SAUDI AIRLINES CATERING COMPANY (A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 with
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



KPMG Al Fozan & Partners Certified Public Accountants

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License No. 46/11/323 issued 11/3/1992

Independent Auditors' Report On Review Of Interim Financial Statements

To the Shareholders of Saudi Airlines Catering Company (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying March 31, 2018 condensed interim financial statements of Saudi Airlines Catering Company ("the Company") which comprises:

- the condensed statement of financial position as at March 31, 2018;
- the condensed statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three-month period ended March 31, 2018;
- the condensed statement of changes in equity for the three-month period ended March 31, 2018;
- the condensed statement of cash flows for the three-month period ended March 31, 2018; and
- the notes to the condensed interim financial statements.

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting' that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, 'Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity' that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying March 31, 2018 condensed interim financial statements of **Saudi Airlines Catering Company** are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting' that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

For KPMG Al Fozan & Partners Certified Public Accountants

Ebrahim Oboud Baeshen License No: 382

Jeddah, Shaban 20, 1439H Corresponding to May 6, 2018



(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at March 31, 2018

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

Assets	<u>Note</u>	March 31, 2018	December 31, <u>2017</u>
Property, plant and equipment	5	565,135,793	554,462,015
Intangible assets	•	982,458	1,282,184
Investment property		39,799,146	40,286,383
Equity accounted investee	6	18,360,513	20,642,074
Other financial assets	7	70,404,452	73,620,570
Non-current assets		694,682,362	690,293,226
Inventories		108,459,511	109,980,916
Trade and other receivables	8	915,135,333	854,926,157
Prepayments and other assets		124,883,329	126,213,452
Cash and cash equivalents		165,318,700	101,547,658
Current assets		1,313,796,873	1,192,668,183
Total assets		2,008,479,235	1,882,961,409
Equity			
Share capital	9	820,000,000	820,000,000
Statutory reserve	10	353,835,879	353,835,879
Retained earnings		124,686,589	109,109,072
Total equity		1,298,522,468	1,282,944,951
L iabilities			
Employees' benefits		167,455,880	168,998,200
Non-current liabilities		167,455,880	168,998,200
Zakat and income tax liabilities	12	40,467,048	31,190,087
Trade and other payables		502,033,839	399,828,171
Current liabilities		542,500,887	431,018,258
Total liabilities		709,956,767	600,016,458
Total equity and liabilities		2,008,479,235	1,882,961,409

The accompanying notes 1 through 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Authorized Board of Directors

Member (

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	<u>Note</u>	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Revenue	14	531,068,166	533,883,890
Cost of sales	15	(355,746,769)	(366,895,607)
Gross profit		175,321,397	166,988,283
Other income		1,508,903	1,442,604
General and administrative expenses		(57,458,475)	(51,763,854)
Other expenses		(676,406)	(413,568)
Reversal of impairment on trade receivables	_	13,991,691	15,012,598
Operating profit	_	132,687,110	131,266,063
Finance income		340,750	1,163,383
Finance cost		(1,218,300)	(1,211,400)
Net finance costs		(877,550)	(48,017)
Share of loss in equity accounted investee	6	(2,281,561)	
Profit before zakat and income tax		129,527,999	131,218,046
Zakat and income tax expense	12	(9,276,961)	(9,832,167)
Profit for the period		120,251,038	121,385,879
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of defined benefit liability			
Other comprehensive income for period			
Total comprehensive income for the period	=	120,251,038	121,385,879
Earnings per share			
Basic earnings per share	16	1.47	1.48
Diluted earnings per share	=======================================	1.47	1.48
Direct carmings per bitate	16	1.47	1,70

The accompanying notes 1 through 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Authorized Board of Directors

Member

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

	<u>Note</u>	Share <u>capital</u>	Statutory <u>reserve</u>	Retained earnings	<u>Total</u>
Balance at January 1, 2017 Total comprehensive income		820,000,000	340,714,074	99,875,473	, ,
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income				121,385,879	121,385,879
Total comprehensive income Transactions with owners of the Company Contributions and distributions				121,385,879	121,385,879
Dividends	11		12 121 005		(104,674,258)
Transfer to statutory reserve Balance at March 31, 2017		820,000,000	13,121,805 353,835,879		1,277,301,168
Balance at January 1, 2018 Total comprehensive income		820,000,000	353,835,879	109,109,072	1,282,944,951
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income				120,251,038	120,251,038
Total comprehensive income Transactions with owners of the Company				120,251,038	120,251,038
Contributions and distributions Dividends	11	-ter-law		(104,673,521)	(104,673,521)
Balance at March 31, 2018		820,000,000	353,835,879	124,686,589	

The accompanying notes 1 through 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Authorized Board of Directors Member

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

Carl Same form on the control of	<u>Note</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Cash flows from operating activities Profit for the period		120,251,038	121,385,879
Adjustments for:		110,101,000	121,000,07
Zakat and tax		9,276,961	9,832,167
Depreciation		15,443,542	13,376,307
Amortization		299,726	299,726
Reversal of allowance for doubtful debts, net		(13,991,691)	(15,012,598)
Provision for slow-moving inventory, net		1,614,570	724,928
Finance income Interest cost		(340,750)	(1,163,383)
Share of loss in equity accounted investees		1,218,300 2,281,561	1,211,400
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment		4,401,JU1 	27,400
Employees' benefits service cost		3,303,875	3,049,737
Provision for accrued bonus - long term		600,000	5,015,757
		139,957,132	133,731,563
Changes in:		107,501,102	100,701,000
Inventories		(93,165)	(456,122)
Trade and other receivables		(46,217,485)	41,930,221
Prepayments and other assets		1,670,873	14,813,751
Trade and other payables		(2,467,759)	(92,933,708)
Other financial assets - letter of guarantee		3,216,118	(3,641,118)
Cash generated from operating activities		96,065,714	93,444,587
Daymont of commed house the state			(2.046.295)
Payment of accrued bonus - long term Employees' benefits paid		(C CCA ADE)	(3,046,385)
Interest income received		(6,664,495)	(1,871,211) 257,063
		90 401 210	
Net cash from operating activities		89,401,219	88,784,054
Cash flows from investing activities			
Additions to property, plant and equipment and			
investment property	5	(25,630,083)	(35,271,875)
Net cash used in investing activities		(25,630,083)	(35,271,875)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Dividends paid	11	(94)	(104,718,533)
Net cash used in financing activities		(94)	(104,718,533)
Net increace / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		63,771,042	(51,206,354)
Cash and cash equivalents at January 1		101,547,658	151,711,045
· ·		165,318,700	100,504,691
Cash and cash equivalents at March 31		103,310,700	100,504,091

The accompanying notes 1 through 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Authorized Board of Directors

Member

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Saudi Airlines Catering Company (the "Company") is domiciled in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia. The Company is listed on the Saudi Arabia Stock Market "Tadawul".

The main objectives of the Company are provision of cooked and non-cooked food to private and public sectors, provision of sky sales, operation and management of duty free zones in Saudi Arabian airports and ownership, operation and management of restaurants at airports and other places, ownership, operation and management of central laundries.

The Company mainly provides catering services to Saudi Arabian Airlines and other foreign airlines in the airports of Jeddah, Riyadh, Dammam and Madinah in Saudi Arabia and to Saudia's flights operating from Cairo International Airport.

The Company is registered and operating under Commercial Registration number 4030175741 dated Muharram 20, 1429H (January 29, 2008).

The Company also has the following branches, which are operating under separate Commercial registerations:

Branch location	<u>C.R.</u>	<u>Date</u>
Rabigh	4602006306	Rajab 16, 1436H (May 5, 2015)
Medina	4650055980	Jumada Al-Thani 1, 1433H (April 23, 2012)
Dammam	2050082998	Jumada Al-Thani 1, 1433H (April 23, 2012)
Makkah	4031084114	Jumada Al-Atwal 23, 1435H (March 25, 2014)
Jeddah	4030227251	Jumada Al-Thani 1, 1433H (April 23, 2012)
Jeddah	4030285290	Muharram 2, 1437H (October 16, 2015)
Riyadh	1010336558	Jumada Al-Thani 1, 1433H (April 23, 2012)

The registered head office of the Company is located at the following address:

Saudi Airlines Catering Company Al Saeb Al Jamari Street Prince Sultan Bin Abdulaziz Road, Almohammadya District (5) P. O. Box 9178, Jeddah 21413, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

a) Statement of compliance

These Condensed Interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting that is endorsed in Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements that are issued by Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants ("SOCPA") and should be read in conjunction with the Company's last annual Financial Statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2017 ("last annual Financial Statements"). They do not include all of the information required for a complete set of IFRS Financial Statements however, accounting policies and selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Company's financial position and performance since the last annual Financial Statements.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

a) Statement of compliance (continued)

This is the first set of Condensed Interim Financial Statements where IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 have been applied. Changes to significant accounting policies are described in Note 3.b and 3.c respectively.

b) Basis of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis. Further, the financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and going concern concept.

c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Saudi Arabian Riyals ("SR") which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Use of judgments and estimates

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods affected.

The significant judgments made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those described in the last annual financial statements, except for new significant judgments key sources of estimation uncertainty related to the application of IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 which are described in Notes 3.b and 3.c.

b. IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company has started to adopt IFRS 15 for the first time from the period started January 1, 2018.

IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. It replaced IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations. The Company recognizes revenue when a customer obtains controls of the goods at a point in time i.e. on delivery and acknowledgment of goods, which is in line with the requirements of IFRS 15. Accordingly, there is no material effect of adopting 'IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers' on the recognition of Revenue of the Company.

The details of the new significant accounting policies and the nature of the changes to previous accounting policies in relation to the Company's sale of goods are set out below.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

b. IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (continued)

Type of Product	Nature, timing of satisfaction on performance obligations, significant payment terms	Nature of change in accouting policy
Inflight Catering, Airline Equipment, Business Lounges, Onboard & Ground Retails, Remote & Camp management, Business & Industries catering, Security Services, Laundry Services and Hajj & Umrahh	Revenue from catering and other services is recognised when the services are rendered to the customer. Invoices are generated and revenue is recognized at that point in time. Credit invoices are usually payable within 30-90 days. Invoice is generated and recognized as revenue net off applicable discounts which relate to the items sold. No customer loyalty points are offered to customers and therefore there is no deferred revenue to be recognizes for the items sold.	No impact on this change.
	For contracts that permit the customer to return an item, under IFRS 15 revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. Therefore, the amount of revenue recognized is adjusted for actual returns.	

The Company has adopted IFRS 15 using the cumulative effect method, with the effect of applying this standard recognized at the date of initial application (i.e. January 01 2018). Accordingly, the information presented for previous year has not been restated, as previously reported, under IAS 18 and related interpretations.

There is no impact of adopting IFRS 15 on the Company's Condensed Statement of Profit or Loss for the three months period ended March 31, 2018.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

c. IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The Company has started to adopt IFRS 9 for the first time from the period started January 1, 2018.

IFRS 9 sets out requirements for recognizing and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and some contracts to buy or sell non-financial items. This standard replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurement.

The details of new significant accounting policies and the nature and effect of the changes to previous accounting policies are set out below.

i. Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in IAS 39 for the classification and measurement of financial liablities. However, it eliminates the previous IAS 39 categories for financial assets held to maturity, loans and receivables and available for sale.

The adoption of IFRS 9 has not had a significant effect on the accounting policies related to financial liabilities and derivatives financial instruments. The impact of IFRS 9 on the classification and measurement of financial assets is set out below.

Under IFRS 9, on the initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at amortised cost; FVOCI-debt investment; FVOCI-equity investment; or FVTPL. The classification of financial assets under IFRS 9 is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. Derivatives embedded in contracts where the host is a financial asset in the scope of the standard are never separated. Instead, the hybrid financial instrument as a whole is assessed for classification.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL;

-it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and -its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL;

- it is held within business at FVOCI if it meets both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

c. IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

On the initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component that is initially measured at the transaction price) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

The following accounting policies apply to the subsequent measurement of financial assets.

Financial assets at FVTPL	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.
Financial assets at amortised cost	These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses (see (ii) below). Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit loss. Any gains or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.
Debt investments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.
Equity investments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

c. IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

The effect of adopting IFRS 9 on the carrying amounts in financial assets at 1 January 2018 relates solely to the new impairment requirements, as described further below.

The following table and the accompanying notes below explain the original measurement categories under IAS 39 and the new measurement categories under IFRS 9 for the class of the Company's financial assets as at January 1, 2018.

	Original Classification under IAS 39	New Classification under IFRS 9	Original carrying amount under IAS 39	New carrying amount under IFRS 9
Trade Receivables	Loans and Receivables	Amortised Cost	854,926,157	869,792,668
Cash and bank	Loans and Receivables	Amortised Cost	654,920,157	809,792,008
balances	Loans and Receivables	Amortised Cost	101,547,658	101,547,658
Total			956,473,815	971,340,326

ii) Impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9 replaces the 'incurred loss' model in IAS 39 with an 'expected credit loss' (ECL) model. The new impairment model applies to financial assets measured at amortised cost, contract assets and debt investments at FVOCI, but not to investment in equity instruments. Under IFRS9, credit losses are recognised earlier than IAS 39.

Under IFRS 9, loss allowances are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

'When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort.

This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

c. IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset

Credit-impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financials assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

iii) Transition

The Company has taken an exemption not to restate comparative information for prior periods with respect to classification and measurement (including impairment) requirements. Differences in the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9 are not recognised in retained earnings as at 1 January 2018 as amount was not material. Accordingly, the information presented for 2017 does not generally reflect the requirements of IFRS 9 but rather those of IAS 39.

The following assessments have been made on the basis of the facts and circumstances that existed at the date of initial application.

- The determination of the business model within which a financial asset is held.
- The designation and revocation of previous designations of certain financial assets.
- The designation of certain investments in equity instruments not held for trading as at FVOCI.

d. Impairment

i. Non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Companys of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded subsidiaries or other available fair value indicators.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

d. Impairment (continued)

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

4. OPERATING SEGMENTS

A. Basis for segmentation

The Company has the following three strategic divisions, which are reportable segments. These divisions offer different products and services, and are managed separately because of their different fundamentals.

The following summary describes the operations of each reportable segment:

Reportable segments	Operations
Inflight Retail	Inflight catering, airline equipment and business lounge Onboard and ground
Catering and Facilities	Remote & Camp management, Business & Industries catering, Security services, Laundry services, Hajj & Umrah & Baggage handling services

The Company's Board reviews the internal management reports of each strategic division at least quarterly.

SAUDI AIRLINES CATERING COMPANY (A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

4. OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)

B. Information about reportable segments

March 31, 2018

			Catering and	Total	All other		
	Inflight	Retail	Facilities	segments	segments	Head office	Total
External revenues Inter-segment revenue	437,757,453	44,931,888	33,300,145	515,989,486	15,078,680	1 1	531,068,166
Segment revenue	450,972,602	44,931,888	34,622,779	530,527,269	89,124,617		619,651,886
Segment profit / (loss) before zakat and tax	223,365,932	3,069,665	2,140,042	228,575,639	(99,047,640)	l	129,527,999
Depreciation and amortization	7,213,386	776,399	1,673,270	9,663,055	6,080,213	!	15,743,268
Assets: Segment assets Other assets	956,978,650	130,186,669	125,117,394	1,212,282,713	278,214,753	517,981,769	1,490,497,466
Total	956,978,650	130,186,669	125,117,394	1,212,282,713	278,214,753	517,981,769	2,008,479,235
Liabilities: Segment liabilities	263,577,872	41,680,855	19,968,613	325,227,340	124,434,718		449,662,058
Other liabilities	ţ	1	ł	1	,	260,294,709	260,294,709
Total	263,577,872	41,680,855	19,968,613	325,227,340	124,434,718	260,294,709	709,956,767

SAUDI AIRLINES CATERING COMPANY (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

4. OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)

B. Information about reportable segments

March 31, 2017

				Total			
	Inflight	Retail	Catering and Facilities	reportable segments	All other segments	Head office	Total
External revenues Inter-segment revenue	420,490,500	74,550,062	28,862,280	523,902,842	9,981,048	3 E	533,883,890
Segment revenue	432,671,825	74,550,062	29,276,225	536,498,112	73,790,801		610,288,913
Segment profit / (loss) before zakat and tax	161,269,347	9,570,507	(4,432,914)	166,406,940	(35,188,894)	ŀ	131,218,046
Depreciation and amortization	6,288,438	629,122	1,584,518	8,502,078	5,173,955	1	13,676,033
Assets: Segment assets Other assets	865,423,491	117,731,573	113,147,281	1,096,302,345	249,966,446	468 425 007	1,346,268,791
Total	865,423,491	. 117,731,573	113,147,281	1,096,302,345	249,966,446	468,425,907	1,814,694,698
Liabilities: Segment liabilities Other liabilities	199,512,206	31,549,839	15,115,009	246,177,054	94,189,414	197,027,062	340,366,468 197,027,062
Total	199,512,206	31,549,839	15,115,009	246,177,054	94,189,414	197,027,062	537,393,530

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

4. **OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)**

C. Reconciliations of information on reportable segments to IFRS measures

I. Revenue

,	March 31, <u>2018</u>	March 31, 2017
Total revenue for reportable segments	530,527,269	536,498,112
Revenue for other segments	89,124,617	73,790,801
Elimination of intersegment revenue	(88,583,720)	(76,405,023)
Total revenue	531,068,166	533,883,890
II. Profit		
	March 31, <u>2018</u>	March 31, 2017
Total profit for reportable segments	228,575,639	166,406,940

III. Assets

Total profit

Profit for other segments

	March 31, <u>2018</u>	March 31, 2017
Total assets for reportable segments	1,212,282,713	1,096,302,345
Assets for other segments	278,214,753	249,966,446
Other unallocated amounts	517,981,769	468,425,907
Total assets	2,008,479,235	1,814,694,698

(35,188,894)

131,218,046

(99,047,640) 129,527,999

Other unallocated amounts principally related to cash and cash equivalents, investment securities and prepayment and other currents assets.

IV. Liabilities

	March 31, <u>2018</u>	March 31, <u>2017</u>
Total liabilities for reportable segments	325,227,340	246,177,054
Liabilities for other segments	124,434,718	94,189,414
Other unallocated amounts	260,294,709	197,027,062
Total liabilities	709,956,767	537,393,530

Head office amounts principally related to trade and other payables, current zakat and tax liabilities and employee benefits.

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018

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4. **OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)**

V. Geographical information

- Revenue	March 31, <u>2018</u>	March 31, 2017
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia All foreign countries	513,836,346	519,787,367
Egypt – Cairo	17,231,820	14,096,523
Total revenue	531,068,166	533,883,890

D. Major customer

Revenue from one customer of the Company's Airline segment represented approximately 69% of the Company's total revenues.

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

A. Reconciliation and carrying amount

		Leasehold		Motor	Under	
	Land	improvements	Equipment	vehicles	construction	Total
Cost:	-					
Balance at January 1, 2018	33,786,058	298,617,972	170,921,526	104,211,437	101,670,266	709,207,259
Additions		72,802	474,474	645,000	24,437,807	25,630,083
Transfer from capital work under						
construction			521,199		(521,199)	
Balance at March 31, 2018	33,786,058	298,690,774	171,917,199	104,856,437	125,586,874	734,837,342
A						
Accumulated depreciation:		47 507 917	75 406 930	22 910 500		154,745,244
Balance at January 1, 2018	~-	46,527,816	75,406,829	32,810,599	A4 400	
Charge for the year		5,922,356	6,260,336	2,773,613		14,956,305
Balance at March 31, 2018		52,450,172	81,667,165	35,584,212		169,701,549
Carrying amounts:						
At March 31, 2018	33,786,058	246,240,602	90,250,034	69,272,225	125,586,874	565,135,793
At December 31, 2017	33,786,058	252,090,156	95,514,697	71,400,838	101,670,266	554,462,015

Capital work under construction represents construction works on welcome lounges at King Khalid International Airport (Terminals 2 and 5) in Riyadh and Alfursan Lounges at King Abdulaziz International Airport in Jeddah.

6. EQUITY ACCOUNTED INVESTEE

A. Investment in associate

On May 10, 2017, the Company invested an amount of SR 30,757,600 in Saudi French Company for Duty Free Operations and Management representing 40% of its share capital.

The Company started to record its share in the losses of the associate from May 10, 2017.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

6. EQUITY ACCOUNTED INVESTEE (continued)

B. The balance of the investment in associate as at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Country of				
Name	incorporation	Effective owner	ship interest (%)	<u>Carryin</u>	g value
		March 31,	December 31,	March 31,	December 31,
		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Saudi French					
Company For Duty					
Free Operations and					
Management (limited	Kingdom of				
liability company)	Saudi Arabia	40%	40%	18,360,513	20,642,074

C. The movement in the investment in associate during the period/year was as follows:

	As at March 31, 2018	Year ended December 31, 2017
Opening balance	20,642,074	~~
Capital contribution		30,757,600
Share in net loss	(2,281,561)	(10,115,526)
Ending balance	18,360,513	20,642,074

D. Below is the summary of the financial information of the investee as at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

The invested Company does not issue quarterly reviewed interim financial statements, accordingly the financial data below and the share of loss for the three months ended March 31, 2018 is based on internal management reporting.

i) Share in net assets

	March 31, <u>2018</u>	December 31, <u>2017</u>
Non current assets	29,421,484	26,055,824
Current assets	114,627,577	95,903,343
Total assets	144,049,061	121,959,167
Non current liabilities	747,440	550,029
Current liabilities	97,400,339	69,803,954
Total liabilities	98,147,779	70,353,983
Net assets	45,901,281	51,605,184
Company's share in net assets (40%)	18,360,513	20,642,074

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

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For the three months ended March 31, 2018

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

6. EQUITY ACCOUNTED INVESTEE (continued)

ii)	Share	in	loss

ii) Share in voss	Three months ended March 31, 2018	Year ended December 31, 2017
Revenue	62,485,492	106,170,470
Net loss for the period / year	(5,703,903)	(25,288,816)
Company's share of loss for the period / year (40%)	(2,281,561)	(10,115,526)

7. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	<u>Note</u>	March 31, <u>2018</u>	December 31, <u>2017</u>
Financial assets measured at amortized cost:			
Investment in Saudi British Bank Sukuk	7-A	40,000,000	40,000,000
Letters of guarantee		30,404,452	33,620,570
		70,404,452	73,620,570

A. Investment in Saudi British Bank Sukuk

The Saudi British Bank (SABB) Sukuk ("Sukuk II") carries a return SIBOR plus a margin of 1.4 percent calculated semi-annually. The Sukuk II shall be liquidated in 2020 but Saudi Airline Catering Company has the option to redeem the Sukuk in 2018 by serving a call option notice. The Company has purchased the investment in Sukuk II for an amount of SR 40,000,000.

8. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

A. Trade and other receivables at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 comprise the following:

	Note	March 31, <u>2018</u>	December 31, <u>2017</u>
Trade receivables due from related parties	13	705,501,585	702,489,160
Trade receivables – third parties		220,174,310	203,269,330
_		925,675,895	905,758,490
ą			
Impairment losses (third parties)	8-b	(10,540,562)	(50,832,333)
		915,135,333	854,926,157

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

8. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

B. Movements summary in impairment losses provision for receivables from third parties are as follows:

,	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Balance at beginning of the period / year	50,832,333	65,717,195
Charged for the period / year		16,116,230
Write-off during the period / year		(750,000)
Reversal during the period / year	(40,291,771)	(30,251,092)
Balance at end of the period / year	10,540,562	50,832,333

9. SHARE CAPITAL

A. Share capital

A. Snare capital	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
In issue at January 1, 2018 and 2017 (number of shares) Issued for cash	82,000,000	82,000,000
In issue at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017– fully paid (number of shares)	82,000,000	82,000,000
Issued – par value SAR 10	820,000,000	820,000,000

B. The shareholders and their percentage interests in the share capital of the Company as at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Shareholder	No. of shares	Value in SR	<u>%</u>
Saudi Arabian Airlines Corporation	29,274,000	292,740,000	35.7
Strategic Catering Company Limited	7,641,379	76,413,790	9.3
Alhokair Company Joint Stock Company	7,111,256	71,112,560	8.7
General public	37,973,365	379,733,650	46.3
•	82,000,000	820,000,000	100

C. Ordinary shares

Holders of these shares are entitled to dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at general meetings of the Company.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

10. STATUTORY RESERVE

In accordance with the new Company's bylaws approved by the General Assembly meeting dated April 17, 2017 and the new Saudi Arabian Regulations for Companies, the Company sets aside 10% of its profit each year as statutory reserve until such reserve equals to 30% of the share capital.

The company has transferred an amount in exess of 30% to the statutory reserve. The excess amount will be reversed after approval of the AGM in May 2018.

11. **DIVIDENDS**

A. i The following dividends were declared by the Company during the period ended March 31, 2018.

	<u>2018</u>
SR 1.30 per ordinary share after Zakat and before tax deduction (Income tax adjusted)	104,673,521
ii The following dividends were declared by the Company during the period ended Man	rch 31, 2017.
	<u>2017</u>
SR 1.30 per ordinary share after Zakat and before tax deduction (Income tax adjusted)	104,674,258

B. The movement in the dividends payable for the period / year ended March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	March 31, <u>2018</u>	December 31, <u>2017</u>
Balance at beginning of the period/year	3,120,329	3,167,828
Declared during the period/year	104,673,521	446,409,475
Paid during the period/year	(94)	(446,456,974)
Balance at end of the period/year	107,793,756	3,120,329

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

12. ZAKAT AND INCOME TAX LIABILITIES

The following is the breakdown of the zakat and income tax liability as at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	March 31, 2018	December 31, <u>2017</u>
Zakat payable	36,641,504	29,522,917
Income tax payable	3,825,544	1,667,170
Zakat and income tax liabilities	40,467,048	31,190,087

A. Zakat and income tax provision

i) The movement summary in Zakat provision is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31, 2018	Year ended December 31, 2017
Balance at beginning of the period/year	29,522,917	26,716,426
Charge for the period/year	7,118,587	29,522,916
Adjustment related to prior period/year		3,455,137
Payments during the period/year		(30,171,562)
Balance at end of the period/year	36,641,504	29,522,917

ii) The movement in Income tax provision is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31, <u>2018</u>	Year ended December 31, 2017
Balance at beginning of the period/year	1,667,170	383,926
Charge for the period/year	2,158,374	9,041,633
Adjustment related to prior period/year		(350,367)
Payments during the period/year	944,35%	(7,408,022)
Balance at end of the period/year ^a	3,825,544	1,667,170

iii) Charge of the three months ended March 31, 2018 and year ended December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	<u>2018</u>	2017
Zakat charge for the period/year	7,118,587	29,522,916
Zakat prior year adjustment		3,455,137
	7,118,587	32,978,053
Income tax charge of the period/year	2,158,374	9,041,633
Income tax prior year adjustments		(350,367)
	2,158,374	8,691,266
Total Zakat and income tax charge of the period /year	9,276,961	41,669,319

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

12. ZAKAT AND INCOME TAX LIABILITIES (continued)

B. Zakat components

,	March 31, <u>2018</u>	December 31, <u>2017</u>
Non-current assets	694,682,362	690,293,226
Non-current liabilities	167,455,880	168,998,200
Shareholders' equity	1,298,522,468	1,282,944,951
Net income	120,251,038	468,764,879

C. Zakat assessments

The Company has submitted its Zakat and tax declarations for the years from 2009 to 2014 and paid the amounts due according to the declarations and received queries from GAZT which it has responded to and currently waiting for GAZT review of these responses.

The Company has also submitted its Zakat and tax declarations for the years 2015 and 2016 which are currently under review by GAZT. The Company has a valid certificate till April 30, 2018.

13. RELATED PARTIES

A. Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel compensation comprised the following:

•	March 31, <u>2018</u>	March 31, 2017
Short term employee benefits	1,452,707	1,296,665
Post employment benefits	36,450	36,450
Termination benefits	81,729	80,016
Total	1,570,886	1,413,131

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 (Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

13. RELATED PARTIES (continued)

B. Related parties' transactions and balances

Significant related parties transactions and balances arising there from are as follows:

Transaction values for the

Three months ended				
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
i) Sale of goods and services (under trade				
and other receivables)				
Parent of the Company:				
Saudi Arabian Airlines Corporation	368,562,000	357,094,000	634,815,030	630,543,779
Shareholder:				
Alhokair Company Joint Stock Company			47,232	93,175
Affiliates:				
Saudi Airlines Cargo Company	3,545,000	4,529,000	21,233,495	29,128,050
Saudi Ground Services Company Saudi French Company for Duty Free	10,357,000	10,829,000	30,810,443	25,611,471
Operations and Management Saudi Airlines Real Estate Development	2,390,520	2,120,840	18,160,809	16,658,845
Company	24,948	8,884	434,576	453,840
Total	2 1,5 15	2,22	705,501,585	702,489,160
 ii) Purchase of goods (under trade and other payables) Parent of the Company: Saudi Arabian Airlines Corporation 		3,419,000	9,760,225	9,766,970
Shareholders:				4-0
Newrest Company Holding S.L.	3,159,900	2,828,610	29,724	35,168
Alhokair Company Joint Stock Company		144,615	307,140	307,140
Affiliates: Saudi Airlines Real Estate Development				
Company		7,659,000	11,844,844	21,155,603
Saudi Airlines Cargo Company			7,455,197	7,455,197
Saudi Ground Services Company		63,000	215,194	215,194
Gulfwest Company Limited	1,176,001	986,202	1,287,600	873,931
Total			30,899,924	39,809,203

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

14.	REVEN	H
T-L-4	MOLL Y ILLY	

14. <u>REVENUE</u>		
	March 31,	March 31,
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
In-flight catering revenue	385,665,542	368,867,447
Retail revenue	44,931,887	74,605,067
Business lounge revenue	43,180,653	36,133,328
Non-airlines revenue	43,210,125	39,846,259
Other operating revenues		
Transfer of airline equipment charges	7,730,418	9,216,552
Camp facilities sales (staff feeding & accommodation)	6,145,901	4,708,987
Exclusivity purchase income & services to suppliers	203,640	506,250
	531,068,166	533,883,890
15. COST OF SALES		
	March 31,	March 31,
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Cost of materials and goods	189,294,432	218,370,416
Personnel costs	68,020,350	62,468,547
Rent and maintenance of production units	37,656,337	31,244,790
Depreciation	12,773,634	11,434,185
Other operating costs		
Manpower and transportation cost	14,779,354	18,206,565
Supplies and expandable items	8,038,066	8,501,229
Communication and utilities	5,594,729	4,787,386
Other operational costs	19,589,867	11,882,489
		366,895,607

16. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share has been based on the following profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

i. Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders (basic)

	March 31, <u>2018</u>	March 31, 2017
Profit for the year, attributable to the owners of the Company	120,251,038	121,385,879
ii. Weighted-average number of ordinary shares (basic)		
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Issued ordinary shares at January 1 Effect of shares issued	82,000,000	82,000,000
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares at March 31	82,000,000	82,000,000

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

16. EARNINGS PER SHARE (continued)

B. Diluted earnings per share

There were no diluted shares during the year, accordingly, the diluted earnings per share will be the same as the basic earnings per share.

17. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and to maintain an efficient capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of its businesses.

The Company manages the Capital structure in the context of economic conditions and risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may, for example, opt for short term or loan term loans.

The Company monitors return on capital employed and makes adjustment to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may obtain short term or loan term loans. The Company monitors capital using a debt equity ratio.

	March 31, <u>2018</u>	December 31, <u>2017</u>
Total liabilities	709,956,767	600,016,458
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(165,318,700)	(101,547,658)
Net debt	544,638,067	498,468,800
Total equity	1,298,522,468	1,282,944,951
Net debt to total equity ratio	42%	39%

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – FAIR VALUES AND RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Measurement of fair values

Except for the investment property, the fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts.

B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (cash flow and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's overall risk management program focuses on robust liquidity management as well as monitoring of various relevant market variables, thereby consistently seeking to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - FAIR VALUES AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Risk management framework

The Board of Directors has put in place appropriate structures to ensure risk governance and monitoring across the Company. The Company's overall financial risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and the clients' payment behavior and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance. Financial risk management is carried out by a Head office finance and Company controlling, which identify, evaluate and take actions on financial risks where appropriate.

The principles of overall financial risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as credit risk and the investment of excess liquidity exist and are formally documented.

Cash flow and interest rate risk

As the Company has no significant interest-bearing assets, the Company's income and associated operating cash inflows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Company has no interest-bearing liabilities.

Credit risk

Credit risk reflects the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations, resulting in financial loss to the Company. The credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions are limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions which, in general, have an investment grade rating assigned by international credit rating agencies.

The Company's gross maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	31 March <u>2018</u>	31 December <u>2017</u>
Financial assets		
Other financial asset	70,404,452	73,620,570
Trade receivables	209,633,748	152,436,997
Due from related parties	705,501,585	702,489,160
Other receivables	40,818,234	29,831,007
Balances with banks	164,616,570	100,402,166
	1,190,974,589	1,058,779,900

Credit risk on receivable and bank balances is limited as:

- Cash balances are held with banks with sound credit ratings ranging from A3 to A1 based on Moody's credit rating and BBB+ based on Fitch credit rating. All bank accounts are held with banks within Saudi Arabia and Cairo.
- The Company currently does not obtain security / collaterals from its customers.
- Financial position of related parties is stable.

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – FAIR VALUES AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Concentration Risk

As at March 31, 2018, 5 largest customers (December 31, 2017: 5 largest customers) account for approximately 77% (31 December 2017: 78%) of gross outstanding trade receivables

Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding from an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. The Company maintain flexibility in funding by maintaining sufficient availability of cash and cash equivalent instruments. The Company don't have any credit facilities in place and monitor risk to a shortage of funds by reviewing short-term cash forecasts on a continuous basis and by undertaking mid-term cash forecasts during the year.

Fair value of assets and liabilities

The following table shows the carrying amount and fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels and fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying value is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

	Carrying	g amount		Fair	value	
31 March 2018	Held to <u>Maturity</u>	Loans and receivables	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Financial assets:						
Other financial assets	70,404,452		an us	40 FV		
Trade and other receivables		209,633,748				
Due from related parties		705,501,585		W. 191		
Other receivables	W-16	40,818,234				
Balances with banks and in hand		165,318,700			W ±	***
	70,404,452	1,121,272,267	-		***	***

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18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – FAIR VALUES AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Fair value of assets and liabilities (continued)

	C	arrying amount		Fair	value	
31 March 2018		Loans and receivables	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Financial liabilitiess:						
Trade and other payables		502,033,839	Me ve			
		502,033,839	100 V-	- -		
-	Carryin	g amount		Fai	r value	
31 December 2017	Held to <u>Maturity</u>	Loans and receivables	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Financial assets:						
Other financial assets	73,620,570					
Trade and other receivables		152,436,997			***	u-
Due from related parties		702,489,160				ov na
Other receivables		29,831,007				
Balances with banks and in hand	at at	101,547,658				
n	73,620,570	986,304,822	-			
	Carrying a	mount		Fair va	lue	
31 December 2017	Loans a receival		<u>1 Le</u>	evel 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Financial liabilities:						
Trade and other payables	399,	828,171				·
	399,	828,171	<u></u>			

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18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – FAIR VALUES AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include contractual interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

<i>March 31, 2018</i> Liabilities	Carrying amount	Total	less than one year	More than one year
Trade and other payables	502,033,839	502,033,839	502,033,839	- Aug
<u>December 31, 2017</u> Liabilities	Carrying amount	Total	less than one year	More than one year
Trade and other payables	399,828,171	399,828,171	399,828,171	a av

The inflows / (outflows) disclosed in the above table represent the contractual undiscounted cash flows relating to financial liabilities which are not usually closed out before contractual maturity.

19. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As at March 31, the Company had the following commitments and contingencies:

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Capital commitments	84,501,000	90,587,211
Letter of guarantees	34,507,052	45,899,795

Letters of guarantee are issued by a bank on behalf of the Company to a supplier and promises to meet any financial obligations to the supplier in the event of default and this requires the Company to place cash with the bank. As at March 31, 2018, the Company fully paid the amount against letters of guarantee, hence no further financial charges are payable.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2018

(Expressed in Saudi Arabian Riyals)

20. NEW STANDARDS OR AMENDMENTS AND FORTHCOMING REQUIREMENTS

Standards issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Company's financial statements are listed below.

A. New Standards

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after	Standard, amendment or interpretation	Summary of requirements
Annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, early adoption is permitted	IFRS 16 – Leases	IFRS 16 changes fundamentally the accounting for leases by lessees. It eliminates the current IAS 17 dual accounting model, which distinguishes between on-balance sheet finance leases and off-balance sheet operating leases and, instead, introduces a single, on-balance sheet accounting model that is similar to current finance lease accounting. Lessor accounting remains similar to current practice — i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as finance and operating leases. Sale-and-leaseback is effectively eliminated as an off-balance sheet financing structure.

21. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on Shaban 20, 1439H Corresponding to May 6, 2018.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Authorized Board of Directors

Member