ZAMIL INDUSTRIAL INVESTMENT COMPANY (SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT (LIMITED REVIEW) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2013



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AUDITORS' REPORT (LIMITED REVIEW) ON INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the stockholders Zamil Industrial Investment Company Dammam, Saudi Arabia

Scope of Review

We have reviewed the interim consolidated balance sheet of Zamil Industrial Investment Company ("the parent company"), a Saudi Joint Stock Company, and its subsidiaries as of March 31, 2013 and the related interim consolidated statements of income and cash flows for the three months then ended, and notes 1 to 5 which form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements as prepared by the parent company and presented to us with all the necessary information and explanations. These interim consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the parent company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standard of auditing applicable to interim financial reporting in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Review Results

Based on our limited review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting standards in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Deloitte & Touche Bakr Abulkhair & Co.

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INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

All	Fla	ures	in	Si	IP	1000

	All Figures in SAR '000			
Particulars	2012 Jan-Mar	2013 Jan-Mar		
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)		
Net sales	1,102,103	1,242,942		
Cost of sales	861,493	943,182		
Gross profit	240,610	299,760		
ess: Expenses				
Selling & distribution expenses	92,626	105,286		
General & administration expenses	77,172	97,301		
Income from main operations	70,812	97,173		
Other income, net	29	1,768		
Company's share of profit in associates, net	2,658	564		
Financial charges	(19,477)	(22,605		
Non-controlling interests + tax	(12,296)	(9,119		
Income before zakat	41,726	67,781		
Zakat	4,217	5,089		
Net income	37,509	62,692		
Earnings per share from net income	0.63	1.04		
Earnings per share from continuing main operations	0.63	1.01		
Earnings per share from other operations	-	0.03		

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	As at	As at
Particulars	31.03.2012	31,03,2013
<u>Assets</u>	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	302,569	340,13
Trade accounts and notes receivables	1,397,095	1,656,02
Advances, other receivables and prepayments	352,712	426,66
Advances to an unconsolidated subsidiary	237,621	339,02
Inventories	1,908,488	1,934,01
Amounts due from related parties & affiliates	101,579	103,66
Total Current Assets	4,300,064	4,799,52
Non-Current Assets		
Investments	341,460	259,88
Property, plant and equipment	1,471,385	1,589,64
Deferred charges	11,505	17,38
Goodwill	176,251	169,90
Total Non-Current Assets	2,000,601	2,036,81
Total Assets	6,300,665	6,836,34
iabilities, Shareholders' Equity and Non-controlling interests	0,500,003	0,000,04
Current Liabilities		
Notes & accounts payable, accruals & provisions	799,694	1,148,36
Amounts due to related parties & affiliates	78,428	61,37
Advances from customers	251,659	392,78
Murabaha and tawarruq finances	2,517,621	2,546,93
Short term loans	55,267	97,90
Current portion of term loans	284,334	308,89
Total Current Liabilities	3,987,003	
Non-Current Liabilities	3,987,003	4,556,26
SIDF loans	62,050	07.70
Other long term loans		85,52
Employee's terminal benefits	348,169	142,05
Total Non-Current Liabilities	265,244	278,43
Total Liabilities	675,463	506,01
Shareholders' Equity and Non-controlling interests	4,662,466	5,062,27
Share capital		
	600,000	600,00
Statutory reserve	188,206	210,86
Retained earnings	567,453	679,62
Proposed Dividend	45,000	45,00
Unrealized loss on investments	1,271	(1,30
Translation loss on consolidation	(8,714)	(26,78
	1,393,216	1,507,40
Non-controlling interests	244,983	266,659
Total Shareholders' Equity and Non-controlling interests	1,638,199	1,774,06
Total Liabilities, Shareholders' Equity and Non-controlling interests	6,300,665	6,836,34

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	2012	2013
Particulars	Jan-Mar	Jan-Mar
From Operations	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Net income	37,509	62,692
Depreciation	34,715	34,324
Zakat provision	4,217	5,089
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(4)	202
Company's share of profit from associates, net	(2,658)	(564
Non-controlling interests	11,866	7,717
Amortisation of deferred charges	281	341
Inventories	(29,938)	(113,748
Receivables	(9,237)	(71,647
Payables & accruals	(66,486)	169,338
End of service benefits, net	13,878	6,375
Zakat & taxes paid	(46,491)	(7,329
Net cash (used in) from operating activities	(52,348)	92,790
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(59,304)	(33,077
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,333	942
Investments, net		1.710
Deferred charges		(1,016
Cash used in investing activities	(57,971)	(31,441
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	, , , , , ,	0.4014
Changes in short term loans, murabaha & tawarruq finances	137,745	(44,308
Changes in term loans	(10,781)	(11,507
Cash from/(used in) financing activities	126,964	(55,815
(Decrease)/Increase in cash and cash equivalents	16,645	5,534
Cash and cash equivalents at January 1	285,867	338,820
Movement in translation loss, net	57	(4,222)
Cash and cash equivalents at December 31	302.569	340,132

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2013

1. STATUS AND ACTIVITIES

Zamil Industrial Investment Company ("the parent company") was converted into a closed Saudi Joint Stock Company in accordance with Ministerial Resolution 407 dated 14.3.1419H (corresponding to 8 July 1998). Prior to that, the parent company was operating as a limited liability company under the name of Zamil Steel Buildings Company Limited. On 9 February 2002, the parent company was officially listed on the Saudi Stock Exchange. The parent company is registered in Saudi Arabia under Commercial Registration number 2050004215.

The parent company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the group") are engaged in the manufacturing, marketing and maintenance of air conditioners, steel industry and glass industry. The parent company has a branch in Dammam and subsidiaries in Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Vietnam, Austria, Italy, India, China and United Arab Emirates.

The share capital of the parent company, amounting to SR 600 million (31 March 2012: SR 600 million) is divided into 60 million shares of SR 10 each (31 March 2012: 60 million shares of SR 10 each).

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants ("SOCPA"). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are summarized as follows:

Interim period results

The group has made all necessary adjustments which are important to present fairly in all material respects the interim consolidated financial position and interim results of operations. The interim consolidated financial results may not be considered an indicative of the actual results for the whole year.

Basis of consolidation

Operating entities controlled by the parent company are classified as subsidiaries and consolidated regardless of the country of their registration. Significant inter-company accounts and transactions are eliminated upon consolidation. Subsidiaries under formation are accounted for at cost.

Use of estimates

The preparation of interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Sales

Net sales represent the invoiced value of goods supplied, services rendered and work executed by the group during the year. For central air conditioning jobs, revenue and proportionate profit are recognised when the outcome of the contract can be determined with reasonable certainty. If losses are foreseen, they are provided for in full.

Revenue in excess of progress billings are disclosed under advances, other receivables and prepayments in the interim consolidated balance sheet. Whereas billings in excess of cost are disclosed under notes and accounts payable, accruals and provisions in the interim consolidated balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2013

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and market value. Cost is determined as follows:

Raw materials - Purchase cost on weighted average basis.

Work in process and finished goods - Cost of direct materials and labour plus attributable

overheads based on normal level of activity.

Deferred charges

Expenses which have a long term future benefit are treated as deferred charges and are amortised over the estimated periods of benefit not exceeding five years.

Loans front-end fees represents the fee relating to the loans from Saudi Industrial Development Fund ("SIDF"). These costs are being amortized over the period of the loans and the amortization is capitalized as part of capital work-in-progress (if applicable) up to the date of commencement of commercial operations and subsequently it is charged to the interim consolidated statement of income.

Expenses

Selling and distribution expenses are those that specifically relate to salesmen, warehousing, delivery vehicles as well as provision for doubtful debts. All other expenses other than financial charges are classified as general and administration expenses.

Property, plant and equipment/depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost and are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Freehold land and capital work-in-progress are not depreciated. Depreciation is provided on other property, plant and equipment at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset over its expected useful life.

Expenditure for repair and maintenance are charged to income. Improvements that increase the value or materially extend the life of the related assets are capitalised.

Employees' terminal benefits

Provision is made for amounts payable under the employment contracts applicable to employees' accumulated periods of service at the balance sheet date.

Foreign subsidiaries make provision in accordance with the laws of countries in which subsidiaries operate.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in Saudi Riyals at the rate ruling at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the interim consolidated statement of income. Financial statements of foreign operations are translated into Saudi Riyals using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date for assets and liabilities and the average exchange rate for revenues, expenses, gains and losses. Components of equity, other than retained earnings, are held at the historical rates. Translation adjustments are recorded as a separate component of interim consolidated shareholders' equity. Translation loss that is considered permanent is charged to the interim consolidated statement of income.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2013

Investments

Investments in marketable equity securities are classified according to the group's intent with respect to those securities. Marketable equity securities held to maturity are stated at amortized cost, adjusted for the related premium or discount. Marketable equity securities held for trading are stated at fair value and unrealized gains and losses thereon are included in the interim consolidated statement of income. Marketable equity securities available for sale are stated at fair value and unrealized gains and losses thereon are included in interim consolidated stockholders' equity. Where the fair value is not readily determinable, such marketable equity securities are stated at cost less allowance for impairment in value.

Income from the investments in marketable equity securities is recognized when dividends are declared.

An associate is an enterprise over which the group is in a position to exercise significant influence, through participation in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee. The results of associates are incorporated in these interim consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The carrying amount of such investments is reduced to recognize any impairment in the value of the individual investments.

Subsidiaries and associates which are dormant or under development stage or where the information is not available are stated at cost.

Business combination and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any minority interests in the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the minority interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquirer's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs incurred are expensed.

When the group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost being the excess of the consideration transferred over the group's net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised in the interim consolidated statement of income.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the group's cash generating units, or groups of cash generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed off, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed off is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed off in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed off and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained. When subsidiaries are sold, the difference between the selling price and the net assets plus cumulative translation differences and goodwill is recognised in the interim consolidated statement of income.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2013

Permanent impairment of non-current assets

At each balance sheet date, the group reviews the carrying values of property, plant and equipment and other non-current assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered impairment. If such indicators exist, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

The carrying value of the asset (or cash generating unit) is reduced to the recoverable value when the recoverable value is below the carrying value. Impairment loss is recognized as expense when incurred.

Impairment is determined for goodwill by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units), to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated, an impairment loss is recognised. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying value of the asset (or cash generating unit) other than goodwill is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. The reversal of impairment loss other than goodwill is recognized as income once identified.

Zakat and income tax

Zakat is provided for in accordance with Saudi Arabian fiscal regulations. Income tax is provided for in accordance with foreign fiscal authorities in which the group's foreign subsidiaries operate. The liabilities are charged directly to the interim consolidated statement of income. The zakat charge and income tax, assessable on the minority shareholders is included in minority interest. Additional amounts, if any, that become due on finalisation of assessment are accounted for in the period in which assessment is finalised.

The zakat and income tax provision for the interim period is calculated based on the estimated zakat and income tax provision for the whole year. The difference between the provision made during the interim period and the actual provision for the period based on detailed zakat and income tax calculation for the year is accounted for at year end.

Earnings per share

Earnings per share are computed by dividing net income for the period/year by the weighted average number of shares outstanding, during the period/year ended March 31, 2013 of 60 million shares (2012: 60 million shares).

Earnings per share from the continuing main operations are computed by dividing the operating income less Zakat and tax, finance charges, net share of loss from associates and non-controlling interests for the period by the weighted average number of shares outstanding.

Earnings per share from other operations are computed by dividing the other income for the periods by the weighted average number of shares outstanding.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2013

Segmental reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the group that is engaged either in providing products or services (a business segment) or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (a geographic segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

3. SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

(a) Analysis of sales, income/(loss) from main operations and net assets by activity:

	Income/ (loss) from						
	Sal	les	main op	erations	Net a	ssets	
	SR'	000	SR'	SR'000		SR'000	
	Jan - Mar	Jan - Mar	Jan - Mar	Jan - Mar	31 Mar	31 Mar	
	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
Air conditioner industry	349,882	474,882	31,166	42,429	407,632	493,324	
Steel industry	628,693	647,708	24,484	44,071	779,349	880,983	
Glass and fibreglass							
insulation	95,401	71,772	18,037	9,710	107,134	117,942	
Concrete	28,127	47,052	1,278	4,290	25,227	31,056	
Head office	_	1,528	(4,153)	(3,327)	73,874	(15,901)	
	1,102,103	1,242,942	70,812	97,173	1,393,216	1,507,404	

(b) Analysis of sales, and income from main operations by geographical location:

			Income from main		
	Sal	Sales		operations	
	SR'(000	SR'000		
	Jan - Mar	Jan - Mar Jan - Mar		Jan - Mar	
	2012	2013	2012	2013	
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
Saudi Arabia:	·			_	
Local sales	727,939	884,783	53,839	74,573	
Export sales	194,203	105,503	13,256	7,389	
Other Asian countries	98,569	176,357	2,203	12,712	
Africa	81,392	74,378	1,514	3,062	
Europe		1,921	-	(563)	
	1,102,103	1,242,942	70,812	97,173	

4. DIVIDENDS

In 2012, the Board of Directors proposed a final cash dividend of SR 0.75 per share for the year 2012 amounting SR 45 million being 7.5% of the share capital (2012: SR 0.75 per share amounting SR 45 million being 7.5% of the share capital) which was subsequently approved by the stockholders in April 2013 in their annual general assembly meeting.

5. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At March 31, 2013, the group has outstanding bank guarantees amounting to SR 986 million (2012: SR 784 million) issued during the normal course of the business.