WAFRAH FOR INDUSTRY AND DEVELOPMENT COMPANY (A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 TOGETHER WITH REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENCED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Al Azem & Al Sudairy & Al Shalkh & Partners CPA's & Consultants - Member Crowe Global

WAFRAH FOR INDUSTRY AND DEVELOPMENT COMPANY (A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 TOGETHER WITH REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENCED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Index	
index	Page
Report On Review Of Condenced Interim Financial Statement	1
Condensed Interim Statement Of Financial Position	2
Condensed Interim Statement Of Comprehensive Income	3
Condensed Interim Statement Of Changes In Shareholders' Equity	4
Condensed Interim Statement Of Cash Flows	5
Notes To The Condensed Interim Financial Statements	6-13



Al Azem, Al Sudairy, Al Shalkh & Partners CPA's & Consultants Member Crown Global C.R License No. 323/11/148 P.O. Box 10504 Riyadh 11443 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Telephonic +956 11 217 8000 Facskrile: +966 11 217 6000 Email: ch@crowe.sa. WWW.crows.com/sa

REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TO: THE SHAREHOLDERS' OF WAFRAH FOR INDUSTRY AND DEVELOPMENT COMPANY (A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

Introduction:

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim statement of financial position of WAFRAH FOR INDUSTRY AND DEVELOPMENT COMPANY (the "Company") as at 30 June 2020s and the related condensed interim statement of comprehensive income for the three and six month periods ended 30 June 2020, and the related condensed interim statements of changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the six-months period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard (34) "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review:

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements - 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. A review of condensed interim financial statements consists of making Inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion:

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard (34) "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi

العظم والصديري وال الشبخ وشركاؤهم محاسبون ومراجعون فالوليون License No. ترخيص رقم 323/11/148 11A 11 FTF At Azem, Al Sudairy, Al Shaikh & Partners Certified Public Accountant R

Al Azem, Al Sudairy, Al-Shaikh & Partners Certified Public Accountants

> Abdullah M. Al Azem License No. 335

1 Muharram 1442H (August 20, 2020) Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

(Saudi Riyals)

A AGE COMMUNICATION	Note	30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 (Audited)
ASSETS	-	(consistence)	(Anniea)
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment's, net		98,758,019	100 474 700
Right of used Assets, net		2,947,541	102,474,709
Intangible Assets, net		3000 T004 (C00 T00 C0 C0 C0	2,892,570
Real estate investments, net		985,358	1,076,314
Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income		10,119,456	10,119,456
TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS	_	539,904	589,466
CURRENT ASSETS		113,350,278	117,152,515
Accounts receivable, net		22.256.400	
Inventory, net		22,256,408	18,459,848
Prepayments and other debit balances, net		29,978,980	17,006,659
Due From Related Party		8,323,950	8,942,822
Cash and cash equivalents		760,638	760,638
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1	3,099,582	1,723,876
TOTAL ASSETS		64,419,558	46,893,843
99 (A. 1940) 11 (A. 1940) 1940 1940 1940 1940 1940 1940 1940 1940	Cities	177,769,836	164,046,358
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		9	
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Capital	1	77,170,350	200,000,000
air value reserve		(715,795)	(666,233)
Retained earnings (Accumulated losses)		650,544	(122,829,659)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	-	77,105,099	76,504,108
LIABILITIES		-	
NON CURRENT LIABILITES			
Non-current portion of the loan guarantee provision - related party		£ 100 110	
Non-current portion of long term government loan		5,400,440	5,850,477
Von-current portion of lease obligations	5	21,000,000	25,000,000
Employees' defined benefits liabilities		2,787,801	2,530,244
TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	7,352,408	7,257,245
CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	36,540,649	40,637,966
Current portion of the loan guarantee provision - related party		2223332	504 - ST - 127
rading accounts payable		1,800,150	2,212,913
Current portion of lease obligations		36,703,102	24,719,065
Oversubscribed payable		304,699	351,023
accrued expenses and other credit balances		3,258,720	3,258,720
accrued dividend distribution	30	5,845,847	4,853,776
urrent portion of long term government loan	6	1,198,022	1,198,305
ales provisions	6 5 7	7,000,000	3,000,000
akat estimated provision	7	3,826,826	3,264,181
OTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	4,186,722	4,046,301
		64,124,088	46,904,284
OTAL LIABILITIES		100,664,737	87,542,250
'OTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		177,769,836	164,046,358

Finance Manager

CEO

Authorized Member

The accompany from (1) to (16) are integrated part of these condensed interim financial statements

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

(Saudi Riyals)

Note		period ended June		period ended June
W27 129	2020 (Unaudited)	2019 (Unaudited)	2020 (Unaudited)	2019 (Unaudited)
Sales, net 8	17,124,335	24,041,114	39,190,799	50,281,846
Cost of sales	(11,836,254)	(16,663,379)	(25,649,522)	(35,426,060)
Gross operation income	5,288,081	7,377,735	13,541,277	14,855,786
General and administrative expenses	(1,891,606)	(2,876,251)	(4,256,323)	(5,521,668)
Selling and marketing expenses	(3,843,927)	(3,925,757)	(8,010,440)	(7,938,092)
Net (loss) income from the main operation	(447,452)	575,727	1,274,514	1,396,026
Provision for expected credit losses	(327,240)	-	(589,495)	1,090,020
Finance cost	(47,125)	(47,505)	(94,249)	(95,010)
Other income	456,088	16,163	659,783	22,620
Net (loss) income for the period before estimated zakat	(365,729)	544,385	1,250,553	1,323,636
Estimated zakat	(300,000)	(250,000)	(600,000)	(500,000)
Net (loss) income for the period	(665,729)	294,385	650,553	823,636
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD: Other comprehensive income cannot be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Net change in fair value reserve investments	101,232	(111,777)	(49,562)	0.000
Total other comprehensive (loss) income for the period	101,232			(1,054)
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the period		(111,777)	(49,562)	(1,054)
(Loss) Income per share:	(564,497)	182,608	600,991	822,582
From net (loss) income from the main operation for the period	(0.06)	0.07	0.17	0.15
From net (loss) income for the period	(0.09)	0.04		0.18
	(0.07)	0.04	0.08	0.11

Finance Manager

Authorized Member

The accompany from (1) to (16) are integrated part of these condensed interim financial statements

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

(Saudi Riyals)

	Capital	Fair value · reserve	(Accumulated losses) Retained earnings	Total
Balance at 1 January 2019	200,000,000	(582,928)	(97,895,643)	101,521,429
Net profit for the period	S-7/2		823,636	823,636
Other comprehensive loss for the period		(1,054)	-	(1,054)
Balance at 30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	200,000,000	(583,982)	(97,072,007)	102,344,011
Balance at 1 January 2020	200,000,000	(666,233)	(122,829,659)	76,504,108
Net profit for the period	5.75	-	650,553	650,553
Other comprehensive loss for the period		(49,562)	_	(49,562)
Capital reduction by amortizing accumulated losses (Note 14b)	(122,829,650)		122,829,650	
Balance at 30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	77,170,350	(715,795)	650,544	77,105,099

Finance Manager

CEO

Authorized Member

The accompany from (I) to (16) are integrated part of these condensed interim francial statements

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (Saudi Riyals)

	30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	30 June 2019 (Unaudited)
Cash Flows from operating Activities:		
Net profit for the period	650,660	
Se vicinia del marcia	650,553	823,630
Adjustments to:		
Depreciation for the period	4,540,418	4,801,95
Amortization for the period	90,956	4,001,23
Provision for expected credit losses	589,495	79,44
Bad debts during the period	(29,016)	(67,425
Finance charges	94,249	95,010
Sales provisions	562,645	496,688
Zakat estimated for the period	600,000	500,000
Employees' end of service indemnities	414,076	666,084
Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment		75
Court Charles and Arrest Charles and Arrest Charles and Charles an	7,513,376	7,395,469
Changes in:	1,555-36.10	1,000,100
Accounts receivable		2240303000000000
nventory	(4,357,039)	(5,927,280)
Prepayments and other debit balances	(12,972,321)	(4,146,435)
Frading accounts payable	618,872	(600,875)
Accrued expenses and other credit balances	11,984,037	10,195,339
Cash from operation activities	897,822	313,644
Zakat estimated paid	3,684,747	7,229,862
Employees' defined benefits paid	(459,579)	(949,983)
Set each provided benefits paid	(318,913)	(45,544)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,906,255	6,234,335
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
aid in purchase in property, plant and equipment	(621,141)	(2,083,886)
Net cash used in investing activities	(621,141)	(2,083,886)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
ease obligations paid	(46.205)	
oan guarantee provision - related party paid	(46,325)	-
accrued dividends distribution	(862,800)	(100)
	. (283)	(780)
let cash used in financing activities	(909,408)	(780)
et change in cash and cash equivalent during the period	1,375,706	4,149,669
ash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	1,723,876	4,014,122
ash and cash equivalents at end of the period	3,099,582	8,163,791
on-cash transactions		1000 - 100 - 110 -
apital reduction by amortizing accumulated losses	122,829,650	_
let change fair value investments	(49,562)	(1,054)
_ //.		(1,004)

Finance Manager

Authorized Member

The accompany from (1) to (16) are integrated part of these condensed interim financial statements

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

(Saudi Riyals)

1. ACTIVITES

Wafrah For Industry And Development Company is a Saudi Joint Stock Company founded according to the commercial registration No. 1010076996 issued in Riyadh dated 24/10/1410H (corresponding to 18/05/1990). The paid up capital of the Company is SR 200 Millions comprising of 20 million shares at a par value of SR 10 per share, During the year 2020, the Company's capital was reduced by amortizing the accumulated losses to SR 77,170,350 from 7,717,035 shares, each valued at SR 10.

The principal activities of the Company are the production of chilled and frozen meats, the manufacture of food products manufactured from potatoes, including (potato chips), the manufacture of cereal breakfast foods in the form of chips, and includes (corn flakes, chips ... etc.) and the manufacture of pasta of all kinds.

The accompanying condensed interim financial statements represents Company's accounts and branch's which are as follows:

mmercial registration No.	Activity
	\$1:
4030108227	Marketing of the company's products
205022925	Market Broken Andrews Company of the State o
2030028893	Marketing of the food products
5855339110	Marketing of the company's products
	2050028895

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Applicable accounting principles:

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements that are issued by Saudi Organization of Certified Public Accountants (SOCPA) and should be read in conjunction with the Company's last annual financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2019 ("last annual financial statements"). They do not include all of the information required for a complete set of IFRS financial statements, however; accounting policies and selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Company's financial position and performance since the last annual financial statements.

(b) Preparation of the condensed interim financial statements:

These condensed interim Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following material items in the condensed interim Statement of Financial Position.

- Equity investments is measured at fair value at FVOCI.
- The defined benefit obligation is recognized at the present value of future obligations using Projected Unit Credit Method.

(c) Functional and presentation currency:

The condensed interim financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyal, which is the Company's functional currency.

(d) Use of Judgments and Estimates

In preparing these condensed interim financial statements, management has made judgments and estimates that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant judgments made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those described in the last annual Financial Statements.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (confinued)

FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

(Saudi Riyals)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies applied to these condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied to the last year's financial statements as in the year ended December 31, 2019.

New standards and amendments to standards and interpretations

No new standards have been issued. However, a number of amendments to the standards are in effect as of January 1, 2020 and are shown below, but they have no material impact on the Company's condensed interim financial statements.

The following is a statement of the new standards and amendments to the standards applied for the years beginning on or after January 1, 2020:

Amendments to IFRS 3 - definition of a business

This amendment revises the definition of a business. According to feedback received by the IASB, application of the current guidance is commonly thought to be too complex, and it results in too many transactions qualifying as business combinations.

Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 on the definition of material

These amendments to IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements', and IAS 8, 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors', and consequential amendments to other IFRSs:

 i) use a consistent definition of materiality throughout IFRSs and the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting;

ii) clarify the explanation of the definition of material;

iii) incorporate some of the guidance in IAS 1 about immaterial information.

Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7 - Interest rate benchmark reform

These amendments provide certain reliefs in connection with interest rate benchmark reform. The reliefs relate to hedge accounting and have the effect that IBOR reform should not generally, cause hedge accounting to terminate. However, any hedge ineffectiveness should continue to be recorded in the condensed interim statement of Profit or Loss.

Amendments to IFRS 16: COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions

Effective 1 June 2020, IFRS 16 was amended to provide a practical expedient for lessees accounting for rent concessions that arise as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and satisfy the following criteria:

- (a) The change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- (b) The reduction is lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- (c) There are is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

Rent concessions that satisfy these criteria may be accounted for in accordance with the practical expedient, which means the lessee does not need to assess whether the rent concession meets the definition of a lease modification. Lessees apply other requirements in IFRS 16 in accounting for the concession.

4. STATUTORY RESERVE

In accordance with the Saudi Arabian Companies Regulations and the Company's statue of, 10% of the annual net income is required to be transferred to a statutory reserve until this reserve equals 30% of the capital, this reserve is not available for distribution to shareholders.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

(Saudi Riyals)

5. LONG TERM GOVERNMENT LOAN

The company obtained a long-term loan from the Saudi Industrial Development Fund on 09/05/2012 in order to finance the establishment and expansion of frozen vegetables and potatoes production plant, the total of the approved facilitate loan amounted to SR 34,000,000. The loan is to be paid over a period of six-years and the semi-annual installments start from August 1, 2015, and during 2016, the loan was rescheduled, with the first installment due after the rescheduling on 2/1/2018. This amount was paid in SAR 1,000,000 during 2015, SAR 1,500,000 in 2016, and 3,500,000 Saudi riyals during 2018, bringing the total value of the loan as of December 31, 2019 the amount of 28,000,000 Saudi riyals. During 2019, the loan was rescheduled, with the first installment due after the rescheduling on 1/12/2020. The loan is secured by mortgaging the entire food plant to fully produce the meat and the food plant to completely freeze the vegetables in favor of the fund as collateral for the loan. The loan agreement contains pledges that include, among other things, to reduce future capital expenditures to maintain certain financial ratios. The long term loan movement represents as follow:

	30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 (Audited)
Balance at beginning of the period / year Paid during the period / year	28,000,000	28,000,000
Total long-term government loan	28,000,000	28,000,000
Current portion of long term government loan	(7,000,000)	(3,000,000)
Non-current portion of long term government loan	21,000,000	25,000,000

6. ACCRUED DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION

The balance which appears in the accompanying condensed interim financial statements represents the remaining amounts decided in the common general assembly meeting, and dividends distribution for the previous years which are not received by the shareholders up to 30 June 2020.

7. SALES PROVISIONS

30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 (Audited)
2,176,375	1,826,865
6,978,380	13,008,379
(6,062,457)	(12,658,869)
3,092,298	2,176,375
1,087,806	265,664
1,052,174	2,046,004
(1,405,452)	(1,223,862)
734,528	1,087,806
3,826,826	3,264,181
	2,176,375 6,978,380 (6,062,457) 3,092,298 1,087,806 1,052,174 (1,405,452) 734,528

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

(Saudi Rivals)

8. SALES, NET

	30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	30 June 2019 (Unaudited)
Sales of pastry factory	26,006,302	25,487,550
Sales of vegetables factory	13,209,910	29,318,237
Sales of food and meet factory	6,583,172	2,767,105
Sales of Breakfast cereals factory	1,421,969	49,422
Total	47,221,353	57,622,314
Deduct: Sales discount	(6,978,380)	(6,278,571)
Deduct: Sales return	(1,052,174)	(1,061,897)
Net	39,190,799	50,281,846

9. (LOSS) PROFIT PER SHARE

(Loss) Profit per share from net (loss) profit the main operating is calculated by dividing net main operating (loss) profit for the period by the weighted average number of shares during the period.

(Loss) Profit per share on net (loss) profit is calculated by dividing the net (loss) profit for the period by the weighted average number of shares during the period.

The following table reflects the profit and share data used in the basic and diluted (loss) profit per share computations:

For the three period ended As at		For the six pe	riod ended As at
30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	30 June 2019 (Unaudited)
(665,729)	294,385	650,553	823,636
(0.09)	0.04	0.08	0.11
(447,452)	575,727	1,274,514	1,396,026
(0.06)	0.07	0.17	0.18
	7,717,035	7,717,035	7,717,035
	30 June 2020 (Unaudited) (665,729) (0.09) (447,452) (0.06)	30 June 2020 (Unaudited) (Unaudited) (Unaudited) (Unaudited) (665,729) 294,385 (0.09) 0.04 (447,452) 575,727 (0.06) 0.07	30 June 2020 (Unaudited) (Unaudited) (Unaudited) (Unaudited) (Unaudited) (Unaudited) (Unaudited) (0.09) 0.04 0.08 (447,452) 575,727 1,274,514 (0.06) 0.07 0.17

The weighted average number of shares was reached by taking the effect of the capital decrease from the beginning of the earliest period offered to comply with the requirements of IAS 33.

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value measurement

Fair value represents the amount may be collected from the asset sale or a boost to convert commitment between knowledgeable parties on the same terms and dealing with others and depends on the fair value measurement of the following conditions:

- 1. In the principal market for the assets or liabilities, or
- The most advantageous market for the asset or liability in the absence of a principal market the company should be able to handle through the most advantageous market.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an financial asset at fair value measures.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

(Saudi Riyals)

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value levels

Details of financial instruments carried at fair value are as below:

30 June 2020	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments determined by fair value through other comprehensive income	539,904	539,904		
31 December 2019 Investments determined by fair value through other comprehensive income	589,466	589,466		

Transfers between Levels 1 & 2

There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the reporting periods

Risk management

The company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments.

- Credit risk.
- Liquidity risk.
- Market risk.
- Currency risk.

This note presents information about the company's exposure to each of the above risks, the company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the company's management of capital.

Risk management framework

The management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of company's risk management framework.

The Company's risk management policies are designed to identify and analyse risks faced by the Company and to establish appropriate limits and limits on exposure to those risks and then monitor them to ensure that the limits are not exceeded.

Risk management policies and systems are reviewed periodically to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The management of the company through the training, standards and procedures developed by the management aims to develop a constructive and organized regulatory environment so that each employee understands his role and the duties entrusted to him.

The Company's Audit Committee monitors the management's performance in monitoring compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks facing the Company.

Financial instruments included in the statement of interim condensed financial position include mainly cash and cash equivalents, receivables, Due from related party, other assets, investments, creditors, accrued liabilities, government loan and other non-current liabilities.

Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that the Company will incur a financial loss as a result of a failure of the customer or the counterparty to meet a financial instrument with its contractual obligations. These risks arise mainly from its bank balances, trade and other receivables.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is mainly affected by the specificity of each customer. The demographic nature of the Company's customers, including the default risk of the activity and the country in which the customer operates, has a lower impact on credit risk.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

(Saudi Riyals)

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

The carrying amount of the financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the condensed interim financial position date was as follows:

	Requested value as of		
	30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 (Audited)	
Accounts receivable, net	22,256.408	18,459,848	
Cash at banks	3,085,212	1,698,565	
Accrued revenue	71,179	57,997	
Other assets	7,264,921	8,417,471	
	32,677,720	28,633,881	

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will be unable to meet its financial liabilities as they fall due to its financial liabilities that are settled through the provision of cash or other financial assets. The Company's liquidity management is to ensure, to the extent possible, that the Company always maintains sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations when it becomes payable under normal and stressful circumstances without incurring unacceptable losses or risks that may affect the Company's reputation.

The Company ensures that it has sufficient cash to cover expected operating expenses including coverage of financial liabilities but without any potential impact on difficult and unpredictable conditions such as natural disasters. In addition, the Company maintains a credit source from its banks to meet any sudden cash needs.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that arises from changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates and equity prices that affect the Company's profits or the value of the Company's financial instruments.

The objective of market risk management is to control the Company's exposure to market risk within acceptable limits and to maximize returns.

Currency risk

Most of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are denominated in Saudi Riyals and most of the Company's transactions are denominated in Saudi Riyals and US Dollars. Since the exchange rate of the dollar against the riyal is stable, the management of the company believes that it is not exposed to the risk of exchange rate fluctuations substantially.

Capital Management

The company's policy regarding capital management is to maintain a strong capital base to maintain shareholders, creditors and market confidence as well as the continued development of the company's activity in the future. The capital consists of ordinary shares, unpaid redeemable shares, retained carnings and the non-controlling interests of the company.

The management monitors the return on equity, which is determined by dividing net operating profit on shareholders' equity.

The Company aim to maintain the balance between the highest return possible in case of borrowing as high as possible and the preference and safety of a strong capital center.

The Company did not have any change in capital management during the year and the Company is not subject to any external capital requirements.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

(Saudi Rivals)

11. ADJUSTED LIABILITIES TO CAPITAL RATIO

Liabilities at the end of the period / year Less: Cash and cash equivalents Net liabilities Adjusted capital	30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 (Audited)
	64,124,088 (3,099,582)	46,904,284 (1,723,876)
	61,024,506 77,105,099	45,180,408 76,504,108
	79.14%	59.06%

12. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's operations are principally comprised of one operating segment, which is manufacturing, producing and marketing food products as of the date of the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, segment information is not applicable. Furthermore, Most of the Company's operations are conducted in Saudi Arabia.

13. INTERIM RESULTS

The results of operations for the condensed interim periods may not be an accurate indication of the results of the full year operations.

14. IMPORTANT EVENTS

a) In response to the spread of the Covid-19 virus around the world and the resulting disruption of social and economic activities in those markets, the company's management has proactively assessed its impact on its operations and has taken a series of preventive measures, including forming teams and ongoing crisis management processes, to ensure the health and safety of its employees. And its customers, consumers and society as a wider range as well as ensuring the continuity of supplying its products in all its markets. Whereas, the food industry in general has been exempt from the various bans and restrictions imposed by the various regulatory authorities including the exemption from curfew hours. Based on these factors, the company's management believes that the Covid-19 epidemic affected the company's sales that were reported for the period ending on 30 June 2020, with a decrease in net sales for the first half of the year 2020 by about 22% and a value of 11,091,047 SAR compared with the sales of the same period of the previous year, and the biggest impact on the sales of frozen potatoes, as the decrease in vegetables factory sales amounted to about 55% with a value of 16,108,327 SAR compared to the same period with the previous year, as a result of the significant slowdown in restaurant activity and so on. In its ruling and the suspension of the Umrah and Ziyarah seasons, as well as limiting the Hajj to a small number of domestic pilgrims due to the application of precautionary measures and preventive measures to limit the spread of the Covid 19 virus. On the other hand, sales of the rest of the other factories increased relatively, especially the products of meat and breakfast cereals manufacturers as a result of the expansion of private production. However, it did not compensate for the losses of the company's main product - frozen potatoes). As for the increase in the stock of frozen potatoes due to the lack of medicine during the first half of 2020, the management believes that there is no There are no concerns or negative impacts expected since the shelf life of frozen potato final product is up to 18 months under adequate storage conditions.

Whereas the effects of the pandemic began to partially recede starting from July 2020, after easing the precautionary measures and measures, the company expects a gradual improvement in sales during the third quarter of the year 2020, with hopes for a greater improvement during the fourth quarter of this year, and the return of nonnal conditions remains dependent on the end of the effects of the pandemic Krona, and then the return of the Umrah and the visit to its previous state.

b) The Extraordinary General Assembly in its meeting held on 15 Sha'ban 1441H corresponding to April 8, 2020 approved the recommendation of the Board of Directors to reduce the company's capital in exchange for amortizing the accumulated losses amounting to SAR 122,829,650 to become the capital after the reduction of SAR 77,170,350 with a percentage of 61.4% of the capital by cancelling 12,282,965 shares of the company.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

(Saudi Riyals)

15. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD

In the opinion of the management, there have been no significant subsequent events since the period-end that require disclosure or adjustment in these Condensed Interim Financial Statements, except for what was mentioned in note No. (14-a) important events.

16. APPROVAL OF THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The condensed interim financial statements were approved by The Board of Directors on 1 Muharram 1442H (August 20, 2020).