

SAUDI INDUSTRIAL SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

**UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
For the three-months period and year ended December 31, 2015



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REVIEW REPORT ON THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Shareholders
Saudi Industrial Services Company
(A Joint Stock Company)
Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Scope of review

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated balance sheet of Saudi Industrial Services Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the "Group") as at December 31, 2015, the related interim consolidated statement of income for the three-months period and the year then ended, the interim consolidated statements of cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended and the attached notes 1 to 19 which form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Group's management and have been prepared by them and submitted to us together with all the information and explanations, which we required. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

We conducted our review in accordance with the Auditing Standard on Review of Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants (SOCPA). A review consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and information and making inquiries of Group's personnel responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Review conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

For KPMG Al Fozan & Partners

Ebrahim Oboud Baeshen
License No. 382



Rabi Al Thani 10, 1437H
Corresponding to January 20, 2016

SAUDI INDUSTRIAL SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at December 31, 2015

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	Notes	2015 (Unaudited)	2014 (Audited)
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	252,669,021	273,438,500
Accounts and other receivables		118,565,253	101,303,911
Inventories		37,172,077	27,495,716
Total current assets		408,406,351	402,238,127
Non-current assets:			
Investments	5	114,541,576	107,765,862
Property, plant and equipment	6	707,653,503	633,921,633
Intangible assets - quay project	7	1,361,120,885	1,428,749,367
Goodwill	8	8,776,760	8,776,760
Total non-current assets		2,192,092,724	2,179,213,622
Total assets		2,600,499,075	2,581,451,749
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		149,611,630	133,526,600
Current portion of long-term loans and bank facilities	9	112,482,638	109,794,842
Total current liabilities		262,094,268	243,321,442
Non-current liabilities:			
Non-current portion of long-term loans and bank facilities	9	838,185,086	946,159,881
Other long-term liabilities	7	44,661,233	37,379,103
Employees' end of service benefits		21,638,938	17,936,255
Derivative financial instruments	10	13,040	6,787,990
Total non-current liabilities		904,498,297	1,008,263,229
Total liabilities		1,166,592,565	1,251,584,671
Equity attributable to the shareholders' of Parent Company			
Share capital		680,000,000	680,000,000
Share premium		36,409,063	36,409,063
Statutory reserve		30,549,496	21,498,599
Special reserve		15,265,205	10,739,756
Other reserves		13,151,743	9,344,571
Retained earnings		196,638,201	155,105,577
Total equity attributable to the shareholders' of Parent Company		972,013,708	913,097,566
Non-controlling interests		461,892,802	416,769,512
Total equity		1,433,906,510	1,329,867,078
Total liabilities and equity		2,600,499,075	2,581,451,749

The accompanying notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

SAUDI INDUSTRIAL SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME
For the three-months period and year ended December 31, 2015
(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	Notes	<u>Three-months period ended</u>		<u>For the year ended</u>	
		<u>December 31,</u> <u>2015</u> (Unaudited)	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2014</u> (Unaudited)	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2015</u> (Unaudited)	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2014</u> (Audited)
Continuing Operations:					
Revenue	11	152,068,633	147,292,603	616,084,082	560,998,881
Costs of revenue		(75,169,433)	(73,541,841)	(311,217,128)	(277,374,659)
Gross profit		76,899,200	73,750,762	304,866,954	283,624,222
Selling and distribution expenses		(3,762,885)	(3,291,821)	(14,219,801)	(13,620,513)
General and administrative expenses		(31,345,412)	(30,897,383)	(120,209,798)	(110,801,192)
Operating profit		41,790,903	39,561,558	170,437,355	159,202,517
Share of results from equity accounted associates, net		1,135,563	228,288	9,066,007	(304,502)
Other income, net	12	733,932	66,956	2,123,823	7,939,197
Financial charges		(7,505,992)	(8,751,613)	(32,646,172)	(36,532,063)
Income before Zakat from continuing Operations		36,154,406	31,105,189	148,981,013	130,305,149
Discontinued Operations:					
Net profit for the period / year from Discontinued Operations	13	106,513	347,714	1,074,322	893,329
Income before Zakat		36,260,919	31,452,903	150,055,335	131,198,478
Zakat		(480,937)	(1,853,191)	(8,119,685)	(7,566,373)
Net income for the period / year		35,779,982	29,599,712	141,935,650	123,632,105
Net income attributable to:					
- Shareholders' of the Parent Company		22,026,779	18,462,022	90,508,970	78,077,459
- Non-controlling interest's share of net income in subsidiaries		13,753,203	11,137,690	51,426,680	45,554,646
Net income for the period / year		35,779,982	29,599,712	141,935,650	123,632,105
Earnings per share on operating profit for the period / year	14	0.61	0.58	2.51	2.34
Earnings per share from net income for the period / year attributable to the Shareholders' of the Parent Company	14	0.32	0.27	1.33	1.15

The accompanying notes 1 to 19 form an integral part
of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

SAUDI INDUSTRIAL SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS
For the year ended December 31, 2015
(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	Notes	2015 (Unaudited)	2014 (Audited)
Operating activities:			
Income before Zakat and non-controlling interests from continuing operations		148,981,013	130,305,149
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and amortization		114,631,996	109,613,668
Provision for employees' end of service benefits		5,738,385	5,251,167
(Gain) / loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	12 & 13	(167,533)	98,005
Share of results from equity accounted associates, net		(9,066,007)	304,502
Other provisions		6,414,767	5,755,619
Provision for doubtful debts		969,538	887,011
Provision for inventories		100,000	—
Net profit from discontinued operations	13	1,074,322	893,329
Provision for asset replacement cost		7,282,130	10,097,289
Financial charges		32,646,172	36,532,063
		<u>308,604,783</u>	<u>299,737,802</u>
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts and other receivables		(18,230,880)	449,406
Inventories		(9,776,361)	(8,536,632)
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		19,399,163	18,553,887
Cash generated from operating activities		<u>299,996,705</u>	<u>310,204,463</u>
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(2,035,702)	(1,070,852)
Financial charges paid		(32,347,275)	(30,975,204)
Zakat and tax paid		(11,732,715)	(14,217,197)
Net cash generated from operating activities		<u>253,881,013</u>	<u>263,941,210</u>
Investing activities:			
Investments in associates		—	(11,250,000)
Dividend received from associates		1,960,000	—
Net movement in assets and liabilities held for sale		—	499,446
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(127,462,177)	(79,266,198)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		479,559	694,333
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(125,022,618)</u>	<u>(89,322,419)</u>
Financing activities:			
Net change in loans and bank facilities		(105,286,999)	(85,168,558)
Dividend and other distributions	18	(35,400,000)	—
Net change in other long term liabilities		—	(3,504,374)
Net movement in non-controlling interests		(8,940,875)	(21,925,525)
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(149,627,874)</u>	<u>(110,598,457)</u>
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(20,769,479)	64,020,334
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		273,438,500	209,418,166
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	4	<u>252,669,021</u>	<u>273,438,500</u>
Non-cash supplementary information:			
Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments	10	6,774,950	(380,310)
Change in fair value of available for sale investments		<u>(330,293)</u>	<u>8,836,068</u>

The accompanying notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

SAUDI INDUSTRIAL SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

For the year ended December 31, 2015

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	Equity attributable to the shareholders' of the Parent Company										
					Other reserves						
	Share capital	Share premium	Statutory reserve	Special reserve	Effect of reducing the ownership percentage in a subsidiary	Cash flow hedging reserve	Unrealized gain on available for sale investment	Retained earnings	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2015	680,000,000	36,409,063	21,498,599	10,739,756	4,653,218	(4,144,715)	8,836,068	155,105,577	913,097,566	416,769,512	1,329,867,078
Net income	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	90,508,970	90,508,970	51,426,680	141,935,650
Transfer to reserves	--	--	9,050,897	4,525,449	--	--	--	(13,576,346)	--	--	--
Net movement in non-controlling interests	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(8,940,875)	(8,940,875)
Dividend paid (note 18)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(34,000,000)	(34,000,000)	--	(34,000,000)
Other distributions (note 18)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(1,400,000)	(1,400,000)	--	(1,400,000)
Changes in fair value of available for sale investment	--	--	--	--	--	--	(330,293)	--	(330,293)	--	(330,293)
Changes in fair value of derivative financial instruments (note 10)	--	--	--	--	--	4,137,465	--	--	4,137,465	2,637,485	6,774,950
Balance at December 31, 2015	680,000,000	36,409,063	30,549,496	15,265,205	4,653,218	(7,250)	8,505,775	196,638,201	972,013,708	461,892,802	1,433,906,510
Balance at January 1, 2014	680,000,000	36,409,063	13,690,853	6,835,883	4,653,218	(3,923,156)	--	88,739,737	826,405,598	393,299,142	1,219,704,740
Net income	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	78,077,459	78,077,459	45,554,646	123,632,105
Transfer to reserves	--	--	7,807,746	3,903,873	--	--	--	(11,711,619)	--	--	--
Net movement in non-controlling interests	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(21,925,525)	(21,925,525)
Changes in fair value of available for sale investment	--	--	--	--	--	--	8,836,068	--	8,836,068	--	8,836,068
Changes in fair value of derivative financial instruments (note 10)	--	--	--	--	--	(221,559)	--	--	(221,559)	(158,751)	(380,310)
Balance at December 31, 2014	680,000,000	36,409,063	21,498,599	10,739,756	4,653,218	(4,144,715)	8,836,068	155,105,577	913,097,566	416,769,512	1,329,867,078

The accompanying notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

SAUDI INDUSTRIAL SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
For the three-months period and year ended December 31, 2015
(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

1. ORGANISATION AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Saudi Industrial Services Company ("the Company" or "the Parent Company" or "SISCO") is a joint stock company incorporated in accordance with Saudi Arabian Regulations for Companies under the Ministry of Commerce Resolution No. 223 of Rabi Al Awal 7, 1409H (corresponding to October 18, 1988) and registered under Commercial Registration No. 4030062502 dated Rabi Al Thani 10, 1409H (corresponding to November 20, 1988) to engage in maintenance, operations and management of factories, industrial facilities, construction of residential buildings and all related facilities such as entertainment centers, malls, restaurants, catering projects, construction of hospitals and buildings to provide health services to factory and industrial company workmen, marketing factory products locally and worldwide, provide services and participate in formation of companies. The principal activity of the Company is investment and management of subsidiaries.

The registered head office of the Company is located at the following address:

Saudi Business Center
P. O. Box 14221,
Jeddah 21424,
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

These interim consolidated financial statements include assets, liabilities and the results of the operations of the Company and its following subsidiaries ("the Group"):

<u>Company</u>	<u>Country of incorporation</u>	<u>Effective shareholding</u>		<u>Principal activities</u>
		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
Saudi Trade and Export Development Company Limited ("Tusdeer")	Saudi Arabia	76%	76%	Management and operation of storage and re-export project situated on the land leased from Jeddah Islamic Port.
Kindasa Water Services Company - Closed Joint Stock Company ("Kindasa")	Saudi Arabia	60%	60%	Water desalination and treatment plant and sale of water.
Support Services Operation Limited Company ("ISNAD")	Saudi Arabia	99.28%	99.28%	Development and operation of industrial zones, construction and operation of restaurants, catering and entertainment centers, construction of gas stations, auto servicing and maintenance workshops, and purchase of land for the construction of building thereon and investing the same through sale or lease.
Red Sea Gateway Terminal Company Limited ("RSGT")	Saudi Arabia	60.6%	60.6%	Development, construction, operation and maintenance of container terminals and excavation and back filling works.
Red Sea Port Development Company - Closed Joint Stock Company ("RSPD")	Saudi Arabia	60.6%	60.6%	Development, construction, operation and maintenance of container terminals and excavation and back filling works.

SAUDI INDUSTRIAL SERVICES COMPANY
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
For the three-months period and year ended December 31, 2015
(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of compliance

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting standards generally accepted in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the Accounting Standard on Interim Financial Reporting issued by Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants (SOCPA).

Functional and presentation currency

These accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Saudi Arabian Riyals (SR) which is the functional currency of the Group.

The interim results may not be an indicator of the annual results of the Group. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the latest annual audited consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Certain comparative figures have been regrouped / reclassified to conform to the presentation in the current period.

Accounting convention

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for available for sale investments and derivative financial instruments which are measured at fair value, using accrual basis of accounting and going concern assumption.

Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of interim condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods affected. The key areas requiring significant management judgements and estimates are as follows:

Impairment of accounts receivable and other current assets

An estimate of the collectible amount of accounts receivable is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. For individually significant amounts, this estimation is performed on an individual basis. Amounts which are not individually significant, but which are past due, are assessed collectively and an allowance applied according to the length of time past due.

Provision for slow moving inventory items

The Group makes a provision for slow moving inventory items. Estimates of net realizable value of inventories are based on the most reliable evidence at the time the estimates are made. These estimates take into consideration fluctuations of price or cost directly related to events occurring subsequent to the balance sheet date to the extent that such events confirm conditions existing at the end of period.



SAUDI INDUSTRIAL SERVICES COMPANY
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NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
For the three-months period and year ended December 31, 2015
(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The management determines the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for calculating depreciation. This estimate is determined after considering expected usage of the assets or physical wear and tear. Management reviews the residual value and useful lives annually and change in depreciation charges, if any, are adjusted in current and future periods.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of these assets may not be recoverable in part or full. Whenever the carrying amount of these assets exceeds their recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized in the interim consolidated statement of income. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and the value in use. The net selling price is the amount obtained from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction while value in use is present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life.

Impairment of available for sale investments

The Group exercises judgement to consider the impairment of available for sale investments as well as their underlying assets. This includes the assessment of objective evidence which causes other than temporary decline in the value of investments. Any significant and prolonged decline in the fair value of equity investment below its cost is considered as objective evidence for the impairment. The determination of what is 'significant' and 'prolonged' requires judgement. The Group also considers impairment to be appropriate when there is evidence of deterioration in the financial health of the investee, industry and sector performance, changes in technology, and operational and financing cash flows. Impairment losses once recognized are not reversible.

Impairment of intangible assets

Intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Impairment losses once recognized are not reversible.

Going concern

The Group's management has made an assessment of its ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that it has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

SAUDI INDUSTRIAL SERVICES COMPANY
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NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
For the three-months period and year ended December 31, 2015
(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

Provision for equipment replacement cost

Provision for equipment replacement cost is assessed periodically based on the Build, Operate and Transfer Agreement and is discounted at a date reflective of the term of the obligation.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses, at each reporting date or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less cost to sell, and its value in use, and is determined for the individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows which are largely independent from other assets or groups. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining the fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate source is used, such as observable market prices or, if no observable market prices exist, estimated prices for similar assets or if no estimated prices for similar assets exist, it is based on discounted future cash flow calculations.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following significant accounting policies used by the Group for the preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used for the preparation of the annual consolidated financial statements:

Basis of consolidation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as set out in note 1.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, the right to variability of return from its involvement with the investee and its ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee, is considered. The financial statements of subsidiaries, which are prepared for the same reporting period as the Parent Company using consistent accounting policies, are included in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date control ceases.

All intra-group balances and financial transactions resulting from transactions between the Company and the subsidiaries and those arising between the subsidiaries are eliminated in preparing these interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Also, any unrealized gains and losses arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Non-controlling interests

The Group applies a policy of treating transactions with non-controlling interest transactions with parties external to the Group. Disposals to non-controlling interests, if any, result in gains and losses for the Group that are recorded in the interim consolidated statement of income if control is lost. Purchase of non-controlling interest result in goodwill, being the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments, if any, with original maturities of three months or less.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at original invoice amount less allowance for any uncollectible amounts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off as incurred.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories is principally based on the weighted average principle, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and selling expenses. Provision is made where necessary for obsolete and slow moving inventories.

Investment in associates

The Group's investment in associates is accounted for under the equity method of accounting. There are entities over which the Group exercises significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Investment in associates are carried in the interim consolidated balance sheet at cost, plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate, less any impairment in value based on its latest financial statements at each reporting date. The interim consolidated statement of income reflects the Group's share of the results of its associate. Where there has been a change recognized directly in the equity of associate, the Group recognizes its share of any changes and discloses this when applicable in the interim consolidated statement of changes in equity. When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an associate, the Group's carrying amount is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of an associate.

Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate. The financial statements of the associates are prepared for the same period as the Parent Company.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment in associates (continued)

Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

Dividends are recorded when received and credited to the investment.

Available for sale investments

Investments purchased neither with the intention of being held to maturity nor for trading purposes are designated as available for sale investments and initially recorded at cost and subsequently measured at fair value. Unrealised gains and losses reported as a separate component of equity until the investment is derecognized or the investment is determined to be impaired. On derecognition or impairment, the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity, is included in the interim consolidated statement of income for the period.

Fair value is determined by reference to the market value in the open market. If fair value is not available, cost is considered to be the most appropriate objective and reliable measurement of the fair value of investments.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Property, plant and equipment

Free hold land is not depreciated. The development cost of leasehold land and the buildings constructed thereon is amortized over the shorter of estimated useful life or the remaining period of lease net of accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Property, plant and equipment and property and equipment of the quay project are stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Depreciation is calculated on the basis of estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment using straight line method. Finance costs on borrowings to finance the construction of the assets are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare those assets for its intended use.

Expenditure for repair and maintenance are charged to the interim consolidated statement of income. Improvements that increase the value or materially extend the life of the related assets are capitalized.

The estimated economic useful lives of assets are as follows:

Buildings	Shorter of lease period or 10 - 40 years
Leasehold improvements	Shorter of lease period or 10 - 35 years
Plant and equipment	7 - 25 years
Desalination plants, water filling stations and accessories	8 - 21 years
Machinery and equipment	8 - 25 years
Motor vehicles and tankers	4 - 10 years
Fixtures and furnishing	2 - 10 years
Computers and equipment	2 - 7 years

Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is measured at cost less impairment losses, if any, and not depreciated until such time the assets are ready for intended use and transferred to the respective category under property, plant and equipment.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Intangible asset - quay project

Port concession rights

The Group's port terminal operations are conducted pursuant to a long-term concession arrangement. The Group recognises port concession rights arising from a service concession arrangement, in which the public sector ("the grantor") controls or regulates the services provided, the prices charged and also controls any significant residual interest in the infrastructure such as property and equipment if the infrastructure is existing infrastructure of the grantor or the infrastructure is constructed or purchased by the Group as part of the service concession arrangement.

The Group has adopted the guidance in International Financial Reporting Standards which is included in IFRIC 12 – Service concession arrangements ("IFRIC 12") issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee of the International Accounting Standards Board to account for the costs incurred for the construction of container terminal (port concession rights) as there is no related guidance available under accounting standards issued by SOCPA. Pursuant to IFRIC 12, costs incurred under service concession arrangements are recognized as an intangible asset.

The port concession rights include all costs incurred towards construction of the container terminal. The port concession rights are stated at cost, less amortization of cost over the useful lives of the assets from the date of commencement of operations and impairment losses, if any.

Right to use land


Right to use land is measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, right to use land is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Right to use land is amortized over the concession period on straight line basis.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the increase in the cost of investment over the Company's share in the net fair value of investee's net assets, liabilities and contingencies as at acquisition date. Goodwill is subsequently recognized at cost, net of any accumulated impairment losses. The carrying value of goodwill is reviewed annually to determine whether any objective indicator of impairment exists, unless an event or change in circumstances occurs during the year indicating an impairment of the carrying value which requires a valuation of goodwill during the year. Goodwill includes Company's share and the minority share.

For impairment test, the goodwill for subsidiaries is determined individually, as each subsidiary is considered an independent cash generating unit.

The impairment is determined by reviewing the realizable amount of cash generating unit (subsidiary), the acquisition of which has given rise to goodwill. Where the realizable amount of a subsidiary is less than its carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized in the interim consolidated statement of income.



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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred charges

Deferred charges primarily comprise pre-incorporation and pre-operating expenses incurred during pre-incorporation period and prior to commencement of commercial operations of the Company and its subsidiaries, net of non-operating revenue earned during incorporation period. Deferred charges for which future economic benefits are certain and evident are stated at cost less amortization using straight line method over seven years and impairment losses, if any.

Accounts payable and accruals

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether billed by the supplier or not.

Employees' end of service benefits

Provision is made for amounts payable to employees for their accumulated periods of service at the interim consolidated balance sheet date under the Saudi Arabian labour law.

For companies operating outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, employees' end of service benefits, calculated in accordance with labour regulations of the countries of incorporation of the Group member companies, are accrued and charged to the consolidated statement of income.

Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources embodying will be required to settle the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-Zakat rate that reflects, where appropriate, current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Derivative financial instruments

The Group is using Profit Rate Swap contracts as hedging instruments to hedge its exposure to the variability in cash flows arising from profit payments on Ijara Facilities obtained from banks. Hedging instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Hedging instrument is carried as financial asset when the fair value is positive and as financial liability when the fair value is negative.

For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedging instrument is classified as cash flow hedge. The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised directly in shareholders' equity in hedging reserve, while any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the interim consolidated statement of income in financial charges.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derivative financial instruments (continued)

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Group wishes to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documents include identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the entity will assess the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in cash flows and are assessed in an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Amount recognised in equity is transferred to the interim consolidated statement of income when the hedged transaction affects profit or loss, such as when the hedged financial expense is recognized.

Revenue recognition

Sale is recognized when the goods are delivered and when risk and rewards are transferred.

Service revenue represents the invoiced value of services rendered by the Group during the period, net of trade discounts and Saudi Arabian Seaports Authority's ("SEAPA") share of revenue and are recognized when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, on rendering of services to customers.

Construction revenue pertaining to construction of Port terminal is recognized using the percentage of completion method. Percentage of completion is determined by comparison of costs incurred to date with estimated total costs. When it is probable that the total costs will exceed the total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognized immediately.

Lease revenue from leased spaces and warehouses is recognised over respective lease periods. Lease revenue relating to subsequent years is deferred and recognised as income over future periods.

Expenses

Selling and distribution expenses are those arising from the Group's efforts underlying their marketing, selling and distribution functions. All other expenses, except cost of sales and operations, are classified as general and administration expenses. Allocations of common expenses between cost of revenue and selling and distribution, general and administration expenses, when required, are made on a consistent basis.

Finance costs

Finance costs except for those, that are directly attributable to the construction of an asset are capitalised using capitalised rate up to the stage when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use are completed, are charged to the interim consolidated statement of income.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Operating leases

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the interim consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Zakat

The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to the requirements of Saudi Arabian Zakat and Income Tax Department. Zakat provision is charged to the interim consolidated statement of income. Additional amounts, if any, that may become due on finalization of an assessment are accounted for in the year in which assessment is finalized.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in Saudi Arabian Riyals at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the interim balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the interim consolidated statement of income. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of initial recognition.

Foreign operations

Assets and liabilities of foreign consolidated subsidiaries are converted into Saudi Arabian Riyals at the exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. The equity components of foreign subsidiaries with the exception of retained earnings of subsidiaries are translated at the exchange rates in effect at the dates the related items originated. The elements of foreign subsidiaries' income statements are translated using the weighted-average exchange rate for the period. Adjustments resulting from the translation of foreign subsidiaries' financial statements into Saudi Arabian Riyals are reported as a separate component of equity (foreign currency translation reserve) attributable to shareholders of the Company in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Assets and liabilities classified as held for disposal and discontinued operations

Non-current assets, or a disposal group comprising assets and liabilities, are classified as held-for-sale if it is highly probable that they will be recovered primarily through sale or distribution rather than through continuing use.

Immediately before classification as held-for-sale, the assets, or components of a disposal group, are remeasured in accordance with the Group's other accounting policies. Thereafter, generally the assets, or disposal group, are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Any impairment loss on a disposal group is allocated first to goodwill, and then to the remaining assets and liabilities on a pro rata basis. Impairment losses on initial classification as held-for-sale and subsequent gains and losses on re-measurement are recognised in the interim consolidated statement of income. Gains are not recognised in excess of any cumulative impairment loss.

Once classified as held-for-sale intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are no longer amortised or depreciated, and any equity-accounted investee is no longer equity accounted.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets and liabilities classified as held for disposal and discontinued operations (continued)

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which:

- represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations; or
- is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations; or
- is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to re-sale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs on abandonment or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held-for-sale, if earlier.

When an operation is classified as a discontinued operation, the comparative statement of comprehensive income is re-presented as if the operation had been discontinued from the start of the comparative period.

Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the interim consolidated balance sheet only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expenses are not offset in the interim consolidated statement of income unless required or permitted by generally accepted accounting principles in Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Segmental reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing products or services (a business segment) or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (a geographic segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. As the Group carries out its business activities mainly in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, reporting is provided by business segment only (Note 16).

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Cash in hand	284,146	306,524
Cash at banks	146,384,875	223,131,976
Murabaha term deposits with maturity of 3 months or less	106,000,000	50,000,000
	<u>252,669,021</u>	<u>273,438,500</u>

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5. INVESTMENTS

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Investment in associates (see note 'a' below)	96,465,651	89,359,644
Available for sale investment - unquoted	18,075,925	18,406,218
	<u>114,541,576</u>	<u>107,765,862</u>

a) The investment in associates comprises the following:

<u>Associates</u>	<u>Principal activity</u>	<u>Country of incorporation</u>	<u>Effective Shareholding percentage</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
- International Water Distribution Company Limited	Waste works, water treatment and lease of water equipment	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	50%	48,123,318	44,503,751
- Saudi Water and Environmental Services Company (see note 'i' below)	Electrical, water and mechanical works and related operation and maintenance	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	29.4%	17,516,874	16,925,767
- Al Jabr Talke Company Limited	Contracting, construction, operation and maintenance of factories and warehouses	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	33.3%	23,032,422	16,514,221
- Stork Technical Services Saudi Arabia limited	Maintenance and operations of power, oil, gas, desalination and petrochemical plants and calibration of machinery and electrical equipment	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	45%	6,012,269	7,724,250
- Xenmet SA, Vaduz (see note 'ii' below)	Trading, storage and brokerage of commodities	Principality of Liechtenstein	19%	1,780,768	3,691,655
				<u>96,465,651</u>	<u>89,359,644</u>

- i) Saudi Water and Environmental Services Company is 49% (2014: 49%) owned by Kindasa Water Service Company (Subsidiary) which is 60% owned by the Parent Company (2014: 60%).
- ii) Xenmet SA, Vaduz is 25% (2014: 25%) owned by Saudi Trade and Export Development Company Limited, which is 76% owned by the Parent Company (2014: 76%).

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6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment comprise of the following:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Property, plant and equipment	261,276,875	276,940,711
Property, plant and equipment of bonded and re-export project	204,893,928	193,066,106
Property and equipment - quay project	241,482,700	163,914,816
	<u>707,653,503</u>	<u>633,921,633</u>

During the quarter ended December 31, 2015, additions amounting to SR 60.5 million (2014: 29.45 million) have been made to property, plant and equipment.

7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS – QUAY PROJECTS

Saudi Trade and Export Development Company (Tusdeer) ("parent of RSGT") had an agreement with Saudi Arabian Seaport Authority ("SEAPA") for the construction of a container terminal at the re-export zone of Jeddah Islamic Port. This Build-Operate-Transfer ("BOT") Service Concession Agreement with SEAPA has been novated by Tusdeer to RSGT, effective from Shawal 22, 1428H (corresponding to November 3, 2007), and the duration of this agreement is 32 years. As per the BOT agreement, at the end of the concession period, the property and equipment underlying the quay project's intangible assets shall be transferred to SEAPA.

Provision for equipment replacement cost

As per the BOT agreement with SEAPA, RSGT (one of the subsidiaries of the Company) has an obligation to replace certain machinery and equipment (the "Equipment") during the tenure of the agreement. The management of RSGT has estimated that RSGT will be required to incur an amount of SR 429 million (2014: SR 429 million) to replace the Equipment. Useful life of this equipment shall extend beyond the expiry of the BOT agreement and the remaining net book value of that Equipment at the end of the concession agreement is estimated to be SR 304.9 million (2014: SR 304.9 million). As at December 31, 2015, an amount of SR 44.43 million (2014: SR 37.12 million) has been recorded as provision for equipment replacement cost. For discounting purposes, the management uses annualized rate of 3.8806% (2014: 3.3082%).

8. GOODWILL

Goodwill of SR 9.3 million (2014: SR 9.3 million) was recognised on acquisition of Kindasa Water Services Company, a subsidiary; and its carrying value as of December 31, 2015 is SR 8.8 million (2014: SR 8.8 million).

During the year ended December 31, 2015, goodwill has been reviewed for impairment and the management has ascertained that no impairment is required.

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9. LONG-TERM LOANS AND BANK FACILITIES

Long-term loans and bank facilities as at 31 December are as follows:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Saudi Industrial Development Fund loans (Note 9.1)	18,000,000	26,800,000
Ijara facilities obtained from banks (Note 9.2)	907,734,221	989,307,944
Long-term loan (Note 9.3)	21,875,000	30,625,000
Long-term loan (Note 9.4)	1,558,503	5,721,779
Long-term loan (Note 9.5)	1,500,000	3,500,000
Total long-term loans	950,667,724	1,055,954,723
Less: current portion	(112,482,638)	(109,794,842)
Non-current portion	838,185,086	946,159,881

- 9.1 During 2003, Kindasa signed an agreement with Saudi Industrial Development Fund ("SIDF") for obtaining a loan of SR 64.5 million to finance the extension of the desalination plant. The loan is secured by the mortgage over Kindasa's property and equipment and personal guarantees from its shareholders. The loan agreement include certain covenants such as limiting rents, capital expenditure, dividends and maintenance of certain financial ratios. The loan is repayable in semi-annual installments with maturity of up to July 2017.
- 9.2 During 2007, RSGT entered into an Ijara arrangement with two banks to obtain a loan of SR 1,271 million. The Ijara facility is secured by the assets of RSGT. The remaining amount of loan is being repaid in semi-annual installments, ending in December 2023. The loan bears commission rate of SIBOR plus an agreed margin.
- 9.3 During 2013, Tusdeer entered into an agreement for a long-term loan facility with a commercial bank up to a maximum aggregate amount of SR 35 million. The loan carries commission at commercial rates and is repayable in eight equal half yearly instalments. The loan is secured by assigning rights of the rental income and through promissory notes. The loan is repayable in semi-annual installments with maturity of up to December 2017.
- 9.4 In previous years, Kindasa obtained long-term Murabaha finance from local commercial bank. The loan was received in 5 different periods, bearing a Murabaha rate from 4.8% to 6.1% per annum. The purpose of the Murabaha financing was to finance a project for Kindasa. The loan is repayable in quarterly installments with maturity of up to May 2016.
- 9.5 During 2013, Kindasa entered into an agreement for a long-term loan facility with a commercial bank up to a maximum aggregate amount of SR 6 million. The loan carries commission at commercial rates and is repayable in quarterly instalments with maturity of up to September 2016.

The installments payable in the next twelve months are shown as current liabilities.

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10. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

During 2012, a subsidiary "Red Sea Gateway Terminal Company Limited" entered into a Profit Rate Swap contract with a commercial bank to hedge its exposure to the variability in cash flows arising from profit payments on Ijara facilities obtained from banks. The negative fair value of this instrument as at December 31, 2015 is SR 0.017 million (2014: SR 6.56 million). The maturity date of the instrument is June 30, 2017.

During 2013, a subsidiary "Saudi Export Development Company Limited" entered into a Profit Rate Swap contract to hedge its exposure to the variability in cash flows arising from profit payments on long-term loan facilities obtained from banks. The positive fair value of this instrument as at December 31, 2015 is SR 0.004 million (2014: SR 0.20 million). The maturity date of the instrument is December 31, 2017.

For the purposes of hedge accounting, hedging instrument is classified as a cash flow hedge. The fair value and notional amount of the hedge are as follows:

	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	
	<u>Negative Fair Value</u>	<u>Notional Amount</u>	<u>Negative Fair Value</u>	<u>Notional Amount</u>
Profit Rate Swap	<u>13,040</u>	<u>581,835,119</u>	<u>6,787,990</u>	<u>650,741,174</u>

Movement in derivative financial instruments is as follows:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Balance at the start of the period / year	<u>6,787,990</u>	<u>6,407,680</u>
Changes in fair value	<u>(6,774,950)</u>	<u>380,310</u>
Balance at the end of the period / year	<u>13,040</u>	<u>6,787,990</u>

11. REVENUE

	<u>Three-months period ended</u>		<u>For the year ended</u>	
	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>December 31, 2014</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>December 31, 2014</u>
Shipping and unloading services	<u>102,027,170</u>	<u>97,380,321</u>	<u>409,706,163</u>	<u>366,519,038</u>
Rentals and support services	<u>24,443,023</u>	<u>26,120,815</u>	<u>99,605,936</u>	<u>101,813,877</u>
Sale of potable water	<u>25,469,198</u>	<u>23,736,484</u>	<u>105,895,817</u>	<u>91,473,962</u>
Transport and support services	<u>129,242</u>	<u>54,983</u>	<u>876,166</u>	<u>1,192,004</u>
Total	<u>152,068,633</u>	<u>147,292,603</u>	<u>616,084,082</u>	<u>560,998,881</u>

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12. OTHER INCOME, NET

	<u>Three-months period ended</u>		<u>For the year ended</u>	
	<u>December 31,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Gain / (loss) on sale of property, plant and equipment	39,723	(114,940)	117,533	(98,005)
Other income (see note 'a' below)	694,209	181,896	2,006,290	8,037,202
Total	733,932	66,956	2,123,823	7,939,197

- a) In the year ended December 31, 2014, other income included an amount of SR 5.7 million pertaining to compensation received against claims made in prior years.

13. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

- a) During the year, Support Services Operations Company (ISNAD) (a subsidiary of SISCO) received a notice from Saudi Industrial Property Authority (the Authority) No. 2/1/2733 issued on Dhul – Qadah 11, 1436H, corresponding to August 26, 2015, confirming the completion of the contract of Riyadh Services Station at the end of the lease term (Safar 20, 1437H, corresponding to December 2, 2015). As this resulted in the discontinuation of activity of the station, the net value of the buildings and other assets relating to the Riyadh Service Station were disposed off.

Net results of the discontinued operation were as follows:

	<u>Three-months period ended</u>		<u>For the year ended</u>	
	<u>December 31,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Sales	1,740,749	4,320,643	14,563,019	17,055,226
Cost of sales	(1,300,381)	(3,535,475)	(11,822,245)	(13,960,990)
Gross Profit	440,368	785,168	2,740,774	3,094,236
Selling and distribution expenses	(110,886)	(173,920)	(612,708)	(684,210)
General and administrative expenses	(274,469)	(463,534)	(1,105,244)	(1,353,024)
Net operating profit	55,013	147,714	1,022,822	1,057,002
Gain on disposal of property and equipment of discontinued operations	--	--	50,000	--
Other income	51,500	--	1,500	5,500
Net profit from discontinued operation	106,513	147,714	1,074,322	1,062,502

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13. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

- b) During 2013, the Board of Directors of Bahr Kindasa (a subsidiary of Kindasa) had decided to liquidate the entity and appointed a liquidator to perform the liquidation. Accordingly, during 2014, Bahr Kindasa Water Services Company Limited was liquidated and the remaining assets and liabilities of the entity were distributed between the shareholders in accordance with their percentage of shareholding.

Net results of the discontinued operation were as follows:

	<u>Three-month period ended</u>		<u>For the year ended</u>	
	<u>December 31,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Expenses incurred and net gain / (loss) for the period / year from discontinued operation	--	200,000	--	(169,173)

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share from operating profit for the period is calculated by dividing operating profit by the weighted average number of outstanding shares during the period. Earnings per share has been calculated on operating profit attributable to the Group (including non-controlling interests).

Earnings per share from net income for the period attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company is calculated by dividing the net income attributable to the equity holders of the Parent Company for the period by the weighted average number of outstanding shares during the period.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is not applicable to the Company.

15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- 15.1 The Department of Zakat and Income Tax ("DZIT") has raised assessments for the years 2002 through 2008 with an additional liability of SR 25.8 million. The Company filed an objection against the DZIT's assessment. The Preliminary Objection Committee ("POC") rendered its decision on the Company's objection reducing the assessed liability to SR 3.9 million. The appeal is now with the Higher Appeal Committee ("HAC"). Moreover, the DZIT raised assessments for the years 2009 through 2013 with an additional Zakat and withholding tax liability of SR 10.95 million. The Company has accepted the imposition of Zakat amounting to SR 0.016 million and made payment there against. An appeal against the remaining amount has been filed with the DZIT. Further, till date the DZIT is yet to raise the assessment for the year ended 31 December 2014.
- 15.2 At December 31, 2015, the Group's bankers have issued letters of guarantee of SR 32.88 million (2014: SR 36.37 million) against which cash margin of SR 11.51 million (2014: SR 15 million) was paid.
- 15.3 As at December 31, 2015, the Group has commitments for capital work in progress of SR 26.09 million (2014: SR 30.5 million) relating to capital expenditures.

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16. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Group has the following main business segments:

- Port development and operations
- Water desalination and distribution
- Logistic parks and re-export zones
- Industrial support services
- Corporate office: Consists of investment activities and head office functions.

These form the basis of internal management reporting of main business segments.

Following are the assets, liabilities, sales and result of such segments as at and for the period ended December 31:

	Port develop- ment and operations (SR'000)	Water desalination and distribution (SR'000)	Logistic parks and re-export zones (SR'000)	Industrial support services (SR'000)	Corporate office (SR'000)	Total (SR'000)
2015						
Assets	1,778,356	279,010	294,835	23,166	225,132	2,600,499
Liabilities	1,033,487	38,742	58,971	2,674	32,719	1,166,593
Revenue	409,706	105,896	99,606	876	--	616,084
Net income / (loss) before non-controlling interest	92,154	13,942	51,656	(7,171)	(8,645)	141,936
Net income / (loss) for the year	58,543	9,980	37,802	(7,171)	(8,645)	90,509
	Port develop- ment and operations (SR'000)	Water desalination and distribution (SR'000)	Logistic parks and re-export zones (SR'000)	Industrial support services (SR'000)	Corporate office (SR'000)	Total (SR'000)
2014						
Assets	1,753,981	275,800	282,597	22,555	246,519	2,581,452
Liabilities	1,099,001	49,579	68,843	3,033	31,129	1,251,585
Revenue	366,519	91,474	101,814	1,192	--	560,999
Net income / (loss) before non-controlling interest	77,122	14,342	48,491	(6,634)	(9,689)	123,632
Net income / (loss) for the year	49,711	8,605	36,084	(6,634)	(9,689)	78,077

The Group mainly operates in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

- a) Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence on the other party in making financial and operating decisions.

Related parties include the shareholders', directors, associated companies and key management personnel of the Group. Pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the Company's Board of Directors.

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17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

Related party transactions mainly represent services, expenses and other transactions which are undertaken at mutually agreed terms and approved by the board of directors.

Significant related party transactions for the year ended December 31, are described as under:

Related party	Nature of transaction	2015		2014	
		Amount of transaction	Balance receivable / (payable)	Amount of transaction	Balance receivable / (payable)
International Water Distribution Company Limited	Sales of goods and services	59,777,135	14,984,937	52,297,815	8,874,419
	Services rendered to associate	660,000	--	600,000	--
	Payments made by Group on behalf of the affiliate	99,050	1,543,544	45,621	1,184,494
Karam Fedics	Purchase of goods and services	10,514,876	(889,907)	10,645,861	(870,000)
Saudi Water and Environmental Services Company Limited	Sale of goods and services	1,151,739	--	1,140,406	--
	Dividend received from associate	1,960,000	--	--	--
	Payments made by Group on behalf of the Affiliate	6,441,476	383,850	5,692,183	813,574
Ali Reza Travel and Tourism Company Limited	Purchase of goods and services	2,140,910	(142,845)	2,128,497	(191,225)
Resource Science Arabia Limited	Payments made by the Group	27,287	--	220,322	--
	Purchase of goods and services	93,533	27,287	1,089,906	(44,370)
Xenel Industries Limited	Payments made by the Group on behalf of affiliate	680,988	--	213,728	--
	Expenses incurred by affiliate on behalf of the Group	2,108,884	(143,894)	2,293,299	(33,594)
	Payment made to affiliate in respect of share capital reduction of subsidiary	--	--	6,000,000	--
Water and Environmental Services Company Limited	Purchase of goods and services	21,782,741	3,138,566	16,223,441	1,853,384

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17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

<u>Related party</u>	<u>Nature of transaction</u>	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	
		<u>Amount of transaction</u>	<u>Balance receivable / (payable)</u>	<u>Amount of transaction</u>	<u>Balance receivable / (payable)</u>
Stork Technical Services Saudi Arabia Limited	Expenses incurred by subsidiary on behalf of associate	626,560	144,157	108,691	108,691
	Payments made by the Group on behalf of affiliate	1,869,550	1,358,843	2,706,545	3,490,317
	Service charges charged to affiliate	34,209	--	--	--
Al Jabr Talke Company Limited	Services rendered to associate	617,533	13,755	470,947	--
	Repayment of advances by affiliate	(5,146,825)	--	(1,500,000)	5,009,866
	Expenses incurred by affiliate on behalf of associate	603,778	--	595,815	--
Halwani Bros Co.	Sale of goods	753,432	168,720	1,029,929	62,106
Hidada	Purchase of goods and services	950,604	(722,868)	7,228,680	(2,891,472)
Arabian Bulk Trade Limited	Lease of land and warehouses	1,494,372	954,841	627,250	623,460
Saudi Cable Company Limited	Lease of land and warehouses	854,179	128,244	838,012	90,760

b) Remuneration

Remuneration, compensation and bonuses of the key management personnel / executive directors and attendance fee and bonuses of Board Directors and members of Board Committees paid during the year ended December 31, 2015 was approximately SR 17.72 (2014: SR 14.1 million).

18. DIVIDEND AND DISTRIBUTION

In the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 5 May 2015, the shareholders authorized a final dividend of SR 0.5 per share (2014: SR Nil) amounting to SR 34 million (2014: SR Nil) and remuneration to Board of Directors amounting to SR 1.4 million (2014: SR Nil), which was appropriated from the retained earnings and paid during the period ended 30 June 2015.

19. APPROVAL OF THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised to issue by the Board of Directors on Rabi Al Thani 10, 1437H, corresponding to January 20, 2016.