SAUDI REINSURANCE COMPANY

(A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTSAND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR THEYEAR ENDED 31DECEMBER2014

Saudi Reinsurance Company (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

For The Year Ended 31December2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SAUDI REINSURANCE COMPANY (A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

Scope of audit:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial position of Saudi Reinsurance Company (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) (the "Company") as at 31 December 2014 and the related statements of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus, shareholders' operations and shareholders' comprehensive operations, changes in shareholders' equity and statements of reinsurance operations' cash flows and shareholders' cash flows for the year then ended and the related notes which form an integral part of these financial statements. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management and have been prepared by them in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the provisions of Article 123 of the Regulations for Companies and submitted to us together with all the information and explanations which we required. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable degree of assurance to enable us to express an opinion on the financial statements.

Unqualified opinion:

In our opinion, the financial statements taken as a whole:

- present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of 31 December 2014 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards; and
- comply with the requirements of the Regulations for Companies and the Company's By-laws in so far as they affect the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

Emphasis of a matter:

We draw attention to the fact that these financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and not in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia as issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants.

Ernst & Young P. O. Box 2732 Riyadh 11461 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Fahad M. Al-Toaimi Certified Public Accountant Registration No. 354

> 3 Jumad Awal 1436H (22 February 2015)

PKF Al-Bassam & Al-Nemer Allied Accountants P O Box 28355 Riyadh 11437 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Abdul Mohsen M. Al Nemer Certified Public Accountant Registration No. 399

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Saudi Reinsurance Company (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2014

	Notes	2014 SR	2013 SR
REINSURANCE OPERATIONS' ASSETS			
Cash and bank balances	7	1,454,864	5,268,638
Time deposits	15	13,125,000	
Premium receivables, net	8	112,739,098	70,492,623
Investments held at fair value through income statement	9	124,911,737	95,329,159
Accrued insurance premiums		220,186,253	164,869,180
Retroceded share of outstanding claims	10	105,139,646	104,888,575
Prepaid expenses and other assets	11	28,113,134	1,069,002
Due from shareholders' operations		188,019,813	173,315,949
Retroceded share of unearned premiums	12	2,080,440	2,344,151
Deferred acquisition costs	13	63,512,581	54,445,929
Deferred excess of loss premiums		17,311,815	15,716,948
Property and equipment, net	14	6,269,040	7,337,119
TOTAL REINSURANCE OPERATIONS' ASSETS		882,863,421	695,077,273
SHAREHOLDERS' ASSETS			
Cash and bank balances	7	2,567,730	85,673,516
Time deposits	15	24,000,000	37,500,000
Accrued special commission income from time deposits		70,035	1,040,241
Accrued special commission income from bonds and sukuk		3,703,766	3,295,158
Investments held at fair value through income statement	9	732,671,564	595,179,554
Held to maturity investments	16	145,470,427	173,995,409
Prepaid expenses and other assets	11	7,100,713	5,738,119
Statutory deposit	27	100,000,000	100,000,000
Property and equipment,net	14	33,521,502	32,991,742
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' ASSETS		1,049,105,737	1,035,413,739
TOTAL ASSETS	_	1,931,969,158	1,730,491,012
REINSURANCE OPERATIONS' LIABILITIES AND SURPLUS			
Accounts payable		22,617,656	8,143,048
Retrocession balances payable		4,173,060	7,615,523
Accrued retroceded premiums		1,129,253	4,463,127
Gross unearned premiums	12	238,458,639	215,025,067
Gross outstanding claims	10	609,842,291	424,276,504
Premium deficiency reserve	6		26,167,000
Unearned commission income	17	749,782	810,894
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	18	2,479,662	5,923,389
Employees' end of service benefits		2,481,001	1,720,644
TOTAL REINSURANCE OPERATIONS' LIABILITIES	-	881,931,344	694,145,196
REINSURANCE OPERATIONS' SURPLUS		10.1911.04.2020	
Accumulated surplus		932,077	932,077
TOTAL REINSURANCE OPERATIONS' LIABILITIES AND SURPLUS	-	882,863,421	695,077,273
SHAREHOLDERS' LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
SHAREHOLDERS' LIABILITIES Accounts payable		_	500,000
Provision for zakat and income tax	20	35,441,642	33,184,598
Due to reinsurance operations	20	188,019,813	173,315,949
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	18	8,219,064	6,641,169
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' LIABILITIES	10	231,680,519	213,641,716
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	21	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Statutory reserve	22	6,070,924	6,070,924
Accumulated deficit		(188,645,706)	(184,298,901)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	100	817,425,218	821,772,023
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		1,049,105,737	1,035,413,739
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' LIABILITIES AND EQUITY TOTAL REINSURANCE OPERATIONS' LIABILITIES AND SURPLUS	_	1,040,100,101	1,000,410,100
AND SHAREHOLDERS' LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		1,931,969,158	1,730,491,012
The accompanying notes 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial s	tatements.		

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STATEMENT OF REINSURANCE OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS For the year ended 31 December 2014

Gross written premiums 12 556,290,140 420,086,336 Retroceded premiums 12 (6,101,192) (6,449,199) Excess of loss expenses (35,594,574) (27,816,762) Net written premiums 514,594,374 385,820,375 Change in net unearned premiums 12 (23,697,283) (96,057,808) Net earned premiums 490,897,091 289,762,567 Net claims paid 29,10 (215,695,818) (98,159,195) Change in net outstanding claims 10 (185,314,716) (202,097,626) Net claims incurred (401,010,534) (300,256,821) Gross acquisition costs 13 (103,811,400) (83,330,181) Commissions on retroceded business 17 1,948,180 3,437,425 Supervision and inspection fees (2,781,451) (2,100,432) Net acquisition costs (104,644,671) (81,993,188) Change in premium deficiency reserve 6 26,167,000 (26,167,000) Net acquisition costs 11,408,886 (118,654,442) Special commission income from time deposits		Notes	2014 SR	2013 SR
Change in net unearmed premiums 12 (23,697,283) (96,057,808) Net earned premiums 490,897,091 289,762,567 Net claims paid 29,10 (215,695,818) (98,159,195) Change in net outstanding claims 10 (185,314,716) (202,097,626) Net claims incurred (401,010,534) (300,256,821) Gross acquisition costs 13 (103,811,400) (83,330,181) Commissions on retroceded business 17 1,948,180 3,437,425 Supervision and inspection fees (2,781,451) (2,100,432) Net acquisition costs (104,684,671) (81,993,188) Change in premium deficiency reserve 6 26,167,000 (26,167,000) Net underwriting results 11,408,886 (118,654,442) Special commission income from time deposits 70,001 - Realized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement 9 225,850 38,659 Unrealized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement 9 2,430,636 657,960 Other income 59,100 102,639	Retroceded premiums		(6,101,192)	(6,449,199)
Net earned premiums 490,897,091 289,762,567 Net claims paid 29,10 (215,695,818) (98,159,195) Change in net outstanding claims 10 (185,314,716) (202,097,626) Net claims incurred (401,010,534) (300,256,821) Gross acquisition costs 13 (103,811,400) (83,330,181) Commissions on retroceded business 17 1,948,180 3,437,425 Supervision and inspection fees (2,781,451) (2,100,432) Net acquisition costs (104,644,671) (81,993,188) Change in premium deficiency reserve 6 26,167,000 (26,167,000) Net underwriting results 11,408,886 (118,654,442) (118,654,442) (118,654,442) Special commission income from time deposits 70,001 - - Realized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement 9 225,850 38,659 Unrealized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement 9 2,430,636 657,960 Other income 9,3100 102,639 (191,040) General and	Net written premiums		514,594,374	385,820,375
Net claims paid 29,10 (215,695,818) (98,159,195) Change in net outstanding claims 10 (185,314,716) (202,097,626) Net claims incurred (401,010,534) (300,256,821) Gross acquisition costs 13 (103,811,400) (83,330,181) Commissions on retroceded business 17 1,948,180 3,437,425 Supervision and inspection fees (2,781,451) (2,100,432) Net acquisition costs (104,644,671) (81,993,188) Change in premium deficiency reserve 6 26,167,000 (26,167,000) Net underwriting results 11,408,886 (118,654,442) Special commission income from time deposits 70,001 - Realized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement 9 225,850 38,659 Unrealized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement 9 2,430,636 657,960 Other income 59,100 102,639 Investment management expenses 23 (23,351,086) (21,558,264) Net deficit from reinsurance operations 28 (9,397,008	Change in net unearned premiums	12	(23,697,283)	(96,057,808)
Change in net outstanding claims 10 (185,314,716) (202,097,626) Net claims incurred (401,010,534) (300,256,821) Gross acquisition costs 13 (103,811,400) (83,330,181) Commissions on retroceded business 17 1,948,180 3,437,425 Supervision and inspection fees (2,781,451) (2,100,432) Net acquisition costs (104,644,671) (81,993,188) Change in premium deficiency reserve 6 26,167,000 (26,167,000) Net underwriting results 11,408,886 (118,654,442) Special commission income from time deposits 70,001 - Realized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement 9 225,850 38,659 Unrealized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement 9 2,430,636 657,960 Other income 59,100 102,639 Investment management expenses (240,395) (191,040) General and administrative expenses 23 (23,351,086) (21,558,264) Net deficit from reinsurance operations 28 (9,397,008)	Net earned premiums		490,897,091	289,762,567
Commissions on retroceded business 17 1,948,180 3,437,425 Supervision and inspection fees (2,781,451) (2,100,432) Net acquisition costs (104,644,671) (81,993,188) Change in premium deficiency reserve 6 26,167,000 (26,167,000) Net underwriting results 11,408,886 (118,654,442) Special commission income from time deposits 70,001 - Realized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement 9 225,850 38,659 Unrealized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement 9 2,430,636 657,960 Other income 59,100 102,639 Investment management expenses (240,395) (191,040) General and administrative expenses 23 (23,351,086) (21,558,264) Net deficit from reinsurance operations 28 (9,397,008) (139,604,488) Shareholders' appropriation from reinsurance operations' surplus after shareholders' appropriation 9,397,008 139,604,488 Reinsurance operations' surplus after shareholders' appropriation 932,077 932,077	Change in net outstanding claims Net claims incurred	10	(185,314,716) (401,010,534)	(202,097,626) (300,256,821)
Net underwriting results 11,408,886 (118,654,442) Special commission income from time deposits 70,001 - Realized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement 9 225,850 38,659 Unrealized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement 9 2,430,636 657,960 Other income 59,100 102,639 Investment management expenses (240,395) (191,040) General and administrative expenses 23 (23,351,086) (21,558,264) Net deficit from reinsurance operations 28 (9,397,008) (139,604,488) Shareholders' appropriation from reinsurance operations' deficit 9,397,008 139,604,488 Reinsurance operations' surplus after shareholders' appropriation - - Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year 932,077 932,077	Commissions on retroceded business Supervision and inspection fees Net acquisition costs	17	1,948,180 (2,781,451) (104,644,671)	3,437,425 (2,100,432) (81,993,188)
Special commission income from time deposits Realized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement Unrealized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement Value through income s		ь	9.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	1000 May 171-2700 May 1000
income statement 9 225,850 38,659 Unrealized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement 9 2,430,636 657,960 Other income 59,100 102,639 Investment management expenses (240,395) (191,040) General and administrative expenses 23 (23,351,086) (21,558,264) Net deficit from reinsurance operations 28 (9,397,008) (139,604,488) Shareholders' appropriation from reinsurance operations' deficit 9,397,008 139,604,488 Reinsurance operations' surplus after shareholders' appropriation - - Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year 932,077 932,077	Special commission income from time deposits			(110,004,442)
value through income statement 9 2,430,636 657,960 Other income 59,100 102,639 Investment management expenses (240,395) (191,040) General and administrative expenses 23 (23,351,086) (21,558,264) Net deficit from reinsurance operations 28 (9,397,008) (139,604,488) Shareholders' appropriation from reinsurance operations' deficit 9,397,008 139,604,488 Reinsurance operations' surplus after shareholders' appropriation - - Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year 932,077 932,077	income statement	9	225,850	38,659
Net deficit from reinsurance operations28(9,397,008)(139,604,488)Shareholders' appropriation from reinsurance operations' deficit9,397,008139,604,488Reinsurance operations' surplus after shareholders' appropriationAccumulated surplus at the beginning of the year932,077932,077	value through income statement Other income Investment management expenses		59,100 (240,395)	102,639 (191,040)
appropriation Accumulated surplus at the beginning of the year 932,077 932,077	Net deficit from reinsurance operations		(9,397,008)	(139,604,488)
	appropriation		932,077	932,077
		_	(4) Sit Willer	932,077

The accompanying notes 1 to 32form an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS'OPERATIONS For the year ended 31 December 2014

	Notes	2014 SR	2013 SR
Special commission income from time deposits		842,499	1,912,501
Special commission income from bonds and sukuk		8,369,809	9,492,217
Realized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement	9	1,281,183	1,676,523
Unrealized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement	9	29,626,814	41,700,233
Other income	7	248,129	-
Total revenues		40,368,434	54,781,474
General and administrative expenses	23	(14,947,416)	(13,308,766)
Investment management expenses		(3,076,970)	(2,311,140)
Board of directors' remuneration, meeting fees and expenses	24	(1,558,388)	(335,465)
Foreign exchange translation (losses)/gains		(549,778)	1,124,223
Shareholders' appropriation from reinsurance operations' deficit	_	(9,397,008)	(139,604,488)
Net income(loss) for the year		10,838,874	(99,654,162)
Basic and diluted earnings(loss) per share for the year	26	0.108	(0.997)
Weighted average number of issued and outstanding shares	W	100,000,000	100,000,000

The accompanying notes 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements

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STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' COMPREHENSIVE OPERATIONS For the year ended 31 December 2014

For the year ended 31 December 2014		2014	2013
	Note	SR	SR
Net income (loss) for the year		10,838,874	(99,654,162)
Other comprehensive loss:			
Items not to be reclassified subsequently to the income statement of shareholders' operations			
Zakat and income tax	20	(15,185,679)	(17,549,462)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	_	(4,346,805)	(117,203,624)

The accompanying notes 1 to 32form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Saudi Reinsurance Company (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY For the year ended 31 December 2014

		GCC Sharel	GCC Shareholders and General Public	neral Public	Non	Non - GCC Shareholders	olders		Total		
	Notes	Share capital	Statutory	Accumulated deficit	Share capital	Statutory	Retained earnings / (accumulated deficit)	Share capital (Note 21)	Statutory	Accumulated deficit	Total
		SS	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR
Balance as at 1 January 2013		941,000,000	5,712,740	(62,600,389)	29,000,000	358,184	505,112	1,000,000,000	6,070,924	(67,095,277)	938,975,647
Transfer during the year		35,578,000	215,991	304,591	(35,578,000)	(215,991)	(304,591)	-	3	a	37
Net loss for the year Other comprehensive loss		(±)	Sk.	(97,322,255)	Ti.	9).	(2,331,907)	•	æ	(99,654,162)	(99,654,162)
Zakat and income tax	20	6	10	(17,549,462)	ř.	83	67		6	(17,549,462)	(17,549,462)
Total comprehensive loss for the year			0	(114,871,717)		6	(2,331,907)		*	(117,203,624)	(117,203,624)
Balance as at 31 December 2013		976,578,000	5,928,731	(182,167,515)	23,422,000	142,193	(2,131,386)	1,000,000,000	6,070,924	(184,298,901)	821,772,023
Balance as at 1 January 2014		976,578,000	5,928,731	(182,167,515)	23,422,000	142,193	(2,131,386)	1,000,000,000	6,070,924	(184,298,901)	821,772,023
Transfer during the year		(2,426,000)	(14,728)	(2,440,728)	2,426,000	14,728	2,440,728		92		81
Net income for the year Other comprehensive loss		10	24	10,558,711	M .	(8	280,163	•	×	10,838,874	10,838,874
Zakat and income tax	20	9%	E	(15,185,679)	83	57	•		52	(15,185,679)	(15,185,679)
Total comprehensive (loss)income for the year		8.9	23	(4,626,968)	Si I	22	280,163	•	- 1	(4,346,805)	(4,346,805)
Balance as at 31 December 2014		974,152,000	5,914,003	(189,235,211)	25,848,000	156,921	589,505	1,000,000,000	6,070,924	(188,645,706)	817,425,218

The accompanying notes 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF REINSURANCE OPERATIONS' CASH FLOWS For the year ended 31 December 2014

For the year ended 31 December 2014		2014	2013
	Notes	SR	SR
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Reinsurance operations' surplus after shareholders' appropriation Adjustments for:		5	-
Employees' end of service benefits		1,099,217	606,023
Depreciation	14	2,082,527	1,220,037
Realized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement	9(iv)	(225,850)	(38,659)
Unrealized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement	9(iv)	(2,430,636)	(657,960)
Losses from disposal of property and equipment		791,508	(400 004 400)
Shareholders' appropriation from reinsurance operations' deficit	-	(9,397,008)	(139,604,488)
Operating loss before changes in operating assets and liabilities		(8,080,242)	(138,475,047)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Premiums receivable, net		(42,246,475)	(42,884,999)
Accrued insurance premiums	40	(55,317,073)	(72,968,315)
Retroceded share of outstanding claims Prepaid expenses and other assets	10	(251,071) (27,044,132)	(62,765,471) (101,058)
Retroceded share of unearned premiums	12	263,711	3,411,450
Deferred acquisition costs	12	(9,066,652)	(21,939,467)
Deferred excess of loss premiums		(1,594,867)	(4,124,157)
Accounts payable		14,474,608	3,374,859
Retrocession balances payable		(3,442,463)	4,349,906
Accrued retroceded premiums		(3,333,874)	219,697
Gross unearned premiums	12	23,433,572	92,646,358
Gross outstanding claims	10	185,565,787	264,863,097
Premium deficiency reserve	6	(26,167,000)	26,167,000
Unearned commission income		(61,112)	(769,661)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(3,443,727)	(4,101,974)
Cash from operations		43,688,990	46,902,218
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(338,860)	(247,594)
Net cash from operating activities	9	43,350,130	46,654,624
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property and equipment	14	(1,838,954)	(3,254,091)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	1020203	32,998	100 <u>1</u> 00 110 000 000 000 000 000 000
Additions to investments held at fair value through income statement	9(iv)	(83,847,393)	(60,268,130)
Proceeds from investments held at fair value through income statement	9(iv)	56,921,301	48,879,720
Time deposits, net		(13,125,000)	7 F 3
Net cash used in investing activities		(41,857,048)	(14,642,501)
FINANCING ACTIVITY			
Due from shareholders' operations		(5,306,856)	(27,326,335)
Cash used in financing activity	-	(5,306,856)	(27,326,335)
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(3,813,774)	4,685,788
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		5,268,638	582,850
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR		1,454,864	5,268,638
Street additional title bill VII III billy		1,707,007	0,200,000

The accompanying notes 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' CASH FLOWS For the year ended 31 December 2014

roi tile year ended 31 December 2014		02000	2272
-	Note	2014 SR	2013 SR
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income(loss) for the year		10,838,874	(99,654,162)
Adjustments for: Depreciation	14	683,544	- (4 676 529)
Realized gains on investments held at fair value through incomestatement Unrealized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement Shareholders' appropriation from reinsurance operations deficit	9(iv) 9(iv)	(1,281,183) (29,626,814) 9,397,008	(1,676,523) (41,700,233) 139,604,488
Operating deficit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		(9,988,571)	(3,426,430)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Prepaid expenses and other assets Accounts payable Accrued expense and other liabilities Zakat and income tax paid	20(c)	(1,362,594) (500,000) 1,577,895 (12,928,635)	(1,455,534) (500,000) 2,358,584 (14,451,676)
Net cash used in operating activities		(23,201,905)	(17,475,056)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property and equipment Proceeds from investments held at fair value through income statement Accrued special commission income from time deposits Accrued special commission income from bonds and sukuk	14 9(iv)	(1,213,304) 153,261,010 970,206 (408,608)	(3,207,742) 136,069,250 (562,501) (15,186)
Additions to investments held at fair value through income statement Time deposits, net Held to maturity investments	9(iv)	(259,845,023) 37,500,000 28,524,982	(242,129,034) 150,000,000 35,052,097
Net cash (used in)from investing activities		(41,210,737)	75,206,884
FINANCING ACTIVITY Due to reinsurance operations		5,306,856	27,326,335
Cash from financing activity		5,306,856	27,326,335
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(59,105,786)	85,058,163
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		85,673,516	615,353
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR		26,567,730	85,673,516

The accompanying notes 1 to 32form an integral part of these financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at 31December2014

1. ORGANIZATION AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Saudi Reinsurance Company (the "Company") is a Saudi Joint Stock Company registered in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia under commercial registration number 1010250125 dated 12 Jumad Al-Awal 1429H (corresponding to 17 May 2008) with a branch in the Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia with license number IS2014146. The address of the Company's registered office is at P.O. Box 30025, Riyadh 11372, Al Wadi, Northern Ring Road West, Exit 7, Building 4130, Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

The objective of the Company is to transact cooperative reinsurance and related activities inside and outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and not in accordance with the accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, modified to include the measurement at fair value of investmentsheld at fair value through income statement.

Functional and presentational currency

The financial statements are presented in Saudi Arabian Riyals being the functional currency of the Company.

3. NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

The accounting and risk management policies used in the preparation of thisyear's financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 except for the amendments made in the following standards which have been revised during the year 2014 and new standards effective from 1 January 2014:

Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities - Amendments to IAS 32

These amendments clarify the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right to set-off and the criteria for non-simultaneous settlement mechanisms of clearing houses to qualify for offsetting and is applied retrospectively. These amendments have no impact on the Company.

Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting – Amendments to IAS 39

These amendments provide relief from discontinuing hedge accounting when novation of a derivative designated as a hedging instrument meets certain criteria and retrospective application is required. These amendments have no impact on the Company as the Company held no derivatives during the current or prior periods.

IFRIC 21 Levies

IFRIC 21 clarifies that an entity recognises a liability for a levy when the activity that triggers payment, as identified by the relevant legislation, occurs. For a levy that is triggered upon reaching a minimum threshold, the interpretation clarifies that no liability should be anticipated before the specified minimum threshold is reached. Retrospective application is required for IFRIC 21. This interpretation has no impact on the Company as it has applied the recognition principles under IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets consistent with the requirements of IFRIC 21 in prior years.

New standards issued but not yet effective:

The relevant standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Company's financial statements are disclosed below. The Company intends to adopt these standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments which reflects all phases of the financial instruments project and replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and all previous versions of IFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment, and hedge accounting. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with early application permitted. Retrospective application is required, but comparative information is not compulsory. Early application of previous versions of IFRS 9 (2009, 2010 and 2013) is permitted if the date of initial application is before 1 February 2015. The adoption of IFRS 9 will have an effect on the classification and measurement of the Company's financial liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

3. NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS (continued)

New standard issued but not yet effective:(continued)

Amendments to IAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions

IAS 19 requires an entity to consider contributions from employees or third parties when accounting for defined benefit plans. Where the contributions are linked to service, they should be attributed to periods of service as a negative benefit. These amendments clarify that, if the amount of the contributions is independent of the number of years of service, an entity is permitted to recognise such contributions as a reduction in the service cost in the period in which the service is rendered, instead of allocating the contributions to the periods of service. This amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014. It is not expected that this amendment would be relevant to the Company.

IFRS 8 Operating Segments

The amendments are applied retrospectively and clarify that:

- An entity must disclose the judgements made by management in applying the aggregation criteria in paragraph 12 of IFRS 8, including a brief description of operating segments that have been aggregated and the economic characteristics (e.g., sales and gross margins) used to assess whether the segments are 'similar'
- The reconciliation of segment assets to total assets is only required to be disclosed if the reconciliation is reported to the chief
 operating decision maker, similar to the required disclosure for segment liabilities.

IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 Intangible Assets

The amendment is applied retrospectively and clarifies in IAS 16 and IAS 38 that the asset may be revalued by reference to observable data on either the gross or the net carrying amount. In addition, the accumulated depreciation or amortisation is the difference between the gross and carrying amounts of the asset.

IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures

The amendment is applied retrospectively and clarifies that a management entity (an entity that provides key management personnel services) is a related party subject to the related party disclosures. In addition, an entity that uses a management entity is required to disclose the expenses incurred for management services.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

The amendment is applied prospectively and clarifies that the portfolio exception in IFRS 13 can be applied not only to financial assets and financial liabilities, but also to other contracts within the scope of IFRS 9 (or IAS 39, as applicable).

Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation

The amendments clarify the principle in IAS 16 and IAS 38 that revenue reflects a pattern of economic benefits that are generated from operating a business (of which the asset is part) rather than the economic benefits that are consumed through use of the asset. As a result, a revenue-based method cannot be used to depreciate property, plant and equipment and may only be used in very limited circumstances to amortise intangible assets. The amendments are effective prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with early adoption permitted. These amendments are not expected to have any impact to the Company given that the Company has not used a revenue-based method to depreciate its non-current assets.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

Basis of presentation

The Company maintains separate books of account for the reinsurance and shareholders' operations. Income and expenses clearly attributable to either activity are recorded in the respective accounts. The basis of allocation of expenses from joint operations is determined by Management and the Board of Directors.

The Company is required to distribute 10% of the net surplus from reinsurance operations to policyholders and the remaining 90% to the shareholders of the Company in accordance with the Insurance Law and Implementation Regulations issued by SAMA. Any deficit arising on insurance operations is transferred to the shareholders' operations in full.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

Retrocession

The Company uses retrocession agreements to increase its aggregate underwriting capacity, and to reduce its exposure to catastrophic losses on risks assumed. The ceding of risk to retrocessionaires does not relieve the Company from its direct obligations to its ceding companies.

An impairment review of amounts recoverable under retrocession agreements is performed at each reporting date or more frequently when an indication of impairment arises during the reporting year. Impairment occurs when objective evidence exists that the Company may not recover outstanding amounts under the terms of the contract and when the impact on the amounts that the Company will receive from the retrocessionaire can be measured reliably. The impairment loss is recorded in the statement of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus.

Premiums and claims are presented on a gross basis for both assumed reinsurance and retroceded business.

Retroceded assets and liabilities are derecognized when the contractual rights are extinguished or expire or when the contract is transferred to another party.

Cash and cash equivalents

For cash flow purposes, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, cash at banks and time deposits with a maturity of three months or less at the date of original acquisition.

Deferred acquisition costs (DAC)

Those direct and indirect costs incurred during the financial period arising from the writing or renewing of reinsurance contracts are deferred to the extent that these costs are recoverable out of future premiums. All other acquisition costs are expensed when incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, deferred costs are amortized using the same basis as for unearned premiums. Amortization is recorded in the statement of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus.

Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for by changing the amortization period and are treated as a change in accounting estimate.

An impairment review is performed at each reporting date or more frequently when an indication of impairment arises. When the recoverable amounts are less than the carrying value an impairment loss is recognized in the statement of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus. DAC is also considered in the liability adequacy test for each reporting period.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. When significant parts of property and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of income as incurred. Freehold land and capital work in progress are not depreciated. The cost of all otherproperty and equipment is depreciated on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Building	33 Years
Computers and equipment	3-5 Years
Furniture and fixtures	5 Years
Motor vehicles	4 Years
Leasehold improvements	10 Years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date. The carrying values of these assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets are written down to their recoverable amount.

An item of property and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no further future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus or he statement of shareholders' operations or taken into income in the year the asset is derecognised.

Impairment and un-collectability of financial assets

An assessment is made at each statement of financial position date to determine whether there is objective evidence that a specific financial asset or a group of financial assets may be impaired. If such evidence exists, any impairment loss is recognized in the statement of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus or the statement of shareholders' operations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES(continued)

Impairment and un-collectability of financial assets(continued)

Impairment is determined as follows:

- For assets carried at fair value, impairment is the difference between cost and fair value, less any impairment loss
 previously recognized in the statement of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus or the statement of
 shareholders' operations;
- For assets carried at cost, impairment is the difference between carrying value and the present value of future cash
 flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset;
- For assets carried at amortized cost, impairment is the difference between carrying amount and the present value of future cash flows discounted at the original effective special commission rate.

Gross written premiums

Gross written premiums comprise of total premiums in relation to contracts incepting during the financial year irrespective of whether they relate in whole or in part to a later accounting period. It includes an estimate of pipeline premiums, being those premiums written but not reported to the Company at the statement of financial position date. Pipeline premiums are reported as accrued insurance premiums in the statement of financial position.

Premiums earned and commission income

Premiums and commission income are taken into income over the periodsto which they relate to cover the reinsurance risk. Unearned premiums and commission income represent the portion of premiums written and commission income relating to the unexpired period of coverage and is deferred based on the following methods:

 For proportionalreinsurance treaties under consideration of the underlying exposure in relation to the line of business as follows:

Line of business	Years
Engineering	4
Others	2

 Actual number of days for facultative reinsurance and non-proportional reinsurance treaties and portfolio transferred from insurance companies.

The change in the provision for unearned premiums and commission income is taken to the statement of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus in order to recognize revenue over the period to cover the reinsurance risks.

Claims

Claims, comprising amounts payable to ceding companies under reinsurance contracts and related loss adjustment expenses, net of recoveries and are charged to income as incurred.

Gross outstanding claims comprise the gross estimated cost of claims incurred but not settled at the balance sheet date whether reported or not. Provisions for reported claims not paid as at the balance sheet date are made on the basis of individual case estimates. In addition, a provision based on Management's judgement and the Company's prior experience is maintained for the cost of settling claims incurred but not reported at the statement of financial position date.

Any difference between the provisions at the statement of financial position date and settlements and provisions for the subsequent year is included in the underwriting account for that year.

Liability adequacy test

At each statement of financial position date, a liability adequacy test is performed to ensure the adequacy of the reinsurance contracts liabilities net of related deferred acquisition costs. In performing these tests, Management uses current best estimates of future contractual cash flows and claims handling and administration expenses. Any deficiency in the carrying amounts is immediately charged to the statement of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus initially by writing off related deferred acquisition costs and by subsequently establishing a provision for losses arising from liability adequacy tests.

Premiums receivable

Premiums receivable are recognized when due and measured on initial recognition at the fair value of the considerations received or receivable. The carrying value of premiums receivable is reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable, with the impairment loss recorded in the statement of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus. Premiums receivable are derecognized when the derecognition criteria for financial assets have been met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Accounts payable and accruals

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether billed by the supplier or not.

Special commission income

Special commission income is recognized on an effective yield basis taking account of the principal outstanding and the applicable special commission rate.

Investments held at fair value through income statement

Investments held at fair value through income statementareinvestments designated at fair value through income statement at inception. For investmentsdesignated as fair value through income statement, the following criteria must be met:

- This designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets and liabilities or recognising gains or losses on a different basis, or
- The assets and liabilities are part of a group of financial assets, financial liabilities or both, such assets and liabilities
 are managed and their performance isevaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk
 management or investment strategy.

These investments are initially recorded at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are measured at fair value.

Fair value adjustments and realised gains and losses are recognized in thestatement of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus and the statement of shareholders' operations.

Held to maturity investments

Investments with fixed or determinable payments wherebythe Company has the positive intention and ability to hold till maturity are measured, after acquisition, at amortized cost lessimpairment in its value. The amortized cost is computed taking into consideration the discount or the premium at the acquisition date. Income or loss resulting from these investments is recognized in the statement of shareholders' operations upon derecognizing these investments or impairment in their value.

Employees' end of service benefits

Employees' end of service benefits are accrued currently and are payable as a lump sum to all employees under the terms and conditions of Saudi Labour Regulations on termination / end of their employment contracts. The liability is calculated as the current value of the vested benefits to which the employee is entitled, should the employee leave at the statement of financial position date. End-of-service payments are based on employees' final salaries and allowances and their cumulative years of service, as defined by the conditions stated in the laws of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in Saudi Riyals at the exchange rate in effect at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. All differences are taken to the respective statements of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus or shareholders' operations.

Zakat and income tax

Zakat and income tax are provided for in accordance with Saudi Arabian Zakat and Tax Regulations. As per the Company's by-laws, Zakat and income tax charge is transferred to the shareholders. Accordingly income tax is charged to Non-GCC shareholders' equity account while the zakat is charged to the GCC shareholders and general public equity account.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has an obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, and it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expense is not offset in the statements of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus and shareholders' operations unless required or permitted by any accounting standard or interpretation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December 2014

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Trade date accounting

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized / derecognized on the trade date (i.e. the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the assets). Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require settlement of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Segmental reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Company that is engaged either in providing services (a business segment) or in providing services within a particular economic environment (a geographic segment), which is subject to its income and losses that are different from those of other segments. For management purposes, the Company is organized into business units based on their products and services and has sixmain reportable segments as follows:

- Engineering is a comprehensive insurance cover that is available to the insured in respect of contingencies which may
 happen on a construction or erection site. It provides an all risks cover for the works as well as a liability cover towards third
 parties for material damage or injury sustained as a result of the work being undertaken. The cover is also available for
 machinery.
- Fire insurance pays for specific losses when a property is damaged to due to fire, flood, earthquake and other external
 perils. It may also provide indemnity for loss of profit in case of an industrial or commercial activity.
- Marine insurance covers the loss or damage to cargo, terminals and or damage of ships or other means of transport of cargo by which property is transferred between the points of origin and final destination
- Motor insurance pays for loss or damage to own motor vehicles involved in accidents. It also pays for losses caused by its
 use to third party properties and bodily injuries
- Life insurance is used as a means to provide financial aid for dependents in case of death and in certain cases illness or disability. It can be an individual or a group policy.
- General accident covers a variety of events/properties such as money, liabilities and personal accident whether for individual or group.

Segment performance is evaluated based on profit or loss which, in certain respects, is measured differently from profit or loss in the financial statements.

No inter-segment transactions occurred during the year. If any transaction were to occur, transfer prices between business segments are set on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties. Segment income, expense and results will then include those transfers between business segments which will then be eliminated at the level of financial statements of the Company.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these estimates and assumptions could result in an outcome that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the statement of financial position date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

The ultimate liability arising from claims made under reinsurance contracts

The estimation of the ultimate liability arising from claims made under reinsurance contracts is the Company's most critical accounting estimate. There are several sources of uncertainty that are needed to be considered in estimating the liability that the Company will ultimately pay for such claims. The provision for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) is an estimation of claims which are expected to be reported subsequent to the statement of financial position date, for which the insured event has occurred prior to the statement of financial position date. The primary technique adopted by Management in estimating the cost of notified and IBNR claims, is that of using the past claims settlement trends to predict future claims settlement trends.

Claims requiring court or arbitration decisions are estimated individually. Independent loss adjusters normally estimate property claims. Management reviews its provisions for claims incurred, and claims incurred but not reported, on a quarterly basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (continued)

Impairment losses on receivables

The Company assesses receivables that are individually significant and receivables included in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics for impairment. Receivables that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognized are not included in a collective assessment of impairment. This assessment of impairment requires judgment. In making this judgment, the Company evaluates credit risk characteristics that consider past-due status being indicative of the ability to pay all amounts due as per contractual terms.

Deferred acquisition costs

Certain acquisition costs related to the incoming reinsurance contracts are recorded as deferred acquisition costs (DAC) and are amortized in the statement of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus over the related period of the contracts.

Fair values of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · in the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- . in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

The Investment Committee, in conjunction with the Company's external valuers, compares the changes in the fair value of each investment asset with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

The Risk and Underwriting Committee, in conjunction with the Company's external actuaries, compares the changes in the technical reserves, to determine whether the change is reasonable.

The Audit Committee, in conjunction with the company's management, compares the changes in fair value of each of the other assets and liabilities, to determine whether the change is reasonable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

TECHNICAL RESERVES

During 2013, based on recommendations from the external actuary of the Company and the insurance regulator, the management of the Company has changed the basis of determining the technical reserves due to availability of new information and after considering longer historical experience. During the current year all the technical reserves have been determined by using the same basis as the previous year.

7. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	2014	Ř	2013	
	Reinsurance operations	Shareholders' operations	Reinsurance operations	Shareholders' operations
	SR	SR	SR	SR
Cash in hand	13,461		970	
Cash at bank	1,441,403	2,567,730	5,267,668	85,673,516
	1,454,864	2,567,730	5,268,638	85,673,516

Cash at banks are placed with counterparties that have good credit ratings.

8. PREMIUMS RECEIVABLE, NET

	2014 SR	2013 SR
Premiums receivable Less: Provision for doubtful debts	116,296,386 (3,557,288)	72,815,780 (2,323,157)
	112,739,098	70,492,623
The movement of provision for doubtful debts is as follows		
	2014 SR	2013 SR
Opening balance Charge for the year	2,323,157 1,234,131	2,323,157
Closing balance	3,557,288	2,323,157

As at 31 December, the ageing of gross premiums receivable s as follows:

		Past du	e but not impaired			
	Neither past due nor impaired SR	Less than 90days SR	91 to 180 days SR	Above 180 days SR	Past due and impaired SR	Total SR
2014	39,842,894	3,838,906	33,305,406	35,751,892	3,557,288	116,296,386
2013	53,298,332	4,181,029	9,313,122	3,700,133	2,323,164	72,815,780

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) As at 31December2014

9. INVESTMENTS HELD AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH INCOME STATEMENT

i. Investments held at fair value through income statement consist of the following:

	2014		2013	
	Reinsurance operations SR	Shareholders' operations SR	Reinsurance operations SR	Shareholders' operations SR
Funds	73,769,574	197,150,944	95,329,159	234,236,625
Equity Portfolios	· ·	185,778,294		164,109,001
Bond Portfolios	51,142,163	309,705,257	23	156,796,858
Sukuk		40,037,069	27,	40,037,070
	124,911,737	732,671,564	95,329,159	595,179,554

- As at 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013, all financial instruments under reinsurance operations which are fair valued are quoted.
- iii. The analysis of the composition of investments for shareholders' operations is as follows:

		2014			
	Quoted SR	Unquoted SR	Total SR		
inds	172,150,944	25,000,000	197,150,944		
uity Portfolios	185,778,294		185,778,294		
nd Portfolios	309,705,257	1.5	309,705,257		
kuk		40,037,069	40,037,069		
	667,634,495	65,037,069	732,671,564		
		2013			
	Quoted SR	Unquoted SR	Total SR		
s	209,236,625	25,000,000	234,236,625		
y Portfolios	164,109,001	0.7	164,109,001		
Portfolios	156,796,858	1.7	156,796,858		
	i.e	40,037,070	40,037,070		
	530,142,484	65,037,070	595,179,554		

As at 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013, all financial instruments under reinsurance operations which are measured at fair value are Level 1 instruments. The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments under shareholders' operations measured at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

		2014		
	Level 1 SR	Level 2 SR	Level 3 SR	Total SR
Funds	172,150,944	- 2	25,000,000	197,150,944
Equity Portfolios	185,778,294	50	1.0	185,778,294
Bond Portfolios	309,705,257	**	(* 5)	309,705,257
Sukuk		40,037,069		40,037,069
	667,634,495	40,037,069	25,000,000	732,671,564

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

9. INVESTMENTS HELD AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH INCOME STATEMENT (continued)

		2013		
	Level 1 SR	Level 2 SR	Level 3 SR	Total SR
Funds	209,236,625		25,000,000	234,236,625
Equity Portfolios	164,109,001	175		164,109,001
Bond Portfolios	156,796,858		-	156,796,858
Sukuk	-	40,037,070		40,037,070
	530,142,484	40,037,070	25,000,000	595,179,554

There were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into or out of level 3 fair value measurements during the year ended 31 December 2014 and year ended 31 December 2013.

iv. The movement of investments held at fair value through income statement is as follows:

	20 ⁻ SI	390	2013 SR	
	Reinsurance operations	Shareholders' operations	Reinsurance operations	Shareholders' operations
Opening balance	95,329,159	595,179,554	83,244,130	445,743,014
Additions	83,847,393	259,845,023	60,268,130	242,129,034
Disposals	(56,921,301)	(153,261,010)	(48,879,720)	(136,069,250)
Unrealized gains	2,430,636	29,626,814	657,960	41,700,233
Realized gains	225,850	1,281,183	38,659	1,676,523
Closing balance	124,911,737	732,671,564	95,329,159	595,179,554

Investments under reinsurance and shareholders' operations include SR 6.7 million and SR 20 million respectively as at 31 December 2014 (31 December 2013: SR 12.3 million and SR 4.2 million respectively) comprising of cash deposits with reputable banks. These funds are placed by the Company with the assets managers and are independently operated by them. These funds are expected to be invested in the subsequent period.

OUTSTANDING CLAIMS

		2014	
	Gross SR	Retroceded share SR	Net SR
Opening balance	424,276,504	(104,888,575)	319,387,929
Outstanding claims provided during the year Claims incurred but not reported provided during the year	102,659,489 82,906,298	24,868,879 (25,119,950)	127,528,368 57,786,348
Change in outstanding claims	185,565,787	(251,071)	185,314,716
Closing balance	609,842,291	(105,139,646)	504,702,645
		2013	
	Gross SR	Retroceded share SR	Net SR
Opening balance	159,413,407	(42,123,104)	117,290,303
Outstanding claims provided during the year Claims incurred but not reported provided during the year	176,411,587 88,451,510	(63,856,633) 1,091,162	112,554,954 89,542,672
Change in outstanding claims	264,863,097	(62,765,471)	202,097,626
Closing balance	424,276,504	(104,888,575)	319,387,929

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

Closing balance

10. OUTSTANDING CLAIMS (continued)

The appointed external actuary of the Company has recommended a range of reasonable best estimates of the Company's gross and net claims reserves as at 31 December 2014. As per the actuary any reserve within this range would be considered as a reasonable best estimate. The booked reserves of the Company lie within the range recommended.

11. PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS

	2014		2013		
	Reinsurance operations SR	Shareholders' operations SR	Reinsurance operations SR	Shareholders' operations SR	
Refundable deposits	27,023,542		2	-	
Advances to employees	332,715		393,390	4	
Prepaid insurance	286,398	33,120	153,534		
Prepaid rent	*0		112,501		
Advance payments	239,081		283,333		
Special commission received on statutory deposit	=0.00E TEL	7,036,867		5,622,925	
Others	231,398	30,726	126,244	115,194	
-	28,113,134	7,100,713	1,069,002	5,738,119	
12. UNEARNED PREMIUMS					
	_		2014		
		Gross SR	Retroceded share SR	Net SR	
Opening balance		215,025,067	(2,344,151)	212,680,916	
Premiums written during the year		556,290,140	(6,101,192) 6,364,903	550,188,948 (526,491,665)	
Premiums earned	-	(532,856,568) 23,433,572	263,711	23,697,283	
Change in unearned premiums Closing balance	-	238,458,639	(2,080,440)	236,378,199	
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
			2013		
		Gross	Retroceded share	Net	
	28	SR	SR	SR	
Opening balance	_	122,378,709	(5,755,601)	116,623,108	
Premiums written during the year		420,086,336	(6,449,199)	413,637,137	
Premiums earned		(327,439,978)	9,860,649	(317,579,329)	
Change in unearned premiums	_	92,646,358	3,411,450	96,057,808	
Closing balance	_	215,025,067	(2,344,151)	212,680,916	
13. DEFERRED ACQUISITION COSTS					
			2014	2013	
			SR	SR	
Opening balance			54,445,929	32,506,462	
Incurred during the year			112,878,052	105,269,648	
Amortized during the year			(103,811,400)	(83,330,181)	
10 0000 A 11 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A		-		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	

63,512,581

54,445,929

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

14. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

a) Reinsurance operations:

	Computers and Equipment SR	Furniture and Fixtures SR	Motor Vehicles SR	Leasehold Improvements SR	Work in Progress SR	Total SR
Cost:			7834			
As at 1 January 2014 Additions during the year	9,571,129 971,107	126,798 153,396	514,400 225,949	2,192,523 10,500	478,002	12,404,850 1,838,954
Disposals during the year	(2,399)	-	(163,000)	(2,171,940)	-	(2,337,339)
As at 31 December 2014	10,539,837	280,194	577,349	31,083	478,002	11,906,465
Accumulated depreciation:						
As at 1 January 2014	3,220,157	112,489	411,905	1,323,180	2	5,067,731
Charged for the year	1,884,974	22,540	136,633	38,380		2,082,527
Disposals during the year	(2,399)		(162,998)	(1,347,436)		(1,512,833)
As at 31 December 2014	5,102,732	135,029	385,540	14,124		5,637,425
Net book value						
As at 31 December 2014	5,437,105	145,165	191,809	16,959	478,002	6,269,040
As at 31 December 2013	6,350,972	14,309	102,495	869,343		7,337,119

b) Shareholders' operations:

	Land SR	Building SR	Furniture and Fixtures SR	Work in Progress* SR	Total SR
Cost:					
As at 1 January 2014	18,329,960	11,454,040	3,207,742		32,991,742
Additions during the year		-	494,726	718,578	1,213,304
Transfers during the year	4	2		-	-
As at 31 December 2014	18,329,960	11,454,040	3,702,468	718,578	34,205,046
Accumulated depreciation:					
As at 1 January 2014	5	-		2	12
Charged for the year		318,168	365,376		683,544
As at 31 December 2014	-	318,168	365,376		683,544
Net book value					
As at 31 December 2014	18,329,960	11,135,872	3,337,092	718,578	33,521,502
As at 31 December 2013	18,329,960	11,454,040	3,207,742	-	32,991,742

^{*}Capital work in progress represents modifications relating to the office premises and certain advances for the IT infrastructure.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

TIMEDEPOSITS

	20	14	201	13
	Reinsurance operations SR	Shareholders' operations SR	Reinsurance operations SR	Shareholders' operations SR
				2
Less than 3 months	S + 33	24,000,000		
More than 3 months	13,125,000			37,500,000
	13,125,000	24,000,000	1.7/	37,500,000

The above deposits earn special commission at an average rate of 0.39% per annum as at 31 December 2014 (31 December 2013: 2.5% per annum).

Time deposits are placed with counterparties that have agood credit rating.

16. HELD TO MATURITY INVESTMENTS

The held to maturity investments represent debt instruments with a 4 to 10 year maturity at the time of investing (now average maturity of the portfolio is 265 days) yielding an average special commission of 4.53% per annum (2013: 4.35% per annum). The fair value of held to maturity investments amounted to SR 152,260,913 (2013: SR 183,878,544) as at the statement of financial position date and are classified under level 1 of fair value hierarchy except SR40,037,070 falling under level 2.

17. UNEARNED COMMISSION INCOME

	2014 SR	2013 SR
Opening balance	810,894	1,580,555
Commission received on retroceded business during the year	1,887,068	2,667,764
Commission earned on retroceded business during the year	(1,948,180)	(3,437,425)
Closing balance	749,782	810,894

18. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES

	20	14	201	13
	Reinsurance operations SR	Shareholders' operations SR	Reinsurance operations SR	Shareholders' operations SR
Employees' bonus	700,000	•	3,827,484	-
Withholding tax payable	377,171		503,401	+
Professional fees payable	546,748	978,197	283,501	770,116
Meeting fees and expenses Special Commission received on statutory	i a	204,000	(i, w))	248,128
deposit	*	7,036,867		5,622,925
Others	855,743	- 10 18 pg	1,309,003	
	2,479,662	8,219,064	5,923,389	6,641,169

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December 2014

CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT TABLE

with cumulative payments to date. The development of reinsurance liabilities provides a measure of the Company's ability to estimate the ultimate value of the claims. The Company aims to maintain adequate reserves in respect of its reinsurance business in order to protect against adverse future claims experience and developments. As claims develop and the ultimate cost of claims becomes more certain, adverse claims experiences will be eliminated which results in the release of reserves from earlier underwriting years. In order to maintain adequate reserves, the Company will transfer much of this The following table shows the estimates of cumulative incurred claims, including both claims notified and incurred but not reported for each successive underwriting year at each reporting date, together release to the future underwriting years' reserves when the development of claims is less mature and there is much greater uncertainty attached to the ultimate cost of claims.

Gross reinsurance contract outstanding claims provision for 2014:

Underwriting year	2008 SR	2009 SR	2010 SR	2011 SR	2012 SR	2013 SR	2014 SR	Total SR
At end of underwriting year	1	9.274.452	28,752,621	42,828,498	46,305,831	63,971,844	118,644,952	30
One year later	611,168	31,996,845	95,826,384	76,995,715	212,157,362	251,032,990	•	Ť
Two years later	1,677,105	34,886,853	106,332,450	124,759,575	248,976,939		•	
Three years later	1,134,966	34,803,108	109,505,364	128,557,442		31	3	13
Four years later	2,157,163	40,371,241	112,095,345	r.	100		1	334
Five years later	2,109,594	37,313,076	,	r.		t)	٠)
Six years later	1,894,421	1)	•	X	•	61		:00
Current estimate of cumulative claims outstanding reported	1,894,421	37,313,076	112,095,345	128,557,442	248,976,939	251,032,990	118,644,952	898,515,165
Cumulative payments to date	(1,417,435)	(30,504,138)	(94,311,510)	(87,871,985)	(156,313,984)	(110,906,402)	(14,037,514)	(495,362,968)
Incurred but not reported claims (IBNR)	11,132	91,482	1,954,050	8,897,120	24,699,515	100,127,317	70,909,478	206,690,094
Total gross insurance outstanding claims provision per the statement of financial position	488,118	6.900.420	19,737,885	49,582,577	117,362,470	240,253,905	175,516,916	609,842,291

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

ZAKAT AND INCOME TAX

a) Zakat

Zakat charge for the year of SR 15,185,679 (2013: SR 17,549,462) isbasedon the following:

	2014 SR	2013 SR
Share Capital	1,000,000,000	1.000,000,000
Statutory reserve – beginning of the year	6,070,924	6,070,924
Accumulated deficit – beginning of the year	(184,298,901)	(67,095,277)
Adjusted net loss for the year	(19,224,084)	(98,904,407)
Provisions	24,299,764	19,072,913
	826,847,703	859,144,153
Deduct:		
Statutory deposit	(100,000,000)	(100,000,000)
Others non-current assets	(103,303,123)	(40,328,861)
Zakat base	623,544,580	718,815,292
Zakat base for Saudi shareholders @ 97.4152% (2013: 97.6577%)	607,427,200	701,978,481
b) Income tax		
Income tax for the year of SR nil (2013: SRnil) is based on the following:		
	2014	2013
	SR	SR
Net income (loss) for the year	10,838,874	(99,654,162)
Adjusted loss	(19,224,084)	(141,158,738)
Portion of net taxable (loss)/income for non-Saudi shareholders @ 2.5848% (2013:	(400,004)	(0.000.444)
2.34%)	(496,904)	(3,303,114)
Income tax base	(496,904)	(3,303,114)
c) The movement of the provision for zakat and income tax is as follows:		
	2014	2013
	SR	SR
Opening balance	33,184,598	30,086,812
Income tax provision for the year		
Zakat provision for the year	15,185,679	17,549,462
Paid during the year	(12,928,635)	(14,451,676)
Closing balance	35,441,642	33,184,598

d) Status of assessments

The Company has filed its zakat returns for the years ended 31 December 2009 to 2013 with the Department of Zakat and Income Tax(DZIT) and has not yet received related final assessments.

Zakat and income tax provisions are calculated based on the Company's best understanding of the DZIT instructions. Additional zakat and income tax provisions are accounted for to cover any differences that may arise on the final zakat and income tax assessments when received from DZIT.and the Company's current provision for zakat and income tax

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

SHARE CAPITAL

The authorized, issued and paid up share capital of the Company is SR 1 billion divided into 100 million shares of SR 10 each for the years 2014 and 2013.

22. STATUTORY RESERVE

In accordance with the Company's by-laws, 20% of its net income of the year istransferred to the statutory reserve. The Company may resolve to discontinue such transfers when the reserve totals 100% of the capital. This reserve is not available for distribution to shareholders.

23. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	201	14	201	3
	Reinsurance operations SR	Shareholders' operations SR	Reinsurance operations SR	Shareholders' operations SR
Salaries and related benefits	15,923,002	6,534,435	16,588,272	7,090,059
Travelling expenses	1,461,667	374,197	1,292,244	460,692
Depreciation (note 14)	2,082,527	683,544	580,956	639,081
Rent and premises expenses	468,935	611,654	586,114	570,949
Advertising	482,204	809,657	404,190	909,605
Professional fees	370,307	1,655,980	245,064	1,033,754
Withholding tax	24,170	70,343	157,419	
Consulting fees	124,270	711,341	-	2,175,626
Licensing fees		526,750	25	429,000
Others	2,414,004	2,969,515	1,704,005	
	23,351,086	14,947,416	21,558,264	13,308,766

24. BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND EXPENSES

	2014 SR	2013 SR
Board of directors' remuneration	1,020,000	-
Meeting fees and expenses	538,388	335,465
	1,558,388	335,465

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The following are the details of related party transactions during the year andbalances at the end of the year:

		Amount oftransa year ended 31		Balance as at 31	December
Related party	Nature of transactions	2014 SR	2013 SR	2014 SR	2013 SR
Board of directors	Consulting fees	383,376	326,829		
(BOD)	Remuneration	1,020,000			248,129
	Meeting fees and expenses	538,388	335,465	204,000	
Key management	Short term benefits	7,452,824	7,644,521	700,000	2,173,000
personnel	End of service benefits	357,091	205,489	741,820	446,650
Companies	Gross written premiums	6,172,269	11,497,725	4,644,525	3,059,023
represented by	Claims incurred	934,749	5,929,164	5,892,390	6,276,664
the BOD members	Commission	1,561,007	4,233,291	C 400 € 500 € 700 € 5	00000000000000000000000000000000000000

Balances with related parties are included in premium receivables, accrued expenses and other liabilities shown in the statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

26. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic and dilutedearnings (loss) per share for the years ended 31 December 2014and 31 December 2013have been calculated by dividing netincome (loss) for the year by the average ordinary issued and outstanding shares at the end of the year.

27. STATUTORY DEPOSIT

The Company has deposited an amount of SR 100 million with a local bank representing the statutory deposit of 10% of its paid-up capital as required by the Implementing Regulations of the "Law On Supervision of Cooperative Insurance Companies" issued by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency. This statutory deposit cannot be withdrawn without the consent of the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency.

28. NET(DEFICIT) SURPLUS FROM REINSURANCE OPERATIONS

Net (deficit) surplus from reinsurance operationshas beencharged to the statement of shareholders' operations. The total (deficit) surplus charged from the date of incorporation of the Company to 31 December 2014 is as follows:

		SR
For the period from 1 May 2008 to 31 December 2008		(11,925,491) (20,545,633)
For the year ended 31 December 2009		
For the year ended 31 December 2010		(21,935,456)
For the year ended 31 December 2011		(37,083,139)
For the year ended 31 December 2012		8,388,698
For the year ended 31 December 2013		(139,604,488)
For the year ended 31 December 2014		(9,397,008)
		(232,102,517)
29. NET CLAIMS PAID		52752
	2014	2013
	SR	SR
Gross claims paid	242,980,550	108,321,996
Retroceded share of claims paid	(27,284,732)	(10,162,801)
Net claims paid	215,695,818	98,159,195
	A A	

Net claims paid include all amounts paid and amounts received through claim portfolio transfers from insurance companies. A respective provision is provided for such claim portfolio transfers in the outstanding claims.

SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

IFRS 8 requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Company that are regularly reviewed by the chief decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess its performance.

Consistent with the Company's internal reporting process, business and geographical segments have been approved by the Management Committee in respect of the Company's activities, assets and liabilities as stated below.

Segment results do not includerealized and unrealized gains on investments held at fair value through income statement, other income, investment management expenses and all general and administrative expenses except depreciation.

Segment assets do not include cash and cash equivalents of reinsurance operations, time deposits, investments held at fair valuethrough income statement, prepaid expenses and other assets, due from shareholders' operations and property and equipment, net.

Segment liabilities do not include surplus distribution payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities and employees' end of service benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) As at 31December 2014

SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)

30.1 Business segments

The Company revises periodically its estimated gross written premiums and related retroceded premium upon receipt of actual information from cedants. In some business segments, this results in negative gross written premiums, positive retroceded premiums and negative net written premiums for the year when the revision took place.

	Engineering SR	Fire	Marine SR	Motor SR	Life	General Accident SR	Others SR	Total SR
For the year ended 31 December 2014								
Reinsurance operations' results								
Gross written premiums	87,406,366	212,311,444	55,227,018	24,980,693	97,019,188	37,435,789	41,909,642	556,290,140
Retroceded premiums	(6,674,174)	154,867	315,845	٠	(909)	25,947	76,829	(6,101,192)
Excess of loss expenses	(7,210,479)	(23,582,591)	(1,192,307)	(390,013)	(1,929,474)	(411,886)	(877,824)	(35,594,574)
Net written premiums	73,521,713	188,883,720	54,350,556	24,590,680	95,089,208	37,049,850	41,108,647	514,594,374
Change in net unearned premiums	(4,356,054)	(23,884,961)	(3,446,679)	17,607,701	(1,116,661)	(4,347,957)	(4,152,672)	(23,697,283)
Net earned premiums	69,165,659	164,998,759	50,903,877	42,198,381	93,972,547	32,701,893	36,955,975	490,897,091
Net claims paid	(13,721,735)	(95,545,903)	(12,942,772)	(22,499,600)	(49,172,597)	(2,043,693)	(19,769,518)	(215,695,818)
Change in net outstanding claims	(50,486,473)	(38,998,892)	(17,521,205)	(18,815,702)	(17,953,499)	(10,246,289)	(31,292,656)	(185,314,716)
Net claims incurred	(64,208,208)	(134,544,795)	(30,463,977)	(41,315,302)	(67,126,096)	(12,289,982)	(51,062,174)	(401,010,534)
Gross acquisition costs	(19,562,216)	(48,767,601)	(14,793,645)	(6,450,577)	(3,454,822)	(8,197,800)	(2,584,739)	(103,811,400)
Commissions on retroceded business	1,846,964	111,591	(194,395)	•	14,553	177,817	(8,350)	1,948,180
Supervision and inspection fees	(437,032)	(1,061,557)	(276,135)	(124,903)	(485,096)	(187,179)	(209,549)	(2,781,451)
Net acquisition costs	(18,152,284)	(49,717,567)	(15,264,175)	(6,575,480)	(3,925,365)	(8,207,162)	(2,802,638)	(104,644,671)
Change in premium deficiency reserve	(3,685,000)	37,192,000	(1,219,349)	5,538,000	(8,133,000)	(1,734,000)	(1,791,651)	26,167,000
Net underwriting results	(16,879,833)	17,928,397	3,956,376	(154,401)	14,788,086	10,470,749	(18,700,488)	11,408,886

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December 2014

30. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)

30.1 Business segments (continued)

159,958,612 45,638,048 50,625,872 (360,083) (607,123) (352,128) (18,709,936) (2,454,048) (352,128) (18,709,936) (2,454,048) (352,128) (18,892,871) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,214,995,722 35,321,962 30,583,018 (125,492,746) (11,541,116) (14,436,345) (170,986,474) (19,992,771) (20,877,101) (7) (37,766,576) (11,601,366) (7,270,845) (17,997,74) (11,601,366) (7,270,845) (17,997,74) (11,602,062) (7,523,974) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) (16,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379		Engineering SR	S. R.	Marine SR	Motor	Life SR	General Accident SR	Others	Total
T6,638,325 159,958,612 45,638,048 50,625,872 (5,076,426) (360,083) (607,123) (607,123) (352,128) (4,361,535) (18,709,936) (2,454,048) (352,128) (67,200,364 140,888,593 42,576,877 50,273,744 (27,786,432) (18,892,877) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (17,254,915) (17,254,915) (17,541,116) (14,436,345) (37,609,569) (170,986,474) (19,992,771) (20,877,101) (37,609,569) (170,986,474) (19,992,771) (20,877,101) (37,609,569) (170,986,474) (19,992,771) (20,877,101) (37,609,569) (170,986,474) (19,992,771) (20,877,101) (38,1191) (37,786,576) (11,601,366) (7,270,845) (16,277,926) (38,166,671) (11,601,366) (7,523,974) (15,277,926) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) (14,473,590) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) (113,412,75 219,791,772 51,230,751 13,472,020 17,311,444 3993,224,537 63,143,310 49,731,040 6	r the year ended 31 December 2013								
(5,076,426) (360,083) (607,123) (4,361,535) (18,709,936) (2,454,048) (352,128) (4,361,535) (18,709,936) (2,454,048) (352,128) (67,200,364 140,888,593 42,576,877 50,273,744 (7,264,32) (18,892,877) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,524,915) (19,690,726) (7,524,915) (19,690,726) (7,523,108) (15,465,761) (15,413,116) (14,438,345) (15,493,728) (11,541,116) (14,438,345) (170,986,474) (19,992,771) (20,877,101) (18,726,487) (170,986,474) (19,992,771) (20,877,101) (18,726,487) (19,9794) (228,190) (228,190) (253,129) (16,277,926) (38,166,671) (11,602,062) (7,523,974) (16,277,926) (199,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) (14,473,590) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) (14,473,590) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) (13,472,020 7,461,414 393,224,537 63,143,310 49,731,040 6	ninsurance operations' results	76 638 325	159.958.612	45.638.048	50.625.872	51,314,090	16,888,005	19,023,384	420,086,336
(4,361,535) (18,709,936) (2,454,048) (352,128) (67,200,364 140,888,593 42,576,877 50,273,744 (67,264,32) (18,892,877) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (14,436,345) (7,276,847) (10,986,474) (19,992,771) (20,877,101) (7,209,487) (170,986,474) (19,992,771) (20,877,101) (7,209,487) (18,726,487) (170,986,474) (11,601,366) (7,270,845) (16,277,926) (170,986,474) (11,602,062) (7,273,974) (16,277,926) (109,933,063) (109,933,063) (109,933,063) (109,933,063) (109,933,063) (113,412,75) (113,414,275) (113,414,275) (113,412,310) (196,933,063) (103,527,160) (166,836,664) (41,668,488) (36,199,379) (41,668,488) (41	troceded premiums	(5,076,426)	(360,083)	(607,123)		(277,526)	(72,126)	(55,915)	(6,449,199)
ms (27,786,432) (18,892,871) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (125,492,746) (11,541,116) (14,436,345) (125,492,746) (11,541,116) (14,436,345) (125,492,746) (11,541,116) (14,436,345) (137,609,596) (170,986,474) (19,992,771) (20,877,101) (7,270,845) (18,726,487) (37,766,576) (11,601,366) (7,270,845) (18,726,487) (199,794) (228,190) (253,129) (16,277,926) (38,166,671) (11,602,062) (7,523,974) (227,7494 (16,277,926) (109,933,063) (109,933,063) (109,933,063) (109,933,063) (109,933,063) (13,472,020 (13,472,020) (113,114,275 (19,791,772 (13,1310 49,731,040 8) (13,527,160 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379 4	cess of loss expenses	(4,361,535)	(18,709,936)	(2,454,048)	(352,128)	(637,923)	(775,580)	(525,612)	(27,816,762)
ms (27,786,432) (18,892,871) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,254,915) (19,690,726) (7,226,761) (45,493,722) 35,321,962 30,583,018 (32,343,835) (125,492,746) (11,541,116) (14,436,345) (125,492,746) (11,541,116) (14,436,345) (18,726,487) (37,766,576) (11,601,366) (7,270,845) (18,726,487) (37,766,576) (11,601,366) (7,270,845) (18,726,487) (799,794) (228,190) (228,190) (253,129) (16,277,926) (109,933,063) (109,933,063) (1,209,771) (1,209,417) (14,473,590) (109,933,063) (1,209,751) (1,209,417) (13,114,275 219,791,772 51,230,751 13,472,020 173,517,160 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379 4	t written premiums	67,200,364	140,888,593	42,576,877	50,273,744	50,398,641	16,040,299	18,441,857	385,820,375
18 39,413,932 121,995,722 35,321,962 30,583,018 (5,265,761) (45,493,728) (8,451,655) (6,440,756) (7,4436,345) (32,343,835) (126,492,746) (11,541,116) (14,436,345) (6,440,756) (7,270,845) (18,726,487) (37,766,576) (11,601,366) (7,270,845) (18,726,487) (37,766,576) (11,601,366) (7,270,845) (18,726,487) (38,166,671) (11,602,062) (7,523,374) eserve (14,473,590) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) Engineering Fire Marine Motor SR SR SR 113,114,275 219,791,772 51,230,751 13,472,020 207,461,414 393,224,537 63,143,310 49,731,040 6 103,527,160 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379 6	lange in net unearned premiums	(27,786,432)	(18,892,871)	(7,254,915)	(19,690,726)	(17,286,135)	(4,454,502)	(692,227)	(96,057,808)
(5,265,761) (45,493,728) (8,451,655) (6,440,756) (7,32,343,835) (125,492,746) (11,541,116) (14,436,345) (137,609,596) (170,986,474) (19,992,771) (20,877,101) (7,270,845) (18,726,487) (37,766,576) (11,601,366) (7,270,845) (383,191) (799,794) (228,190) (253,129) (383,191) (799,794) (228,190) (253,129) (16,277,926) (38,166,671) (11,602,062) (7,523,974) (14,473,590) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) SR SR SR SR SR 113,114,275 219,791,772 51,230,751 13,472,020 (103,527,160) 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379	t earned premiums	39,413,932	121,995,722	35,321,962	30,583,018	33,112,506	11,585,797	17,749,630	289,762,567
iness (32,343,835) (125,492,746) (11,541,116) (14,436,345) (17,609,596) (170,986,474) (19,992,771) (20,877,101) (1,8726,487) (37,766,576) (11,601,366) (7,270,845) (18,726,487) (799,794) (227,494 (228,190) (253,129) (16,277,926) (38,166,671) (11,602,062) (7,523,974) (14,473,590) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) (14,473,590) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) (13,114,275 219,791,772 51,230,751 13,472,020 (207,461,414 393,224,537 63,143,310 49,731,040 (103,527,160) 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379	et claims paid	(5,265,761)	(45,493,728)	(8,451,655)	(6,440,756)	(10,969,156)	(362,352)	(21,175,787)	(98,159,195)
iness (37,609,596) (170,986,474) (19,992,771) (20,877,101) (18,726,487) (37,766,576) (11,601,366) (7,270,845) (18,726,487) (39,699 (228,190) (228,190) (263,129) (16,277,926) (38,166,671) (11,602,062) (7,523,974) (227,7926) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) (14,473,590) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) (113,114,275 219,791,772 51,230,751 13,472,020 207,461,414 393,224,537 63,143,310 49,731,040 (103,527,160 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379	nange in net outstanding claims	(32,343,835)	(125,492,746)	(11,541,116)	(14,436,345)	(9,161,463)	(5,016,123)	(4,105,998)	(202,097,626)
iness (18,726,487) (37,766,576) (11,601,366) (7,270,845) 2,831,752 399,699 227,494 - (383,191) (799,794) (228,190) (263,129) - (22,775,640) - (22,775,640) - (22,775,640) - (22,775,640) - (32,775,640) - (32,775,640) - (32,775,640) - (32,775,640) - (33,391,360) - (33,391,360) - (14,473,590) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) Engineering Fire Marine Motor SR SR - S	et claims incurred	(37,609,596)	(170,986,474)	(19,992,771)	(20,877,101)	(20,130,619)	(5,378,475)	(25,281,785)	(300,256,821)
iness 2,831,752 399,699 227,494 (228,129) (253,129) (16,277,926) (38,166,671) (11,602,062) (7,523,974) (14,473,590) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) (113,114,275 219,791,772 51,230,751 13,472,020 207,461,414 393,224,537 63,143,310 49,731,040 (103,527,160 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379	oss acquisition costs	(18,726,487)	(37,766,576)	(11,601,366)	(7,270,845)	(1,680,801)	(4,611,972)	(1,672,134)	(83,330,181)
(16,277,926) (38,166,671) (11,602,062) (263,129) (16,277,926) (38,166,671) (11,602,062) (7,523,974) - (22,775,640) - (3,391,360) (14,473,590) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) Engineering Fire Marine Motor SR	mmissions on retroceded business	2,831,752	399,699	227,494	,	7,919	(45,599)	16,160	3,437,425
eserve (16,277,926) (38,166,671) (11,602,062) (7,523,974) - (22,775,640) - (3,391,360) - (14,473,590) (109,933,063) 3,727,129 (1,209,417) Engineering Fire Marine Motor SR SR SR 113,114,275 219,791,772 51,230,751 13,472,020 207,461,414 393,224,537 63,143,310 49,731,040 (103,527,160 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379	pervision and inspection fees	(383,191)	(799,794)	(228,190)	(253,129)	(256,571)	(84,439)	(95,118)	(2,100,432)
Engineering Fire Marine Motor SR SR SR S1,230,751,129 (1,209,417) T13,114,275 219,791,772 51,230,751 13,472,020 103,527,160 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379	st acquisition costs	(16,277,926)	(38,166,671)	(11,602,062)	(7,523,974)	(1,929,453)	(4,742,010)	(1,751,092)	(81,993,188)
Engineering Fire Marine Motor SR SR SR SR 27,129 (1,209,417) 113,114,275 219,791,772 51,230,751 13,472,020 207,461,414 393,224,537 63,143,310 49,731,040 6103,527,160 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379	nange in premium deficiency reserve		(22,775,640)	•	(3,391,360)		•	•	(26,167,000)
Engineering Fire Marine Motor SR SR SR SR 113,114,275 219,791,772 51,230,751 13,472,020 207,461,414 393,224,537 63,143,310 49,731,040 103,527,160 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379	et underwriting results	(14,473,590)	(109,933,063)	3,727,129	(1,209,417)	11,052,434	1,465,312	(9,283,247)	(118,654,442)
113,114,275 219,791,772 51,230,751 13,472,020 207,461,414 393,224,537 63,143,310 49,731,040 103,527,160 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379		Engineering SR	Fire	Marine SR	Motor SR	Life	General Accident SR	Others	Total
207,461,414 393,224,537 63,143,310 49,731,040 103,527,160 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379	s at 31 December 2014	113,114,275	219,791,772	51,230,751	13,472,020	70,577,546	26,947,223	25,836,246	520,969,833
103,527,160 166,836,664 41,668,488 36,199,379	egment liabilities	207,461,414	393,224,537	63,143,310	49,731,040	61,017,335	36,993,159	988'666'59	876,970,681
	s at 31 December 2013 coment assets	103,527,160	166,836,664	41,668,488	36,199,379	45,316,934	13,281,021	5,927,760	412,757,406
41,327,375 55,423,795	egment liabilities	157,268,596	355,912,832	41,327,375	55,423,795	31,057,348	19,120,778	26,431,256	686,541,980

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

30. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)

30.2 Geographical segments

		Other Middle			
	Kingdom of	Eastern			
	Saudi Arabia SR	Countries SR	Africa SR	Asia SR	Total SR
For the year ended 31 December	OI C	- OK	- Oil		
2014					
Reinsurance operations' results		01051110	00 004 400	440 000 005	FFC 000 440
Gross written premiums	278,817,861	94,954,416	63,884,168	118,633,695	556,290,140
Retroceded premiums	(5,085,095)	(921,127)	(94,970)	(0.700 E40)	(6,101,192)
Excess of loss expenses	(22,443,089)	(6,219,823)	(3,201,119)	(3,730,543)	(35,594,574)
Net written premiums	251,289,677	87,813,466	60,588,079	114,903,152	514,594,374
Change in net unearned premiums	(3,139,991)	(6,417,500)	4,384,888	(18,524,680)	(23,697,283)
Net earned premiums	248,149,686	81,395,966	64,972,967	96,378,472	490,897,091
Net claims paid	(134,643,340)	(26,983,273)	(36,258,948)	(17,810,257)	(215,695,818)
Change in net outstanding claims	(61,721,664)	(30,745,753)	(25,882,603)	(66,964,696)	(185,314,716)
Net claims incurred	(196,365,004)	(57,729,026)	(62,141,551)	(84,774,953)	(401,010,534)
Gross acquisition costs	(52,043,049)	(18,618,356)	(13,665,799)	(19,484,196)	(103,811,400)
Commissions on retroceded business	1,459,383	480,088	8,709	24247232	1,948,180
Supervision and inspection fees	(1,394,089)	(474,772)	(319,421)	(593,169)	(2,781,451)
Net acquisition costs	(51,977,755)	(18,613,040)	(13,976,511)	(20,077,365)	(104,644,671)
Change in premium deficiency reserve	11,101,705	7,003,233	4,428,334	3,633,728	26,167,000
Net underwriting results	10,908,632	12,057,133	(6,716,761)	(4,840,118)	11,408,886
For the year ended 31 December 2013					
Reinsurance operations' results					
Gross written premiums	221,272,461	75,849,503	63,565,155	59,399,217	420,086,336
Retroceded premiums	(4,584,680)	(1,726,397)	(138,122)	200 0 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	(6,449,199)
Excess of loss expenses	(19,470,266)	(4,157,760)	(2,833,284)	(1,355,452)	(27,816,762)
Net written premiums	197,217,515	69,965,346	60,593,749	58,043,765	385,820,375
Change in net unearned premiums	(48,655,807)	(11,106,177)	(13,434,031)	(22,861,793)	(96,057,808)
Net earned premiums	148,561,708	58,859,169	47,159,718	35,181,972	289,762,567
Net claims paid	(61,407,178)	(8,498,910)	(12,818,118)	(15,434,989)	(98,159,195)
Change in net outstanding claims	(131,372,799)	(30,332,147)	(25,226,232)	(15,166,448)	(202,097,626)
Net claims incurred	(192,779,977)	(38,831,057)	(38,044,350)	(30,601,437)	(300,256,821)
Gross acquisition costs	(46,539,050)	(14,274,060)	(13,439,316)	(9,077,755)	(83,330,181)
Commissions on retroceded business	2,776,167	585,490	75,768	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	3,437,425
Supervision and inspection fees	(1,106,363)	(379,247)	(317,826)	(296,996)	(2,100,432)
Net acquisition costs	(44,869,246)	(14,067,817)	(13,681,374)	(9,374,751)	(81,993,188)
Change in premium deficiency reserve	(17,871,292)	(1,215,233)	(3,687,497)	(3,392,978)	(26,167,000)
Net underwriting results	(106,958,807)	4,745,062	(8,253,503)	(8,187,194)	(118,654,442)
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10. 30				
		Other Middle			
	Kingdom of	Eastern	*****	A = 1 =	Tetal
	Saudi Arabia SR	Countries SR	Africa SR	Asia SR	Total SR
As at 31 December 2014			0.000.000		13-19-19-70
Segment assets	304,989,613	88,339,001	44,527,103	83,114,116	520,969,833
24. CO (4.00 CO) (4.00 CO (4.00 CO (4.00 CO (4.00 CO (4.00 CO (4.00 CO (4.00 CO) (4.00 CO (4.00 CO (4.00 CO (4.00 CO) (4.00 CO) (4.00 CO (4.00 CO) (070 070 004
Segment liabilities	522,011,642	144,200,215	64,194,324	146,564,500	876,970,681
Segment liabilities As at 31 December 2013	2019/2014 0 10:00 400	577250.1-0(7) 0.4500.5	5948957816677556	Freez durk and Court of the	A STANCE DA LINGUA NACI
	522,011,642 282,957,953	144,200,215 59,283,701	64,194,324 33,769,136	146,564,500 36,746,616	412,757,406

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

31. RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk governance

The Company's risk governance is manifested in a set of established policies, procedures and controls which uses the existing organizational structure to meet strategic targets. The Company's philosophy revolves on willing and knowledgeable risk acceptance commensurate with the risk appetite and a strategic plan approved by the Board of Directors. The Company is exposed to insurance, retrocession, special commission rate, credit, liquidity and currency risks.

Risk management structure

A cohesive organizational structure is established within the Company in order to identify, assess, monitor and control risks.

Board of Directors

The apex of risk governance is the centralized oversight of the Board of Directors providing direction and the necessary approvals of strategies and policies in order to achieve defined corporate goals.

Senior management

Senior Management is responsible for the day to day operations towards achieving the strategic goals within the Company's predefined risk appetite.

The risks faced by the Company and the way these risks are mitigated by Managementare as follows:

31.1 Reinsurance risk

The risk resulting from reinsurance business written is the risk that an insured event will occur including the uncertainty of the amount and timing of any resulting claim. The principal risk the Company faces under such reinsurance contracts is that the actual claims and benefit payments exceed the carrying amount of reinsurance liabilities. This is influenced by the frequency of claims, severity of claims, actual benefits paid being greater than originally estimated and subsequent development of long-term claims.

The variability of risks is improved by the diversification of the risks written and the build-up of a large portfolio of reinsurance contracts, (inward business) as a more diversified portfolio is less likely to be affected across the board by change in any subset of the portfolio. The variability of risks is also improved by a careful selection of inward business, by the underwriting guidelines as well as the use of retrocession protection. The Company's underwriting strategy includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- Diversification in the type of accepted risks, and within each of these categories to achieve sufficiently large population of risks to reduce the variability of the expected outcome.
- Diversification of the underwriting risks in terms of type and amount of risk, industry and geographical location.

In order to minimize its financial exposure arising from large claims, the Company in the normal course of business, enters into retrocession agreements with other parties. Such retrocession agreements provide for higher underwriting capacity, and allow Management to contain exposure with the risk appetite of the Company. The retrocession is effected under proportional treaties such as quota share and surplus and non-proportional treaties such as excess of loss for risk and catastrophe to ensure its net retention is aligned with its risk tolerance.

Although the Company has retrocession agreements, it is not relieved of its direct obligations to its ceding companies and thus a credit exposure exists with respect to its retrocessionaires, to the extent that any retrocessionaire is unable to meet its obligations assumed under such retrocession agreements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

31. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

31.1 Reinsurance risk (continued)

Geographical concentration of risk

The Company accepts reinsurance business from insurance companies in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the Middle East, Africa and Asia. The written premiums are distributed geographically as follows:

		For the year ended 31 December 2014		
	Amount SR	Percentage		
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	278,817,861	50%		
Other Middle Eastern Countries Africa Asia	94,954,416 63,884,168 118,633,695	17% 12% 21%		
	556,290,140	100%		
	For the year 31 Decemb			
	Amount SR	Percentage		
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	221,272,461	53%		
Other Middle Eastern Countries Africa Asia	75,849,503 63,565,155 59,399,217	18% 15% 14%		
	420,086,336	100%		

Key assumptions

The key assumptions underlying the liability estimates are the Company's estimated ultimate loss ratio. The ultimate loss ratio was determined using actuarial methods.

Sensitivities

The analysis below is performed for reasonably possible movements in key assumptions such as the ultimate loss ratio with all other assumptions held constant showing the impact on net liabilities and net income as follows:

31 December 2014

	Change in assumptions	Net impact on net liabilities SR	Impact on net income SR
Ultimate loss ratio	+10%	49,089,710	49,089,710
	-10%	(49,089,710)	(49,089,710)
31 December 2013	Change in	Net Impact on net liabilities	Impact on net income
	assumptions	SR	SR
Ultimate loss ratio	+10%	28,976,257	28,976,257
	-10%	(28,976,257)	(28,976,257)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

31. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

31.2 Retrocession risk

In order to minimize its financial exposure arising from large claims, the Company in the normal course of business, enters into retrocession agreements with other parties. Amounts recoverable from retrocessionare are estimated and recognized in a manner consistent with the amounts associated with the underlying accepted policy benefits and in accordance with the terms of the respective retrocession treaties and are presented in the statement of financial position as reinsurance assets

To minimize its exposure to significant losses from retrocessionaire insolvencies, the Company evaluates the financial condition of its retrocessionaires and monitors concentrations of credit risk arising from similar geographic regions, activities or economic characteristics of the retrocessionaire.

Retrocessionaires are selected using the following parameters and guidelines set by the Company's Board of Directors and Risk and Underwriting Committee. The criteria may be summarized as follows:

- Minimum acceptable credit rating by recognized rating agencies (e.g. Standard &Poors) that is not lower than BBB (S&P) or equivalent.
- Reputation of particular retrocessionairecompanies.
- c. Existing or past business experience with the retrocessionaire.

Furthermore, the financial strength, managerial and technical expertise as well as historical performance, wherever applicable, are thoroughly reviewed by the Company and matched against a list of requirements pre-set by the Company's Board of Directors and Risk and Underwriting Committee before approving them as retrocessionaires.

Retrocession contracts do not relieve the Company from its obligations to ceding companies and as a result the Company remains liable for the portion of outstanding claims reinsured to the extent that the retrocessionaire fails to meet the obligations under the retrocession agreements.

31.3 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party will fail to discharge an obligation related to a financial instrument and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

For all classes of financial assets held by the Company, the maximum exposure to credit risk to the Company is the carrying value as disclosed in the statement of financial position.

39% of the Company's receivables is due from two ceding and two brokercompanies as at 31 December 2014 (31 December 2013: 37%)

However, the following policies and procedures are in place to mitigate the Company's exposure to credit risk:

- To minimize its exposure to significant losses from retrocessionaires insolvencies, the Company evaluates the
 financial condition of its retrocessionaires counterparties. Accordingly, as a pre-requisite, the parties with whom
 retrocession is effected are required to have a minimum acceptable security rating level affirming their financial
 strength.
- The Company enters into inward insurance contracts with recognized, creditworthy third parties. In addition, receivables from ceding companies are monitored on an ongoing basis in order to reduce the Company's exposure to had debts.
- The Company seeks to limit credit risk with respect to ceding companies through monitoring outstanding receivables.
- The Company, with respect to credit risk arising from other financial assets, only deals with commercial banks with strong financial position and credit ratings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

31. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

31.3 Credit risk (continued)

The table below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for the assets of the statements of financial position.

	31 December SR	er 2014	31 Decemb	
_	Reinsurance operations	Shareholders' operations	Reinsurance operations	Shareholders' operations
Cash and bank balances	1,454,864	2,567,730	5,268,638	85,673,516
Time deposits	13,125,000	24,000,000	-	37,500,000
Premiums receivable	112,739,098		70,492,623	0.70
Prepaid expenses and other assets	28,113,134	7,100,713	1,069,002	5,738,119
Retroceded share of outstanding claims	105,139,646	7.0	104,888,575	5.75
Accrued special commission income from time deposits	5) T	70,035		1,040,241
Accrued special commission income from bonds and sukuk	•	3,703,766		3,295,158
Held to maturity investments		145,470,427		173,995,409
Statutory deposit	•	100,000,000		100,000,000
	260,571,742	282,912,671	181,718,838	407,242,443

The credit quality for held to maturity investments is as follows:

	31 December 2014 SR	31 December 2013 SR
Standard and Poors "AA-" to "AA"	47,228,989	56,760,435
Standard and Poors "A-" to "A+"	93,760,109	112,756,632
Standard and Poors "BBB"	4,481,329	4,478,342
	145,470,427	173,995,409

The used rating grades for investments are being adopted by Standard &Poors.

31.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in raising fundsto meet commitments associated with its financial liabilities.

Liquidity requirements are monitored on a monthly basis and management ensures that sufficient liquid funds are available to meet any commitments as they arise.

All time deposits held by the Company at the statement of financial position date had original maturity periods between three months and five years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

31 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

31.4 Liquidity risk (continued)

Maturity profiles

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the financial liabilities of the Company based on remaining expected undiscounted contractual obligations. Maturity profiles are determined based on estimated timing of net cash outflows from the recognised insurance liabilities. Unearned premiums and premium deficiency reserves have been excluded from the analysis as they are not contractual obligations. Employees' end of service benefits do not have any fixed maturity.

			31 Decem	ber 2014		
	Reinsu	rance' operati	ons	Share	holders' opera	tions
	Up to one year SR	More than one year SR	Total SR	Up to one year SR	More than one year SR	Total SR
LIABILITIES	Custom Street Chief August		***************************************			
Accounts payable	22,617,656		22,617,656			
Retrocession balances payable	4,173,060	~	4,173,060			
Accrued retroceded premiums	1,129,253		1,129,253	39		
Gross outstanding claims	609,842,291	*	609,842,291			-
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	2,479,662	*	2,479,662	8,219,064		8,219,064
Provision for zakat and income tax	12.600		34 (4)	35,441,642		35,441,642
	640,241,922	*	640,241,922	43,660,706		43,660,706

			31 Decemb	per 2013		
	Reinsu	rance operatio	ns	Share	holders' opera	tions
	Up to one year SR	More than one year SR	Total SR	Up to one year SR	More than one year SR	Total SR
LIABILITIES				20000000000		
Accounts payable	8,143,048	*	8,143,048	500,000	63	500,000
Retrocession balances payable	7,615,523	*	7,615,523	18	-83	- 63
Accrued retroceded premiums	4,463,127		4,463,127	39	83	5 21
Gross outstanding claims	424,276,504	-	424,276,504	-	8 3	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	5,923,389		5,923,389	6,641,169	8 3	6,641,169
Provision for zakat and income tax			•	33,184,598	-	33,184,598
The management of the second o	450,421,591		450,421,591	40,325,767	- 10	40,325,767

Liquidity profile

None of the liabilities shown in the statement of financial positionare based on discounted cash flows as they are all payable within twelve months of the statement of financial position date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

31 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

31.4 Liquidity risk (continued)

Maturity analysis on expected maturity bases

			31 Decem	ber 2014		
	Rein	surance' opera	ations	Shar	eholders' ope	rations
	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	t Total
	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR.
ASSETS						
Cash and bank balances	1,454,864	9	1,454,864	2,567,730	-	2,567,730
Time deposits	13,125,000	2	13,125,000	24,000,000	2	24,000,000
Premium receivables, net	112,739,098	2	112,739,098	-	2	2
Investments held at fair value through		2		732,671,564		732,671,564
income statement	124,911,737		124,911,737	102,011,004		102,011,001
Accrued insurance premiums	220,186,253	2	220,186,253	-	-	1
Retroceded share of outstanding		2		2		20
claims	105,139,646		105,139,646			
Prepaid expenses and other assets	28,113,134	2	28,113,134	7,100,713	-	7,100,713
Due from shareholders' operations	188,019,813	-	188,019,813	-		2
Retroceded share of unearned		ু				2
premiums	2,080,440		2,080,440			
Deferred acquisition costs	63,512,581	•	63,512,581	2	-	-
Deferred excess of loss premiums	17,311,815	₩.	17,311,815	-	-	2
Property and equipment, net		6,269,040	6,269,040		33,521,502	33,521,502
Held to maturity investments	-		-	93,760,109	51,710,318	145,470,427
Accrued special commission income from time deposits	•	-		•	70,035	70,035
Accrued special commission income from bonds and sukuk		•	S	9	3,703,766	3,703,766
Statutory deposit	<u>_</u>	- 12			100,000,000	100,000,000
5	876,594,381	6,269,040	882,863,421	860,100,116	189,005,621	1,049,105,737
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	22,617,656	- 2	22,617,656	8	2	9
Retrocession balances payable	4,173,060	1	4,173,060	8		3
Accrued retroceded premiums	1,129,253		1,129,253	8		3
Gross unearned premiums	238,458,639		238,458,639	- 9		3
Gross outstanding claims	609,842,291		609,842,291			3
Premium deficiency reserve	000,042,201	- 1	003,042,231			3
Unearned commission income	749,782	- 3	749,782	8		8
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	2,479,662	9	2,479,662	8,219,064		8,219,064
Employees' end of service benefits	2,475,002	2,481,001	2,481,001	0,210,004		0,210,004
Provision for zakat and income tax		-1.011001		35,441,642		35,441,642
Due to reinsurance operations				188,019,813		188,019,813
	879,450,343	2,481,001	881,931,344	231,680,519	-	231,680,519

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

31 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

31.4 Liquidity risk (continued)

Maturity analysis on expected maturity bases (continued)

			31 Decem	ber 2013		
-	Reir	nsurance operat			reholders' oper	ations
	Current SR	Non-current SR	Total SR	Current SR	Non-current SR	
ASSETS	STORE REPORTS AND A MAKEN		12412-1242-124-124-124-124-124-124-124-1	2 - 452 + 233 + 245 + 145 + 146		743070-2003-0-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-
Cash and bank balances Time deposits	5,268,638	# 34	5,268,638	85,673,516 -	37,500,000	85,673,516 37,500,000
Premium receivables, net	70,492,623	-	70,492,623		-	50
Investments held at fair value through income statement	95,329,159	*	95,329,159	595,179,554	=	595,179,554
Accrued insurance premiums Retroceded share of outstanding	164,869,180	*	164,869,180	-		53
claims	104,888,575		104,888,575	~		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	1,069,002	-	1,069,002	5,738,119		5,738,119
Due from shareholders' operations	173,315,949	-	173,315,949	-	-	33
Retroceded share of unearned premiums	2,344,151		2,344,151		-	7.0
Deferred acquisition costs	54,445,929		54,445,929			_
Deferred excess of loss premiums	15,716,948	-	15,716,948	-	-	-
Property and equipment, net	10,710,040	7,337,119	7,337,119		32,991,742	32,991,742
Held to maturity investments		7,007,110	- 1,007,110	28,427,662	145,567,747	173,995,409
Accrued special commission income				-		
from time deposits		79			1,040,241	1,040,241
Accrued special commission income						
from bonds and sukuk		€ 	135		3,295,158	3,295,158
Statutory deposit	19	28	je.		100,000,000	100,000,000
	687,740,154	7,337,119	695,077,273	715,018,851	320,394,888	1,035,413,739
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	8,143,048		8,143,048	500,000	-	500,000
Retrocession balances payable	7,615,523	- 2	7,615,523	-	-	
Accrued retroceded premiums	4,463,127		4,463,127	-	*3	~
Gross unearned premiums	215,025,067	12	215,025,067	-	-	-
Gross outstanding claims	424,276,504		424,276,504	-	-	*
Premium deficiency reserve	26,167,000	89	26,167,000			8
Unearned commission income	810,894		810,894	-		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	5,923,389	-	5,923,389	6,641,169		6,641,169
Employees' end of service benefits		1,720,644	1,720,644	1160		61 USA
Provision for zakat and income tax	2	1000 - 10		33,184,598	-	33,184,598
Due to reinsurance operations	-			173,315,949	X)	173,315,949
12	692,424,552	1,720,644	694,145,196	213,641,716	*	213,641,716

31.5 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's transactions are carried out in local and foreign currencies. Management believes that there is no significant foreign currency exposure since most of the Company's transactions not denominated in Saudi Riyalswere undertaken in foreign currencies which are pegged to the Saudi Riyal.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December 2014

. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

31.5 Currency risk (continued)

The table below represents the Company's assets and liabilities denominated in major currencies as follows:

31 December 2014	SR	OSD	QAR	AED	EUR	KWD	IN	Other	Total
	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR
ASSETS									
Reinsurance operations									
Cash and bank balances	751,043	8,176	•	408,478	287,167	•		•	1,454,864
Time deposits	•	13,125,000			٠	•	٠	•	13,125,000
Premiums receivable	31,728,130	29,498,950	2,082,245	3,611,000	91,886	5,618,679	12,314,311	27,793,897	112,739,098
Investments held at fair value									
through income statement	59,958,865	64,952,872	×	×		•		2.	124,911,737
Accrued insurance premiums	88,749,219	42,953,777	10,972,209	9,078,460	476,021	2,182,266	15,351,466	50,422,835	220,186,253
Retroceded share of outstanding									
claims	105,139,646		9		-			28	105,139,646
Prepaid expenses and other assets	27,874,071	239,063	1.0		٠		8	e.	28,113,134
Due from shareholders' operations	188,019,813	•	٠	٠			200	٠	188,019,813
Retroceded share of unearned									
premiums	2,080,440	•	7.0						2,080,440
Deferred acquisition costs	32,405,565	10,390,448	2,339,997	1,265,509	182,170	977,368	4,383,253	11,568,271	63,512,581
Deferred excess of loss premiums	17,311,815	•		•		•	٠		17,311,815
Property and equipment, net	6,269,040			•6		100	50	5	6,269,040
Shareholders									
Cash and bankbalances	2,157,074	410,656.	50	e e	i i	All	1	•	2,567,730
Time deposits	24,000,000	•	***	51	r	*	•		24,000,000
Accrued special commission income from time deposits	70,035	•	•	•3	•	•	•	•	70,035
Accrued special commission									,
income from bonds and sukuk	1,532,215	2,171,551	*	•		•	•	•	3,703,766
Investments held at fair value									1
through income statement	210,521,230	522,150,334	٠		•	•	*	•	732,671,564
Held to maturity investments	•	145,470,427	*8	6	i	5	55		145,470,427
Statutory deposit	100,000,000	•	**		•	**	57	•	100,000,000
Property and equipment	33,521,502	•			£	***	50		33,521,502
Prepaid expenses and other assets	7,100,713	*	8	*	×	*	**	•	7,100,713
	939,190,416	831,371,254	15,394,451	14,363,447	1,037,244	8,778,313	32,049,030	89,785,003	1,931,969,158

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) As at 31December 2014

31. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

31.5 Currency risk (continued)

31 December 2013	SS	OSD	QAR	AED	EUR	KWD	NR R	Other	Total
	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR
ASSETS									
Reinsurance operations									
Cash and bank balances	4,445,635	674,427		6,167	142,409	•	439	ı	5,268,638
Premiums receivable	33,945,666	971,120	4,142,343	5,740,841	(4,935)	5,387,259	12,999,585	7,310,744	70,492,623
Investments held at fair value						7	38 8 8		
through income statement	58,097,639	37,231,520	,	•	20			*	95,329,159
Accrued insurance premiums	77,395,490	29,295,334	6,918,781	7,324,315	56,672	1,991,907	4,451,721	37,434,960	164,869,180
Retroceded share of outstanding									
Claims	82,092,977	13,317,030	233,955	1,816,775	202	3,542,056	17	3,885,580	104,888,575
Prepaid expenses and other assets	1,069,002	1	1	•			78		1,069,002
Due from shareholders' operations	173,315,949	34	3	t	21	•	Ϋ́.	з	173,315,949
Retroceded share of uneamed						7	ï		
Premiums	2,344,151	3	81	٠				x	2,344,151
Deferred acquisition costs	54,445,929	Î	ä	٠	2	7	ā	/37	54,445,929
Deferred excess of loss premiums	15,716,948	54	39	•			43	33	15,716,948
Property and equipment, net	7,337,119	63	. 00		8	,	81	1000	7,337,119
Shareholders									
Cash and bank balances	2,405,790	56,242,874		87.1	27,024,852	15.00 10.00	884	3	85,673,516
Time deposits	31	37,500,000	0	37			œ.	o	37,500,000
Accrued special commission income						•	ä		
from time deposits	ä	1,040,241	1	34	**			ж	1,040,241
Accrued special commission income from bonds and sukuk	656,514	2,638,644	3	ä	1		¥.	3	3,295,158
Investments held at fair value						9	ı		
through income statement	350,898,863	244,280,691		Ÿ	•			3.	595,179,554
Held to maturity investments	745,409	173,250,000							173,995,409
Statutory deposit	100,000,000		3	Si.		1	9	,X	100,000,000
Property and equipment	32,991,742	ā	30	•		80	ũ		32,991,742
Prepaid expenses and other assets	5,738,119		•	¥.		Ŧ	ï	86	5,738,119
	1,003,642,942	596,441,881	11,295,079	14,888,098	27,219,200	10,921,222	17,451,306	48,631,284	1,730,491,012

Saudi Reinsurance Company (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December 2014

RISK MANAGEMENT (continued) 31.

Currency risk (continued) 31.5

31 December 2014	SR	OSD	OAR	AED	EUR	KWD	IN	Other	Total
	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SS	SR	SR
LIABILITIES									
Reinsurance operations									
Accounts payable	13,491,503	10,051,975	(1,506,344)	(347,691)	6,697	(278,644)	2,008,338	(811,178)	22,617,656
Retrocession balances payable	4,173,060	ŧ			٠				4,173,060
Accrued retrocession premiums	1,129,253		*	٠	٠				1,129,253
Gross unearned premiums	112,494,065	32,909,371	10,480,060	5,395,913	879,717	4,235,216	24,738,861	47,325,436	238,458,639
Gross outstanding claims	413,431,011	49,988,727	16,883,555	13,987,682	144,212	22,184,407	33,881,360	59,341,337	609,842,291
Premium deficiency reserve				•		٠	٠	٠	٠
Unearned commission income	749,782	i.	٠	٠				*	749,782
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,509,975	789,696		٠	٠			*	2,479,662
Employees' end of service benefits	2,481,001	i	٠	٠	•		*		2,481,001
Surplus distribution payable	932,077	20			•		6		932,077
Shareholders									
Accounts payable		i i	•			20	•	6	
Provision for zakat and income tax	35,441,642	e	-		•	i i		•	35,441,642
Due to reinsurance operations	188,019,813		٠		•	i			188,019,813
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	8,219,064		•	•	•	6			8,219,064
	782,072,246	93,919,760	25,857,271	19,035,904	1,033,626	26,140,979	60,628,559	105,855,595	105,855,595 1,114,543,940

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December 2014

31. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

31.5 Currency risk (continued)

31 December 2013	SR	OSD	QAR	AED	EUR	KWD	INR	Other	Total
	SS	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR
LIABILITIES									
Reinsurance operations									
Accounts payable	8,143,048		×	c	•	×		(1)	8,143,048
Retrocession balances payable	7,615,523	•	£	·		(6)	ř	1	7,615,523
Accrued retrocession premiums	4,463,127	T	£	1	•	ı		٠	4,463,127
Gross unearned premiums	121,820,303	21,305,718	8,276,506	6,524,643	330,060	3,592,776	9,063,223	44,111,838	215,025,067
Gross outstanding claims	315,960,413	28,483,767	13,678,609	12,833,904	348,609	8,855,910	7,150,996	36,964,296	424,276,504
Premium deficiency reserve	26,167,000	r S) (i	T S		1	* 8		26,167,000
Unearned commission income	810,894		•	£	•	ï	£	30	810,894
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	5,923,389		£	•	٠	ï	15	20	5,923,389
Employees' end of service benefits	1,720,644					ï	*		1,720,644
Surplus distribution payable	932,077	r	10	y)	ì	*	•	٠	932,077
						E	E		
Shareholders									
Accounts payable	200,000	76	Ü	10	i.	t	£	٠	500,000
Provision for zakat and income tax	33,184,598	76	E	•	100	T.	r		33,184,598
Due to reinsurance operations	173,315,949	E	E	•	i	t	1.		173,315,949
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	6,641,169	7	35	ï	Ē	10	.00	×	6,641,169
	707,198,134	49,789,485	21,955,115	19,358,547	628,669	12,448,686	16,214,219	81,076,134	908,718,989

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31December2014

31. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

31.6 Special commission rate risk

Special commission rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in special commission rates will affect future profitability or the fair values of financial instruments. The Company's Management believes that there is no significant commission rate risk exposure since all its commission bearing investments carry fixed commission rates and are carried at amortized cost.

31.7 Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from commission rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Company has investment in the units of commodity fund. The Company limits fund market price risk by maintaining a diversified portfolio by having different types of funds (i.e., money market fund and commodity trading fund) and by monitoring of developments in fund markets. A 5% change in the net asset value of these funds, with all other variables held constant, would impact the statement of reinsurance operations and accumulated surplus by increase / decrease of SR 3,688,478 (2013: SR 4,766,458) and statement of shareholders' operations by increase / decrease of SR 9,857,547(2013: SR 11,711,831).

The Company also has investment in the listed equities securities. The Company manages the equity market price risk through diversification and by placing limits on individual and total equity instruments.

A 5% change in the fair value of these investments, with all other variables held constant, would impact the statement of shareholders' operations by increase / decrease of SR 9,288,915 (2013: SR 8,205,450)

31.8 Capital management risk

Capital requirements are set and regulated by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency. These requirements are put in place to ensure sufficient solvency margins. Further objectives are set by the Company to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business objectives and maximise shareholders' value.

The Company manages its capital requirements by assessing shortfalls between reported and required capital levels on a regular basis. Adjustments to current capital levels are made in light of changes in market conditions and risk characteristics of the Company's activities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders or issue shares.

The table below summarizes the minimum regulatory capital of the Company and the total capital held:

	2014	2013
	SR	SR
Total capital held	817,425,218	821,772,023
Minimum regulatory capital	200,000,000	200,000,000

In the opinion of the management, the Company has fully complied with the externally imposed capital requirements during the reported financial year.

31.9 Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments consist of financial assets and financial liabilities. Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Underlying the definition of fair value is a presumption that an enterprise is a going concern without any intention or need to liquidate, curtail materially the scale of its operations or undertake a transaction on adverse terms. The Company's financial assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, investments and accrued income and its financial liabilities consist of payables, accrued expenses and gross outstanding claims. The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are not materially different from their carrying values at the statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As at 31 December 2014

31. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

31.10 Regulatory framework risk

The operations of the Company are subject to local regulatory requirements in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Such regulations not only prescribe approval and monitoring of activities but also impose certain restrictive provisions such as capital adequacy to minimize the risk of default and insolvency on the part of the reinsurance companies and to enable them to meet unforeseen liabilities as these arise.

32. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors on 3 Jumad Awal 1436H, corresponding to 22 February 2015.