The Interim Condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited)
For The Three and Six Months Periods Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H)
And Independent Auditor's Review Report

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Independent Auditor's Review Report on the Interim Condensed Financial Statements

Introduction

We have reviewed the interim condensed statement of financial position of Makkah Construction and Development Company - A Saudi joint stock company (The Company) as of Shawwal 29,1442(H), the interim condensed statement of income and other comprehensive income for the three and six months periods ended Shawwal 29,1442(H), the interim condensed statement of changes in shareholders' equity and the interim condensed statement of cash flows for the Six-month period ended on that date and notes to the interim condensed financial statements which include summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard No. (34) "Interim Financial Reporting" that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed financial statements based on our review.

Basis of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements (2410) "Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity" that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. A review of interim condensed financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim condensed financial statements of Makkah Construction and Development Company - A Saudi joint stock company as of Shawwal 29, 1442(H) is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34 that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Talal Abu-Ghazaleh & Co.

Abdul Wahab Ismail Khonkar

Certified Public Accountant - Licence No. 432

Dhul Hijjah 23, 1442(H) corresponding to August 2, 2021(G)

Jeddah - Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

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فرع جدة - طريق الملك عبدالعزيز فرعي - حي الخالدية مبنى صياح سنتر رقم (٦٣٧٤) الطابق الثالث هاتف : ٢٠٤ ٢٠ ١٠ ٦٠ ٩٦٦ ١٢

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ص.ب: ۲۰۱۳٥ جدة ۲۱٤٥٥ السعودية

The Interim Condensed Statement of Financial Position as of Shawwal 29, 1442(H) (Saudi Riyal)

| | Note | Shawwal 29, 1442(H) (Unaudited) | Rabi' II 30, 1442(H) (Audited) |
|---|------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Non-Current Assets | | | |
| Property and equipment | | 1,292,530,384 | 1,299,928,977 |
| Investment properties | | 221,909,648 | 224,763,369 |
| Investments in financial assets at fair value through other | | | |
| comprehensive income | 5 | 3,190,035,230 | 2,789,154,958 |
| Investment in an associate company | 6 | 14,897,030 | 14,897,030 |
| Due from a related party | 7 | 309,564,950 | 309,564,950 |
| Total Non-Current Assets | | 5,028,937,242 | 4,638,309,284 |
| Current Assets | | | |
| Inventory | | 1,996,314 | 2,183,226 |
| Trade receivables | | 111,477,423 | 67,064,054 |
| Prepayments and other receivables | | 70,706,778 | 57,370,112 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 174,018,190 | 194,475,554 |
| Total Current Assets | | 358,198,705 | 321,092,946 |
| Total Assets | | 5,387,135,947 | 4,959,402,230 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | |
| Shareholders' Equity | | | |
| Capital | | 1,648,162,400 | 1,648,162,400 |
| Statutory reserve | | 836,280,685 | 836,280,685 |
| The cumulative change in actuarial losses in employee benefits | | (536,282) | (536,282) |
| Unrealized gains from investments in financial assets at fair value | | 2 222 225 225 | 4 040 005 540 |
| through other comprehensive income | | 2,220,085,835 | 1,819,205,563 |
| Retained earnings | | 146,499,196 | 160,825,422 |
| Total Shareholders' Equity | | 4,850,491,834 | 4,463,937,788 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Non-Current Liabilities | 0 | 22 757 000 | 22.759.055 |
| Employee benefits | 8 | 32,757,089 | 32,758,055 |
| Credit facilities | 9 | 207,755,939 | 149,999,000 182,757,055 |
| Total Non-Current Liabilities | | 207,733,939 | 162,757,055 |
| Current Liabilities | | 28 202 202 | 17 712 177 |
| Deferred revenues | | 38,202,202 39,810,517 | 17,713,177 |
| Accounts payable | | | 28,545,687 |
| Accrued expenses and other payables | 10 | 48,884,702 | 53,442,773 |
| Dividends payable | 10 | 194,305,820 | 205,043,020 |
| Provision for Zakat | 11 | 7,684,933 | 7,962,730 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 328,888,174 | 312,707,387 |
| Total Liabilities | | 536,644,113 5,387,135,947 | 495,464,442 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHARHOLDERS' EQUITY | | 5,387,135,947 | 4,959,402,230 |

The Accompanying Notes from (1) to (18) constitute an Integral Part of These Interim Condensed Financial Statements

Authorized Board of Director Member

General Manager

Financial Manager



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The Interim Condensed statement of Income and Other Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) for the three and six months periods Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H)

(Saudi Riyal)

| | | For the three mon | th period ended | For the six month | n period ended |
|--|------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | Note | Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | Shawwal 29, 1441(H) | Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | Shawwal 29, 1441(H) |
| Revenues | | 33,308,452 | 5,877,761 | 56,622,723 | 100,263,451 |
| Cost of revenues | | (30,088,025) | (26,793,099) | (56,352,890) | (71,639,484) |
| Gross (loss) profit | | 3,220,427 | (20,915,338) | 269,833 | 28,623,967 |
| General and administrative expenses | | (6,266,614) | (5,731,075) | (12,259,435) | (13,447,170) |
| Net (loss) profit from operations | | (3,046,187) | (26,646,413) | (11,989,602) | 15,176,797 |
| Other revenues | | | 1,099,173 | | 1,099,173 |
| Donations | | (10,000) | | (10,000) | |
| Borrowing cost | | (766,924) | | (2,326,624) | |
| Net (loss) profit before Zakat | | (3,823,111) | (25,547,240) | (14,326,226) | 16,275,970 |
| Zakat | 11 | | | 4 | (1,045,580) |
| Net (loss) profit after Zakat | | (3,823,111) | (25,547,240) | (14,326,226) | 15,230,390 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of income: | | | | | |
| Change in fair value of investments in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | | 551,749,190 | 129,316,216 | 400,880,272 | (294,030,199) |
| Total other comprehensive loss for the period | | 551,749,190 | 129,316,216 | 400,880,272 | (294,030,199) |
| Total comprehensive loss for the period | | 547,926,079 | 103,768,976 | 386,554,046 | (278,799,809) |
| Earnings per share: | | | | | |
| Basic and diluted loss /earnings per share | 12 | (0.02) | (0.16) | (0.09) | 0.09 |

The Accompanying Notes from (1) to (18) constitute an Integral Part of These Interim Condensed Financial Statements

Authorized Board of Director Member

General Manager

Financial Manager

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The Interim Condensed Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited) for the six-month period ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) (Saudi Riyal)

| | Capital | Statutory | Accumulated change in actuarial losses in employee benefits | Unrealized gains on investments in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | Retained | Net Shareholders' Equity |
|--|---------------|-------------|---|--|---------------|--------------------------|
| For the three-month ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) Balance at beginning of the period (Audited) | 1,648,162,400 | 836,280,685 | (536,282) | 1,819,205,563 | 160,825,422 | 4,463,937,788 |
| Net loss after Zakat Total other comprehensive loss | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 400.880.272 | (14,326,226) | (14,326,226) |
| Total comprehensive loss for the period | 1 | 1 | f | 400,880,272 | (14,326,226) | 386,554,046 |
| Balance on Rajab 29, 1442(H) (Unaudited) | 1,648,162,400 | 836,280,685 | (536,282) | 2,220,085,835 | 146,499,196 | 4,850,491,834 |
| For the three-month ended Shawwal 29, 1441(H) Balance at beginning of the period (Audited) | 1,648,162,400 | 836,280,685 | (536,007) | 1,345,945,607 | 466,927,148 | 4,296,779,833 |
| Dividends approved for the year 1441(H) | t | 1 | 1 | I | (247,224,360) | (247,224,360) |
| Net profit after Zakat | 1 | t | E | 1 | 15,230,390 | 15,230,390 |
| Total other comprehensive loss | 1 | | | (294,030,199) | 1 | (294,030,199) |
| Total comprehensive loss for the period | • | | | (294,030,199) | 15,230,390 | (278,799,809) |
| Balance on Shawwal 29, 1441(H) (Unaudited) | 1,648,162,400 | 836,280,685 | (536,007) | 1,051,915,408 | 482,157,538 | 3,770,755,664 |

Authorized Board of Director Member

General Manager

Financial Manager

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The Interim Condensed Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H)

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|------|----|-----|------|
| Joan | u | 1/1 | all |

| | Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | Shawwal 29, 1441(H) |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net (loss) profit before Zakat | (14,326,226) | 16,275,970 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) profit before Zakat to net cash used in operating activities | | |
| Depreciations | 14,100,662 | 15,154,230 |
| Realized gains from sale of financial assets at fair value | | |
| through income statement | | (931,599) |
| Employees' benefits - charged | 1,793,671 | 1,657,004 |
| | 1,568,107 | 32,155,605 |
| Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities | | |
| Trade receivables | (44,413,369) | -88,570,353 |
| Inventory | 186,912 | (61,724) |
| Prepayments and other receivables | (13,336,666) | (20,280,818) |
| Deferred revenues | 20,489,025 | 99,923,718 |
| Accounts payable | 11,264,831 | 16,160,003 |
| Accrued expenses and other payables | (4,558,071) | (37,177,582) |
| Cash flows from operations | (28,799,231) | 2,148,849 |
| Zakat - Paid | (277,797) | (31,570,449) |
| Employees' benefits - Paid | (1,794,637) | (713,411) |
| Net Cash flows used in Operating Activities | (30,871,665) | (30,135,011) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Proceeds from sale of financial assets at fair value through | | |
| income statement | _ | 148,811,140 |
| Additions of property and equipment | (3,827,330) | (210,021) |
| Additions of investment properties | (21,019) | (1,350,051) |
| Net cash flows (used in) from investing activities | (3,848,349) | 147,251,068 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Dividends | (10,737,200) | (230,649,694) |
| Credit facilities | 24,999,850 | 49,999,700 |
| Net Cash from (used in) Financing Activities | 14,262,650 | (180,649,994) |
| Net decreases in cash and cash equivalents | (20,457,364) | (63,533,937) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year | 194,475,554 | 241,082,468 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year | 174,018,190 | 177,548,531 |
| Significant non-cash transactions | | |
| Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | 400,880,272 | (294,030,199) |
| anough other comprehensive meonic | 400,000,272 | (274,030,199) |

The Accompanying Notes from (1) to (18) constitute an Integral Part of These Interim Condensed Financial Statements

Authorized Board of Director Member

General Manager

Financial Manager

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Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H)

(Saudi Riyal)

1. Legal Status and Company's Activity

- Makkah Construction and Development Company was established as a Saudi joint stock company ("the company") in Makkah Al-Mukarramah under the commercial registration No. 4031020101 on Dhu al-Hijjah 1, 1409(H).
- The company has two branches, the first one is: Makkah Hotel & Towers registered under the commercial registration No. 4031045190 issued on Ramadan 18, 1424(H), and the second: the branch of Makkah Construction and Development Company for Umrah services under the Commercial Registration No. 4031102134 issued on Rabi Al-Awwal 18, 1439(H).
- The company constructs the areas adjacent to the Holy Mosque in Makkah Al-Mukarramah and owns, develops, manages, invests, purchases and leases real estate, and carries out all engineering works necessary for construction, reconstruction, maintenance, demolition and surveying works.
- On the Shawwal 11, 1440(H) corresponding to June 14, 2019(G), the company announced termination of the contractual relationship with the Millennium Company, which is the management and operating company of the hotel and towers (five-star hotels) that affiliated to it in its first project located in front of the Holy Mosque in Makkah, whereas, as of Shawwal 10, 1440(H) corresponding to June 13, 2019(G) Makkah Construction and Development Company used its right to terminate the agreement with Millennium Company for its excuses with circumstances of majeure force for not implementing some of the essential provisions of the agreement, and Millennium Company was notified of this. However the work continues in the hotel and the towers, and they are managed by Makkah Construction and Development Company. In addition to that, Makkah Construction and Development Company emphasis that the termination of contractual relationship will not lead to negative impact on the financial statements.
- The head office of the company is located at the following address:
 Fakih Commercial Center Makkah Construction and Development Company PO Box 7134 Makkah Al-Mukarramah Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) - (Continued) (Saudi Riyal)

2. Basis of preparation

a) Applied accounting standards

- These interim condensed financial statements for the six-month ended as of Shawwal 29, 1442(H) have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard No. (34) "Interim Financial Reporting" that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other pronouncements and other standards endorsed by Saudi Organization for chartered and professional Accountants (SOCPA).
- The interim condensed financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements prepared in accordance with international financial reporting standards that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other pronouncements and other standards endorsed by Saudi Organization chartered and professional Accountants (SOCPA), and it should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements as at Rabi' II 30, 1442(H), in addition to, the business results for the six-month ended Shawwal 29,1442(H) are not necessarily indicative of the results expected on Rabi' II 29, 1443(H), moreover, providing of provisions have not been performed on the profits of the six-month period ended Shawwal 29,1442(H) which is provided at the end of the year.

b) Basis of Measurement

These interim condensed financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis using the accrual basis and going concern assumption, except for "investments in financial assets at fair value through statement of income and other comprehensive income" which is measured at fair value, and except for "Employee defined benefit obligations" that are recognized at the present value of future obligations using the projected unit credit method.

c) Functional and Presentation currency

These interim condensed financial statements have been presented in Saudi Riyals, which represents the functional and presentation currency for the Company.

d) <u>Use of estimates and judgments</u>

Preparing interim condensed financial statements requires management to make some judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the company's accounting policies and the amounts presented for assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and on unrealized gains from investments in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that are reflected in equity and the cumulative change in actuarial losses of employee benefits. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Amendments that result from accounting estimates are shown in the review period and future periods affected by these adjustments.

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) - (Continued) (Saudi Riyal)

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies used in the interim condensed financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements ended Rabi' II 30, 1442(H), except for effect of adoption new or revised/amended standards ,effective as from or after January 1 , 2021, as following:

International Financial Reporting Standards of new and amended interpretations issued:

a) <u>International Financial Reporting Standards of new and amended interpretations and effective:</u>

The following new and revised international financial reporting standards, which became effective for financial periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021(G) or after that date, were followed in preparing the financial statements of the company and had no material impact on the amounts and disclosures contained in the financial statements in the current year as follows:

| Standard or Interpretation No. | Description | Effective Date |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------|
| Interest Rate | The amendments provide temporary exemptions | January 1, 2021, |
| Benchmark Reform | that address the effects of financial reporting when | or after |
| Phase 2 (Amendments | an Interbank Offered Rate (IBOR) is exchanged for a | |
| to IFRS 9, IFRS 7, IFRS | Risk-Free Alternative Interest Rate (RFR). | |
| 4, IFRS 16 and IAS 39) | Amendments include a practical expedient | |
| | requiring contractual changes or changes in cash | |
| | flows, which is necessary as a direct consequence of | |
| | interest rate benchmark reform, to be dealt with as | |
| | variables in the variable interest rate, equivalent to | |
| | the movement in the interest rate in the market. | |
| | Allowing the use of this practical expedient is | |
| | provided with the condition that the transfer from | |
| | IBOR to (RFR) takes place on an economically | |
| | equivalent basis without the occurrence of value | |
| | transfer. | |
| | | |

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) – (Continued) (Saudi Riyal)

b) <u>International Financial Reporting Standards of new and amended interpretations and not effective yet:</u>

The company did not apply any of the new international standards, amended issued, and not effective yet:

| Standard or Interpretation No. | Description | Effective Date |
|--|--|------------------------------|
| Annual improvements to IFRS 2018-2020 (amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 9, IFRS 16 and IAS 41) | IFRS 1 amendments, First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards An extension of the optional exemption that allows the subsidiary which becomes an adopter of the IFRS for the first time after the parent company to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by the parent, based on the parent's date of transition to IFRS Standards. Similar election is available for the associate and joint venture. IFRS 9 amendments, Financial Instruments The amendments clarify the fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 per cent' test in assessing whether to de-recognize a financial liability. IFRS 16 amendments, Leases The amendment to Illustrative Example 13 accompanying IFRS 16 removes from the example the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements. IAS 41 amendments, Agriculture The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of IAS 41 for entities to exclude taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique. | January 1, 2022, or after |
| IFRS 3 amendments, Business Combinations - Reference to the Conceptual Framework | The amendments aim to update the reference to the conceptual framework without changing the accounting requirements of IFRS 3 Business Combinations. | January 1, 2022, or after |
| IAS 16 amendments, property, plant and equipment - proceeds before intended use | Amends the standard to prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the cost of producing those items, in profit or loss. | January 1, 2022, or after |
| IAS 37 amendments, Provisions, Contingent Assets and Liabilities – Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract | Amending the standard regarding costs a company should include as the cost of fulfilling a contract when assessing whether a contract will produce a loss. | January 1, 2022, or after |

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) - (Continued) (Saudi Riyal)

| Standard or Interpretation No. | Description | Effective Date |
|--|---|---------------------------------|
| IAS 1 amendments, Presentation of Financial Statements | Clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current is based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period. Specify that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability. Explain that rights are in existence if covenants are complied with at the end of the reporting period. Introduce a definition of 'settlement' to make clear that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services. Are applied retrospectively. | January 1, 2022, or after |
| IFRS 17, Insurance Contracts | IFRS 17 supersedes IFRS 4, the new standard requires insurance liabilities to be measured at a current fulfillment value and provides a more uniform measurement and presentation approach for all insurance contracts. | January 1, 2023, or after |
| IFRS 10 and IAS 28 amendments — Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture | The amendments address an acknowledged inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 and those in IAS 28, in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. | Indefinite effective date |

The company's management does not expect that these standards will have a material impact on the financial statements when applied in future periods.

4. Financial instruments

- Fair value of assets and liabilities

- Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.
- When measuring the fair value of an asset or liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:
 - Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
 - Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
 - <u>Level 3:</u> inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) - (Continued) (Saudi Riyal)

Fair value hierarchy

- The following table summarizes the financial instruments of the company listed in the fair value hierarchy that reflect the most important inputs used in making the measurements:

| | Valuation techniques and key | | | | Total fair |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------|-------------|---------------|
| For the period ended Shawwal 1442 (H) | inputs | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | value |
| Financial assets at fair value: | | | | | |
| | Prices quoted in the financial | | | | |
| Quoted shares | markets | 3,083,001,412 | | | 3,083,001,412 |
| | According to the latest available | | | | |
| Unquoted shares | financial information | | | 107,033,818 | 107,033,818 |
| Total | | 3,083,001,412 | | 107,033,818 | 3,190,035,230 |
| For the year ended Rabi' II 30, 1442 (H) | | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value: | | | | | |
| | Prices quoted in the financial | | | | |
| Quoted shares | markets | 2,682,121,140 | | | 2,682,121,140 |
| | According to the latest available | | | | |
| Unquoted shares | financial information | | | 107,033,818 | 107,033,818 |
| Total | | 2,682,121,140 | | 107,033,818 | 2,789,154,958 |

- If the inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset or liability are at different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized entirely within the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level of the input that is significant to the entire measurement.
- The Company recognizes transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period in which the change occurred.
 During the six-month period ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H), there were no transfers between the levels.
- There is no difference between the fair value and the book value of other assets during the period.

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) - (Continued) (Saudi Riyal)

Liquidity risk

– Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in obtaining the necessary financing to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may arise when the inability to sell a financial asset quickly at a value close to its fair value. The company manages liquidity risk by providing sufficient funds necessary to meet any future liabilities by maintaining reserves, continuous monitoring of actual cash flows, and matching the maturities of financial assets and financial liabilities. Also, part of the company's funds are invested with cash balances with banks and are ready to meet short and medium term financing requirements for example, Concentrations of liquidity risk may arise from the payment terms of financial liabilities, sources of borrowing, or reliance on a particular market in which the current assets are realized. The following is an analysis of the undiscounted contractual maturity of the company's financial liabilities as of Shawwal 29, 1442(H).

| | | | Accrued interest for | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | 1 year or less | 1-3 Years | future periods | Book value |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | |
| Credit facilities | | 174,998,850 | | 174,998,850 |
| Accounts payable | 39,810,517 | | | 39,810,517 |
| Accrued expenses and other payables | 48,884,702 | | | 48,884,702 |
| Dividends payable | 194,305,820 | | | 194,305,820 |
| | 283,001,039 | 174,998,850 | | 457,999,889 |
| | | | Accrued interest for | |
| Rabi' II 30, 1442(H) | 1 year or less | 1-3 Years | future periods | Book value |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | |
| Credit facilities | - | 149,999,000 | | 149,999,000 |
| Accounts payable | 28,545,687 | | | 28,545,687 |
| Accrued expenses and other payables | 53,442,773 | | | 53,442,773 |
| Dividends payable | 205,043,020 | | | 205,043,020 |
| | 287,031,480 | 149,999,000 | | 437,030,480 |

- The cash flows included in the maturity analysis are not expected to be settled early or in a significant different amounts.
- The following table shows the difference between current assets and current liabilities as at the date of the interim condensed financial statements:

| | Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | Rabi' II 30, 1442(H) |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Current assets | 358,198,705 | 321,092,946 |
| Current liabilities | (328,888,174) | (312,707,387) |
| Working capital | 29,310,531 | 8,385,559 |

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) - (Continued) (Saudi Riyal)

5. Investments in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Investments in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income mainly consist of the following:

| | Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | Rabi' II 30, 1442(H) |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Jabal Omar Development | 3,189,070,312 | 2,788,190,040 |
| Commodity Trading Fund | 964,918 | 964,918 |
| Total | 3,190,035,230 | 2,789,154,958 |

 The movement of investments in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income consist of the following:

| | Shawwal 29, | Rabi' II 30, |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| | 1442(H) | 1442(H) |
| Balance at beginning of the period/ the year | 2,789,154,958 | 2,315,895,002 |
| Unrealized gains of financial assets at FVOCI | 400,880,272 | 473,259,956 |
| Balance at ending of the period/ the year | 3,190,035,230 | 2,789,154,958 |

 The company has sent a confirmation request to Jabal Omar Development Company on the shares owned by Makkah Construction and Development Company as of Rabi' II 30, 1442(H), however, based on the reply letter from Jabal Omar Development Company, there was a difference in number of shares owned by Makkah Construction and Development Company by around 1,198,571 shares. Accordingly, Makkah Construction and Development Company contacted the lawyer to clarify this difference, who stated that the shares of real estates that title deeds have not been transferred up to date were assessed when Makkah Construction and Development Company invested as a shareholder in Jabal Omar Company, and this value should remain the same since there is no amendment or change on status of the title deeds which was considered the basis of determining the number of shares at the time of Makkah Construction and Development Company entered as a shareholder in Jabal Omar Company. Therefore, it is not allowed for any amendment or change on the shares related to the deeds except after completing the technical and Sharia procedures by adding the area on it by the competent Sharia departments and before adding the final amount of the deeds area by the competent authorities and departments. The value of the contribution remains constant and it is not subject to any modification or change until the total area of the deeds is added by the related authorities.

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) – (Continued) (Saudi Riyal)

6. Investment in an associate company

The Board of Directors unanimously decided, in their meeting no. (133) on Muharram 25, 1435(H) corresponding to November 28, 2013(G) to contribute a cash share in the capital of Jarham Development Company which work in the field of real estate development, and will develop the area of Jabal Al- Sharashif, moreover, according to this decision the company on Jumada Al-Awwal 11, 1435(H) paid an amount of SR 28,84 million, which represents 27.5% of the company's capital which amounted to SR 104,84 million. Movement in investment in associate company was as follows:

| | Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | Rabi' II 30, 1442(H) |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Balance at beginning of the period/ the year | 14,897,030 | 14,897,030 |
| Balance at ending of the period/ the year | 14,897,030 | 14,897,030 |

(*) The investment in Jarham Development Company was measured based on the latest audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, while the financial statements of the associate for the year 2018 were issued during the year, which showed an increase in the company's assets as a result of recognizing an intangible asset that appeared mainly as a result of adjustments of previous years, the company decided not to recognize the increase due to the uncertainty in the absence of recent audited financial statements.

The capital of Jarham Company was reduced according to the resolution of the Extraordinary General Assembly dated November 13, 2018(G), to become its capital of SR 49,8 million, however, the legal procedures required to reduce the capital have not been completed until the date of the financial statements.

7. Due from a related party

The amounts due from a related party (Jabal Omar Development Company) amounting to SR 309,564,950 as of Shawwal 29, 1442(H) represents the amount due against the remaining cash share paid by Makkah Construction and Development Company to Jabal Omar Development Company on behalf of the owners of real estate who did not complete the legal procedures of transfer their ownership to Jabal Omar Development Company. However once those owners complete all the legal procedures of transferring ownership of these real states to the name of Jabal Omar Development Company, Jabal Omar Development Company will pay this amount to Makkah Construction and Development Company, noting that these amounts do not have any interest or murabaha calculated on the due balance.

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) - (Continued)
(Saudi Riyal)

8. Employees' Benefits

General description of the employees' defined benefit obligations:

The entity is required to pay end of service benefits (defined benefits plan) in accordance with the Saudi Labor Law. The end of service benefit is equivalent to half salary of the last month of each of the first five years of service, including the fractions of the year in addition to the salary of the last month in full for each year of the remaining / subsequent service, including fractions of the year. Due factors are applied in cases of resignation. The end of service indemnity is unfunded.

Valuation Methodology and Key Assumptions for the Actuarial Study:

- In compliance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard No. (19) "employee benefits", the projected unit credit method was applied to determine the plan's obligations. Under this method, the expected cost of the accrued benefits is calculated for each benefit to which the plan members who are still working. The expected cost of the accrued benefits depends on the accrual formula and the period of service at the valuation date. The benefits are calculated based on the last salary expected to be received by the employee at the retirement age. The plan's obligations are the current actuarial value of the expected accrued benefits of all employees who are still working at the date of valuation.
- The valuation is prepared by an independent external actuary using the following key assumptions:
- In accordance with IAS 19, actuarial assumptions must be unbiased and constant. Assumptions are considered best estimation from company's side for variables that will determine the ultimate cost of providing EOS. The main assumptions used are as following:

Discount rate:

This rate is used to obtain the present actuarial value of the expected benefits. In accordance with IAS 19, the rate used to discount post-employment benefit obligations is determined by reference to market returns at the end of the reporting period on high-quality commercial bonds. In accordance with our practice, the discount rate is derived by reference to US dollar market returns at the end of the reporting year on AA-AAA rated commercial bonds with a term maturity consistent with the estimated duration of the post-employment benefit obligations. The average duration of post-employment benefit liabilities is 10 years.

- The discount rate is 2,5% annually (Rabi' II 30, 1442(H).
- The rate of salary increase is 2,5% annually (Rabi' II 30, 1442(H).
- a) The movement on employee benefit obligations is as follows:

| | Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | Rabi' II 30, 1442(H) |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|
| The present value of the obligation at the beginning of the period/ the year | 32,758,055 | 31,417,209 |
| The components of the current period year expenditures charged to | | |
| the statement of comprehensive income | | |
| Current service cost | 1,793,671 | 3,345,520 |
| Benefits cost | - | 970,688 |
| Total expenses charged to the statement of income | 1,793,671 | 4,316,208 |
| Elements of other comprehensive income: | | |
| Re-measurement of employee benefit obligations | - | 275 |
| Actual benefits paid during the period/the year | (1,794,637) | (2,975,637) |
| The present value of the obligation at the end of the period/the year | 32,757,089 | 32,758,055 |

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) - (Continued) (Saudi Riyal)

9. Credit facilities

The company signed a general agreement with Bank Albilad on Muharram 3, 1441(H), corresponding to September 2, 2019(G) to obtain credit facilities with an amount of SR 450 million at a SIBOR interest rate + 1.25% (compliant with Islamic Sharia), in accordance with the company's Board of Directors resolution No. 198 dated on Shawwal 13, 1440(H) corresponding to June 16, 2019(G), amended by Board Resolution No. 201 dated on Muharram 5, 1441(H) corresponding to September 4, 2019(G), for the purpose of financing the renovation and development of the hotel and towers of Makkah Construction and Development Company. The following is a summary of the facilities obtained by the company:

| | Date | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| Amount | Hijri | Gregorian | |
| 49,999,600 | Rabi' I 3, 1441 | October 31, 2019 | |
| 49,999,700 | Ramadan 12, 1441 | May 5, 2020 | |
| 49,999,700 | Rabi' II 17, 1442 | December 2, 2020 | |
| 24,999,850 | Rajab 5, 1442 | February 17, 2021 | |
| 174,998,850 | | | |
| | 49,999,600 49,999,700 49,999,700 24,999,850 | AmountHijri49,999,600Rabi' I 3, 144149,999,700Ramadan 12, 144149,999,700Rabi' II 17, 144224,999,850Rajab 5, 1442 | |

- The maturity date of the aforementioned bank facilities is on Shaban 21, 1444(H), corresponding to March 13, 2023G.
- The guarantees on the loan are represented by a promissory note to beneficiary of the lending bank by an amount of SR 545,813,000.

10. Dividends payable

a. The movement of dividends payable is as follows:

| | Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | Rabi' II 30, 1442(H) |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Balance at the beginning of the period/ the year | 205,043,020 | 190,863,231 |
| Declared dividends during the period/ the year | - | 247,224,360 |
| Dividends paid during the period/ the year | (10,737,200) | (233,044,571) |
| Total | 194,305,820 | 205,043,020 |

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) - (Continued) (Saudi Riyal)

11. Zakat

a) Provision for Zakat

The Movement of Zakat provision during the year was as follows:

| | Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | Shawwal 29, 1441(H) |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Balance at the beginning of the period | 7,962,730 | 38,871,310 |
| Provision for the period | - | 1,045,580 |
| Paid during the period | (277,797) | (31,570,449) |
| Balance at the end of the period | 7,684,933 | 8,346,441 |

b) The company reached a financial settlement up to the end of the financial year ending on Rabi`II 30, 1436 H, in accordance with the decision of the General Authority for Zakat and Income tax with the company's approval to pay an amount of SR 31,588,696. During the current year, the bank guarantee issued under No. 434470 - AFG-WPM, amounting to SR 16,593,207, was released after the company paid the aforementioned amount.

The company submitted its Zakat declaration for the years from Rabi`II 30, 1437(H) until Rabi`II 30, 1442(H) and paid the accrued Zakat. The company has received zakat assessments for the years 1438 and 1439, by an amount of SR 15,019,502. The company objected on these assessments while the objection was rejected by the of Zakat, Tax, and Customs Authority, however, during the current period, the company has objected to general secretariat of tax committees and its still under review by general secretariat of tax committee. The company believes that it is still able to appeal to the internal commission for settlements and obtain a settlement in accordance with the rules of these commissions. Accordingly, the company provided a provision against it by around 50% of these assessments, in accordance with estimates of the company's management.

The company's management believes that the provided provisions are sufficient to meet future zakat obligations.

12. Earnings Per Share

a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated based on the net profit attributable to the ordinary Shareholders and the weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares.

b) Diluted earnings per share

- Diluted earnings per share is calculated based on the net profit attributable to the ordinary Shareholders and the weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares after adjusting the probable dilution effect on ordinary shares.
- During the year there were no diluted shares, and therefore the diluted earnings per share is not different from the basic earnings per share.

c) The details of the earning per share calculation are as follows:

| | For the six month period ended | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | Shawwal 29, 1441(H) | |
| Net (loss) profit after zakat for the period | (14,326,226) | 15,230,390 | |
| Weighted average number of shares | 164,816,240 | 164,816,240 | |
| (loss)Profit per share – Basic and Diluted | (0.09) | 0.09 | |

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) – (Continued) (Saudi Riyal)

13. Transactions With Related Parties

Related parties consist of the shareholders, directors, and senior management staff of the company. The terms and conditions of these transactions are approved by the company's management.

- Senior management staff

Senior management staff are the people who exercise authority and responsibility in planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company, directly or indirectly, including any director (Whether executive or otherwise).

- Related parties transactions:

Transactions with related parties during the year and the resulting balances were as follows:

| Transactions with | Nature of Transactions | Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | Shawwal 29, 1441(H) |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Senior management staff | Salary, allowances and incentives | 2,045,706 | 1,829,228 |
| Board of Directors | Rents and consulting contracts | 815,627 | 2,274,694 |

- Related parties balances:

The related party's balances are as follows:

| | Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | Rabi' II 30, 1442(H) |
|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Due from a related party | 309,564,950 | 309,564,950 |

14. Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities against letters of guarantee issued by several banks on behalf of the company on Shawwal 29, 1442(H), amounted to SR 2,000,000 (Rabi' II 30, 1442(H): SR 2,000,000).

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) - (Continued) (Saudi Riyal)

15. Segments information

The presentation of the major segments has been determined on the basis that the risks and rewards of the company are materially affected by the difference in the products of those segments. These segments are organized and managed separately according to the nature of services and products, so that each of them forms a separate unit. The operating segments shown below are identified by differentiating the business activities from which the company generates revenue and incurs costs. The economic characteristics are reviewed and the operating segments are grouped on the basis of the evaluation made by the operational decision maker at least every quarter, which is reviewed by the senior management of the company. The company operates in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia through the following basic activities:

- The Commercial center, which includes revenue from renting shops and apartments;
- Hotel and residential towers;
- Investment, including revenue from investments held for trading;
- Others, including rental income in the Jabal Omar development area.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated on a profit or loss basis and is measured consistently with the profit or loss in the financial statements.

| Shawwal 29, 1442(H) | Commercial center | Hotel and towers | Investment sector | Other | Total |
|--|---|------------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Revenues | 32,090,396 | 24,432,327 | | 100,000 | 56,622,723 |
| Cost of revenues | (13,467,360) | (42,885,530) | | | (56,352,890) |
| Total gross profit (loss) | 18,623,036 | (18,453,203) | | 100,000 | 269,833 |
| General and administrative expenses | | | | (12,259,435) | (12,259,435) |
| Donations | _ | | | (10,000) | (10,000) |
| Borrowing cost | _ | | | (2,326,624) | (2,326,624) |
| Zakat | | | | | |
| loss during the year | 18,623,036 | (18,453,203) | | (14,496,059) | (14,326,226) |
| Total assets | 453,301,037 | 1,105,065,155 | 3,514,497,210 | 314,272,545 | 5,387,135,947 |
| Total liabilities | 54,095,183 | 71,686,347 | | 410,862,583 | 536,644,113 |
| Shawwal 29, 1441(H) | Commercial center | Hotel and towers | Investment sector | Other | Total |
| Revenues | 44,564,115 | 54,486,836 | | 1,212,500 | 100,263,451 |
| Cost of revenues | | | | 1/212/000 | 100,200,101 |
| Cost of revenues | (16,060,693) | (55,571,241) | | (7,550) | (71,639,484) |
| Gross profit | (16,060,693) 28,503,422 | (55,571,241) (1,084,405) | | · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | | <u> </u> | | (7,550) | (71,639,484) |
| Gross profit | | <u> </u> | 931,599 | (7,550) 1,204,950 | (71,639,484) 28,623,967 |
| Gross profit General and administrative expenses | | <u> </u> | 931,599 | (7,550) 1,204,950 (13,447,170) | (71,639,484) 28,623,967 (13,447,170) |
| Gross profit General and administrative expenses Other revenues | | <u> </u> | 931,599 - 931,599 | (7,550) 1,204,950 (13,447,170) 167,574 | (71,639,484) 28,623,967 (13,447,170) 1,099,173 |
| Gross profit General and administrative expenses Other revenues Zakat | 28,503,422 — — — | (1,084,405) | | (7,550) 1,204,950 (13,447,170) 167,574 (1,045,580) | (71,639,484) 28,623,967 (13,447,170) 1,099,173 (1,045,580) |
| Gross profit General and administrative expenses Other revenues Zakat Profit during the year | 28,503,422 ——————————————————————————————————— | (1,084,405) (1,084,405) | 931,599 | (7,550) 1,204,950 (13,447,170) 167,574 (1,045,580) (13,120,226) | (71,639,484) 28,623,967 (13,447,170) 1,099,173 (1,045,580) 15,230,390 |

Other assets and liabilities include the administrative functions of the company.

Notes to The Interim condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) for the six-month period Ended Shawwal 29, 1442(H) - (Continued) (Saudi Riyal)

16. Outstanding lawsuits

a) Outstanding lawsuits raised by the company against others

- There are lawsuits filed by the company against other with determined value by an amount of SR 5,882,941, and two lawsuit with undetermined value against property eviction.
- The company has filed a lawsuit against the previous hotel operator, "Millennium & Copthorne Middle East Holding Ltd.", for an amount of approximately SR 39 million against the minimum guaranteed difference in accordance with the signed agreement with Makkah Construction and Development Company at the Economic Court, which is still pending. The company has recorded sufficient provisions against this lawsuit, according to the opinion of the management and its legal advisor.

b) Outstanding lawsuits raised by the others against the company

There is a lawsuit against the company with undetermined value related to terminating a contract, in addition to a lawsuit with undetermined amount.

17. Impact of Coronavirus pandemic

Throughout the beginning of the 2020, in several geographical regions, the world is going through rapid developments related to the outbreak of the novel Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19). This has caused disturbances to economic activities and businesses. Countries, including the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, are seeking to take precautionary and preventive procedures to address the spread of the virus and mitigate its effects. Despite the effectiveness of these procedures, they have affected the business environment and the general outcome of society. However, KSA has put in place packages and decisions to mitigate the economic implications of such procedures, in order to help the business sector to overcome this health pandemic with -minimal harm as much as possible.

In view of this, the company's management announced that the occupancy rate in the hotel and towers was affected and the temporary closure of the commercial center in accordance with the precautionary government decisions to confront (COVID-19) to protect citizens and residents, and to confront the spread of (COVID-19), represented in the temporary suspension of Umrah and visit visas, as well as the temporary suspension of Umrah for citizens and residents in the Kingdom in addition to Suspend international and domestic flights. This may lead to the company's revenues being directly affected, which depend on Hajj, Umrah and visit activities as a result of the decrease in occupancy rates in the hotel and towers, as well as the temporary closure of the commercial center, and consequently its revenues and profits for the financial year 1441/1442 affected by those precautionary decisions.

Given these circumstances, the management, when preparing the financial statements, made an assessment of the expected effects on the company's business and concluded that it has sufficient liquidity available to continue fulfilling its financial obligations in the future when they are due, in addition to other measures that will assist the company in overcoming the consequences from (COVID-19), including granting a discount on the commercial center leases for five months.

18. Approval of the Financial Statements

The interim condensed financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on Dhul Hijjah 23, 1442(H) corresponding to August 2, 2021(G).