CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT (LIMITED REVIEW) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

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AUDITORS' REPORT (LIMITED REVIEW) ON CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the stockholders Zamil Industrial Investment Company Dammam, Saudi Arabia

Scope of Review

We have reviewed the consolidated interim balance sheet of Zamil Industrial Investment Company ("the parent company"), a Saudi Joint Stock Company, and its subsidiaries as of March 31, 2014 and the related consolidated interim statements of income and cash flows for the three months then ended, and notes 1 to 6 which form an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements as prepared by the parent company and presented to us with all the necessary information and explanations. These consolidated interim financial statements are the responsibility of the parent company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standard of auditing applicable to interim financial reporting in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Review Results

Based on our limited review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting standards in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Deloitte & Touche Bakr Abulkhair & Co.

Nasser M. Al-Sagga License No. 322 17 Jumada II, 1435 April 17, 2014

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET AS OF MARCH 31, 2014

AS OF MARCH 51, 2014			
	N	2014	2013
	Note	SR 000 (un-audited)	SR 000 (un-audited)
ASSETS		(un-auditeu)	(un-addited)
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		305,043	340,132
Trade accounts and notes receivables		1,663,335	1,656,029
Advances, other receivables and prepayments		648,070	426,660
Advances to an unconsolidated subsidiary	1		339,023
Current portion of net investment in finance lease	1	18,482	<u>=</u> 0
Inventories		1,905,897	1,934,013
Amounts due from related parties	-	42,526	103,667
Total current assets	_	4,583,353	4,799,524
Non-current assets			
Investments	1	169,543	259,887
Net investment in finance lease	1	433,886	*
Property, plant and equipment		1,606,403	1,589,642
Deferred charges		14,500	17,381
Goodwill	-	158,543	169,906
Total non-current assets	=	2,382,875	2,036,816
TOTAL ASSETS		6,966,228	6,836,340
LIABILITIES, STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	=		
Current liabilities			
Notes and accounts payable, accruals and provisions		1,224,232	1,148,366
Amounts due to related parties		29,290	61,372
Advances from customers		408,859	392,786
Murabaha and tawarruq finances		2,175,054	2,546,936
Short term loans		97,156	97,902
Current portion of term loans	-	187,870	308,898
Total current liabilities	_	4,122,461	4,556,260
Non-current liabilities			
SIDF loans		57,854	85,520
Other long term loans and payables		517,228	142,059
Employees' terminal benefits	_	314,731	278,438
Total non-current liabilities	_	889,813	506,017
Total liabilities	_	5,012,274	5,062,277
Stockholders' equity and non-controlling interests			
Share capital	1	600,000	600,000
Statutory reserve		234,737	210,869
Retained earnings		787,430	679,627
Proposed cash dividends		60,000	45,000
Unrealised loss on investments		-	(1,305)
Translation loss on consolidation	-	(5,337)	(26,787)
Total stockholders' equity	3	1,676,830	1,507,404
Non-controlling interests	,	277,124	266,659
Total stockholders' equity and non-controlling interests TOTAL LIABILITIES, STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND	-	1,953,954	1,774,063
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS		6,966,228	6,836,340

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements

CEO-

CFO-Nguly

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

	From January 1 to March 31		
	2014	2013	
	SR 000	SR 000	
	(un-audited)	(un-audited)	
Net sales	1,292,862	1,242,942	
Cost of sales	(987,350)	(943,182)	
Gross profit	305,512	299,760	
Expenses Selling and distribution General and administration	119,414 91,183	105,286 97,301	
Income from main operations	94,915	97,173	
Other income, net	3,718	1,768	
Share of profit from associates, net	691	564	
Financial charges	(19,060)	(22,605)	
Non-controlling interests	(4,985)	(7,717)	
Income before zakat and taxes	75,279	69,183	
Foreign taxes	(3,234)	(1,402)	
Zakat	(6,038)	(5,089)	
NET INCOME	66,007	62,692	
Earnings per share from net income	SR 1.10	SR 1.04	
Earnings per share from continuing main operations	SR 1.04	SR 1.01	
Earnings per share from other operations	SR 0.06	SR 0.03	
Weighted average number of shares	60,000,000	60,000,000	

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

	1 January to 31 March 2014	1 January to 31 March 2013
	SR 000 (un-audited)	SR 000 (un-audited)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(un audited)	(un addited)
Income before zakat and taxes Adjustments for:	75,279	69,183
Depreciation	36,861	34,324
Employees' terminal benefits, net	4,106	6,375
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,300	202
Non-controlling interests	4,985	7,717
Share of profit from associates, net Amortisation of deferred charges	(691) 910	(564) 341
Financial charges	19,060	22,605
. manotal charges	141,810	140,183
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Inventories	44,837	(113,748)
Receivables	(79,532)	(71,647)
Net investment in finance lease	10,611	160 229
Payables and accruals	71,657	169,338
Cash from operations	189,383	124,126
Financial charges paid	(19,060)	
Foreign taxes paid	(3,234)	(8,731)
Net cash from operating activities	167,089	92,790
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(33,763)	(33,077)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	995	942
Investments, net	-	1,710
Deferred charges incurred		(1,016)
Net cash used in investing activities	(32,768)	(31,441)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Changes in short term loans, murabaha and tawarruq finances	(560,584)	(44,308)
Changes in term loans	463,879	(11,507)
Net cash used in financing activities	(96,705)	(55,815)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	37,616	5,534
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	268,557	338,820
Movement in translation loss, net	(1,130)	(4,222)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT MARCH 31	305,043	340,132
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CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

1. STATUS AND ACTIVITIES

Zamil Industrial Investment Company ("the parent company") was converted into a closed Saudi Joint Stock Company in accordance with Ministerial Resolution 407 dated 14.3.1419H (corresponding to 8 July 1998). Prior to that, the parent company was operating as a limited liability company under the name of Zamil Steel Buildings Company Limited. On 9 February 2002, the parent company was officially listed on the Saudi Stock Exchange. The parent company is registered in Saudi Arabia under Commercial Registration number 2050004215.

The parent company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the group") are engaged in design and engineering, manufacturer and fabricator of construction materials, pre-engineered steel buildings, steel structures, air conditioning and climate control systems for commercial, industrial and residential applications, telecom and transmission towers, process equipment, precast concrete building products, fiberglass, rockwool and engineered plastic foam insulations, and solar power projects.

The parent company has a branch in Dammam and its main subsidiaries are in Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Vietnam, Austria, Italy, India, China and United Arab Emirates.

In 2013, the parent company disposed off 27.5% interest in Saudi Aerated Concrete Industries Company (an associate).

In 2013, the parent company's investment in Eastern District Cooling Company Limited ("EDCC") has been consolidated effective January 1, 2013 as EDCC started its commercial operations in 2013 and the net assets of EDCC as at December 31, 2012 was SR 72.66 million.

The share capital of the parent company, amounting to SR 600 million (31 March 2013: SR 600 million) is divided into 60 million shares of SR 10 each (31 March 2013: 60 million shares of SR 10 each).

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants ("SOCPA"). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are summarized as follows:

Interim period results

The group has made all necessary adjustments which are important to present fairly in all material respects the consolidated interim financial position and interim results of operations. The consolidated interim financial results may not be considered an indicative of the actual results for the whole year.

Basis of consolidation

Operating entities controlled by the parent company are classified as subsidiaries and consolidated regardless of the country of their registration. Significant inter-company accounts and transactions are eliminated upon consolidation. Subsidiaries under formation are accounted for at cost.

Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated interim financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated interim financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

Revenue recognition

Net sales represent the invoiced value of goods supplied, services rendered and work executed by the group during the period. For central air conditioning jobs, revenue and proportionate profit are recognised when the outcome of the contract can be determined with reasonable certainty. If losses are foreseen, they are provided for in full.

Revenue recognized in excess of progress billings are disclosed under advances, other receivables and prepayments in the consolidated interim balance sheet. Whereas billings in excess of cost are disclosed under notes and accounts payable, accruals and provisions in the consolidated interim balance sheet.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and market value. Cost is determined as follows:

Raw materials - Purchase cost on weighted average basis.

Work-in-process and finished goods - Cost of direct materials and labour plus attributable

overheads based on normal level of activity.

Deferred charges

Expenses which have a long term future benefit are treated as deferred charges and are amortised over the estimated periods of benefit not exceeding five years.

Loans front-end fees represents the fee relating to the loans from Saudi Industrial Development Fund ("SIDF"). These costs are being amortized over the period of the loans and the amortization is capitalized as part of capital work-in-progress (if applicable) up to the date of commencement of commercial operations and subsequently it is charged to the consolidated interim statement of income.

Expenses

Selling and distribution expenses are those that specifically relate to salesmen, warehousing, distribution vehicles as well as provision for doubtful debts. All other expenses other than financial charges are classified as general and administration expenses.

Property, plant and equipment/depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost and are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Freehold land and capital work-in-progress are not depreciated. Depreciation is provided on other property, plant and equipment at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset over its expected useful life.

Expenditure for repair and maintenance are charged to income. Improvements that increase the value or materially extend the life of the related assets are capitalised.

Employees' terminal benefits

Provision is made for amounts payable under the employment contracts applicable to employees' accumulated periods of service at the balance sheet date. Foreign subsidiaries make provision in accordance with the laws of countries in which subsidiaries operate.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in Saudi Riyals at the rate ruling at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the consolidated interim statement of income. Financial statements of foreign subsidiaries are translated into Saudi Riyals using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date for assets and liabilities and the average exchange rate for revenues, expenses, gains and losses. Components of equity, other than retained earnings, are held at the historical rates. Translation adjustments are recorded as a separate component of consolidated stockholders' equity. Translation loss that is considered permanent is charged to the consolidated interim statement of income.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

Investments

Investments in marketable equity securities are classified according to the group's intent with respect to those securities. Marketable equity securities held to maturity are stated at amortized cost, adjusted for the related premium or discount. Marketable equity securities held for trading are stated at fair value and unrealized gains and losses thereon are included in the consolidated interim statement of income. Marketable equity securities available for sale are stated at fair value and unrealized gains and losses thereon are included in consolidated interim stockholders' equity. Where the fair value is not readily determinable, such marketable equity securities are stated at cost less allowance for impairment in value.

Income from the investments in marketable equity securities is recognized when dividends are declared.

An associate is an enterprise over which the group is in a position to exercise significant influence, through participation in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee. The results of associates are incorporated in these consolidated interim financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The carrying amount of such investments is reduced to recognize any impairment in the value of the individual investments.

Subsidiaries and associates which are dormant or under development stage or where the information is not available are stated at cost.

Net investment in finance lease

Leases in which the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset to the lessee are classified as finance leases. A receivable is recognized at an amount equal to the present value of the lease payments which is included in the consolidated interim financial statements as "net investment in finance lease".

Business combination and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquirer's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs incurred are expensed.

When the group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost being the excess of the consideration transferred over the group's net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised in the consolidated interim statement of income.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the group's cash generating units, or groups of cash generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed off, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed off is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed off in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed off and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained. When subsidiaries are sold, the difference between the selling price and the net assets plus cumulative translation differences and goodwill is recognised in the consolidated interim statement of income.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

Permanent impairment of non-current assets

At each balance sheet date, the group reviews the carrying values of property, plant and equipment and other non-current assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered impairment. If such indicators exist, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

The carrying value of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to the recoverable value when the recoverable value is below the carrying value. Impairment loss is recognized as expense when incurred.

Impairment is determined for goodwill by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating unit) is less than the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating unit) to which goodwill has been allocated, an impairment loss is recognised. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying value of the asset (or cash-generating unit) other than goodwill is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. The reversal of impairment loss other than goodwill is recognized as income once identified.

Zakat and income tax

Zakat is provided for in accordance with Saudi Arabian fiscal regulations. Income tax is provided for in accordance with foreign fiscal authorities in which the group's foreign subsidiaries operate. The liabilities are charged directly to the consolidated interim statement of income. The zakat charge and income tax, assessable on the non-controlling stockholders is included in non-controlling interests. Additional amounts, if any, that become due on finalisation of assessment are accounted for in the period in which assessment is finalised.

The zakat and income tax provision for the interim period is calculated based on the estimated zakat and income tax provision for the whole year. The difference between the provision made during the interim period and the actual provision for the period based on detailed zakat and income tax calculation for the year is accounted for at year end.

Earnings per share

Earnings per share are computed by dividing net income for the period by the weighted average number of shares outstanding, during the period ended March 31, 2014 of 60 million shares (2013: 60 million shares).

Earnings per share from the continuing main operations are computed by dividing the operating income adjusted with zakat and tax, finance charges, net share of profit/loss from associates and non-controlling interests for the period by the weighted average number of shares outstanding.

Earnings per share from other operations are computed by dividing the other income for the periods by the weighted average number of shares outstanding.

Segmental reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the group that is engaged either in providing products or services (a business segment) or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (a geographic segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

3. SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

(a) Analysis of sales, income/(loss) from main operations and net assets by activity:

			Income/ (loss)) from main		
	Sales SR 000		operations SR 000		Net assets SR 000	
	1 January to	1 January to	1 January to	1 January to		
	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(un-audited)	(un-audited)	(un-audited)	(un-audited)	(un-audited)	(un-audited)
Air conditioner industry	502,686	474,882	42,682	42,429	673,487	493,324
Steel industry	658,108	647,708	52,847	44,071	973,375	880,983
Insulation	73,957	71,772	7,394	9,710	102,326	117,942
Concrete	56,335	47,052	(267)	4,290	26,787	31,056
Head office	1,776	1,528	(7,741)	(3,327)	(99,145)	(15,901)
	1,292,862	1,242,942	94,915	97,173	1,676,830	1,507,404

(b) Analysis of sales, and income / (loss) from main operations by geographical location:

		Sales SR 000		Income /(loss) from main operations SR 000	
	1 January to 31 March 2014	1 January to 31 March 2013	1 January to 31 March 2014	1 January to 31 March 2013	
	(un-audited)	(un-audited)	(un-audited)	(un-audited)	
Saudi Arabia					
Local sales	937,577	884,783	71,121	74,573	
Export sales	112,750	105,503	8,452	7,389	
Other Asian countries	137,982	176,357	7,029	12,712	
Africa	103,457	74,378	8,585	3,062	
Europe	1,096	1,921	(272)	(563)	
	1,292,862	1,242,942	94,915	97,173	

4. DIVIDENDS

In 2013, the board of directors proposed a final cash dividend of SR 1.00 per share for the year 2013 totalling SR 60 million being 10% of the share capital (2012: SR 0.75 per share totalling SR 45 million being 7.5% of the share capital) which was subsequently approved by the stockholders in April 2014 in their annual general assembly.

5. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At March 31, 2014, the group has outstanding bank guarantees amounting to SR 1,181 million (March 31, 2013: SR 986 million) issued during the normal course of the business.

6. RESULTS OF INTERIM PERIOD

The results of the interim period are not audited and therefore it may not give accurate indication of the annual operating results.