

**SAUDI BASIC INDUSTRIES CORPORATION
(SABIC) AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**

**INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)**

**FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED
30 JUNE 2010**

SAUDI BASIC INDUSTRIES CORPORATION (SABIC) AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

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LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

To the shareholders of Saudi Basic Industries Corporation (SABIC)
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

Scope of review

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated balance sheet of Saudi Basic Industries Corporation (SABIC) - A Saudi Joint Stock Company - and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at 30 June 2010 and the related interim consolidated statement of income for the three month and six month periods ended 30 June 2010 and the interim consolidated statements of cash flows and changes in shareholders' equity for the six-month period then ended. These interim consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Group's management and have been prepared by them and submitted to us with all the information and explanations which we required. We conducted our limited review in accordance with the Standard on Review of Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Saudi Organisation for Certified Public Accountants (SOCPA). A limited review consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our limited review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

For Ernst & Young


Abdulaziz A. Al-Sowailim
Certified Public Accountant
Registration No. 277



Riyadh: 6 Sha'aban 1431H
(18 July 2010)

SAUDI BASIC INDUSTRIES CORPORATION (SABIC) AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Unaudited)

AS AT 30 JUNE 2010

	Note	30 June 2010 SR'000	30 June 2009 SR'000
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		49,172,128	53,075,083
Accounts receivable		25,167,044	17,413,599
Inventories		25,586,928	19,170,091
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		6,096,781	6,080,260
Total current assets		106,022,881	95,739,033
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment		164,011,223	151,077,886
Investments in associates and others		8,752,743	7,763,174
Intangible assets	4	20,022,449	21,796,233
Other non-current assets		3,266,254	2,809,574
Total non-current assets		196,052,669	183,446,867
TOTAL ASSETS		302,075,550	279,185,900
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable		13,727,104	11,087,793
Dividends payable		610,845	601,640
Accrued expenses and other payables		10,870,740	10,483,491
Short- term bank facilities		1,748,028	1,369,529
Current portion of long-term debt		6,330,304	4,034,161
Total current liabilities		33,287,021	27,576,614
Non-current liabilities			
Long- term debt	5	98,633,655	98,747,106
Other non-current liabilities		11,190,673	9,802,182
Total non-current liabilities		109,824,328	108,549,288
Total liabilities		143,111,349	136,125,902
EQUITY			
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	6	30,000,000	30,000,000
Statutory reserve		15,000,000	14,702,984
General reserve		58,753,396	54,478,089
Retained earnings		10,448,089	830,753
Total shareholders' equity		114,201,485	100,011,826
Minority interests		44,762,716	43,048,172
Total equity		158,964,201	143,059,998
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		302,075,550	279,185,900

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

SAUDI BASIC INDUSTRIES CORPORATION (SABIC) AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (Unaudited)
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

	Note	For the three-month period ended 30 June		For the six-month period ended 30 June	
		2010 SR'000	2009 SR'000	2010 SR'000	2009 SR'000
Sales		38,861,705	23,750,072	72,980,084	43,567,153
Cost of sales		(27,016,810)	(17,530,844)	(48,926,026)	(33,725,415)
GROSS PROFIT		11,844,895	6,219,228	24,054,058	9,841,738
Selling, general and administrative expenses		(2,706,709)	(2,139,600)	(5,211,387)	(4,199,812)
Impairment of goodwill	4	-	-	-	(1,181,250)
INCOME FROM MAIN OPERATIONS		9,138,186	4,079,628	18,842,671	4,460,676
Investment income and other		316,821	502,415	442,407	909,113
Financial charges		(848,080)	(860,139)	(1,782,695)	(1,633,462)
INCOME BEFORE MINORITY INTERESTS AND ZAKAT		8,606,927	3,721,904	17,502,383	3,736,327
Minority interests' share in subsidiaries net income		(2,991,012)	(1,767,247)	(5,954,294)	(2,630,575)
INCOME BEFORE ZAKAT		5,615,915	1,954,657	11,548,089	1,105,752
Zakat	7	(600,000)	(150,000)	(1,100,000)	(275,000)
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		5,015,915	1,804,657	10,448,089	830,752
EARNINGS PER SHARE (SR):					
Attributable to income from main operations	8	3.05	1.36	6.28	1.49
Attributable to net income for the period	8	1.67	0.60	3.48	0.28

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

SAUDI BASIC INDUSTRIES CORPORATION (SABIC) AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

	For the six-month period ended 30 June	
	2010 SR'000	2009 SR'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before zakat	11,548,089	1,105,752
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortization	4,850,668	5,003,470
Impairment of goodwill	-	1,181,250
Share in earnings of associated companies	(300,696)	(112,187)
Minority interests' share in subsidiaries net income	5,954,294	2,630,575
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other current assets	(4,947,565)	(3,426,222)
Inventories	(1,816,938)	5,189,660
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other payables	(1,583,812)	586,594
Other non current liabilities	1,346,126	(368,725)
Zakat paid	(1,704,609)	(995,857)
Net cash from operating activities	13,345,557	10,794,310
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, net	(10,489,439)	(13,811,478)
Investments, net	(153,306)	1,044,845
Intangible assets, net	1,343,962	(545,200)
Other non-current assets, net	(906,240)	97,448
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,205,023)	(13,214,385)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Long- term debt, net	(1,111,021)	11,360,532
Short- term bank facilities, net	808,254	133,987
Dividends paid	(4,476,091)	(3,735,403)
Minority interests, net	(5,566,982)	(3,291,544)
Net cash (used in) from financing activities	(10,345,840)	4,467,572
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(7,205,306)	2,047,497
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	56,377,434	51,027,586
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	49,172,128	53,075,083

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

SAUDI BASIC INDUSTRIES CORPORATION (SABIC) AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

	Note	Share capital SR '000	Statutory reserve SR '000	General reserve SR '000	Retained earnings SR '000	Total SR '000
30 June 2010						
Balance as at 1 January 2010		30,000,000	15,000,000	54,478,089	8,776,707	108,254,796
Annual dividends of 2009	13	-	-	-	(4,500,000)	(4,500,000)
Board of directors' remuneration	13	-	-	-	(1,400)	(1,400)
Transfer to general reserve	13	-	-	4,275,307	(4,275,307)	-
Net income for the period		-	-	-	10,448,089	10,448,089
Balance as at 30 June 2010		30,000,000	15,000,000	58,753,396	10,448,089	114,201,485
30 June 2009						
Balance as at 1 January 2009		30,000,000	14,702,984	43,652,631	14,576,859	102,932,474
Annual dividends of 2008		-	-	-	(3,750,000)	(3,750,000)
Board of directors' remuneration		-	-	-	(1,400)	(1,400)
Transfer to general reserve		-	-	10,825,458	(10,825,458)	-
Net income for the period		-	-	-	830,752	830,752
Balance as at 30 June 2009		30,000,000	14,702,984	54,478,089	830,753	100,011,826

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

SAUDI BASIC INDUSTRIES CORPORATION (SABIC) AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
30 JUNE 2010 (Unaudited)

1. ORGANIZATION AND ACTIVITIES

Saudi Basic Industries Corporation (SABIC) is a Saudi joint stock company established pursuant to Royal Decree Number M/66 dated 13 Ramadan 1396H (corresponding to 6 September 1976) and registered in Riyadh under commercial registration No. 1010010813 dated 14 Muharram 1397H (corresponding to 4 January 1977). SABIC is 70% owned by the Government of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and 30% by the private sector.

SABIC and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are engaged in the manufacturing, marketing and distribution of chemical, fertilizer, and metal products in world markets.

2. BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements are comprised of the financial statements of the Group, as adjusted by the elimination of significant inter-company balances and transactions. A subsidiary is an entity in which SABIC has a direct or indirect equity investment of more than 50% or over which it exerts effective management control. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared using accounting policies which are consistent with those of SABIC. The subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which SABIC is able to exercise effective management control.

The subsidiaries consolidated in these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

	Direct and indirect shareholding %	
	2010	2009
SABIC Industrial Investments Company (SIIC) and its subsidiaries	100.00	100.00
SABIC Luxembourg S.a.r.l.(SLUX) and its subsidiaries	100.00	100.00
SABIC Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd. (SAPPL) and its subsidiaries	100.00	100.00
Arabian Petrochemical Company and its subsidiary (Petrokemya)	100.00	100.00
Saudi Iron and Steel Company (Hadeed)	100.00	100.00
SABIC Sukuk Company (SUKUK)	100.00	100.00
Saudi European Petrochemical Company (Ibn Zahr)	80.00	80.00
Jubail United Petrochemical Company (United)	75.00	75.00
National Chemical Fertilizer Company (Ibn Al-Baytar)	71.50	71.50
National Industrial Gases Company (Gas)	70.00	70.00
Yanbu National Petrochemical Company (Yansab)	51.95	55.95
Saudi Methanol Company (Ar-Razi)	50.00	50.00
Al-Jubail Fertilizer Company (Al-Bayroni)	50.00	50.00
Saudi Yanbu Petrochemical Company (Yanpet)	50.00	50.00
National Methanol Company (Ibn Sina)	50.00	50.00
Saudi Petrochemical Company (Sadaf)	50.00	50.00
Eastern Petrochemical Company (Sharq)	50.00	50.00
Al-Jubail Petrochemical Company (Kemya)	50.00	50.00
Arabian Industrial Fiber Company (Ibn Rushd)	47.26	47.26
Saudi Arabian Fertilizer Company (Safco)	42.99	42.99
Saudi Kayan Petrochemical Company (Saudi Kayan)	35.00	35.00

All subsidiaries are incorporated in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia except for SLUX, and SAPPL which are incorporated in Luxembourg and Republic of Singapore, respectively. Yansab, Safco, and Saudi Kayan (currently in the development stage) are Saudi Joint Stock Companies.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
30 JUNE 2010 (Unaudited)

2. BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (continued)

Yanbu National Petrochemical Company (Yansab)

SABIC owned 55.95% of the share capital of Yansab. Included in this shareholding was 4% (22.5 million shares) owned by SIIC, which was sold to the Group's eligible employees at par value under a stock grant scheme. During the fourth quarter of 2009, SIIC received the sale proceeds and transferred the ownership of the 4% share capital to the relevant employees.

SINOPEC/SABIC Tianjin Petrochemical Co. Ltd

During the year 2009, SIIC concluded a joint venture agreement with China Petroleum & Chemical Corporation (SINOPEC) to form SINOPEC/SABIC Tianjin Petrochemical Co. Ltd, a jointly controlled entity, equally owned by the two parties. The Group has proportionately consolidated its interest in this jointly controlled entity.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Standard on Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants (SOCPA). The significant accounting policies adopted by SABIC in preparing its interim consolidated financial statements, summarized below, are in conformity with those described in the annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009. The interim consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes should be read in conjunction with the annual audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes for the year ended 31 December 2009.

Accounting convention

The consolidated financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention except for the measurement at fair value for available for sale investments and derivative financial instruments.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements by management requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. The actual results ultimately may differ from these estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the invoiced amount less an allowance for any doubtful debts. An estimate for doubtful debt is made when the collection of the receivable amount is considered doubtful. Bad debts are written off as incurred.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market value. Cost of raw materials, consumables, spare parts and finished goods is principally determined on a weighted average cost basis. Inventories of work in progress and finished goods include cost of materials, labor and an appropriate proportion of direct overheads.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation except for freehold land and construction work in progress which are stated at cost. Expenditure for maintenance and repairs is expensed, while expenditure for betterments is capitalized. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the applicable assets using the straight-line method.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life or the remaining term of the lease.

The capitalized leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the lease term.

SAUDI BASIC INDUSTRIES CORPORATION (SABIC) AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
30 JUNE 2010 (Unaudited)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment (continued)

The estimated useful lives of the principal classes of assets for the calculation of depreciation are as follows:

	Years
Buildings	33
Plant and equipment	20
Furniture, fixtures and vehicles	4-10

Investments

Associated companies

Investments of 20% or more in the share capital of investees, other than subsidiary companies, and over which the Group exercises significant influence, are reflected in the interim consolidated financial statements based on the equity method. The Group's share in the financial results of these investees is recognized in the interim consolidated statement of income.

Available for sale

This represents investments in financial assets neither acquired for trading purposes nor to be held to maturity. These are stated at fair value. Differences between the fair value and the cost, if significant, are reported separately in the interim consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity. Any decline other than temporary in the value of these investments is charged to the interim consolidated statement of income.

Fair value is determined by reference to the market value if an open market exists, or on the basis of the most recent financial statements. Otherwise, cost is considered to be the fair value.

Held to maturity

Investments that are acquired with the intention of being held to maturity are carried at cost (adjusted for any premium or discount), less any decline in value which is other than temporary. Such investments are classified as non-current assets with the exception of investments maturing in the following twelve months.

Jointly controlled entities

A jointly controlled entity is a contractual arrangement whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control. In the interim consolidated financial statements, the Group reports its interests in jointly controlled entities using proportionate consolidation, whereby the Group's share of the assets, liabilities, income and expenses of jointly controlled entities is combined on a line-by-line basis with the equivalent items in the Group's interim consolidated financial statements.

Intangible assets

Goodwill

The excess of consideration paid over the fair value of net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. Goodwill is periodically re-measured and reported in the interim consolidated financial statements at carrying value after being adjusted for impairment, if any. The carrying amount of negative goodwill, if any, is netted off against fair value of non-current assets.

Pre-operating expenses

Expenses incurred during the development of new projects and their start-up periods, and which are expected to provide benefits in future periods, are deferred or capitalized. The deferred pre-operating expenses are amortized starting from the commencement of the commercial operations using a straight-line method over the shorter of the estimated period of benefit or seven years.

SAUDI BASIC INDUSTRIES CORPORATION (SABIC) AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
30 JUNE 2010 (Unaudited)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment

The Group periodically reviews the carrying amounts of its long term tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered any impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment is recognized in the interim consolidated statement of income.

Except for goodwill, where impairment subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or the cash generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognized for the asset or cash generating unit in prior years. A reversal of impairment is recognized immediately in the interim consolidated statement of income.

Accounts payable and accruals

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether billed by the suppliers and service providers or not.

Dividends

Final dividends are recognized as a liability at the time of their approval by the General Assembly. Interim dividends are recorded as and when approved by the Board of Directors.

Zakat and income tax

Zakat is provided in accordance with the Regulations of the Directorate of Zakat and Income Tax (DZIT) in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and on an accrual basis. The provision is charged to the interim consolidated statement of income. Differences, if any, resulting from the final assessments are adjusted in the year of their finalization. Foreign shareholders in subsidiaries are subject to income tax which is included in minority interest in the interim consolidated financial statements.

For subsidiaries outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, provision for tax is computed in accordance with tax regulations of the respective countries.

Employees' benefits

Employees' end of service benefits are provided for in accordance with the requirements of the Saudi Arabian Labor Law and SABIC's policies. Employees' early retirement plan costs are provided for in accordance with the Group's policies and are charged to the interim consolidated statement of income in the year the employee retires.

The Group has pension plans for its employees in overseas jurisdictions. The eligible employees participate in either defined contribution or defined benefit plans. The pension plans take into consideration the legal framework of labor and social security laws of the countries where the companies are incorporated.

Employees' home ownership program

Unsold housing units constructed for eventual sale to eligible employees are included under land and buildings and are depreciated over 33 years. Upon signing the sale contract with the eligible employees, the relevant housing units are classified under other non-current assets.

Revenue Recognition

Sales represent the invoiced value of goods shipped and services rendered by the Group during the period, net of any trade, quantity discounts and sales return. Generally sales are reported net of marketing and distribution expenses incurred in accordance with executed marketing and off-take agreements.

Investment income from associated companies is recognized based on the equity method.

Earnings on time deposits are recognized on an accrual basis.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
30 JUNE 2010 (Unaudited)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Selling, general and administrative expenses

Production costs and direct expenses are classified as cost of sales. All other expenses, including selling and distribution expenses not deducted from sales are classified as selling, general and administrative expenses.

Technology and innovation expenses

Technology and innovation expenses are charged to the interim consolidated statement of income when incurred.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Saudi Riyals at the rates of exchange prevailing at the time of such transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses from settlement and translation of foreign currency transactions are included in the interim consolidated statement of income.

The financial statements of foreign operations are translated into Saudi Riyals using the exchange rate at each balance sheet date, for assets and liabilities, and the average exchange rates for revenues and expenses. Components of equity, other than retained earnings, are translated at the rates prevailing at the date of their occurrence. Translation adjustments, if material, are recorded as a separate component of shareholders' equity.

Derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge its exposure to certain portions of its interest rate risks arising from financing activities. The Group generally designates these as cash flow hedges of interest rate risk. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the Group's policies, which provide principles on the use of financial derivatives consistent with the Group's risk management strategy. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. Derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on the contract date and are re-measured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that are designated as effective hedges of future cash flows are recognized directly in equity, if material and the ineffective portion is recognized in the interim consolidated statement of income. If the cash flow hedge of a firm commitment or forecasted transaction results in the recognition of an asset or a liability, then, at the time the asset or liability is recognized, the associated gain or loss on the derivative that had previously been recognized is included in the initial measurement of the asset or liability. For hedges that do not result in the recognition of an asset or a liability, amounts deferred in equity are recognized in interim consolidated statement of income in the same period in which the hedged item affects net income or loss.

Changes in fair value of derivative financial instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognized in the interim consolidated statement of income as they arise. Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer qualified for hedge accounting. At that time, for forecast transactions, any cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognized in equity is retained in equity until the forecasted transactions occurs. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognized in equity is transferred to the interim consolidated statement of income for the period.

Leasing

Leases are classified as capital leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under capital leases are recognized as assets of the Group at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair market value of the assets at the inception of the lease.

Finance costs, which represent the difference between the total leasing commitments and the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair market value of the assets at the inception of the lease, are charged to the interim consolidated statement of income over the term of the relevant lease in order to produce a constant periodic rate of return on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period.

Rental payments under operating leases are charged to the interim consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the term of the operating lease.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
30 JUNE 2010 (Unaudited)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing products or services (business segment) or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographic segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

4. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets include goodwill, pre-operating and deferred costs, patents, trademarks and other intangibles. Intangible assets include goodwill of SR 12,609 million as at 30 June 2010 (SR 13,987 million as at 30 June 2009).

Based on the goodwill impairment test performed at the Group level during the year ended 31 December 2009, it was determined that the goodwill had impaired to the extent of SR 1,181 million. The difference in impairment at the Group and the relevant subsidiary levels is due to the impact of synergies expected to be realized by the Group, different reporting dates and financial accounting standards.

Goodwill's recoverable amount has been determined based on 'value-in-use' calculation on the basis of discounted cash flows based on management approved projected cash flows for the relevant subsidiary (considered as one cash generating unit) for a five-year period. The cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using an estimated terminal growth rate. Management believes the growth rate used does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the business. The discount rate used is pre-tax and reflects specific risks relevant to the business. The 'value-in-use' method shows that the recoverable amount calculation is most sensitive to changes in the long-term and terminal growth rates, discount rate, working capital and capital expenditures assumptions in the terminal period.

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

Sukuk

On 29 July 2006, the Group issued its first Sukuk amounting to SR 3 billion Sukuk, at par value of SR 50,000 each without discount or premium, maturing in 2026. On 15 July 2007, the Group issued its second Sukuk amounting to SR 8 billion, at par value of SR 10,000 each, subject to minimum holding of SR 50,000, without discount and premium, maturing in 2027. On 3 May 2008, the Group issued its third Sukuk amounting to SR 5 billion, at par value of SR 10,000 each, without discount or premium, maturing in 2028. The Sukuk issuances bear a rate of return based on SIBOR plus a specified margin payable quarterly in arrears from the net income received under the Sukuk assets held by the Sukuk custodian 'SABIC Sukuk Company', a wholly owned subsidiary of SABIC.

At the end of each five year period, the Group shall pay an amount equal to 10% of the aggregate face value of the Sukuk as bonus to the Sukuk holders. The Group has provided an undertaking to the Sukuk holders to purchase the Sukuk from the Sukuk holders in the first, second and third "fifth year date" (the respective periodic distribution date following after fifth, tenth and fifteenth year of issue) at an amount equivalent to 90%, 60% and 30% of the face value respectively.

As of 30 June 2010, total Sukuk issued by the Group under the above mentioned facility amounted to SR 16 billion (SR 16 billion as of 30 June 2009). The periodic distributions expensed during the period amounted to SR 94 million (30 June 2009: SR 180 million).

Bond

During 2006, SABIC Europe B.V. (a wholly-owned subsidiary of SLUX) issued an unsecured Euro 750 million Euro-bond. The Euro-bond carries a fixed coupon rate of 4.5% with final maturity date due on 28 November 2013. On 19 December 2008, SABIC Capital I B.V. (an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of SLUX) replaced SABIC Europe B.V. in carrying the liability of the Euro-bond with the execution of the exchange offer. The exchange offer was executed by SABIC Capital I B.V. providing guarantee for the obligations to the bond-holders. The significant terms and conditions remained unchanged including the semi-annual coupon payments due in May and November each year.

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5. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Notes

On 31 August 2007, SABIC Innovative Plastics B.V. (SIPH) (a wholly-owned subsidiary of SLUX) issued senior unsecured notes of USD 1.5 billion. The notes carry a fixed coupon rate of 9.5% with final maturity date due on 15 August 2015. The coupon payments are payable in February and August each year. On 5 April 2010, SIPH voluntarily redeemed 35% of the senior unsecured notes amounting to USD 525 million.

On 29 December 2009, SABIC entered into an agreement with the PIF for a private placement of Saudi Riyal notes amounting to SR 10 billion with multiple tranches. Such tranches when drawn will have the bullet maturity after 7 years. SABIC issued its first Saudi Riyal note tranche totaling to SR 2 billion, maturing in 2016. On 30 March 2010, SABIC issued its second Saudi Riyal note tranche totaling to SR 1 billion, maturing in 2017. On 29 June 2010, SABIC issued its third Saudi Riyal note tranche totaling to SR 1 billion, maturing in 2017.

Other debt

A non-recourse bank debt of SR 25.01 billion (USD 6.67 billion) was raised to partially finance the acquisition of SIPH. The bank debt comprises senior secured term loans denominated in US dollars and Euros, with varying spreads over LIBOR or EURIBOR and maturities of up to seven years from the acquisition date. During the second quarter 2010, an amount of SR 5.63 billion (USD 1.5 billion) has been voluntarily repaid.

On 15 June 2010, SABIC signed a facility agreement with Alinma bank amounting to SR 3,750 million. This facility carries a fixed commission rate and has a bullet maturity at the end of 5 years. As of 30 June 2010, SR 2,750 million was drawn under this facility.

In addition, certain other subsidiaries utilized their debt facilities for various expansion projects.

6. SHARE CAPITAL

The share capital amounting to SR 30 billion is divided into 3 billion shares of SR 10 each as of 30 June 2010 and 2009.

7. ZAKAT

Zakat is provided for and charged to the interim consolidated statement of income on an estimated basis. Differences resulting from the final zakat calculation are adjusted at year end.

SABIC has filed its zakat returns with the Department of Zakat and Income Tax (DZIT) up to 2008, and settled the zakat dues accordingly. SABIC received the zakat assessments up to 2007. The zakat assessment for the year 2008 is still under review by the DZIT.

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The earnings per share is calculated based on the number of outstanding shares at the end of the period. The outstanding number of shares at 30 June 2010 was 3 billion shares (3 billion shares at 30 June 2009).

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's operations consist of the following business segments:

- **The chemicals segment**, includes basic chemicals, intermediates, polymers and specialty chemicals.
- **The fertilizers segment**, consists of fertilizer products.
- **The metals segment**, consists of steel products.
- **The corporate segment**, includes the corporate operations, Technology and innovation centers, the investment activities and SABIC Industrial Investments Company (SIIC).

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9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

	Chemicals SR'000	Fertilizers SR'000	Metals SR'000	Corporate SR'000	Consolidation adjustments and eliminations SR'000	Total Group SR'000
30 June 2010 (Unaudited)						
Sales	77,663,040	2,954,930	6,789,248	5,238,602	(19,665,736)	72,980,084
Gross profit	18,796,101	1,940,508	1,149,930	1,797,807	369,712	24,054,058
Net income	12,355,977	2,357,146	810,819	11,394,188	(16,470,041)	10,448,089
Total assets	237,609,078	12,414,453	20,098,863	170,463,290	(138,510,134)	302,075,550
Total liabilities	154,055,825	3,546,184	4,628,890	51,563,983	(70,683,533)	143,111,349
30 June 2009 (Unaudited)						
Sales	47,184,976	2,675,073	5,203,492	2,355,818	(13,852,206)	43,567,153
Gross profit	5,015,279	1,361,559	482,293	1,234,594	1,748,013	9,841,738
Net (loss) income	(1,676,762)	1,437,423	201,614	347,148	521,329	830,752
Total assets	219,528,993	12,974,420	18,493,543	140,025,649	(111,836,705)	279,185,900
Total liabilities	141,739,779	2,212,416	3,932,912	38,318,084	(50,077,289)	136,125,902

The net (loss) income amounts of the above segments include share in earnings of subsidiary and associated companies. Also, the total assets amounts in these segments include investment balances with respect to subsidiary companies.

A substantial portion of the Group's operating assets are located in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The principal markets for the Group's chemical products are Europe, USA, the Middle East, and Asia Pacific. While the corporate activities are based in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the principal markets for the Group's fertilizers segment are mainly in South East Asia, Australia, New Zealand, South America, Africa and the Middle East. The metals segment sales are mainly in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other Gulf Cooperative Council (GCC) Countries.

10. INTERIM RESULTS

The results of operations for the interim periods may not be an accurate indication of the results of the full year operations.

11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group is involved in litigation matters in the ordinary course of business, which are being defended. While the ultimate results of these matters cannot be determined with certainty, the management does not expect that they will have a material adverse effect on the interim consolidated financial statements of the Group.

The Group's bankers have issued, on its behalf, bank guarantees amounting to SR 1.7 billion (30 June 2009: SR 2.6 billion) in the normal course of business.

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12. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

At 30 June 2010 and 2009, SABIC had one commission rate swap agreements in place with notional amount of SR 5,000 million (30 June 2009: SR 5 billion). As per the terms of agreements, SABIC pays a fixed rate and receive a variable rate on the notional amount.

13. APPROPRIATION OF NET INCOME

The Extraordinary General Assembly, in its annual meeting held on 3 Jumada Al Awwal 1431H corresponding to 17 April 2010 approved the appropriation of the net income for the year ended 31 December 2009 as follows:

- distribution of cash dividends of SR 4.5 billion (SR 1.5 per share);
- transfer an amount of SR 297 million to the statutory reserve to reach to 50% of SABIC's share capital;
- payment of SR 1.4 million as Board of Directors' remuneration;
- transfer the remaining balance to the general reserve.

It was resolved to distribute interim cash dividends amounting to SR 4,500 million (SR 1.5 per share) for the six month period ended 30 June 2010.

14. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain of the prior period figures have been re-classified to conform with the current period's presentation.