
Future minimum operating lease commitments due under these operating leases are as follows:			
2013	_	12,011,748	_
2014	15,361,356	15,545,936	20,088,856
2015	8,428,856	3,885,936	8,428,856
2016 2071	8,428,856	3,885,936	8,428,856
2018 through 2041	7,928,856 45,091,674	3,385,936 48,890,248	7,928,856 45,405,288
	10,001,014	10,000,270	70,700,200

Operating lease payments represent mainly rentals payable by the Group for mining lease areas. Leases are negotiated for an average term of 15 to 30 years.

85,239,598

87,605,740

90,280,712



# 43. Commitments and contingent liabilities

	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2013
Capital expenditures:			
Contracted for	17,330,583,812	13,043,170,001	12,717,132,437
Guarantees:			
Guarantees in favor of Saudi Aramco, for future diesel and gas feedstock supplies	220,962,362	220,962,362	220,962,362
Guarantees for the development of aluminum project*	225,000,000	225,000,000	225,000,000
Others	321,445	157,080	321,445
Total	446,283,807	446,119,442	446,283,807

<sup>\*</sup>Ma'aden has received a back-to-back letter of credit, for the development of the aluminum project, from Alcoa for their proportionate share of 25.1% in aluminum companies, of the total amount of letter of credits submitted by Ma'aden to the Government.

Ma'aden has also provided guarantees to SIDF for financing facilities available to MAC, MRC and MBAC to the extent of its shareholding of 74.9% and to MPC to the extent of its shareholding of 70% (Note 26.1 and 26.2).

## 44. Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value risk, commission rate risk and commodity price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

#### 44.1 Currency risk

Is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group transactions are principally in Saudi Riyals, Euros and US Dollars. Management monitors the fluctuations in currency exchange rates and believes that the currency risk is not significant.

#### 44.2 Fair value risk

Is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. As the Group's financial instruments are compiled under the historical cost convention, differences can arise between the book values and fair value estimates. Management believes that the fair values of the Group's financial assets and liabilities are not materially different from their carrying values.

# 44.3 Commission rate risk

Is the exposure to various risks associated with the effect of fluctuations in the prevailing commission rates on the Group's financial position and cash flows. The Group's commission rate risks arise mainly from its short-term investments and long term-borrowings, which are at floating rate of commission and are subject to re-pricing on a regular basis. The Group monitors the fluctuations in commission rate.

Based on the Groups net debt outstanding as at March 31, 2014, the effect on net earnings of a 1% movement in the US Dollar LIBOR commission rate would be SAR 310 million (March 31, 2013: SAR 204 million and December 31, 2013: SAR 284 million). These balances will not remain consistent throughout 2014.

#### 44.4 Commodity price risk

Gold is priced in an active market in which prices respond to daily changes in quantities. The Group's normal policy is to sell its products at prevailing market prices. The Group does not generally believe commodity price hedging would provide long-term benefit to the shareholders.



#### 44.5 Credit risk

Is the risk that one party will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (pertaining to trade receivables mainly). However, the cash collection is made at time of sales delivery and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions. Credit limits are established for all customers based on internal rating criteria. Outstanding trade receivables are regularly monitored and any credit concerns highlighted to senior management. Cash and short-term investments are substantially placed with commercial banks with sound credit ratings.

The Group currently has two major customers which account for sales of approximately SAR 175 million, representing 10% of the Group's sales for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (March 31, 2013: SAR 166 million representing 11% of the Group's sales and December 31, 2013: SAR 709 million representing 12% of Group's sales from two major customers). Trade receivables are carried net of allowance for doubtful debts, if needed.

#### 44.6 Liquidity risk

Is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at an amount close to its fair value. Liquidity risk is managed by monitoring on a regular basis that sufficient funds are available to meet any future commitments.

## 45. Events after the reporting date

No events have arisen subsequent to March 31, 2014 and before the date of signing the review report, that could have a significant effect on the consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2014.

#### 46. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures of the previous quarter / year have been reclassified, wherever necessary, to conform with the current quarter's presentation. Such reclassifications did not affect either the net worth or the net income of the Group for the previous quarter / year.

# 47. Contingent assets held and liabilities incurred under fiduciary administration

On January 6, 2013 MIC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Ma'aden, received an amount of USD 140 million (in a fiduciary capacity) from the Ministry of Finance of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, in accordance with the Council of Ministers' Resolution No 87, dated 28 Rabi ul Awal 1433H (corresponding to February 20, 2012), for the purpose of establishing an industrial city in the Northern Borders Province, by the name of "Waad Al-Shamal City for Mining Industries". The aggregate amount represents part payment of the following two amounts approved by the Council of Ministers:

- USD 500 million for the design and construction of the basic infrastructure and required utilities of the industrial city, and
- USD 200 million for the design and construction of the housing and required social facilities for the proposed industrial city.

The amounts received have been deposited in a separate bank account and does not form part of MIC's available cash resources and has been accounted for in its own standalone accounting records and has not been integrated with MIC's accounting records. The amounts can only be utilized for the designated purpose in accordance with the Council of Ministers Resolution and replenished based on the presentation of supporting documents for the expenditures incurred, in accordance with the applicable Governments Regulations. Total net assets of the project as of March 31, 2014 amounted to SAR 525 million (March 31, 2013: SAR 525 million and December 31, 2013: SAR 525 million).



SAUDI ARABIAN MINING COMPANY (MA'ADEN)
(A Saudi Arabian joint stock company)
Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 (Unaudited)
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

MA'ADEN



		Issued and	Issued and paid-up share capital	re capital	Effecti	Effective group interest %	terest %	Cost of inves	Cost of investment by parent company	Company
Subsidiary	Nature of business	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	March 31, December 31, 2013	March 31, 2014	March 31, [ 2013	March 31, December 31, 2013	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	December 31,
Ma'aden Gold and Base Metals Company ("MGBM")	Gold mining	300,000,000	300,000,000	300,000,000	100	100	100	300.000.000	300 000 000	000 000 000
Ma'aden Infrastructure Company ("MIC")	Manage and develop infrastructure projects	200,000	500,000	200,000	100	100	100	500.000	0000000	
Industrial Minerals Company ("IMC")	Kaolin, low grade bauxite and magnesite mining	344,855,200	500,000	344,855,200	100	100	100	344,855,200	200,000	344 855 200
Ma'aden Aluminum Company ("MAC")	Aluminum ingots, t-bars, slabs and billets	6,573,750,000 4	,805,774,426	805,774,426 6,573,750,000	74.9	74.9	74.9	4,923,738,750	3.599.525.045	4 923 738 750
Ma'aden Rolling Company ("MRC")	Aluminum sheets for can body and lids	1,922,125,000 1,	,922,125,000	,922,125,000 1,922,125,000	74.9	74.9	74.9	1,439,671,625	1.439.671.625 1.439.671.625	1 439 671 625
Ma'aden Bauxite and Alumina Company ("MBAC")	Bauxite mining and refining	3,794,999,888 3,	344,999,888	3,794,999,888	74.9	74.9	74.9	2,842,454,916	2.505.404.916	2842 454 916
Ma'aden Phosphate Company ("MPC")	Phosphate mining and fertilizer producer	6,208,480,000 6,	,208,480,000	208,480,000 6,208,480,000	70	20	70		4,345,936,000 4,345,936,000	4,345,936,000
Ma'aden Wa'ad Al Shamal Phosphate Company ("MWASPC")	Phosphate mining and fertilizer producer	1,501,875	•	1	09	3	Е		,	
Jointly controlled entity								<b>14,198,057,616</b> 12,191,537,586 14,197,156,491	2,191,537,586 1	4,197,156,491
Sahara and Ma'aden Petrochemical Company ("SAMAPCO")	Production of concentrated caustic soda and ethylene dichloride	900,000,000	000'000'006	900,000,006	90	20	20	450,000,000	450,000,000	450,000,000

All the subsidiaries and jointly controlled entity listed above are incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.