جدوی ریت السعودیة Jadwa REIT Saudi

2022
ANNUAL REPORT





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بساالت التيك



His MajestyKing Salman Bin Abdulaziz Al Saud
Custodian Of The Two Holy Mosques



His Royal Highness Prince

Mohammed Bin Salman Bin Abdulaziz Al Saud

Crown Prince, First Deputy Prime Minister



Contents

Section 1 REIT At Glance	01
Section 2 Portfolio Description	06
Section 3 Risk Report	28
Section 4 Fund Governance	36
Section 5 REIT Fund Financials	52

Fund Manager's Message To Unit Holders

Dear Unit Holders

We are pleased to present to you the annual report of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund for year 2022 and would like to thank the unit holders for their continuous support and trust in the Fund during the past year. Subsequent to the past two years and the economic stress and trauma occurring in 2020 caused by emergence of one of the most fast-spreading viruses in human history "COVID-19" the and the fast and sharp recovery happening in 2021, the year 2022 was thought to be the year where normalcy resumes free of any "COVID-19" impact. While this might be the case for the day-to-day living as preventive measures such as social-distancing and lockdown are completely discontinued, yet the economy is still suffering the lagging consequences of that economic disruption as the pressurizing demand for goods and commodities paired with an unmatching supply due to dislocated supply chains shortage of some vital resources has resulted in a surging inflation eating into household income. The magnitude of these dynamics was apparent as interest rates skyrocketed during Q2 and continued maintaining these high levels with the Fed steadily increasing the rates with every meeting. Naturally, these events had their toll on the Saudi economy and its real estate sector as the number and volume of transactions has been relatively decreasing compared to previous year. However, with the wise leadership of the Saudi government and its many initiatives and plan to further grow and bolster the Saudi economy, income-generating real estate assets across different sectors remain robust with many catalysts support such as increasing consumer spending, rise in tourism, regional companies presence in Saudi, and many more. Having said that, we are happy to report that Jadwa

REIT Saudi Fund continued its outstanding performance through optimizing it's assets and investments portfolio and maintained its stable quarterly dividends distributions.

Since inception, the Fund distributed 20 quarterly cash dividends with a total amount of SAR 3.69 per unit (SAR 611.52 mn). The year 2022 was a healthy year for the Fund which witnessed exiting two investments at very attractive terms, repaying portion of the outstanding debt to alleviate some of the financial liabilities on the fund, and generally optimizing and repositioning it to be ready to capitalize on upcoming suitable opportunities.

During 2022, Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund has sold two real estate properties (Raud Al Jenan & Al Fanar commercial part) for an aggregate of SAR 167mn. Furthermore, the fund has signed a new lease agreement for its biggest asset (Marvella Complex) at a favorable term for a period of (5) years, ensuring its full occupancy during that period and contributing to the stability of the fund's performance. Lastly, the fund is still pursuing expansion as it is looking to acquire a leased land in Jeddah, further improving the geographical diversification of the fund's portfolio.

Jadwa REIT Saudi is marching into 2023 with a strong conviction and positive outlook into the market as the economy is expected to slowly but surely recovers from the impact of the felt inflation and rising interest rates. The next twelve months will surely present new challenges and exciting opportunities, in which the Fund is in an optimal position to benefit from. With its available credit line facility on hand and low leverage, the Fund is on track to deploy more capital and grow the portfolio through more acquisitions of accretive high-quality assets.

Section 1

REIT AT A GLANCE

REIT At A Glance





Financial Performance

Portfolio Characteristics

	2020	2021	2022
Number of properties	8	9	8
Sectors	Residential, logistics, Commercial, Retail, Educational, Hospitality	Residential, logistics, Commercial, Retail, Educational, Hospitality	Residential, logistics, Commercial, Retail, Educational, Hospitality
Total Land area (sq. meter)	387,442	406,296	348,346
Total BUA	452,014	488,006	447,655
Portfolio Occupancy	100%	99.6%	98.5%
Number of Tenants	6	50	47
WAULT	4.2	4.27	4.41
Fair Market Value	1,844,170,000	2,391,563,638	1,873,163,640

Fund's Performance

	2020	2021	2022
Net Asset Value (Cost)	1,576,451,066	1,851,058,639	1,779,492,303
Net Asset Value (Fair Value)	1,850,012,969	2,093,099,769	2,018,540,178
Fair Value NAV per unit	11.71	11.22	10.82
Highest Fair Value NAV per unit	11.71	11.69	11.18
Lowest Fair Value NAV per unit	11.17	11.13	10.82
Number of issued units	158,000,000	186,509,785	186,509,785
Distributed Dividends Per Unit	0.73	0.78	0.80
percentage of fund expenses to the fund's total assets value	0.77%	0.79%	1.10%
Annual return	11.37%	2.48%	3.57%
Unearned revenue to revenue	2.2%	1.3%	1.1%
Non cash expenses to net income	26.4%	148.7%	82.4%
LTV	26.5%	24.5%	17.82%
Loan Maturity Date		July-31-2023	

Fund's Returns Profile

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
16.70%	7.89%	11.37%	2.48%	3.57%
1-Year return		3-Years return	Since i	nception returns
3.57%		12.13%	38.60%	6

Annual Fund Expenses

	2022
Management Fee	15,517,584
Registrar Fee	400,000
Listing Fee	300,000
Custodian Fee	320,000
Administrator Fee	342,628
Auditor Fee	40,000
Board Oversight Fee	20,000
Other Fund Fees	8,730,045
Grand Total	25,670,257
percentage of fund expenses to the fund's total assets value	1.10%

Percentage of each property rent to the total Fund's rent

Property	2020	2021	2022	
Al Marefa University	12.4%	12.2%	11.5%	
Marvella Complex	38.6%	37.1%	34.9%	
Al Sulay Industrial Facility	15.4%	14.8%	14.0%	
Al Youm Tower	19.5%	15.9%	11.3%	
Al Fanar Residential Compound	5.8%	5.6%	5.2%	
Labour Court	4.6%	4.5%	4.0%	
Aber Al yasmin hotel	1.7%	1.6%	2.1%	
Riyadh Boulevard	0.0%	6.4%	16.9%	

Annual Fund Perfomance Comparison

Tadawul All Share Index: a stock market index which tracks the performance of all companies listed on the Saudi Stock Exchange. Tadawul REITs Index: a stock market index which tracks the performance of all REITs listed on the Saudi Stock Exchange.

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund	Tadawul All Share Index	Tadawul REITS Index
-8.67%	-4.96%	-8.61%

^{*} The annual return for the Fund is calculated based on the capital gain from the changes in the unit trading price plus dividends yield

Special commission

No special commission has been received by the Fund manager during 2022

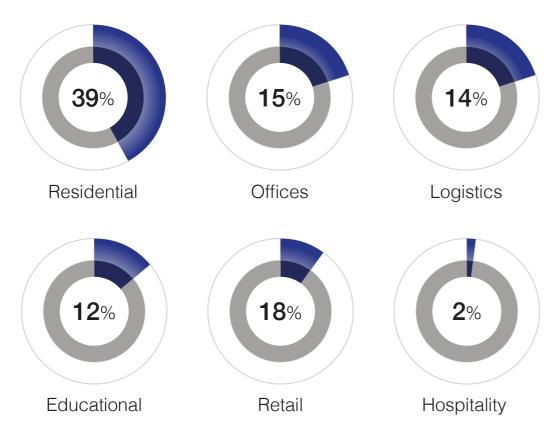
Section 2

PORTFOLIO DESCRIPTION

Portfolio Description

>

Portfolio Allocation by Sector



^{*}The portfolio allocation by sector only includes the direct investment in real estate income generating assets

Targeted Assets by the Fund Manager

The fund is targeting to acquire a leased land in Jeddah for SAR 500 million (excluding RETT and acquisition fees) financed through the Shariah-compliant bank facility available to the Fund.

Portfolio Occupancy as of 31 December 2022*

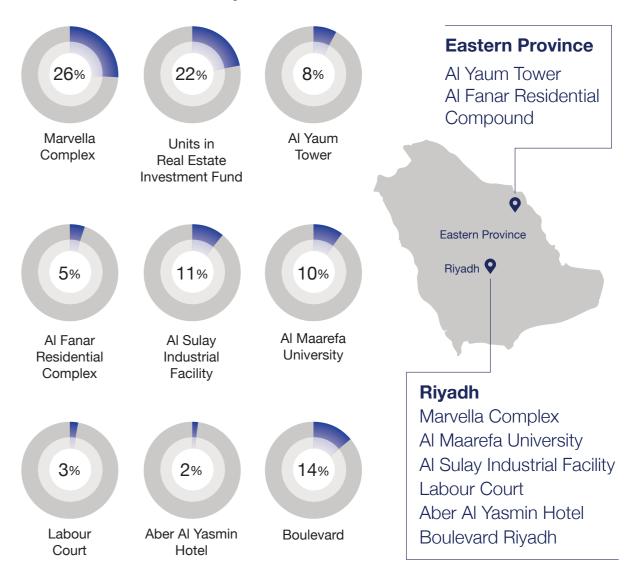
98.5%

Percentage of leased assets to the total portfolio of income generating assets

1.5%

Percentage of unleased assets to the total portfolio of income generating assets

Portfolio Allocation by Asset

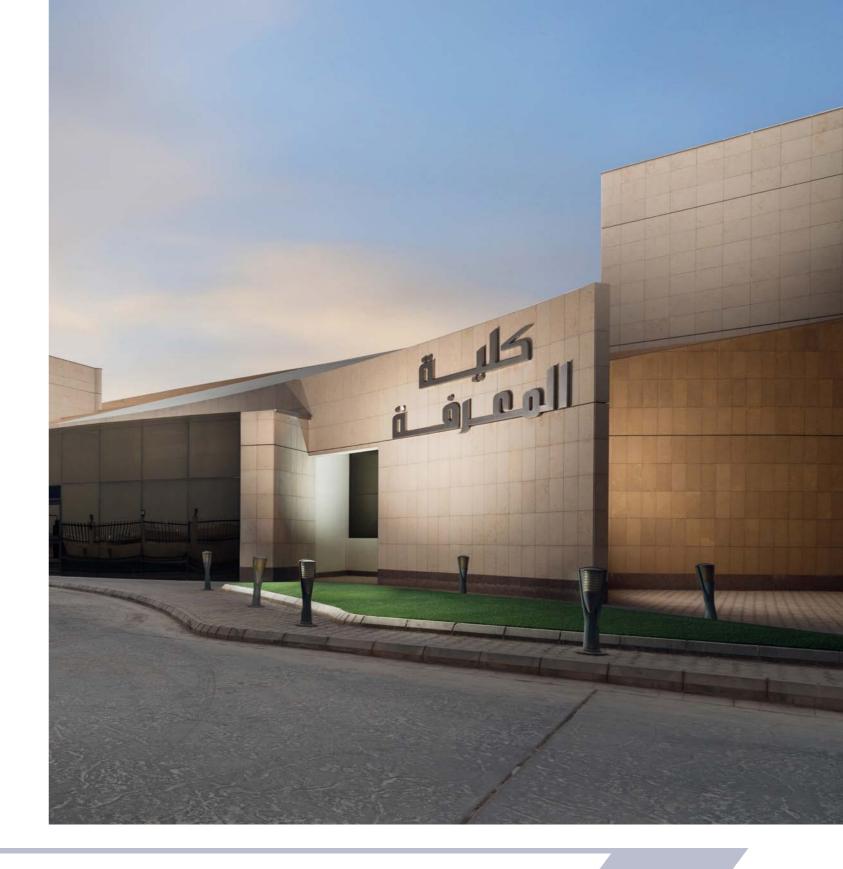


^{*} The portfolio occupancy only includes the direct investment in real estate income generating assets

Al Maarefa University

 Al Maarefa University is a four-story school building with a two-level basement, mezzanine and roof floor built mainly of concrete, with a BUA of approximately 41,830 sq.m.

Location	Al Dereyah, Riyadh
Acquisition Price	200,000,000
Net Acquisition Yield	8.0%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	227,581,167
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	15 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	10%

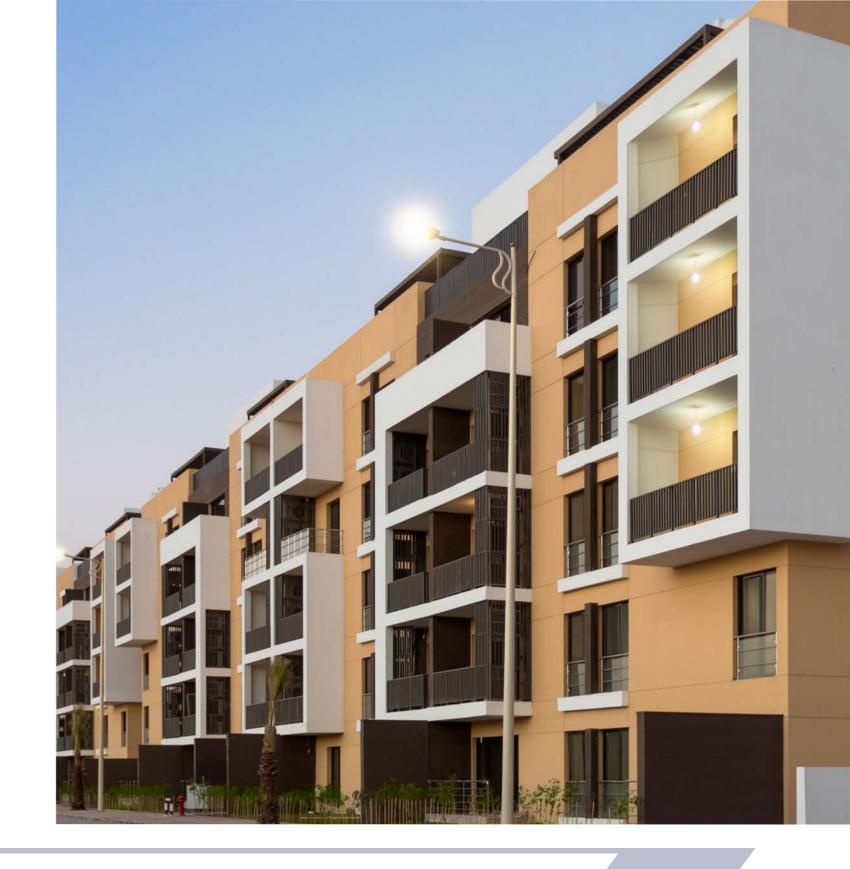


Marvella Complex



- development compound comprising of 594 residential apartments and 21 retail shops. It consists of several five-story buildings, each with basement parking and built mainly of concrete.
- Marvella complex is a mixed-use The compound consists of three types of residential buildings (A, B and C), a commercial building and a mosque, with a total built-up area of 154,282.52 sq.m.

Location	Al Hamra District, Riyadh
Acquisition Price	606,000,000
Net Acquisition Yield	8.3%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	613,704,820
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	1 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	26%



Al Sulay Industrial **Facility**

- 42 warehouses, office & accommodation buildings, guardhouses, a concrete perimeter wall and an asphalted open area. The total built-up area is 143,400 sq.m.
- This property is an industrial complex with The Office & Accommodation Building is a two-story. The ground floor is used for offices, while the first floor is for labor accommodation The industrial compound is equipped with a firefighting system.

Location	Al Sulay District, Riyadh
Acquisition Price	221,680,000
Net Acquisition Yield	9.0%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	262,365,758
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	1 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	11%



Al Yaum Tower



• Al Yaum Tower is a 16-story office • It is newly constructed with the netbuilding with a three-level basement built mainly of concrete.

leasable area covering 19,861 sq.m.

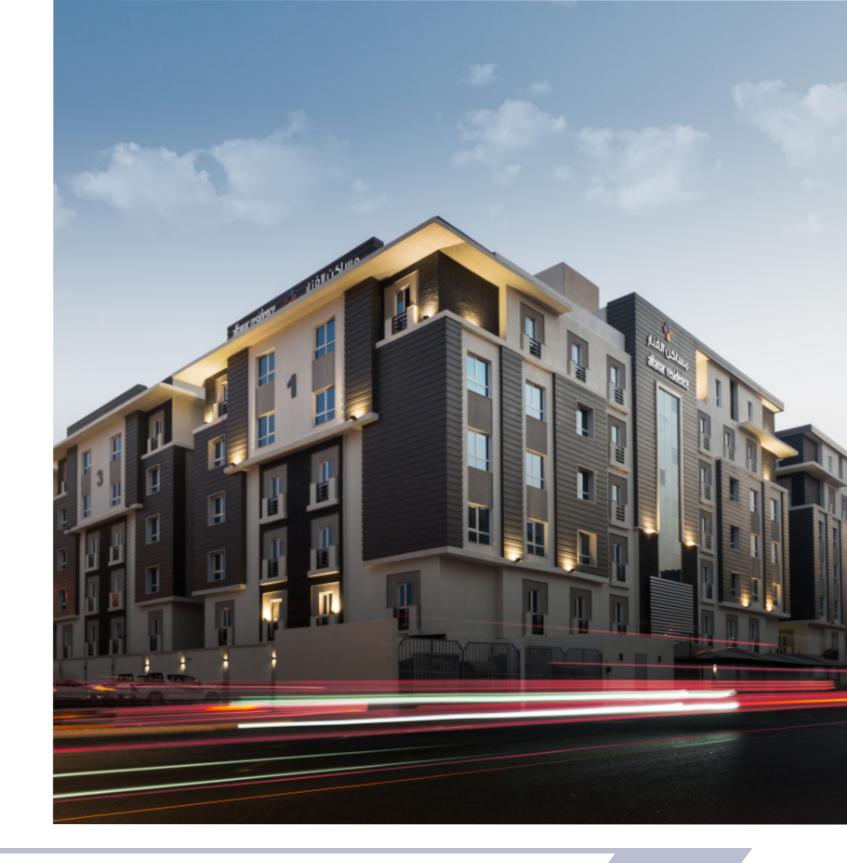
Location	Al Dammam
Acquisition Price	275,000,000
Net Acquisition Yield	8.7%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	201,837,432
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	4.6 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	8%



Al Fanar Residential Compound

• Al Fanar Residential compound is a residential apartment complex comprised of six identical six-story buildings.

Location	Al Khobar
Acquisition Price	112,791,836
Net Acquisition Yield	8.3%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	109,375,000
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	1 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	5%



Labour Court



cladding façade exterior wall.

with an area of 3,300 square meters. It was reportedly constructed circa 1438 hijri with a total built-up area of 8,312 square meters.

Location	Riyadh
Acquisition Price	59,000,000
Net Acquisition Yield	10.2%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	73,398,462
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	1.3 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	3%



Aber Al Yasmin Hotel

- with mezzanine and basement parking, mainly built of reinforced concrete structure with glass panel and concrete exterior wall.
- Aber Al Yasmin Hotel is a two-story The building was built on a land with an area of 3,640 square meters. It was reportedly constructed circa 1438H hijri with a total built-up area including the basement of 6,405 square meters. The hotel occupied 4,172 square meters of the GLA and the retail GLA vacancy is 2,007 square meters that includes mezzanine.

Location	Riyadh
Acquisition Price	34,000,000
Net Acquisition Yield	9.1%
Number of tenants	1
Fair Value Estimation*	43,783,246
Occupancy Rate	100%
Remaining Lease Term	8 years
% of Total Fund Portfolio	2%



Units in Real Estate Investment Fund

- Real Estate Investment Fund, a closedended Shariah-compliant real estate investment fund. The objective of Real Estate Investment Fund is to provide investors with a stable stream of income and capital appreciation in the medium and long term through the acquisition of income-generating real estate assets in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.
- Real Estate Investment Fund has a term of 10 years, which can be extended for two additional periods of five years each.
- Real Estate Investment Fund acquisitions were funded by accepting in-kind and cash subscriptions in the amount of 1.5 billion Saudi riyals, and the remainder was funded by obtaining bank loans amounting to 1.3 billion Saudi Riyals from Saudi banks for a period of five years, provided that the full amount of the financing is to be paid at the end of the fifth year.
- The initial portfolio of assets for Real Estate Investment Fund comprises of 3 income-generating properties which are: Al Nakhla Residential Compound, REIF Flats, Seven commercial, office and service towers in the "Laysen Valley" project.
- Real Estate Investment Fund targets a fund size of 10 billion Saudi Riyals, while the initial closing successfully raised the amount of 2.8 billion Saudi riyals.

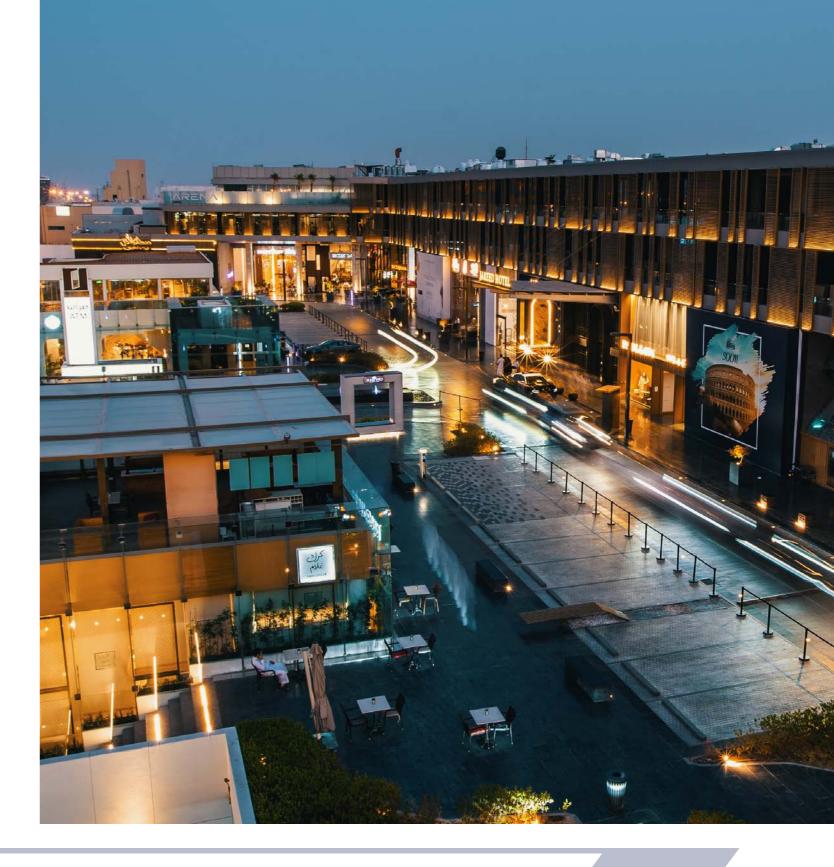
Value of Investment	530,100,000
Expected Five Years Average Annual Return	10%
Number of Underlying Properties	3
% of Total Fund Portfolio	22%



Riyadh Boulevard

A mixed-use retail project between retail, restaurants, offices and a hotel located in the Hittin district, Riyadh, with a total built-up area of 35,992 square meters. It overlooks directly on the main road (Prince Turki Ibn Abdulaziz I Road)

Acquisition price	320,000,000
Net Acquisition Yield	7.7%
Number of Tenants	31
Fair Valuation Estimation*	341,117,755
Occupancy Rate	88%
Remaining lease term	7
% of total Fund portfolio	14%



*as of 31st Dec 2022

التقريـر السنــوي ٢٠٢٢ Annual Report 2022

Section 3

RISK REPORT

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund Risk Report

Fund Details

Fund Name	Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund
Fund Manager	Jadwa Investment Company
Listing Exchange	Tadawul (Saudi) Stock Exchange in February 2018
Type of Fund	Closed-ended Shariah Compliant
Authorized Capital	SAR 1,950,000,000 (186,509,785 units)
Fair Value NAV per unit	SAR 10.82 (as of 31 Dec 2022)
No. of Properties	8
Fund Term	99 Years, extendable for additional periods
Risk Level	Below Average / Low

Key Risks

Risk Type	Risk Description	Risk Mitigation
Economic Risk	Changes in economic conditions, including, for example, inflation, new government regulations, political events and trends can affect the Fund's prospects.	Regular monitoring of macroeconomic conditions and regulatory trends in laws is being carried out by the Fund Manager. Proactive steps are taken to mitigate or minimize the impact as much as possible.
Legal and Regulatory Risk	Failure to adhere to laws, rules and regulations as stipulated by CMA can result in suspension of trading or cancelation of the Fund's listing.	The Fund Manager has recruited qualified personnel to manage the Fund and monitor all regulatory requirements such as compliance and risk management. These qualified personnel take all necessary steps for establishing and confirming to avoid any non-compliant practices under the supervision of the Fund Manager.
Occupancy Risk	Risk when expected occupancy rates are not achieved, which affects the profitability of the Fund.	All properties acquired by the Fund have strong economic fundamentals and cash-generation characteristics, thus providing significant margins of safety on occupancy rates. The Fund normally engages in long term leases ranging between 3 and 20 years with notice period of 12 months, which also mitigates the risk of not achieving the expected occupancy rates.
Development Risk		
tenants to meet their payment the Fund Manager before on boarding any robligations towards the Fund. tenants. For the existing tenants, regular moof outstanding dues towards the Fund and f		Credit analysis/ assessment is conducted by the Fund Manager before on boarding any new tenants. For the existing tenants, regular monitoring of outstanding dues towards the Fund and follow up for payments is done by the Fund Manager.
Financing Risk	Financing risk occurs when the Fund is unable to raise financing from market to continue/expand its operation.	The Fund has a committed SAR 1 billion credit line facility from Banque Saudi Fransi out of 453 million (2021- 603 million) is utilised, which assures that the financing risk is at a minimal.

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund Risk Report

Key Risks

Risk Type	Risk Description	Risk Mitigation
Lease Renewal Risk	Lease renewal risk is the risk of nonrenewal of existing leases or renewal at lower than current lease rate that might impact the rental income of the Fund.	The Fund enters into long-term operating lease contracts with tenants for space in its investment properties with lease terms ranging between 3 and 20 years. These operating leases provide tenant to pay the base rent with provisions for contractual increase in the rent.
Risk of neglecting the property	Any adverse event leading to structural damage to properties owned by the Fund thereby risking the income generating potential from such properties.	All the properties are insured by the Fund which covers for all property damages. The Fund Manager ensures that the insurance coverage is adequate under public liability and property all risks insurance.
Property Manager Risk	Risk of early termination of the property manager contract thereby impacting the operations of the properties that it manages.	Provision of advance notice of 3 months by either party before terminating the services. During this period alternative arrangement can be made by the Fund Manager.
Counterparty Concentration Risk	This risk arises when a single counterparty has the most concentration of leased assets, this might lead to an adverse condition if the counterparty has troubles in future.	A major portion of the Fund's leasing income is derived from Al Muhaideb Group. If, this lessee was to serve the Fund notice in the next few years, it could expose the Fund to a high cashflow risk. During 2022, The Fund has received a dividend payment from the investment in the real estate investment Fund which represents 17.25% of the Fund's total revenue. This risk is being mitigated by growing the portfolio over a range of tenants and diversification of the Fund by investing in other funds.
Sector Concentration Risk	This risk arises when all assets belong to the same sector, this might lead to an adverse condition if that location has trouble in future.	The Fund has diversified the real estate assets across office, residential and commercial properties used for hospitality, education, logistics and retail. The Fund Manager continuously explores various options for diversification.

Risk Type	Risk Description	Risk Mitigation
Interest Rate Risk	The risk that the value of Fund's assets and financial instruments will fluctuate due to adverse changes in profit/interest rates.	The Fund is leveraged using a floating rate facility (priced at a SAIBOR + spread rate) and any adverse change in SAIBOR would result in higher profit/ interest expenses and consequently lower total returns to the Unitholders. The Fund Manager is mitigating the impact of increasing profit/interest rate by selling the least preforming assets and using the proceeds to buy a better yielding asset and repay the debt.
Liquidity Risk	The risk of the Fund not being able to meet short term financial demands (e.g., debt servicing, dividend distribution, operating expenses) or unable to meet any payment obligations for exiting property.	Cash flow generated from operating the property portfolio represents the primary source of liquidity used to service the interest on debt, fund's general and administrative expenses. The Fund Manager ensures that there are adequate funds to repay obligation in a timely and cost-effective manner.
Leverage Risk	The risk that the Fund may not be able to generate necessary income to service its debt which triggers an event of default.	The Fund Manager closely monitors the detailed cash flows statements by property and the overall fund to ensure that sufficient funds are available to meet any debt repayment commitments as they arise. Moreover, the Fund Manager closely monitors the debt covenants to make sure that all covenants are met (all covenants are met as of 31/12/2022).
Exit Risk	The risk of inability to liquidate the underlying real estate assets in a timely manner and according to the Fund's strategy. This risk is more relevant as the fund gets closer to maturity.	The Fund has a long term to maturity (99 years, extendable) and the Fund's units continue to be tradable on the stock exchange, giving unitholders the ability to exit at the time of their choice based on prevailing market prices. The Fund has invested in Real Estate assets which have suitable appetite and strong investors demand and are easier to liquidate than other Real Estate assets.
Asset Valuation Risk	Incorrect valuation of the properties resulting in notional and reputational losses.	The Fund Manager ensures clear communication of most up to date required information to the external professional valuators for valuation of the properties to reduce the risk of inaccurate valuation. Moreover, valuations are carried out by two independent valuators accredited by the Saudi Authority for Accredited Valuators (TAQEEM). The Fund Manager uses the average of two valuations for reporting and decision making.
Environmental, Social & Governance (ESG) Risk	Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) risks refer to the three factors in measuring the sustainability and societal impact of an investment.	As part of the traditional financial analysis and due diligence, the risks arising due to environmental issues of properties and environmental regulation are accounted in the valuation processes by the independent valuators. The increased awareness of Fund Manager about ESG risks, do not guarantee that its financial results will not be negatively impacted by the occurrence of any such event.



Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund Risk Report

Conclusion

The Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund is exposed to various risks as identified above which may impact the performance of the Fund. These risks have been mitigated by the actions taken by the Fund Manager to some extent. The Fund Manager is continuously exploring new investments and diversification opportunities to provide a stable stream of income to the investors.

The Fund is exposed to a counterparty concentration risk since a major portion of the leasing income is derived from Al Muhaideb Group. However, investment in REIF has resulted in the diversification of

income. The Fund is diversified between commercial, industrial, and residential properties, which lowers the sector concentration risk of the Fund. The Fund Manager continuously explores various options for diversification including investing in other funds. Unutilized credit facility of SAR 547 Mn helps the Fund maintain a flexible balance sheet for acquiring new assets swiftly and efficiently.

The Fund's performance in 2022 continuous to remain similar to the performance in 2021. Overall risk of the Fund has remained as "Below Average / Low".



Section 4

FUND GOVERNANCE



The Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund is a closed-ended Shariah- compliant real estate investment-traded Fund that is managed by Jadwa Investment Company. The Fund operates in accordance with the Real Estate Investment Fund Regulations and the REIT Instructions issued.

Name	Jadwa Investment Company
Address	Sky Towers, Fourth Floor, King Fahad Road, P.O. Box 60677, Riyadh, 11555, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
Website	www.jadwa.com

About Jadwa Investment Company

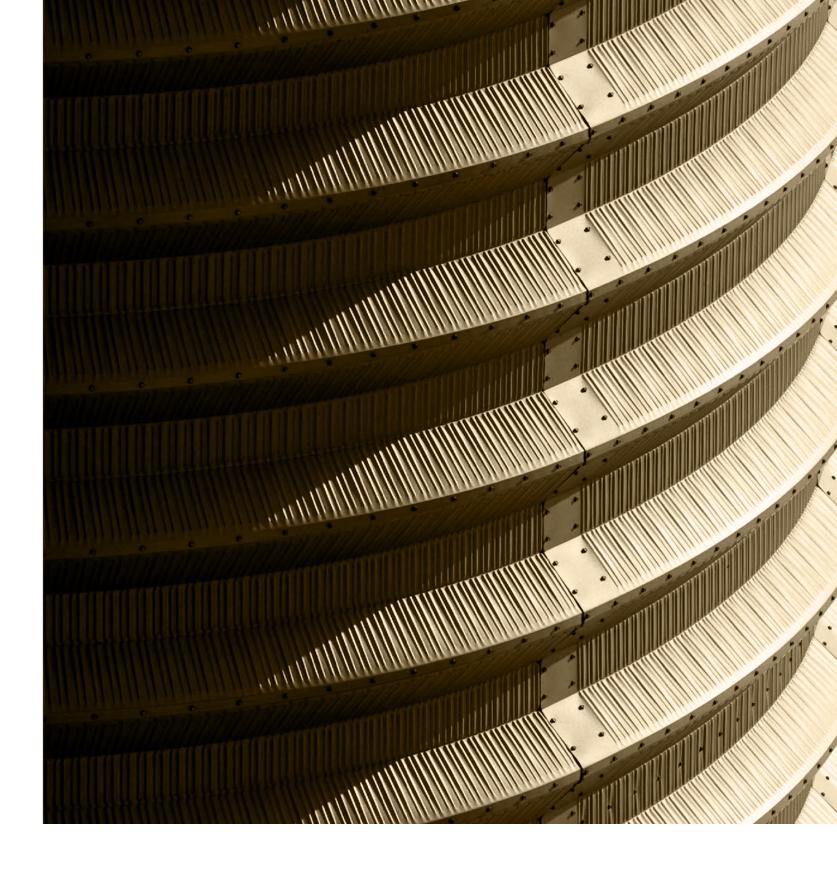
Jadwa Investment is the premier investment management and advisory firm in Saudi Arabia and the wider region. Headquartered in Riyadh with three regional offices, the firm has over SAR 52.1 billion in client assets under management and advisement.

Its clients include government entities, local and international institutional investors, leading family offices, and high-net-worth individuals. Jadwa Investment is licensed by the Capital Market Authority (CMA) as an authorized person, with license number 06034-37

Delegation to Third Parties

As the Fund manager, Jadwa Investment Company is liable for the appointment of any third party (including its affiliates) and their responsibilities.

Jadwa Investment Company is also the Fund administrator. However, Jadwa has delegated certain administrative functions to Apex Fund Services (Dubai) Ltd to enhance the performance of the REIT.



Custodian

Name	AlBilad Investment Company
Address	Smart Tower, First Floor, Intersection of King Fahad Road and Tahlia Road, P.O. Box 140, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.
Website	www.albilad-capital.com
Tel	+966 11 290 6245

Auditor

Name	Alluhaid & Alyahya Chartered Accountants (ACA)
Address	6733 Abo Bakr Al Siddiq Road, Al Taawun District. P.O. Box 85453, Riyadh 11691 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.
Tel	+966 11 269 3516

Administrator

Name	Jadwa Investment Company
Address	Sky Towers, Fourth Floor, King Fahad Road, P.O. Box 60677, Riyadh, 11555, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
Website	www.jadwa.com
Tel	+966 11 279 1111

Legal Advisor

Name	Abuhimed Alsheikh Alhagbani Law Firm (in affiliation with Clifford Chance LLP)			
Address	The Business Gate, 15th Floor King Khaled International Airport Road, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia			
Tel	+966 11 481 9700			
Website	www.ashlawksa.com			

Third-Party Valuers

Name	White Cubes Company
Address	Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
Tel	+966 11 810 1765
Website	www.white-cubes.com
Name	ValuStrat Company
Address	6th Floor, Southern Tower, King Khalid Foundation Al Faisaliah Complex, King Fahd Road, Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
Tel	+966 11 293 5127
Website	www.valustrat.com

VAT Consultant

Name	PricewaterhouseCoopers (PWC)
Address	Kingdom Tower - 21st Floor, King Fahd Highway, Riyadh, 11414, Saudi Arabia
Tel	+966 11 211 0400
Website	www.pwc.com/m1

Conflicts of Interest

As of December 31, 2022, there are no transactions involving material conflicts of interest between Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund, Jadwa Investment Company, its board or any third parties. To clarify, the appointed custodian Al Bilad Capital is wholly owned by Al Bilad Bank. A member of Jadwa Investment Company's board of directors is a shareholder in a founding company of Al Bilad Bank (at a percentage not representing control).

Conflicts of interest may exist or arise from time to time between the REIT, and the Jadwa Investment Company or its affiliates, subsidiaries, directors, officers, employees and agents thereof, and other Funds sponsored or managed by them. Where Jadwa Investment Company has a material conflict of interest with the Fund, Jadwa Investment Company will make full disclosure to the Fund Board as soon as practicable. Jadwa Investment Company will attempt to resolve any conflicts of interest by exercising its good faith judgment considering the interests of all affected investors and parties taken as a whole.



- On 21/04/2022G, Jadwa Investment Company ("Fund Manager"), in its capacity as the manager of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (the "Fund"), announces that the Fund has signed a Sale and Purchase Agreement for a leased land in Jeddah (the "Agreement") on 19/09/1443H corresponding to 20/04/2022G. The acquisition price is SAR 500 million (excluding RETT and acquisition fees) and the acquisition will be financed through the Shariah-compliant bank facility available to the Fund.
- On 12/6/2022G, Jadwa Investment Company has announced that the limits of the shariah-compliant banking facility, which was previously obtained from Banque Saudi Fransi, have been increased by one hundred and seventy million three hundred thousand Saudi riyals (SAR 170,300,000), bringing the total available banking facility to one billion and one hundred and seventy million and three hundred thousand Saudi riyals (SAR 1,170,300,000). The purpose of the increase in facility is to finance the Fund's new acquisitions of incomegenerating properties located in the Kingdom while ensuring a diversified assets classes exposure that is in line with the Fund's investment strategy, which shall reflect positively on the fund's net income and cash dividends.
- On 05/07/2022G, Jadwa Investment Company ("Fund Manager"), in its capacity as the manager of the Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (the "Fund"), announces the sale of Raud Al Jenan School property (the "property") located Al Nakheel district in Riyadh in 05/12/1443H corresponding 04/07/2022G, after obtaining the approval of the fund board on the property sale plan, and signing the sale and purchase agreement with the relevant parties. The property was sold at a price of (SAR 27,000,000), which resulted in a 12% capital gain on the book value of the property. It is also worth noting that the fund had acquired the property in January of 2019 and enjoyed an annual net rent yield of 10% over this period.
- On 27/07/2022G, Jadwa Investment Company ("Fund Manager"), in its capacity as the manager of the Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (the "Fund"), announces the signing of sale and purchase agreement for AI Fanar complex the commercial part only (the "property") located in AI Rawabi district in Khobar on 28/12/1443H corresponding 27/07/2022G, after obtaining the approval of the fund board on the property sale plan. The sale price is (SAR 140,000,000). It is also worth noting that the fund had acquired the property in February of 2018 and enjoyed an annual net rent yield of 8.25% over this period.
- On 14/09/2022G, Jadwa Investment Company has announced addendum announcement for the completion of the sale process and transferring the title deed of Al Fanar complex the commercial part only to the buyer after fulfilling sale and purchase agreement terms and receiving the sale proceeds to the fund.

Subsequent Events:

- On 15/02/2023G, Jadwa Investment Company ("Fund Manager"), in its capacity as the manager of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (the "Fund"), announced the signing a new master-lease agreement for Marvella Residential Compound located on King Abdullah road in Riyadh, on 23/07/1444H corresponding to 14/02/2023G, The Fund has signed the agreement with National Building and Marketing Company to lease the compound completely for (5) years with a total annual rental value of (50,000,000) Saudi Riyals.
 - On 28/02/2023G, Jadwa Investment Company ("Fund Manager"), in its capacity as the manager of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (the "Fund"), announced a change in the membership of the Fund's Board of Directors by appointing Dr Waleed Al Mazyad as an independent board member.



The Fund Board oversees the resolution of conflicts of interests. As at December 31, 2022, the Fund Board is composed of appointees of the Fund manager.

The members of the Fund Board have fiduciary duties to the investors under the Real Estate Investment Fund Regulations and will use their best efforts to resolve all conflicts by exercising their good faith judgment.

The Fund Board is composed of five members appointed by the Fund manager, of whom two are independent. Any amendment to the composition of the Fund Board shall be notified to the Unitholders by an announcement on the Fund manager's and Tadawul's websites.

Fund Board Meeting

Board Meetings Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund 2021

The First meeting was conducted in July 05, 2022

The following topics have been discussed:

- A brief on the general performance of REIT market in Saudi Arabia during the first half of 2022.
- Fund financial performance during the first half of 2022.
- Update on the acquisition of Jeddah Land.

The Second meeting was conducted in December 25, 2022

The following topics have been discussed:

- A brief on the general performance of REIT market in Saudi Arabia during the year 2022.
- Fund financial performance during the second half of 2022.
- The Sale of Raud Al Jenan School and Al Fanar Commercial part.

Resolutions signed during the year of 2022:

- Approval of the annual financial statements for Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund for the year ending on 31 December 2021.
- Approval of Acquiring a leased land in Jeddah for SAR 500 million (excluding RETT and acquisition fees) financed through the Shariah-compliant bank facility available to the Fund.
- Approval of selling Raud Al Jenan property for SAR 27 million.

- Approval of selling Al Fanar Commercial part for SAR 140 million.
- Approval of the semiannual financial statements for Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund for the period ending on 30 June 2021.
- Acceptance of Mr. Asad Khan resignation from the fund board.
- Acceptance of Dr. Waleed Addas resignation from the fund board and the appointment of Mr. Adel Al Kadi as an independent board member.

The Fund Board consists of the following members:



Ghannam Al Ghannam

(Chairman)

Mr. Al Ghannam is the Director, Private & Institutional Client Investments at Jadwa Investment Company. Prior to joining Jadwa, he was a Senior Investment Advisor for private clients at HSBC Saudi Arabia. Mr. Al Ghannam has over 14 years of experience in business development and wealth management. He is a certified financial planner and holds a BS degree in Business Adminstration from Toledo University.

Dr. Nouf Al Sharif

(Board Member)

Dr. Nouf is a senior economist part of the Jadwa research team. Prior to joining Jadwa Dr. Nouf was an economics lecturer at Prince Sultan University specializing and teaching Business, Micro and Macroeconomics and monetary banking. From 2009 to 2011, she worked at Riyadh Bank quickly being promoted from senior planning analyst to the bank acting chief economist from December 2007 to November 2008. Dr. Nouf holds a PHD from Sussex University department of economics from Falmer, United kingdom, in addition to a master and bachelors from King Saud University from the college of Business administration, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia.

Nader Al Amri

(Independent Director)

Mr. Nader Al Amri is the executive and founding partner of First Avenue Real Estate Development Company, and occupies the role of a financial advisor to a number of public and private entities. He holds a Bachelor of Commerce majoring in Economics from Saint Mary's University in Canada, in addition to a Masters degree in Economics from the University of Waterloo in Canada. Mr. Nader holds other degrees in real estate management, finance, design and leadership from Harvard Labor College in the United States, also holds a professional certificate in real estate finance and investment from the University of New York in the United States.

Adel Al Kadi

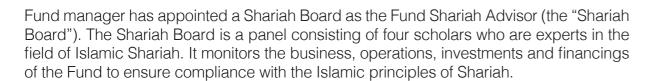
(Independent Director)

Mr. Adel works as Vice Chairman and CEO of Al Hayat Investment Company, and previously worked in Advanced Electronics Company as a project manager. Mr. Adel has more than 9 years of experience in the field of investment and business development, and holds an industrial engineering degree from King Fahd University For Petroleum and Minerals with second honors, in addition to a certified project manager certificate from the International Project Management Institute.

^{*}The Fund board composition as of 31 December 2022, the composition have been changed on 28 February 2023



Sharia Board



The Fund manager carries out the Shariah monitoring tasks for the Fund's investments, which include the following:

- Achieve the Fund's commitment to Shariah monitoring through periodic reviews.
- Review agreements and contracts regarding the Fund's transactions.
- Follow-up with the Fund's operations, review its activities in terms of their legality, and consider the extent of its compliance with the Shariah Guidelines and the Shariah Board's directions.
- Submit the matter to the Shariah Board in case of any potential Shariah violations.
- Prepare and follow-up with the necessary endorsements for the purification amounts approved by the Shariah Board.

The Shariah Board oversees the compliance of the Fund's activities with the Shariah Guidelines and provides relevant advice.

H.E. Sheikh Dr. Abdulla Al Mutlaq

H.E Sheikh Dr. Abdulla Al Mutlaq is a member of the Senior Ulema Board, Advisor to the Royal Court, former Chairman of the comparative Fiqh, Imam Mohammed Bin Saud Islamic University, and a member of the Shariah Board for several financial institutions in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Sheikh Bader Abdulaziz Al Omar

Sheikh Bader Abdulaziz Al Omar has 18 years of experience in Islamic banking. Currently, he is the Head of the Shariah Group at Jadwa Investment, having worked earlier in several positions at the Shariah group within Al Rajhi bank. He is a former member of the Islamic banking committee at the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency.

Sheikh Ahmed Abdulrahman Al Gaidy

Sheikh Ahmed Abdulrahman Al Gaidy is our head of Shariah research and has 14 years of experience in investment banking. He has issued several pieces of Shariah research and previously worked as Shariah consultant to the Al Rajhi Bank's investment department. He was also a Shariah consultant to the Al-Jazira Bank's treasury department.

Sheikh Dr. Muhammad Ali bin Ibrahim Al Qari bin Eid

Sheikh Dr. Muhammad Ali Al Qari bin Eid is a professor of Islamic Economics at King Abdulaziz University in Jeddah, and an expert at the Figh Academy of the Organization of Islamic Conference in Jeddah.

Shariah guidelines for the Fund's investment in real estate assets

The Shariah Board believes that investments in real estate assets are permissible subject to the following guidelines:

- 1. The purchase-and-sale agreement for the real estate assets must be in the Shariah Board's approved form.
- 2. The invested real-estate asset must be accurately known with due diligence.
- 3. The price must be known.
- 4. The Fund manager must not execute any lease contracts on a real estate asset until completion of the purchase of the real estate asset;
- 5. The property cannot be rented from the owner for a deferred payment, and then re-leased to the owner for an amount that is less than the deferred amount.

The property must not be rented from the owner with a current payment, then re-leased to the owner for more than that price for a deferred payment.

In Addition:

- 1. The Fund can only invest directly in the shares of listed real estate companies.
- 2. The Fund can only purchase units in other real estate Funds traded on the Saudi Stock Market 'Tadawul' if these are Shariah-compliant and are approved by the Shariah Board.
- 3. All Murabaha transactions must be in SAR.

The Fund manager is responsible for the expenses of the Shariah Board, including those related to monitoring the business, operations, investments and financings of the Fund. The Fund is not responsible for Shariah Board's expenses.

The Shariah Board has reviewed the Terms and Conditions and approved the structure of the Fund and the offering of units at the Fund's inception. The Fund shall also comply with the approved Shariah Guidelines.

If any investment proceeds or other amounts received by the Fund are not Shariahcompliant, the fund shall

arrange for such Funds to be 'purified' in accordance with a procedure to be determined by the Shariah Board from time to time. The Shariah Board shall specify the relevant purification percentage or amount.

The preceding does not support to be a complete or exhaustive explanation and summary of all the potential conflicts of interest involved in an investment in units in the Fund. It is strongly recommended that all potential investors seek independent advice from their professional advisors.

Section 5

REIT Fund Financials

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund

(Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

31 DECEMBER 2022

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 December 2022

INDEX	PAGE
Independent auditor's report	1 - 4
Statement of financial position	5
Statement of comprehensive income	6
Statement of cash flows	7
Statement of changes in equity	8
Notes to the financial statements	9 - 30



Alluhaid & Alyahya Chartered Accountants
License No. (735) CR:1010468314
Paid up capital SR 100,000
A Limited Liability Company
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Riyadh King Fahd Road,
Muhammadiyah District, Garnd Tower 12th Floor

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Unitholders of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (the "Fund") managed by Jadwa Investment Company (the "Fund Manager"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the related statements of comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements endorsed by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISA") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the professional code of conduct and ethics that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter	How the key matter was addressed in the audit		
Impairment of investment properties The Fund owns a portfolio of investment properties comprising of land and commercial buildings being	We agreed the value of all the properties held at the year end to the valuation included in the independent management		
Investment properties are held for capital appreciation and/or rental yields and are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any	- We evaluated the competency, capabilities and objectivity of work performed by the independent management expert:		
impairment losses. As at 31 December 2022, the carrying value of investment properties was SR 1,634 million (2021: SR 1,833 million) which was net of accumulated	On sample basis, with the help of our independent expert, we performed the following:		
depreciation of SR 175 million (2021: SR 151 million) and an accumulated impairment allowance of SR 63 million (2021: SR 46 million).	 We assessed the appropriateness of valuation methods, assumptions, and estimates used by management in the investment properties valuation process; 		

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued) To the Unitholders of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

Key Audit Matters (continued)

For assessing the impairment of investment properties, the Fund management monitors volatility of fair value of properties by engaging independent certified property valuers to perform a formal valuation of the Fund's investment properties on semi-annual basis.

Key Audit Matter

We considered this as a key audit matter since the impairment assessment of investment properties requires significant judgement, assumptions and estimates Any input inaccuracies or unreasonable bases used in these judgements and estimates (such as in respect of estimated rental value and yield profile applied) could result in a material misstatement in the statement of financial position and in the statement of comprehensive income.

The Fund's accounting policy for investment properties is disclosed in note 5.1, the significant accounting estimates, judgement and assumptions relating to investment properties are disclosed in note 4 and related disclosures about investment properties are included in notes 6 and 7 of the accompanying financial statements.

How the key matter was addressed in the audit

- We engaged in discussions with management and assessed the relevant assumptions used based on market data where possible;
- We tested the appropriateness of the key assumptions used in the valuation of investment properties, such as estimated rental value and yield profile applied;
- We checked the accuracy of impairment loss recognized in the statement of comprehensive income during the year; and
- We ensured that the financial statements contain adequate disclosures regarding the valuation methods, judgement, assumptions and estimates used in the valuation.

Other Information included in the Fund's 2022 Annual Report

Fund Manager is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Fund's 2022 annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Fund's 2022 annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Fund's 2022 annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

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التقريـر السنـوي ٢٠٢٢ Annual Report 2022



Alluhaid & Alyahya Chartered Accountants License No. (735) CR:1010468314 Paid up capital SR 100,000 A Limited Liability Company Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Riyadh King Fahd Road . Muhammadiyah District, Garnd Tower 12th Floor

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued) To the Unitholders of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

Responsibilities of the Fund Manager and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial

The Fund Manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and other standards and pronouncement that are endorsed by SOCPA and the applicable provisions of the Real Estate Investment Fund Regulations issued by the Board of Capital Market Authority, and the Fund's terms and conditions and the information memorandum, and for such internal control as the Fund Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Fund Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Fund Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, i.e. the Board of Directors, are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements

As part of an audit in accordance with ISA that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error. as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Fund Manager.
- · Conclude on the appropriateness of the Fund Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued) To the Unitholders of Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

· Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As at 31 December 2022, the Fund has not complied with the condition under Article 46 of the Real Estate Investment Fund Regulations as to the following:

• The Fund's investment value in constructionally developed real estate, and qualified to generate periodic rental income represents 71.2% of the Fund's total assets value, which is less than the minimum requirement of 75%.

For Alluhaid & Alyahya Chartered Accountants

Certified Public Accountant License No. 438

Riyadh: 8 Ramadan 1444 H (30 March 2023)



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Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 SR	2021 SR
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Investment properties Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	6 8	1,634,115,765 530,100,000	1,832,526,370 518,400,000
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		2,164,215,765	2,350,926,370
CURRENT ASSETS Prepayments and other assets Rent receivables Cash and cash equivalents	9 10 11	15,228,213 68,605,957 45,636,276	31,084,497 18,372,857 62,169,492
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		129,470,446	111,626,846
TOTAL ASSETS		2,293,686,211	2,462,553,216
LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long-term loan	12		599,990,035
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			599,990,035
CURRENT LIABILITIES Long-term loan – current portion Due to related parties Contract liability Accrued management fees Accrued expenses and other liabilities	12 14 14 13	451,235,466 39,669,175 1,689,253 16,222,974 5,377,040	449,772 1,851,657 6,745,029 2,458,084
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		514,193,908	11,504,542
TOTAL LIABILITIES		514,193,908	611,494,577
EQUITY Net assets attributable to unitholders		1,779,492,303	1,851,058,639
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		2,293,686,211	2,462,553,216
Units in issue (in units)	16	186,509,785	186,509,785
Per unit value		9.54	9.92
Per unit fair value	7	10.82	11.22

The attached notes 1 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company) STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 31 December 2022

REVENUE	Notes	2022 SR	2021 SR
Rental income from investment properties	18	158,453,725	145,197,306
Gain on disposal of investments properties	6	24,870,401	
Unrealised gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTPL Realised gain on financial assets at FVTPL	8	11,700,000	(11,990,020)
Dividend income	8 8	1,590,554 13,500,000	71,227 18,000,000
Other income	Ü	-	4,583
		210,114,680	151,283,096
EXPENSES			
Depreciation	6	(41,223,214)	(39,429,341)
Management fees	14	(15,517,584)	(13,485,753)
Amortisation of transaction cost	12	(2,995,431)	(1,981,542)
Provision for expected credit losses	9, 10	(19,715,577)	_
General and administrative expenses	15	(10,152,673)	(6,052,378)
		(89,604,479)	(60,949,014)
OPERATING PROFIT		120,510,201	90,334,082
Finance charges	12, 14	(25,516,835)	(16,772,483)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		94,993,366	73,561,599
Impairment loss on investment properties	6	(17,351,874)	(45,714,026)
NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR		77,641,492	27,847,573
Other comprehensive income		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		77,641,492	27,847,573

The attached notes 1 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 31 December 2022

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	2022 SR	2021 SR
Net income for the year		77,641,492	27,847,573
Adjustments for non-cash and other items: Depreciation on investment properties Impairment loss on investment properties Gain on disposal of investments properties Amortisation of transaction cost Finance charges Provision for expected credit losses Unrealised (gain) loss on financial assets at FVTPL Realised gain on financial assets at FVTPL	6 6 12 12, 14 9, 10 8	41,223,214 17,351,874 (24,870,401) 2,995,431 25,516,835 19,715,577 (11,700,000) (1,590,554)	39,429,341 45,714,026 - 1,981,542 16,772,483 - 11,990,020 (71,227)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Prepayments and other assets Rent receivables Due to related parties Contract liability Accrued management fees Accrued expenses and other liabilities		706,284 (54,798,677) 38,755,734 (162,404) 9,477,945 2,918,956	143,663,758 (30,678,517) 4,147,651 203,879 (1,139,299) (610,478) 1,112,449
Finance charges paid		143,181,306 (25,053,166)	116,699,443 (16,888,664)
Net cash flows from operating activities		118,128,140	99,810,779
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceed from disposal of financial assets at FVTPL Payments for financial assets at FVTPL Additions to investment properties Proceed from disposal of investment properties	6	188,590,554 (187,000,000) (2,294,082) 167,000,000	14,123,489 - (227,061,640)
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities		166,296,472	(212,938,151)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from units issued Distributions Transaction cost Proceeds from long-term loan Repayment of long-term loan	6, 16 21 12 12 12	(149,207,828) (1,750,000) - (150,000,000)	250,000,000 (123,240,000) - 30,000,000
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities		(300,957,828)	156,760,000
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		(16,533,216) 62,169,492	43,632,628 18,536,864
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		45,636,276	62,169,492
NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS Subscription against investment properties	6		120,000,000

The attached notes 1 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 SR	2021 SR
Equity attributed to the Unitholders at beginning of the year		1,851,058,639	1,576,451,066
Contribution by unitholders Proceeds from issuance of units	6, 16	-	250,000,000
Issuance of units against investment properties Total contributions by unitholders	6, 16	-	120,000,000 370,000,000
Comprehensive income Net income for the year		77 644 400	07.047.570
Other comprehensive income for the year		77,641,492	27,847,573
Total comprehensive income for the year	()	77,641,492	27,847,573
Distributions	21	(149,207,828)	(123,240,000)
Equity attributed to the Unitholders at end of the year		1,779,492,303	1,851,058,639
Transactions in units for the year ended are summarised as follows:			
	Notes	2022 Units	2021 Units
Units at the beginning of the year		186,509,785	158,000,000
Units issued during the year Units issued against investment properties	16	-	19,263,368
Office issued against investment properties	16		9,246,417
Units at the end of the year		186,509,785	186,509,785

The attached notes 1 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2022

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (the "Fund") is a closed-ended Shariah compliant real estate investment traded fund. The Fund operates in accordance with Real Estate Investment Fund Regulations ("REIFR") and Real Estate Investment Traded Funds ("REITF") Instructions issued by the Capital Market Authority ("CMA"). The Fund is listed on Saudi Stock Exchange ("Tadawul") and the units of the Fund started to be traded on Tadawul in accordance with its rules and regulations. The Capital of the Fund is SR 1,950,000,000 divided into 186,509,785 units (2021: SR 1,950,000,000 divided into 186,509,785 units). The Fund has a term of 99 years, which is extendable at the discretion of the Fund Manager following the approval of the CMA.

The Fund is being managed by Jadwa Investment Company (the "Fund Manager"), a Saudi Arabian closed joint stock company with commercial registration number 1010228782, and a Capital Market Institution licensed by the CMA under license number 06034-37.

The following entities have been established and approved by the CMA as special purpose vehicles (the "SPVs") for the beneficial interest of the Fund. The SPVs own all the assets of the Fund and have entered into financing agreement on behalf of the Fund.

- Real Estate Development Areas Company, a Limited Liability Company with commercial registration number 1010385322.
- Jadwa Al Masha'ar Real Estate Company, a Limited Liability Company with commercial registration number 1010495554.
- Growth Areas Real Estate Company, a Limited Liability Company- Owned by Single Person with commercial registration number 1010748800.

The primary investment objective of the Fund is to provide its investors with regular income by investing in income-generating real estate assets in Saudi Arabia, excluding the Holy Cities of Makkah and Medina.

While the Fund will primarily invest in developed real estate assets which are ready for use, it may also opportunistically invest in real estate development projects in a value not exceeding 25% of the Fund's total asset value with the aim of achieving an increase in value per unit; provided that (i) at least 75% of the Fund's total assets are invested in developed real estate assets which generate periodic income and (ii) the Fund shall not invest in White Land.

The Fund has appointed Albilad Investment Company (the "Custodian") to act as its custodian. The fees of the custodian are paid by the Fund.

2 REGULATING AUTHORITY

The Fund operates in accordance with Real Estate Investment Fund Regulations ("REIFR") and Real Estate Investment Traded Funds ("REITF") instructions issued by the CMA. The regulations detail the requirements for real estate funds and traded real estate funds within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

As at 31 December 2022, the Fund has not complied with the condition under Article 46 of the REIFR as to the following:

The Fund's investment value in constructionally developed real estate, and qualified to generate
periodic rental income represents 71.24% of the Fund's total assets value, which is less than the
minimum requirement of 75%. This was mainly due to the significant change in the fair value of its
investment in private real estate investment fund.

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Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 31 December 2022

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3

3.1 Statement of compliance

BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements endorsed by the Saudi Organisation for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

3.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, using accrual basis of accounting, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") which are recorded at fair value.

The management has prepared the financial statements on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals ("SR"), which is the functional currency of the Fund. All financial information has been rounded off to the nearest SR.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

In the ordinary course of business, the preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are reviewed and in any future period affected. The significant accounting judgements and estimates applied in the preparation of these financial statements are as follows:

Judgements

Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements. Judgement has been applied in the cases of determining whether an arrangement contains a lease and classification of leases.

Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

<u>Useful lives of investment properties</u>

The management determines the estimated useful lives of investment properties for calculating depreciation. This estimate is determined after considering expected usage of the assets and physical wear and tear. Management reviews the residual value and useful lives annually and change in depreciation charges, if any, are adjusted in current and future periods. The estimated useful lives of the investment properties are disclosed in Note 6.

Impairment of investment properties

The Fund assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all investment properties at each reporting date. The investment properties are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management estimates the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and chooses a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

Impairment of financial assets held at amortised cost

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit loss ("ECL") associated with its financial assets carried at amortised cost. The Fund recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- The time value of resources; and
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are as follows:

Investment properties

Investment properties comprise properties that are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Investment property is stated at cost including transaction costs net of accumulated depreciation and/or accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met.

The cost less estimated residual value, if any, of investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Land, on the other hand, is reported at cost.

The estimated useful lives of the buildings range from 30 to 50 years.

The fair value of investment properties is disclosed in Note 7.

5.2 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying values of non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset or cash generating unit ("CGU") exceeds its recoverable amount which is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets of Funds of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. The value in use is based on a discounted cash flow ("DCF") model, whereby the future expected cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount should not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, had no impairment loss been recognised for the assets or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately in the statement of comprehensive income.

5.3 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of cash flows statement, cash and cash equivalents consists of bank balances.

Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

5.4.1 Initial recognition and measurement of financial instruments

The Fund initially recognises financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Initial measurement of the financial instrument is at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVTPL are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

11

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

5.4.2 Financial assets – subsequent classification and measurement

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or FVTPL. There are two criteria used to determine how financial assets should be classified and measured:

- a) The Fund's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Otherwise, a financial asset is measured at FVTPL

The Fund's financial assets measured at amortised cost include cash and cash equivalents, rent receivables and other receivables

In accordance with the exemption in IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, the Fund has elected to measure its investment in associates at FVTPL.

The Fund has no financial assets measured at FVOCI.

The Fund derecognises a financial asset when the rights to the cash flows from the financial asset have expired or where the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards associated with the financial asset and does not retain control of the financial asset.

5.4.3 Impairment of financial assets

The Fund recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cashflows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

As at the year end, the Fund has rent receivables as financial assets carried at amortised cost. For rent receivables, the Fund applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Fund has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. The information about the ECLs on the Fund's rent receivables is disclosed in note 10 and note 19 in these financial statements

Presentation of impairment:

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets

Impairment losses related to rent receivables are presented separately in the statement of comprehensive

5.4.4 Financial liabilities – subsequent classification and measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method. The EIR is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5.4 Financial instruments (continued)

5.4.4 Financial liabilities – subsequent classification and measurement (continued)

The Fund derecognises a financial liability (or part of a financial liability) from its statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

The Fund's financial liabilities include long-term loan, unearned rental income, due to related parties, management fee payable and other liabilities.

5.4.5 Modification of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets

If the terms of the financial asset are modified, the Fund evaluates whether the cash flows of the modified asset are substantially different. If the cash flows are substantially different, then the contractual rights to cash flows from the original financial asset are deemed to have expired. In this case, the original financial asset is derecognised and a new financial asset is recognised at fair value.

If the cash flows of the modified asset carried at amortised cost are not substantially different, then the modification does not result in derecognition of the financial asset. In this case, the Fund recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognises the amount adjusting the gross carrying amount as modification gain or loss in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities

The Fund derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability distinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

5.4.6 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset with the net amount reported in the statement of financial position only if there is a current enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and an intent to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and liabilities simultaneously.

5.5 Current versus non-current classification

The Fund presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification. An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. The terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

The Fund classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

13

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

5.6 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures financial instruments such as equity instruments at fair value at each balance speet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Fund uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy. This is described, as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each year. The Fund determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, and for non-recurring measurement.

At each reporting date, the Fund analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or re-assessed as per the Fund's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Fund verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents. The Fund also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Fund has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy, as explained above. Fair value related disclosures for financial instruments that are measured at fair value or where fair values are disclosed are discussed in Note 7.

5.7 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

5.8 Revenue recognition

Revenue includes rental income from investment properties.

The Fund recognises lease payments as rental income on a straight-line basis. After lease commencement, the Fund recognises variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate (e.g. performance- or usage-based payments) as they are earned. When the Fund provides incentives to its tenants, the cost of the incentives is recognised on a straight-line basis, as a reduction of rental income.

14

التقريـر السنـوي ٢٠٢٢ Annual Report 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

The contracts include fixed price and the customer pays the fixed amount based on a payment schedule. If the services rendered by the Fund exceed the payment, accrued rental income is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, unearned rental income is recognised.

Revenue is measured at the transaction price agreed under the contract. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of variable consideration and payments to customers, which are not for distinct services, this consideration may include discounts. The Fund does not have contracts where the period between the performance of the service to the customer and the payment by the customer exceeds one year, and as a result, the Fund does not adjust transaction price for the time value of money.

Rent receivable is recognised when services are provided as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

5.9 Management fees

Management fees are charged by the Fund Manager at the rate of 0.75% per annum of the Fund's net asset market value. Management fees are calculated and payable semi-annually in arrears.

5.10 Expenses

General and administrative expenses include direct and indirect costs not specifically part of cost of sales as required under IFRS.

5.11 Net asset value

The net asset value per unit disclosed in the financial statements is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in issue at the year-end.

5.12 Units in issue

The Fund has units in issue. On liquidation of the Fund, the unitholders are entitled the holders to the residual net assets. They rank pari passu in all respects and have identical terms and conditions. The units provide investors with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the investor's share in the Fund's net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation.

5.13 Zakat

Zakat is the obligation of the Unitholders and is not provided for in the financial statements.

5.14 Dividends distribution

The Fund has a policy of distributing and paying at least 90% of its net profit, not including profit resulting from the sale of the underlying real estate assets and other investments and unrealised (loss)/gain on financial assets at FVTPL.

5.15 Amendments to existing standards effective 1 January 2022

The Fund has adopted the following amendments to existing standards which have been issued and effective from 1 January 2022:

Amendments to standards

Effective date

Amendments to IFRS 3 - Reference to the Conceptual Framework, with amendments to IFRS 3 'Business Combinations' that update an outdated reference in IFRS 3 without significantly changing its requirements.

1 January 2022

Amendments to IAS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before 1 January 2022 Intended Use, regarding proceeds from selling items produced while bringing an asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

15

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Amendments to existing standards effective 1 January 2022 (continued)

Amendments to standards

Effective date

Amendments to IAS 37 - Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract, amending the standard regarding costs a company should include as the cost of fulfilling a contract when assessing whether a contract is onerous.

1 January 2022

Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020 cycle

The pronouncement contains amendments to four International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as result of the IASB's annual improvements project., i.e. Amendment to IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of IFRS, IFRS 9 Financial from 1 January 2022 Instruments, IFRS 16 Leases, and IAS 41 Agriculture.

The amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 9 and IAS 41 are effective and the effective date for amendments to IFRS 16 Leases are not yet decided.

The application of the amendments to existing standards did not have an impact on the amounts presented in these financial statements.

5.16 New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 January 2022 and have not been early adopted

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective:

Standards / amendments to standards / interpretations	Effective date
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 and Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying	1 January 2023
IFRS 9 (Amendments to IFRS 4)	•
Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to IAS 1)	1 January 2023
Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice	•
Statement 2)	1 January 2023
Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8)	1 January 2023
Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	•
(Amendments to IAS 12)	1 January 2023
Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (Amendments to IAS 1)	1 January 2024
Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback (Amendments to IFRS 16)	1 January 2024
Lease Liability III a Sale and Leaseback (Amendments to IFRS 16)	1 January 2024

In the opinion of the Fund Manager, these standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are note expected to impact the Fund. The Fund intends to adopt these standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 31 December 2022

of December 2022

The composition of the investment properties as of the reporting date is summarised below:

31 December 2022

Cost SR	Accumulated depreciation SR	Impairment loss SR	Net book value SR
280,292,257	15,388,926	63.065.900	201,837,431
203,500,000	14.030.491	-	189,469,509
223,342,600	27,600,389	-	195,742,211
610,545,000	88,851,754	_	521,693,246
112,791,836	17,592,552	_	95,199,284
34,601,250	1.953.357	_	32.647.893
60.917.500	, ,	-	56.919.423
346,512,000	5,905,232	-	340,606,768
1,872,502,443	175,320,778	63,065,900	1,634,115,765
	280,292,257 203,500,000 223,342,600 610,545,000 112,791,836 34,601,250 60,917,500 346,512,000	280,292,257 15,388,926 203,500,000 14,030,491 223,342,600 27,600,389 610,545,000 88,851,754 112,791,836 17,592,552 34,601,250 1,953,357 60,917,500 3,998,077 346,512,000 5,905,232	Cost SR depreciation SR loss SR 280,292,257 15,388,926 63,065,900 203,500,000 14,030,491 - 223,342,600 27,600,389 - 610,545,000 88,851,754 - 112,791,836 17,592,552 - 34,601,250 1,953,357 - 60,917,500 3,998,077 - 346,512,000 5,905,232 -

On 27 July 2022, the Fund sold the commercial portion of Al Fanar Compound with a selling price of SR 140,000,000 and carrying value of SR 118,361,125 generating gain on disposal of SR 21,638,875.

On 5 July 2022, the Fund sold Rawd Aljinan School with a selling price of SR 27,000,000 and carrying value of SR 23,768,474 generating gain on disposal of SR 3,231,526.

31 December 2021

31 December 2021				
Description	Cost SR	Accumulated depreciation SR	Impairment loss SR	Net book value SR
Alyaum Newspaper Tower Almaarefa College Al-Sulay Warehouse Marvela Residential Compound	277,998,174 203,500,000 223,342,600 610,545,000	13,134,148 11,186,743 22,090,154 71,111,526	45,714,026 - -	219,150,000 192,313,257 201,252,446
Al Fanar Residential and Commercial Compound Rawd Aljinan School Aber Al Yasmin Hotel Olaya Court Tower	245,769,550 25,817,188 34,601,250 60,917,500	26,519,857 1,694,709 1,333,675 2,729,729	- - - -	539,433,474 219,249,693 24,122,479 33,267,575 58,187,771
Boulevard	346,512,000 2,029,003,262	962,325 150,762,866	45,714,026	345,549,675 1,832,526,370

On 28 October 2021, the Fund acquired Boulevard property with a purchase price of SR 320,000,000. The purchase was financed by increasing the total value of the Fund's assets to SR 370,000,000, by accepting an in-kind contribution from the seller of the property amounting to SR 120,000,000 in addition to the issuance of additional cash units in the Fund amounting to SR 250,000,000, which funded the purchase of the property, real estate transfer tax and acquisition costs.

17

التقريـر السنــوي ٢٠٢٢ Annual Report 2022

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 31 December 2022

6 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

The movement in the account during the year is as follows:

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Cost		
Balance at beginning of the year Additions during the year Disposals during the year	2,029,003,262 2,294,082 (158,794,901)	1,681,941,622 347,061,640 -
Balance at end of the year	1,872,502,443	2,029,003,262
Accumulated depreciation		
Balance at beginning of the year	150,762,866	111,333,525
Depreciation charge for the year	41,223,214	39,429,341
Depreciation related to disposals	(16,665,302)	-
Balance at end of the year	175,320,778	150,762,866
Accumulated impairment	-	
Balance at beginning of the year	45,714,026	_
Impairment of investment properties	17,351,874	45,714,026
Balance at end of the year	63,065,900	45,714,026
Net book value	1,634,115,765	1,832,526,370

The useful lives of the investment properties as estimated by an independent valuator range from 30 to 50 years.

Freehold land comprises of the lands acquired on which the buildings are built. The Fund has acquired properties in Riyadh, Al Khobar and Dammam with an aggregate area 348,345.72 square meters of land (2021: 406,296.74 square meters).

6.1 Brief details of the investment properties:

6.1.1 Alyaum Newspaper Tower

This property is a 16-storey with 3-level basement, office building located in Al Hussam District, Dammam City.

6.1.2 Almaarefa University for Science & Technology

This property is a fully constructed educational facility located in Al Diriah District, Riyadh.

6.1.3 Al-Sulay Warehouse

This property is an industrial compound located at the east corner of Haroon Al Rashid Road and Alsafa Street, within Al Sulay District, Riyadh.

6.1.4 Marvela Residential Compound

This property is a residential compound located along the southeast side of King Abdullah Road, within King Faisal District, Riyadh.

6.1.5 Al Fanar Residential

This property is a residential compound located at the southwest corner of King Faisal Road and 1 Street, within Ar Rawabi District, Al Khobar.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

6 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

6.1.6 Aber Al Yasmin Hotel

This property is a hospitality and retail project located in Al Yasmin District, Riyadh.

6.1.7 Olaya Court Tower

This property is an office project occupied by the labor court and located in Al Sahafa District, Riyadh.

6.1.8 Boulevard

This property is a prime commercial and office complex located in Hittin District, Riyadh. The consideration for the property was partly paid in cash and partly settled through issuance of 9,246,417 units of the fund (note 16).

7 EFFECT ON NET ASSET VALUE IF INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES ARE FAIR VALUED

In accordance with Article 35 of the REIFR issued by CMA in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the Fund Manager evaluates the Fund's real estate assets based on two evaluations prepared by independent evaluators. However, in accordance with the requirement of CMA in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, investment in real estate properties is carried at cost less depreciation and impairment, if any, in these financial statements. Accordingly, the fair value below is disclosed for information purposes and has not been accounted for in the Fund's books.

The fair value of the investment properties is determined by two selected appraisers, i.e. Barcode and Menassat (2021: White Cubes and Menassat). As at reporting date, the valuation of investment properties is as follows:

31 December 2022	Appraiser 1 SR	Appraiser 2 SR	Average SR
Alyaum Newspaper Tower	201,838,000	201,836,863	201,837,432
Almareefa University for Science & Technology	235,429,000	219,733,333	227,581,167
Al-Sulay Warehouse	266,667,000	258,064,516	262,365,758
Marvela Residential Compound	625,000,000	602,409,639	613,704,820
Al Fanar Residential	125,000,000	93,750,000	109,375,000
Aber Al Yasmin Hotel	46,702,142	40,864,350	43,783,246
Olaya Court Tower	73,720,000	73,076,923	73,398,462
Boulevard	336,177,882	346,057,627	341,117,755
	1,910,534,024	1,835,793,251	1,873,163,640
31 December 2021	Appraiser 1 SR	Appraiser 2 SR	Average SR
Alyaum Newspaper Tower	215,300,000	223,000,000	219,150,000
Almareefa University for Science & Technology	235,430,000	220,000,000	227,715,000
Al-Sulay Warehouse	266,700,000	217,500,000	242,100,000
Marvela Residential Compound	645,000,000	580,000,000	612,500,000
Al Fanar Residential & Commercial Compound	268,300,000	261,000,000	264,650,000
Rawd Aljinan School	31,250,000	32,400,000	31,825,000
Aber Al Yasmin Hotel	39,640,000	41,000,000	40,320,000
Olaya Court Tower	77,420,000	64,175,000	70,797,500
Boulevard	392,320,000	338,700,000	365,510,000
	2,171,360,000	1,977,775,000	2,074,567,500

19

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 31 December 2022

7 EFFECT ON NET ASSET VALUE IF INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES ARE FAIR VALUED (continued)

Management has used the average of the two valuations for the purposes of disclosing the fair value of the investment properties.

The investment properties were valued taking into consideration number of factors, including the area and type of property. Below is an analysis of the fair value of investment properties against cost:

7.1 The unrealised gain on investment properties based on fair value evaluation is set out below:

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Fair value of investments in real estate properties Less: Carrying value of investments in real estate properties	1,873,163,640	2,074,567,500
(Note 6)	1,634,115,765	1,832,526,370
Unrealised gain based on fair value evaluation	239,047,875	242,041,130
Units in issue	186,509,785	186,509,785
Per unit share in unrealised gain based on fair value valuation	1.28	1.30

7.2 The net asset value using the fair values of the real estate properties is set out below:

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Net asset value at cost, as presented in these financial statements Unrealised gain based on real estate evaluations (Note 7.1)	1,779,492,303 239,047,875	1,851,058,639 242,041,130
Net asset based on fair value	2,018,540,178	2,093,099,769

7.3 The net asset value per unit, using the fair values of the real estate properties is set out below:

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Net asset value per unit, at cost as presented in these financial statements Impact on net asset value per unit on account of unrealised gain	9.54	9.92
based on fair value evaluations (Note 7.1)	1.28	1.30
Net asset value per unit at fair value	10.82	11.22

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

8 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Non-current		
nvestment in associate (Note 8.1)	530,100,000	518,400,000

8.1 Investment in associate

This represents investment of 45,000,000 units (2021: 45,000,000) in Real Estate Investment Fund, a closed-ended Shariah-compliant private real estate investment fund managed by Jadwa Investment Company, the cost of which is SR 450,000,000 (2021: 450,000,000).

As at 31 December 2022, the Fund holds 27.74% of Real Estate Investment Fund (2021: 27.74%).

The unrealised gain on this investment amounted to SR 11,700,000 for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: loss of SR 11,990,020).

During 2022, the Fund recognised dividend income amounting to SR 13,500,000 (2021: SR 18,000,000) from its investment in associate.

8.2 Investment in mutual fund

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Fund does not hold any unit of Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund managed by Jadwa Investment Company. The Fund redeemed its investment in mutual fund during 2022.

The realised gain on the redemption of investment amounted to SR 1,590,554 for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: realised gain of SR 71,227).

9 PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS

	2022 SR	2021 SR
VAT Input receivable (i) Prepaid expenses Other receivables	15,150,000 - 78,213	30,300,000 95,975 688,522
	15,228,213	31,084,497

(i) During 2017, the Fund acquired property from Al-Atheer Company (the "seller") for SR 606,000,000, prior to the implementation of VAT law in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia which came into effect on 1 January 2018. The related Sale and Purchase Agreement to acquire the property was signed in December 2017 and consideration against the acquisition of property was also paid in December 2017; however, the emended title deed was issued on 1 January 2018. Considering the transaction had already completed during 2017 (except for amendment of title deed), the Fund did not settle any VAT on the acquisition of the said property.

During 2021, ZATCA raised its VAT assessment on the seller whereby a VAT claim amounting to SR 99,746,027 was made which comprised of 5% VAT amount, fines for non-charging of VAT on the related acquisition and fines for late payment of VAT.

21

التقريـر السنـوي ٢٠٢٢ Annual Report 2022

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 31 December 2022

9 PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS (continued)

In relation to the above assessment, the Fund decided to raise an appeal with ZATCA considering the fact that the transaction was already completed before effective date of VAT Law. In order to be eligible to file an appeal, VAT amounting to 5% of the acquisition price was paid to ZATCA through seller during the year 2021 and the response from ZATCA is still awaited against the appeal as at 31 December 2022. The Fund has made an impairment provision of SR 15,150,000 against the said receivable during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: SR Nil) given the current status of the appeal in progress and the expected recovery from ZATCA.

10 RENT RECEIVABLES

This account represents the rent receivables from the operating leases (Note 18).

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Rent receivables Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	73,171,534 (4,565,577)	18,372,857 -
	68,605,957	18,372,857
Following is the ageing analysis of the rent receivables:		
	2022 SR	2021 SR
Less than 30 days	36,904,296	4,711,397
Between 91 to 120 days	3,754,467	6,941,159
More than 120 days	32,512,771	6,720,301
	73,171,534	18,372,857

Impairment and risk exposure

Information about the impairment of rent receivables and the Fund's exposure to credit risk can be found in Note 19.

11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of 31 December 2022, there are bank accounts maintained with Banque Saudi Fransi under the name of the SPVs with a total balance of SR 4,486,101 (2021; SR 42,250,009).

2022

12 LONG-TERM LOAN, NET

	\$R	SR
Long-term loan Less:	453,122,500	603,122,500
Transaction costs Amortisation of transaction costs	11,750,000 (9,862,966)	10,000,000 (6,867,535)
	1,887,034	3,132,465
Long-term loan, net	451,235,466	599,990,035

On 1 October 2018, Banque Saudi Fransi extended an Islamic finance facility to one of the SPVs, Real Estate Development Areas Company, amounting to SR 1,000,000,000 for the purposes of financing the real estate investments of the Fund. The SPV has made an arrangement with the Fund under a long-term loan agreement to lend all the loan proceeds availed by it under the facility to the Fund on terms and conditions same as that of the facility.

22

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

12 LONG-TERM LOAN (continued)

On 15 March 2022, Banque Saudi Fransi has increased the limits of the shariah-compliant banking facility by SR 170,300,000, bringing the total available banking facility to SR 1,170,300,000.

The loan is repayable in full on 31 July 2023. As at 31 December 2022, the Fund has drawn SR 453,122,500 (2021: SR 603,122,500) from the facility.

The facility is secured by promissory notes and pledge over the current and future rights and interests in the investment properties of the Fund.

The movement in the long-term loan is as follows:

	2022 SR	2021 SR
At beginning of the year Proceeds from loan Repayment of loan	603,122,500 - (150,000,000)	573,122,500 30,000,000
At end of the year	453,122,500	603,122,500

Finance charges for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounted to SR 25,516,835 (2021: SR 16,772,483) which are reflected under the statement of comprehensive income.

Transaction costs charged by Banque Saudi Fransi for loan servicing amounting to 1.0% of the loan facility has been capitalised in the carrying amount of the loan and is amortised over the period of the loan facility.

The movement in the transaction costs is as follows:

	2022 SR	2021 SR
At beginning of the year Additions during the year	3,132,465 1,750,000	5,114,007 -
Amortisation charged during the year	(2,995,431)	(1,981,542)
At end of the year	1,887,034	3,132,465
13 ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES		
	2022 SR	2021 SR
Output value-added tax Security deposits Property valuation fees Custody fee Administration fee Professional fees Independent board member fee Others	3,458,527 540,676 206,430 80,000 58,237 46,125 20,000 967,045	1,008,336 500,667 87,620 80,000 31,470 63,625 15,000 671,366

23

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 31 December 2022

4 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

14.1 Related party transactions

The following are the details of the significant transactions with related parties during the year:

Name of related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction	2022 SR	2021 SR
Jadwa Investment Company	Fund Manager	Management fees (i) Transaction fee Expenses paid on behalf	15,517,584 1,252,500	13,485,753 2,400,000
Real Estate Development Areas Company	SPV	of the Fund Finance charges	25,516,835	30,000 16,772,483
Jadwa Saudi Riyal Murabaha Fund Real Estate Investment	Affiliate	Investment in mutual fund Redemption	187,000,000 187,000,000	14,000,000
Fund	Associate	Dividend income	13,500,000	18,000,000

i) Management fees

In consideration for managing the assets of the Fund, the Fund Manager in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Fund charges the Fund management fees equal to 0.75% of the net asset market value of the Fund calculated and payable semi-annually in arrears.

As at 31 December 2022, the Fund Manager held 10,558,353 units in the Fund (2021: 10,558,353 units).

For the dividends distributed to the Unitholders, please refer to Note 21.

14.2 Related party balances

The following are the details of related party balances at the year-end:

Amounts due to related parties

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Distribution payable Jadwa Investment Company Real Estate Development Areas Company	37,831,188 1,324,512 513,475	327,954 72,012 49,806
	39,669,175	449,772
Accrued management fees		
	2022 SR	2021 SR
Jadwa Investment Company	16,222,974	6,745,029

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

15 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Property expense VAT expense Transaction fee Property management fees Registration fee Custody fee Administration fees Tadawul listing fee Property valuation fees Professional fees Insurance Legal fee Independent board member fee (i) Others	4,271,763 1,264,792 1,252,500 1,182,172 400,000 320,000 342,628 300,000 161,620 157,758 42,098 24,975 20,000 412,367	97,400 2,367,198 - 430,222 400,000 320,877 259,951 500,539 155,620 455,398 145,265 342,575 20,000 557,332

(i) This pertains to remuneration paid to independent directors of the Fund's Board.

16 UNIT TRANSACTION

2022 In numbers	2021 In numbers
186,509,785	158,000,000
-	19,263,368
-	9,246,417
186,509,785	186,509,785
	In numbers 186,509,785

- **16.1** During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Fund issued 19,263,368 units for SAR 250,000,000.
- During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Fund issued 9,246,417 units as a consideration for the acquisition of investment properties for SR 120,000,000 (Note 6).

17 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

17.1 Financial instruments

Financial assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, rent receivables, and other receivables. Financial liabilities consist of due to related parties, management fees payable, other liabilities and long-term loan.

Due to the short-term nature of most of the financial instruments, their carrying amounts are considered to be the same as their fair values. For the long-term loan, the fair value is not materially different from its carrying amount since the interest payable on the loan is frequently repriced at market rate.

25

التقريـر السنـوي ٢٠٢٢ Annual Report 2022

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

17 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

17.1 Financial instruments (continued)

The following table shows the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy:

31 December 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	SR	SR	SR	SR
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 8)		530,100,000		530,100,000
31 December 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	SR	SR	SR	SR
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 8)		518,400,000	-	518,400,000

The financial asset at FVTPL which is an investment in private real estate investment fund is determined using unadjusted net asset value (Level 2 valuation).

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the reporting period.

17.2 Non-financial assets

The following table shows the fair value of investment properties disclosed:

31 December 2022 Marvela Residential Compound Boulevard Al Fanar Residential Compound Alyaum Newspaper Tower Al-Sulay Warehouse Almareefa University for Science &Technology Olaya Court Tower Aber Al Yasmin Hotel	Level 1 SR - - - -	Level 2 SR - - - - -	Level 3 SR 613,704,820 341,117,755 109,375,000 201,837,432 262,365,758 227,581,167 73,398,462 43,783,246	Total SR 613,704,820 341,117,755 109,375,000 201,837,432 262,365,758 227,581,167 73,398,462 43,783,246
			1,873,163,640	1,873,163,640
31 December 2021 Marvela Residential Compound Boulevard Alyaum Newspaper Tower Al Fanar Residential & Commerial Compound Al-Sulay Warehouse Almareefa University for Science & Technology Olaya Court Tower Aber Al Yasmin Hotel Rawd Aljinan School	Level 1 SR - - - - - -	Level 2 SR - - - - -	Level 3 SR 612,500,000 365,510,000 219,150,000 264,650,000 242,100,000 227,715,000 70,797,500 40,320,000 31,825,000	Total SR 612,500,000 365,510,000 219,150,000 264,650,000 242,100,000 227,715,000 70,797,500 40,320,000 31,825,000
		-	2,074,567,500	2,074,567,500

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

17 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

17.2 Non-financial assets (continued)

When the fair value of items disclosed in these financial statements cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. The estimates include capitalisation rate, and discount rate.

Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the fair value of items disclosed in these financial statements and the level where the items are disclosed in the fair value hierarchy.

The fair values of investment properties were assessed by Menassat (TAQEEM license number: 1210000163) and Barcode (TAQEEM license number: 1210000001) (2021: Menassat and Barcode) as disclosed in Note 7. They are accredited independent valuers with a recognised and relevant professional qualification and with recent experience in the location and category of the investment properties being valued.

The valuation models have been applied in accordance with the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors ("RICS") Valuation Standards, in addition to the International Valuation Standards issued by International Valuation Standards Council ("IVSC") and applied by Saudi Authority for Accredited Valuers ("TAQEEM").

The assumptions used in determining the fair values of the investment properties as at 31 December are as follows:

		Range		
Valuation approach	Key assumptions	2022	2021	
Income capitalisation Discounted cash flow	Capitalisation rate (%) Discount rate (%)	6.00-8.30 8.00	7.00-8.00 3.00-6.50	

18 OPERATING LEASES

Future minimum rent receivables under the operating leases are as follows:

	2022 SR	2021 SR
Not later than one year	41,773,262	44,176,143
Later than one year and not later than five years	141,348,913	161,615,964
Later than five years	197,514,147	232,472,194
,	380,636,322	438,264,301
	·	

The Fund enters into long-term operating lease contracts with tenants for space in its investment properties. Initial lease terms are generally between 3 and 20 years. Leases generally provide for the tenant to pay the base rent, with provisions for contractual increases in base rent over the term of the lease. Responsibility for repair and maintenance of the property, and its insurance over the lease term lies with the lessee. Rental income from investment properties recognised by the Fund during the year is SR 158,453,725 (2021: SR 145,197,306).

27

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

19 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. The Fund Board supervises the Fund Manager and is ultimately responsible for the overall management of the Fund.

The Fund has its terms and conditions document that sets out its overall business strategies, its tolerance of risks and its general risk management philosophy and is obliged to take actions to rebalance the portfolio in line with the investment guidelines.

19.1 Market risk

The Fund will be subject to the general conditions of the real estate sector in Saudi Arabia, which itself is influenced by a variety of factors such as, but not limited to the overall macroeconomic growth in the kingdom, interest rates, demand-supply, availability of financing, investor sentiment, liquidity, legal and regulatory requirement. The Fund management monitors on a regular basis the fluctuation and changes in the overall economic environment and believes that the impact of such changes is not significant to the Fund

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Fund's interest rate risk arises from the long-term loan. This is benchmarked to SAIBOR which expose the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk.

The Fund analyses its interest rate exposure on a regular basis by monitoring interest rate trends and believes that the impact of such changes is not significant to the Fund.

An increase/decrease in interest rate of 1%, with all other variables held constant, would have resulted in a net increase/decrease in the Fund's total comprehensive income of SR 6,089,992 for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: SR 5,969,159).

19.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Fund if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. As at year end, the Fund has cash and cash equivalents, rent receivables, and other receivables as financial assets carried at amortised cost.

The maximum exposure to credit risk applicable to the Fund approximates to the carrying value of the financial assets as disclosed in these financial statements. The Fund seeks to limit its credit risk by monitoring outstanding balances on an ongoing basis. For banks and financial institutions, the Fund only deals with reputable banks with sound credit ratings.

The Fund applies IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for rent receivables.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, management considers the probability of default to be insignificant as the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

19.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at an amount close to its fair value. Liquidity risk is managed by monitoring on a regular basis that sufficient funds are available to meet any future commitments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 31 December 2022

19 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

19.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Fund's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

undiscounted payments:	On	Within 12	More than	
31 December 2022	demand SR	months SR	12 months SR	Total SR
Long-term loan Due to related parties Other liabilities	39,155,701	453,122,500 513,474 1,507,721	:	453,122,500 39,669,175 1,507,721
	39,155,701	455,143,695 ————		494,299,396
31 December 2021	On demand SR	Within 12 months SR	More than 12 months SR	Total SR
Long-term loan Due to related parties Other liabilities	399,966	49,806 1,172,033	603,122,500	603,122,500 449,772 1,172,033
	399,966	1,221,839	603,122,500	604,744,305

20 OPERATING SEGMENT

The Fund is organised into one operating segment. All of the Fund's activities are interrelated and each activity is dependent on the others. Accordingly, all significant operating decisions are based upon analysis of the fund as one segment.

21 DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTION

The following dividends were distributed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Fund which was at least 90% of the Fund's annual net profits.

31 December 2022

·		
Dividend declaration date 7 March 2022 25 May 2022 1 September 2022 28 November 2022	Dividend period From 1 October 2021 to 31 December 2021 From 1 January 2022 to 31 March 2022 From 1 April 2022 to 30 June 2022 From 1 July 2022 to 30 September 2022	SR 37,301,957 37,301,957 37,301,957 37,301,957
		149,207,828
31 December 2021		
Dividend declaration date 25 January 2021 24 June 2021 22 August 2021 13 October 2021	From 1 October 2020 to 31 December 2020 From 1 January 2021 to 31 March 2021 From 1 April 2021 to 30 June 2021 From 1 July 2021 to 30 September 2021	SR 30,020,000 30,020,000 31,600,000 31,600,000
		123,240,000

29

Jadwa REIT Saudi Fund (Managed by Jadwa Investment Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022

22 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The Ministry of Finance has issued a Ministerial resolution ("MR") numbered 29791, dated 9 Jumada Al-Awwal 1444H (corresponding to 3 December 2022) publishing certain zakat filing rules to be complied by investment funds in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, applicable for the financial year 2023. According to the MR, the Fund is not subject to zakat or tax, however, will be required to file certain financial information with Zakat, Tax and Customs Authority.

On 7 March 2023, the Fund Manager approved to distribute dividends to the Unitholders for the period from 1 October 2022 to 31 December 2022 for an amount of SR 37,301,957 in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Fund which was at least 90% of the Fund's annual net profits.

23 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

Certain prior year information have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

24 LAST VALUATION DAY

The last valuation day of the year was 29 December 2022 (2021: 30 December 2021).

25 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Fund's Board on 8 Ramadan 1444 H (corresponding to 30 March 2023).

