# THE NATIONAL COMPANY FOR GLASS INDUSTRIES (ZOUJAJ) (A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

(A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

## INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

### FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

INDEX	<u>PAGES</u>
Independent auditor's review report on the interim condensed financial statements	1
Interim condensed statement of financial position	2
Interim condensed statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	3
Interim condensed statement of changes in equity	4
Interim condensed statement of cash flows	5
Notes to the interim condensed financial statements	6 – 12



BAKER TILLY MKM & CO. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

P.O.Box 300467 . Rivadh 11372 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

T: +966 11 835 1600 F: +966 11 835 1601

### Independent Auditor's Review Report on the **Interim Condensed Financial Statements**

To the Shareholders.

The National Company for Glass Industries (Zoujaj)

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company) Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed statement of financial position of The National Company for Glass Industries ("Zoujaj" or 'the Company') as of 31 March 2022 and the related interim condensed statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the interim condensed statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the three month period then ended, and notes to the interim condensed financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS 34) "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed financial statements based on our review.

### Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements (2410), 'Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity' as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34 as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

### Other matter

The interim condensed financial statements of the Company for the three month period ended 31 March 2021 were reviewed by another auditor who expressed unmodified conclusion on 26 April 2021.

Baker Tilly MKM & Co.

Certified Public Accountants

Majed M. AlNemer (License No. 381)

Rivadh on 26 Ramadhan 1443H Corresponding to 27 April 2022G License 323:11 479 273 11 \*\*\* Was BAKER TILLY

# THE NATIONAL COMPANY FOR GLASS INDUSTRIES (ZOUJAJ) (A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY) INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

(SAUDIRIYALS)

A CCEVEC	Note	31 March 2022 (Unaudited)	31 December 2021 (Audited)
ASSETS Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	209,151,794	216,100,530
Right of use assets	Ü	1,793,326	1,836,606
Investments in joint ventures	7	478,365,359	460,892,677
Total non-current assets	•	689,310,479	678,829,813
Current assets			
Inventories	8	20,240,132	23,444,174
Prepayments and other debit balances		3,992,759	1,494,593
Contract assets		10,772,387	8,552,150
Trade receivables	9	42,917,865	40,625,002
Cash and cash equivalents		18,340,610	14,215,788
Total current assets		96,263,753	88,331,707
Total assets		785,574,232	767,161,520
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES EQUITY			
Share capital		329,000,000	329,000,000
Statutory reserve		98,700,000	98,700,000
Retained earnings		231,325,214	212,497,679
Total equity		659,025,214	640,197,679
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Loans and borrowings	10	16,582,414	28,796,115
Lease liabilities	10	1,905,542	1,890,595
Employee's end of service benefits		6,494,539	6,124,978
Total non-current liabilities		24,982,495	36,811,688
Current liabilities			
Loans and borrowings	10	55,737,559	44,498,384
Lease liabilities	10	178,408	177,081
Contract liabilities		516,619	429,806
Trade payables		15,513,496	17,126,448
Accrued expenses and other credit balances		8,017,332	7,632,124
Zakat provision		7,840,344	6,715,753
Dividends payable		13,762,765	13,572,557
Total current liabilities		101,566,523	90,152,153
Total liabilities		126,549,018	126,963,841
Total equity and liabilities		785,574,232	767,161,520

CFO Hatem Ayedh Alfadli Member of Board of Directors & Managing Director Bassam Mohammed Albassam Chairman of Board of Directors Omar Riyadh Alhumaidan

(A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

(SAUDI RIYALS)

March         31 March           2022         2021           (Restated)	
28,275,683 (note 14) 22,033,2 23,969,224) (20,492,1 4,306,459 1,541,6	92)
(805,553) (544,8 (2,211,352) (1,963,0 (268,132) 52,193 1,158,6 1,073,615 191,7	016) - 629
(657,170)     (588,8       35,985,681     11,043,3       36,402,126     10,646,3       (1,124,591)     (851,8       35,277,535     9,794,4	395 308 364)
35,277,535 9,794, <sup>4</sup>	0.30

CFO Hatem Ayedh Alfadli Member of Board of Directors & Managing Director Bassam Mohammed Albassam Chairman of Board of Directors Omar Riyadh Alhumaidan

# THE NATIONAL COMPANY FOR GLASS INDUSTRIES (ZOUJAJ) (A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY) INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022 (SAUDI RIYALS)

Total	590,322,186	9,794,444 600,116,630	640,197,679 35,277,535 (16,450,000) 659,025,214
Retained earnings	162,622,186	9,794,444	212,497,679 35,277,535 (16,450,000) 231,325,214
Statutory reserve	98,700,000	98,700,000	98,700,000
Share capital	329,000,000	329,000,000	329,000,000
Note			15
,	Balance as at 1 January 2021	(restated)  Balance as at 31 March 2021 (restated)	Balance as at 1 January 2022 Total comprehensive income for the period Dividend Balance as at 31 March 2022

Chairman o' Board of Directors Omar Riyadh Alhumaidan Member of Board of Directors & Managing Director Bassam Mohammed Albassam Hatem Ayedh Alfadli CFO

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these interim condensed financial statements

(A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

(SAUDI RIYALS)

(SAUDIRIYALS)	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
		(Restated)
Cash flows from operating activities		10.646.200
Profit before zakat for the period	36,402,126	10,646,308
Adjustments for:	0 100 002	6.026.425
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	8,199,983	6,936,435 43,280
Depreciation of right of use assets	43,280	(1,068,168)
Gain on modification of financial liability	269 122	(1,000,100)
Impairment loss on financial assets	268,132	17 562
Interest expense on lease liabilities	16,274	17,563
Share of profit from equity accounted joint ventures	(35,985,681) 419,241	(11,043,395) 259,103
Employee's end of service benefits		
	9,363,355	5,791,126
Changes in working capital items:	2 204 042	(1,922,946)
Inventories	3,204,042 (2,498,166)	(765,616)
Prepayments and other debit balances	(2,220,237)	1,555,721
Contract assets	(2,560,995)	(13,925,611)
Trade receivables	86,813	662,103
Contract liabilities	(1,612,952)	3,563,492
Trade payables	385,208	468,223
Accrued expenses and other credit balances	4,147,068	(4,573,508)
F 1	(49,680)	(486,434)
Employees' end of service benefits paid	4,097,388	(5,059,942)
Net cash flows generated from / (used in) operating activities _	4,097,388	(3,039,942)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(1,251,247)	(1,499,268)
Dividend received from joint ventures	18,512,999	) <del>=</del>
Net cash flows generated from / (used in) investing activities _	17,261,752	(1,499,268)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net movement in loans and borrowings	(974,526)	5,677,767
Lease liabilities paid	-	(4,144)
Dividends paid	(16,259,792)	(382)
Net cash flows (used in)/ generated from financing activities	(17,234,318)	5,673,241
Net change in cash and cash equivalents during the period	4,124,822	(885,969)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	14,215,788	24,737,983
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	18,340,610	23,852,014
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	10,540,010	23,032,014

CFO Hatem Ayedh Alfadli Member of Board of Directors & Managing Director Bassam Mohammed Albassam Chairman of Board of Directors Omar Riyadh Alhumaidan

(A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

(SAUDI RIYALS)

### 1. COMPANY INFORMATION AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The National Company for Glass Industries (Zoujaj) (hereinafter "The Company") is a Saudi Joint Stock company, established under the Commercial Register No. 1010075300 dated 20/6/1410 H (corresponding to 17 January 1990) in Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

The registered address of the Company is building number 8317, unit number 5, Saudi Second Industrial City, PO Box 88646, Riyadh 11672, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

The principal activity of the Company is production and sale of returnable and non-returnable glass bottles and float glass.

The Company owns two factories in Riyadh and Dammam. Riyadh factory began its commercial production during the first quarter of 1991, while Dammam factory began its commercial production in January 1994. The financial statements include the Company's accounts and its following branches:

Branch name	CR Number	Issuance Location	Registration date	Activity
The National Factory for Glass Bottles	1010088944	Riyadh	11/05/1412 (H)	Production of returnable and non-returnable glass bottles.
Dammam Factory for Glass Bottles	2050023369	Dammam	28/11/1412 (H)	Production of glass bottles.

### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH IFRS

These interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS 34) "Interim Financial Reporting" that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants (SOCPA) and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021. These interim condensed financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in a full set of financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. Specific accounting policies and explanatory disclosures have been included in order to explain the significant events and transactions behind the changes in the Company's financial position and financial performance since the preparation of the prior year financial statements.

The interim period is considered to be an integral part of the full fiscal year; still, the results of operations for the interim periods may not be a fair indication of the results for the full-year operations.

### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 3.1 Overall considerations

These interim condensed financial statements have been prepared using the measurement bases specified by IFRS for each type of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The measurement bases are further fully described in the accounting policies.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these interim condensed financial statements have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated.

The preparation of these interim condensed financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires Company's management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas where significant judgments and estimates have been made in preparing these interim condensed financial statements and their effect are disclosed in note (4).

(A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

(SAUDI RIYALS)

### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

### 3.1 Overall considerations (Continued)

These interim condensed financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following:

- Defined benefits plan measured at the present value of future obligations using the Projected Unit Credit Method: and
- Investments in joint ventures using the equity method of accounting.

Furthermore, these interim condensed financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the going concern basis.

### 3.2 Functional and presentation currency

The interim condensed financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyal, which is the Company's functional currency.

### 4. USE OF JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The Company makes certain estimates and assumptions regarding the future. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

The significant estimates made by the Company for managing the Company's accounting policies and the primary sources of estimating the unreliability were the same as those that were applied in the last annual financial statements.

### 5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and calculation methods applied in preparing the interim condensed financial statements are consistent with those followed in preparing the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021, except for the application of the new standards that became effective on 1 January 2022. The Company did not early adopt any other standard, interpretation or amendment issued but not yet effective.

### New Standards, Amendment to Standards and Interpretations

There are no new standards issued; however, there are number of amendments to standards which are effective from 1 January 2022 and have been explained in the Company's annual financial statements, but they do not have a material effect on the Company's interim condensed financial statements.

### 6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
Beginning balance for the period/ year	216,100,530	237,077,122
Additions/ disposals during the period/ year	1,251,247	9,092,192
Depreciation and impairment during the period/ year	(8,199,983)	(30,068,784)
Ending balance for the period/ year	209,151,794	216,100,530

(A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

(SAUDI RIYALS)

### 7. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

The movement in investments in joint ventures during period/year is as follows:

	31 March	31 December
	2022	2021
Beginning balance for the period/ year	460,892,677	389,004,147
Share of profit for the period/ year	35,985,681	73,239,898
Share of other comprehensive loss for the period/ year	-	(1,351,368)
Dividend received	(18,512,999)	
Ending balance for the period/ year	478,365,359	460,892,677

The Company's share of the joint ventures' net profit for the three-month period ended 31 March is as follows:

	Ownership		
	%	2022	2021
Saudi Guardian International Float Glass			
Company Ltd (Gulf Guard)	%55	14,668,792	7,699,670
Guardian Zoujaj International Float Glass			
Company LLC (Guardian Ras Al Khaimah)	%55	21,316,889	3,343,725
Saudi National Lamps and Electricals			
Company Ltd (SNLEC)**	%50	<b></b>	-
		35,985,681	11,043,395

<sup>\*\*</sup> The equity method of accounting for the investment in SNLEC has been discontinued as the Company's share of losses exceeded the investment's carrying value.

### 8. INVENTORIES

	31 March	31 December
_	2022	2021
Spare parts	11,725,958	11,566,426
Raw materials	6,287,054	3,623,979
Finished goods	4,193,721	4,656,177
Consumable items	1,379,911	1,361,158
Packing materials	648,982	465,740
Goods in transit		5,766,188
Gross value of inventories	24,235,626	27,439,668
Provision for non-moving or slow-moving inventories	(3,995,494)	(3,995,494)
Net value of inventories	20,240,132	23,444,174

### 9. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	31 March	31 December
	2022	2021
Account receivables	49,539,094	46,978,099
Provision for expected credit loss	(6,621,229)	(6,353,097)
	42,917,865	40,625,002

(A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

(SAUDI RIYALS)

### 9. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The movement in the expected credit loss on trade receivables during the period / year is as follows:

	31 March	31 December
	2022	2021
Beginning balance for the period/ year	6,353,097	1,244,937
Charged during the period/ year	268,132	5,108,160
Ending balance for the period/ year	6,621,229	6,353,097

### 10. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

The Company has obtained Islamic bank facilities from local banks and local development funds in the form of letter of credit and term loans (Murabaha and Tawarruq). These facilities were made in accordance with the conditions stipulated in the facilities' contracts. The following is the break-up of different facilities as at the period/year end:

	31 March	31 December
	2022	2021
Non-current portion of long-term loans:		
Saudi Industrial Development Fund	12,333,501	24,547,202
Saudi Investment Bank	4,248,913	4,248,913
Loans and borrowings - non-current	16,582,414	28,796,115
Current portion of long-term loans:		
Saudi Industrial Development Fund	15,742,507	6,760,873
Saudi Investment Bank	1,699,565	1,699,565
	17,442,072	8,460,438
Short term borrowings:		111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Saudi Investment Bank	21,725,919	18,678,911
Banque Saudi Fransi	16,569,568	17,359,035
	38,295,487	36,037,946
Loans and borrowings - current	55,737,559	44,498,384
Total loans and borrowings	72,319,973	73,294,499

### 11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to the shareholders of the Company over the weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares during the period. There were no diluted shares outstanding at any time during the period, therefore, the diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share.

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
		(Restated)
Net profit attributable to the shareholders of the		
Company	35,277,535	9,794,444
Weighted average number of outstanding shares	22 000 000	
during the period	32,900,000	32,900,000
Basic and diluted earnings per share	1.07	0.30

(A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

(SAUDI RIYALS)

### 12. SEGMENT INFORMATION

A segment is a separate and distinct part of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses. The operating segments are disclosed on the basis of internal reports that are reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources, assessing performance and making strategic decisions about the operating segments. The operating sectors that show similar economic characteristics, products, services, and similar customer categories, whenever possible, are grouped and recorded as segments that are reported in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard (8) "Operating Segments".

The principal activity of the Company is production and sale of glass bottles. The Company has factories situated in Riyadh and Dammam, Saudi Arabia. However, the factory in Dammam, was permanently discontinued in the financial year ended 2019.

The following is a summary of revenue for the three month period ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 inside and outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia:

	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	SR	%	SR	%
			(Restated	)
Inside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	15,084,115	53%	14,019,448	64%
Outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	13,191,568	47%	8,013,789	36%
	28,275,683	100%	22,033,237	100%

### 13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### 13.1 Principal financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments are measured at amortized cost. Due to their short-term nature, the carrying value of these financial instruments approximates their fair value.

The principal financial instruments used by the Company, from which financial instrument risk arises, are as follows:

	31 March	31 December
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	2022	2021
Contract assets	10,772,387	8,552,150
Trade receivables	42,917,865	40,625,002
Cash and cash equivalents	18,340,610	14,215,788
Other debit balances	876,798	235,083
	72,907,660	63,628,023

(A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

(SAUDI RIYALS)

### 13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### 13.1 Principal financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
Non-current:		2021
Loans and borrowings	16,582,414	28,796,115
Lease liabilities	1,905,542	1,890,595
Current:		•
Loans and borrowings	55,737,559	44,498,384
Trade payables	15,513,496	17,126,448
Lease liabilities	178,408	177,081
Other credit balances	8,017,332	7,628,536
	97,934,751	100,117,159

### 13.2 Financial Instruments – risk management

In common with all other businesses, the Company is exposed to risks that arise from its use of financial instruments. This note describes the Company's objectives, policies, and processes for managing those risks and the methods used to measure them. Further quantitative information in respect of these risks is presented throughout the interim condensed financial statements.

There have been no substantive changes in the Company's exposure to financial instrument risks, its objectives, policies, and processes for managing those risks or the methods used to measure them from previous periods unless otherwise stated in this note.

The company is exposed through its operations to the following financial risks:

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss and arises principally from payments and other debit balances, contract assets, trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognized at the reporting date.

### **Commission Rate Risk**

Commission rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the market commission rates. The Company has no significant variable commission bearing long-term assets, but has variable commission bearing liabilities as at 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021. The Company manages its exposure to commission rate risk by continuously monitoring movements in commission rates.

### Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises from recognized assets and liabilities which are denominated in currency that is not the Company's functional currency. The Company does not believe that it is substantially exposed to currency risk as the majority of the Company's transactions and balances are denominated in Saudi Riyals or U.S. Dollar. The Company's functional currency is pegged to U.S. Dollars. The company's transactions in currencies other than the Saudi riyal or the US dollar are not significant.

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

(A SAUDI JOINT STOCK COMPANY)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

(SAUDI RIYALS)

### 14. PRIOR PERIOD'S ADJUSTMENTS

The Company has restated its interim condensed statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three month period ended 31 March 2021 and the impact is stated as follows:

		31 March			31 March
	Note	2021	Reclassification	Remeasurement	2021
		(Unaudited)	, ,	TO MODIFIE WAS ASSESSED.	(Restated)
Revenue	Α	23,588,958	-	(1,555,721)	22,033,237
Cost of revenue	A, B, F	(20,553,920)	(1,092,408)	1,154,136	(20,492,192)
Inventories written off	F	(1,092,408)	1,092,408	<del>-</del>	-
General and administrative					
expenses	D	(1,916,465)	(46,551)	-	(1,963,016)
Other income	D, E	25,701	64,760	1,068,168	1,158,629
Finance cost	C	(797,515)	_	208,630	(588,885)
Profit from discontinued					` , ,
operation	D	18,209	(18,209)	-	_
Net profit for the period		8,919,231	· · · · · ·	875,213	9.794.444

- A. The remeasurement represents the recognition of revenue over a period of time instead of at a point in time and accordingly, recognition of cost of revenue in interim condensed statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.
- B. Cost of revenue has been adjusted due to remeasurement of the depreciation expense related to the moulds, reversal of the depreciation on excessively capitalized borrowing cost and recognition of depreciation expense of assets previously classified as non-current assets held for sale.
- C. The remeasurement represents the impact of recognizing interest expense using the effective interest rate method instead of straight-line method and modification of financial liability.
- D. The remeasurement represents the re-clubbing of profit from discontinued operations with other incomes and expenses.
- E. The remeasurement represents the impact of recognition of gain on modification of financial liability.
- F. Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to comply with the current period presentation of these interim condensed financial statements.

### 15. DIVIDEND

The Company has decided to distribute cash dividend to the shareholders of the Company amounting to SR 16.45 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 at the rate of SR 0.5 per share.

On 29 March 2022, the Board of Directors recommended a distribution of cash dividend amounting to SR 16.45 million at the rate of SR 0.5 per share. The proposed dividend is subject to the approval of the General Assembly.

### 16. SUBSEQUUNT EVENTS

There are no subsequent events that require disclosure or amendment to the accompanying interim condensed financial statements.

### 17. APPROVAL OF THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The interim condensed financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors on 26 Ramadhan 1443H (corresponding to 27 April 2022G).