ASTRA INDUSTRIAL GROUP COMPANY (A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2013 AND LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

ASTRA INDUSTRIAL GROUP COMPANY (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2013

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LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

April 21, 2013

To the Shareholders of Astra Industrial Group Company (A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

Scope of review

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated balance sheet of Astra Industrial Group Company (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") as of March 31, 2013 and the interim consolidated statements of income and cash flows for the three-month period then ended, and the related notes which form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements. These interim consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Group's management and have been prepared by them and submitted to us together with all the information and explanations which we required.

We conducted our limited review in accordance with the standard of Review of Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants. A limited review consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and information and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. The scope of such limited review is substantially less than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Saudi Arabia, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Review conclusion

Based on our limited review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting standards generally accepted in Saudi Arabia.

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ASTRA INDUSTRIAL GROUP COMPANY (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) Interim consolidated balance sheet (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

		As at March 31,		
		2013	2012	
Assets	Notes	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
Current assets			00.100.100	
Cash and cash equivalents		114,324,623	86,189,485	
Murabaha investments		102,850,000	459,106,759	
Accounts receivable, net		912,670,111	679,003,965	
Due from related parties		42,757,786	42,513,389	
Inventories, net		830,995,485	611,089,940	
Prepayments and other assets		200,540,383	117,417,023	
		2,204,138,388	1,995,320,561	
Non-current assets				
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries and associates		1,059,133	1,811,672	
Property, plant and equipment, net		1,185,718,206	1,090,094,587	
Goodwill		44,054,811	44,054,811	
Intangible assets, net		1,167,255	4,009,692	
		1,231,999,405	1,139,970,762	
Total assets		3,436,137,793	3,135,291,323	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Murabaha and tawaroq facilities	3	708,568,305	609,808,261	
Notes payable	J	8,711,829	15,564,093	
Accounts payable		187,629,707	139,037,568	
Accrued and other liabilities	5	201,975,102	145,565,097	
Provision for zakat and income tax	5	31,314,322	39,163,249	
Provision for Zakat and income tax		1,138,199,265	949,138,268	
Non-current liabilities		1,130,199,209	949, 130,200	
Due to related parties		306,106,087	230,607,933	
End of service benefits		68,205,589	62,411,068	
Total liabilities		1,512,510,941	1,242,157,269	
Total hashines		1,012,010,041	1,242,101,200	
Equity				
Shareholders of the Company:				
Share capital	4	741,176,470	741,176,470	
Statutory reserve		406,568,677	406,568,677	
Retained earnings	8	805,576,677	718,390,013	
Foreign currency translation reserve		(38,062,227)	(8,612,183)	
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges	5	(39,837)	(3,138,075)	
Total shareholders' equity		1,915,219,760	1,854,384,902	
Minority interest		8,407,092	38,749,152	
Total equity		1,923,626,852	1,893,134,054	
Total liabilities and equity		3,436,137,793	3,135,291,323	
Contingencies	9			

The notes on pages 5 to 13 form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

ASTRA INDUSTRIAL GROUP COMPANY (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) Interim consolidated income statement (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

	For the three-month period ended March 31,		
	Note	2013	2012
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Revenues		454,194,681	391,502,265
Cost of revenues		(281,180,039)	(235,969,737)
Gross profit		173,014,642	155,532,528
Operating expenses			
Selling and marketing		(71,405,314)	(61,485,142)
General and administrative		(44,878,273)	(37,967,491)
Research and development		(2,708,498)	(2,681,406)
Income from main operations		54,022,557	53,398,489
Other income (expenses) Share in net (loss) income of unconsolidated subsidiaries			
and associates		(10,338)	1,587,965
Financial charges		(6,117,271)	(3,901,573)
Other, net		13,551,463	8,380,566
Income from continuing operations before minority interest		61,446,411	59,465,447
Minority interest		6,877,707	4,609,271
Net income for the period)	68,324,118	64,074,718
Earnings per share:	6		
Income from main operations		0.73	0.72
Net income for the period		0.92	0.86

The notes on pages 5 to 13 form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

ASTRA INDUSTRIAL GROUP COMPANY (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) Interim consolidated statement of cash flows (All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

	For the three-month period ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Cook flows from an autima activities	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Cash flows from operating activities	CO 224 440	C4 074 740
Net income for the period Adjustments for non-cash items	68,324,118	64,074,718
Depreciation	12,665,819	10 907 250
Amortization	1,980,076	10,897,259 78,395
Share in net loss (income) of unconsolidated subsidiaries and associates	10,338	(1,587,965)
Loss applicable to minority interest	(6,877,707)	(4,609,271)
Changes in working capital	(0,077,707)	(4,009,271)
Accounts receivable, net	(140,999,363)	(99,830,110)
Due from related parties	3,131,522	332,288
Inventories, net	(14,532,215)	(58,809,047)
Prepayments and other current assets	(22,817,060)	(28,403,659)
Accounts payable	38,326,307	35,490,965
Accrued and other current liabilities	43,459,191	(8,319,998)
Due to related parties	-	(10,967,063)
Zakat and income tax paid	-1	140,582
End of service benefits, net	4,009,032	3,259,941
Net cash utilized in operating activities	(13,319,942)	(98,252,965)
•	(10,010,012)	(00,202,000)
Cash flows from investing activities Murabaha investments	204 024 750	
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries and associates	304,831,759	4 000 007
	926,730	1,366,927
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(40,504,460)	(30,679,721)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Intangible assets	2,033,557	2,007,569
Net cash generated from (utilized in) investing activities	(1,067,272)	(1,010,932)
Net cash generated from (utilized in) investing activities	266,220,314	(28,316,157)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Murabaha and tawaroq facilities	(307,955,948)	89,150,086
Notes payable	(8,870,815)	(8,359,512)
Due to related parties	17,201,264	11,824,417
Minority interest	435,607	1,265,246
Net cash (utilized in) generated from financing activities	(299,189,892)	93,880,237
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(46,289,520)	(32,688,885)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	155,310,007	118,885,180
Foreign currency translation reserve	5,304,136	(6,810)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	114,324,623	86,189,485
Supplemental non-cash item information:		
(Reversal of provision) provision for zakat and income tax charged to shareholders' equity	(794 900)	2 724 720
-	(781,809)	3,731,729
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges	44,403	3,022,560

The notes on pages 5 to 13 form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

1) General information

Astra Industrial Group Company (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") consist of the Company and its various Saudi Arabian and foreign subsidiaries listed below. The Company's main objectives include establishment, management, operating and investment in industrial entities (subject to obtaining the Saudi Arabian General Investment Authority ("SAGIA") approval for each project to be established).

The Company is a Saudi Joint Stock Company licensed under foreign investment license No. 030114989-01 issued in Riyadh by SAGIA and operating under commercial registration No. 1010069607 issued in Riyadh on 9 Muharram 1409H (August 22, 1988). The registered address of the Company is P.O. Box 1560, Riyadh 11441, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The shares of Astra Industrial Group Company were listed on the Saudi Stock Market ("Tadawul") on 17 Shabaan 1429H (August 18, 2008) through subscription of 30% of the Company's shares by the public.

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its following subsidiaries, operating under individual commercial registrations:

Name of subsidiary	Country of incorporation	Effective ow at March 3	
		Direct	Indirect
Tabuk Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Company			_
("TPMC"). This company has the following subsidiaries:	Saudi Arabia	95	5
- Tabuk Pharmaceutical Research Company	Jordan	100	-
Tabuk Pharmaceutical Company LimitedAl Bareq Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Factory	Sudan	100	
Company Limited*	Saudi Arabia	95	-
Astra Polymer Compounding Company Limited ("Polymer"). This company has the following fully owned			
subsidiary:	Saudi Arabia	95	5
- Constab Middle East Polimer A.S. ("CMEP")	Turkey	100	-
International Building Systems Factory Company			
Limited ("IBSF")	Saudi Arabia	95	5
Astra Industrial Complex Co. Ltd. for Fertilizer and Agrochemicals ("AstraChem"). This company has the			
following foreign subsidiaries:	Saudi Arabia	95	5
- AstraChem Saudia	Algeria	100	5
- AstraChem Morocco	Morocco		-
- Astrachem Morocco	British Virgin	100	-
- Aggis International Limited	Islands	100	_
- AstraChem Turkey	Turkey	100	_
- AstraChem Syria	Syria	100	_
- AstraChem Tashgand	Uzbekistan	100	_
- Astra Industrial Complex Co. Ltd. for Fertilizer and	OZDENISIAN	100	_
Agrochemicals, Jordan	Jordan	50	_
- Astra Nova, Turkey	Turkey	67	-
Al-Tanmiya Company for Steel Manufacturing. The	,		
company has the following fully owned subsidiary:	Jordan	51	=
- Al Inma'a Company	Iraq	100	-
Astra Energy LLC	Jordan	76	=
Astra Mining Company Limited	Saudi Arabia	60	=

^{*}The remaining 5% interest in this company is owned by Astra Industrial Group Company.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are as follows:

- Production, marketing and distribution of medicine and pharmaceutical products.
- Production of polymer compounds, plastic additives, color concentrates and other plastic products.
- Metal based construction of industrial buildings and building frames.
- Production of compounded fertilizers and agriculture pesticides and the wholesale and retail trading of fertilizers, forages and insecticides. Also, execution of agricultural contracting projects.

- Production of steel pallets and rebar and generation of the required power of such activity.
- Exploration of all ores and minerals in all regions of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia except for those lands and marine areas beyond the scope of application of the mining investment law specified in Article No. 8 of the law

These interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on April 21, 2013.

2) Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these interim consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis of accounting, as modified by the revaluation of derivative financial instruments for fair values, and in compliance with accounting standards promulgated by Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants ("SOCPA"). These interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The significant accounting policies used for the preparation of these interim consolidated financial statements mentioned below are in conformity with the accounting policies described in the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012.

2.2 Period of the financial statements

The Company's financial year begins on January 1 and ends on December 31 of each Gregorian year. The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with SOCPA Standard of Interim Financial Reporting, on the basis of integrated periods, which views each interim period as an integral part of the financial year. Accordingly, revenues, gains, expenses and losses of the interim period are recognized during the period. The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, comprising mainly of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary by the management to present a fair statement of financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The results of operations for the interim period may not represent a proper indication of the annual results of operations.

2.3 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of certain critical estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the reporting date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

2.4 Investments

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies to obtain economic benefit generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases. Investments in subsidiaries which are not considered as material to the interim consolidated financial statements are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognized at cost.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of acquisition, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost, net of impairment losses, if any.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(b) Associates

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence, but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognized at cost.

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition income or losses is recognized in the interim consolidated income statement and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognized in reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates.

2.5 Segment reporting

(a) Business segment

A business segment is group of assets, operations or entities:

- (i) Engaged in revenue producing activities;
- (ii) Results of its operations are continuously analyzed by management in order to make decisions related to resource allocation and performance assessment; and
- (iii) Financial information is separately available.
- (b) Geographical segment

A geographical segment is group of assets, operations or entities engaged in revenue producing activities within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and returns different from those operating in other economic environments.

2.6 Foreign currency translation

(a) Reporting currency

These interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals ("SR") which is the reporting currency of the Company.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Saudi Riyals using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at the year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the interim consolidated income statement.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of foreign subsidiaries and associates having reporting currencies other than Saudi Riyals are translated into Saudi Riyals as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that interim consolidated balance sheet:
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates; and
- (iii) components of the equity accounts are translated at the exchange rates in effect at the dates the related items originated.

Cumulative adjustments resulting from the translations of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries and associates into Saudi Riyals, if material, are reported as a separate component of equity.

Dividends received from an associate are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the transaction date and related currency translation differences are realized in the interim consolidated income statement.

When an investment in a foreign subsidiary and an associate is partially disposed off or sold, currency translation differences that were recorded in equity are recognized in interim consolidated income statement as part of gain or loss on disposal or sale.

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from the purchase date.

2.8 Murabaha investments

Murabaha investments are short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or more, but not more than one year, from the purchase date. Commission income is recognized on the accrual basis using agreed commission rates.

2.9 Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are carried at original invoice amount less provision for doubtful debts. A provision against doubtful debts is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Such provisions are charged to the interim consolidated income statement, and reported under "Selling and marketing expenses". When an account receivable is uncollectible, it is written-off against the provision for doubtful debts. Any subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written-off are credited against "Selling and marketing expenses" in the interim consolidated income statement.

2.10 Accrued revenue

Accrued revenue represents revenue earned but not yet billed at period-end. Such amounts will be billed in the subsequent period. These balances are currently included under accounts receivable.

2.11 Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined using weighted average method. The cost of finished products include the cost of raw materials, labor and production overheads.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses.

2.12 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation except project under construction which is carried at cost. Land is not depreciated. Depreciation is charged to the interim consolidated income statement, using the straight-line method to allocate the costs of the related assets over the following estimated useful lives:

	Number of Years
Buildings	10 – 33
Leasehold improvements	4 – 10
Machinery and equipment	5 – 12.5
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	3 – 10
Vehicles	4

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are included in the interim consolidated income statement.

Maintenance and normal repairs which do not materially extend the estimated useful life of an asset are charged to the interim consolidated income statement, as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements, if any, are capitalized and the assets so replaced are retired.

2.13 Impairment of non-current assets

Non-current assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount which is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-current assets other than intangible assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of impairment at each reporting date. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount should not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, had no impairment loss been recognized for the assets or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as income immediately in the interim consolidated income statement. Impairment losses recognized on intangible assets are not reversible.

2.14 Intangible assets

Intangible assets, apart from goodwill, represent registration and license fee and are amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of 5 years.

2.15 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred, if any. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of those assets. Other borrowing costs are charged to the interim consolidated income statement.

2.16 End of service benefits

End of service benefits required by Saudi Labor and Workman Law are accrued by the Group and charged to the interim consolidated income statement. The liability is calculated at the current value of the vested benefits to which the employee is entitled, should the employee leave at the interim consolidated balance sheet date. Termination payments are based on employees' final salaries and allowances and their cumulative years of service, as stated in the laws of Saudi Arabia.

The foreign subsidiaries provide currently for employee termination and other benefits as required under the laws of their respective countries of domicile. There are no funded or unfunded benefit plans established by the foreign subsidiaries.

2.17 Accounts payable and accruals

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Group.

2.18 Zakat and taxes

In accordance with the regulations of the Department of Zakat and Income Tax ("DZIT"), the Company is subject to zakat attributable to the Saudi shareholders and to income taxes attributable to the foreign shareholders. Provisions for zakat and income tax are charged to the equity accounts of the Saudi and the foreign shareholders, respectively. Additional amounts payable, if any, at the finalization of final assessments are accounted for when such amounts are determined. For subsidiaries outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, provision for income tax is computed in accordance with tax regulations as applicable in the respective countries, if required, and charged to the consolidated income statement.

Deferred income taxes are recognized on all major temporary differences between financial income and taxable income during the period in which such differences arise, and are adjusted when related temporary differences are reversed. Deferred income tax assets on carry forward losses are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which such carry-forward tax losses can be utilized. Deferred income taxes are determined using tax rates which have been enacted by the interim consolidated balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred income taxes arising out of such temporary differences were not significant and, accordingly, were not recorded as of March 31, 2013 and 2012.

The Group and its Saudi Arabian subsidiaries withhold taxes on certain transactions with non-resident parties in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia as required under Saudi Arabian Income Tax Law.

2.19 Derivative financial instruments

The Group uses forward contracts to hedge its risks of foreign currency fluctuations associated with operational activities and are recognized at fair value. All financial derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive, and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Usually, fair values of forward contracts are being obtained with reference to current market prices, if such market prices are not available, fair values are determined at other forecast bases, as appropriate.

When using derivative financial instruments to hedge risks of cash flows related to certain obligations or expected transactions. Gains or losses arising from financial instruments that qualify for hedge accounting are directly taken to shareholders' equity. The ineffective portion of an effective hedge is taken to the interim consolidated income statement and any gains/losses generated at recognition of financial instrument values, are being recognized.

If the hedging instrument expires and hedged transactions are still probable to occur, gains and losses are retained in the shareholders' equity, and recognized in accordance with the policy above, if such transaction is not probable, accumulated gains/losses - which is already recognized in shareholders' equity – are taken to the interim consolidated income statement.

2.20 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when; the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount can be reliably estimated.

2.21 Revenue recognition

Revenues are recognized upon delivery of products and customer acceptance, if any, or on the performance of services. Revenues are shown net of trade or quantity discounts and transportation expenses, if any, and after eliminating sales within the Group, Royalty income is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with substance of the underlying agreements.

2.22 Selling, marketing and general and administrative expenses

Selling, marketing and general and administrative expenses include direct and indirect costs not specifically part of production costs as required under generally accepted accounting principles. Allocations between selling, marketing and general and administrative expenses and production costs, when required, are made on a consistent basis.

2.23 Research and development costs

Research and development costs are charged to the interim consolidated income statement in the year in which they are incurred.

2.24 Operating leases

Rental expenses under operating leases are charged to the interim consolidated income statement over the period of the respective lease.

2.25 Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the interim consolidated financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the shareholders of the Company.

3) Borrowings

The Group has bank facilities agreements in the form of murabaha, short-term tawaroq and other loans with local and foreign banks to finance the Group companies' ongoing funding needs of which SR 708.6 million was utilized as of March 31, 2013 (March 31, 2012: SR 609.8 million) for murabaha and tawaroq facilities. The loans bear commission charges at prevailing market rates. These facilities are secured by corporate guarantees. The facilities agreements also contain covenants requiring maintenance of certain financial ratios and other matters. The carrying values of the murabaha and tawaroq facilities are denominated in Saudi Riyals, except an amount of approximately SR 14.75 million which is denominated in United States Dollars.

4) Share capital

The share capital of the Company as of March 31 was comprised of 74,117,647 shares stated at SR 10 per share owned as follows:

	Shareholding %		
Shareholders	2013	2012	
Saudi founding shareholders	58.89%	58.89%	
Non-Saudi founding shareholders	11.11%	11.11%	
Public	30.00%	30.00%	
	100.00%	100.00%	

5) Derivative financial instruments

The fair value of derivative financial instruments (foreign exchange forward contract) together with the contract notional amount is as follows:

	Notional amount (Unaudited)	Negative fair value (Unaudited)
March 31, 2013	1,370,565	(39,837)
March 31, 2012	2,722,390	(84,240)

6) Earnings per share

Earnings per share for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 have been computed by dividing the income from main operations and net income for each period by weighted average number of shares outstanding during such period.

7) Segment Information

The Group operates principally in the following major business segments:

- (i) Pharmaceuticals:
- (ii) Specialty Chemicals;
- (iii) Power and Steel Industries; and
- (iv) Holding Company and other

Selected financial information as at March 31, 2013 and 2012 and for the period then ended summarized by the above business segments was as follows:

the above business segmen	its was as ioliows.				
		0 ' "	Power and	Holding	
	Pharmaceuticals	Specialty Chemicals	Steel	Company	Total
As of and for the three-	Filannaceuticals	Chemicais	Industries	and other	Total
month period ended					
March 31, 2013					
(unaudited)					
Sales and projects:	•				
- Local	141,123,761	118,954,590	69,965,458	_	330,043,809
- Export	73,265,645	46,635,333	4,249,894	_	124,150,872
– Total	214,389,406	165,589,923	74,215,352	-	454,194,681
Gross profit	117,742,865	39,506,886	15,764,891		173,014,642
Income (loss) from main	111,142,000	33,300,000	10,704,001	_	170,014,042
operations	40,530,782	20,196,117	(1,928,135)	(4,776,207)	54,022,557
Income (loss) from					
continuing operations	45 700 574	47.000.400	(0.044.004)	T01 100	
before minority interest	45,709,574	17,220,496	(2,214,821)	731,162	61,446,411
Depreciation	3,272,364	7,154,030	813,325	1,426,100	12,665,819
Amortization	29,000	-	1,935,251	15,825	1,980,076
Property, plant and equipment, net	206,714,702	156,258,844	803,646,379	19,098,281	1,185,718,206
Capital expenditures	26,069,573	9,138,287	3,077,217	2,219,383	40,504,460
Capital experiolities	20,009,373	9,130,207	3,077,217	2,219,303	40,504,460
As of and for the three-					
month period ended					
March 31, 2012					
(unaudited)	_				
Sales and projects:					
Local	116,908,823	94,615,167	67,463,626		278,987,616
Export	55,829,081	41,012,282	15,673,286	=	112,514,649
Total	172,737,904	135,627,449	83,136,912		391,502,265
Gross profit	105,230,288	35,046,343	15,255,897		155,532,528
Income (loss) from main					
operations	39,802,208	18,769,012	1,101,378	(6,274,109)	53,398,489
Income (loss) from continuing operations					
before minority interest	42,780,366	19,948,398	1,511,840	(4,775,157)	59,465,447
Depreciation	3,892,024	3,981,811	1,861,004	1,162,420	10,897,259
Amortization	78,395	-	-	-	78,395
Property, plant and	70,000				70,000
equipment, net	171,426,877	134,325,500	767,476,126	16,866,084	1,090,094,587
Capital expenditures	7,016,211	18,428,711	3,890,073	1,344,726	30,679,721

The Group's operations are conducted principally in Saudi Arabia, in addition to Iraq and other countries. Selected financial information as of March 31 and for the periods then ended summarized by geographic area, was as follows:

2013 (unaudited)	Saudi Arabia	Iraq	Other countries	Total
Property, plant and equipment, net	408,595,743	715,422,415	61,700,048	1,185,718,206
2012 (unaudited)				
Property, plant and equipment, net	333,070,005	697,866,835	59,157,747	1,090,094,587

More than 70% of the Group's export sales are in the Middle East and North African (MENA) region.

Property, plant and equipment in Iraq is owned by the Group through its two subsidiaries, Al Inma'a Company and Astra Energy LLC., in which the Group holds 51% and 76% interest, respectively.

8) Proposed dividends

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on 13 Rabi' II 1434 H (February 23, 2013) recommended cash dividends amounting to SR 129,705,882 (SR 1.75 per share) subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company in their upcoming annual general assembly meeting.

9) Contingencies

At March 31, 2013, the Group had contingent liabilities arising in the normal course of business, in respect of letters of guarantee amounting to SR 132,673,410 (March 31, 2012: SR 119,149,110) and letters of credit amounting to SR 29,010,668 (March 31, 2012: SR 135,154,319).