CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Table of Content	Page
Independent auditor's review report on condensed consolidated interim financial statements	-
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position	1
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive income	2
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Changes in Equity	3
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Cash flows	4
Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements	5 – 20



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ON CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Shareholders United Electronics Company (A Saudi Joint Stock Company) Al-Khobar, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position of United Electronics Company (the "Company") and its Subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") as of September 30, 2018, and the related condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three and nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 and condensed consolidated interim statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the ninemonth period then ended. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standards 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncement endorsed by Saudi Organization of Certified Public Accountants. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed consolidated interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. A review of interim condensed consolidated interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standards 34 as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

> وقتم التوخيم C.R 1010385804 License 520 Allied Accountants

Tified Public Accounta

PKF Al-Bassam & Co. Allied Accountants

A Bassam ense 24.337

October 28, 2018 19 Safar 1440H

Al Riyadh Tel: +966 11 206 5333

Fax: +966 11 206 5444 P.O. Box 69658 Al Riyadh 11557 Jeddah

Tel: +966 12 652 5333 Fax: +966 12 652 2894

P.O. Box 15651 Jeddah 21454

Al Khobar

Tel: +966 13 893 3378

Fax: +966 13 893 3349

P.O. Box 4636 Al Khobar 31952

Fax: +966 11 206 5444

Buraydah

Tel: +966 11 206 5333

P.O. Box 69658 Al Riyadh 11567

Madinah

Tel: +966 12 652 5333 Fax: +966 12 652 2894

P.O. Box 15651 Jeddah 21454

Info.sa@pkf.com

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		September 30,	December 31,
		2018	2017
	*1 .	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Note	SR _	SR
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment	17	439,073,597	441,174,337
Intangible assets	17	35,375,552	39,275,607
Deferred tax assets		235,299	235,299
Trade and other receivables - non-current portion		4,134,080	7,729,627
Installment sales receivable - non-current portion	6	71,058,155	30,789,790
		549,876,683	519,204,660
Current assets			
Inventories		993,992,201	882,880,679
Trade and other receivables		104,715,271	51,407,477
Installment sales receivable - Current portion	6	212,004,561	121,541,923
Cash and cash equivalents	7	78,358,309	77,160,609
		1,389,070,342	1,132,990,688
TOTAL ASSETS		1,938,947,025	1,652,195,348
		-,,-	.,,
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Share capital	1	500,000,000	420,000,000
Statutory reserve	1,8	14,914,368	25,102,741
Treasury shares	14	(20,000,000)	
Retained earnings	1	84,092,859	120,268,174
Foreign currency translation reserve		(100,830)	(101,155)
Actuarial reserve		813,163	813,163
	-	579,719,560	566,082,923
LIABILITIES			200,00=1:-0
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred revenue from additional services program- non-current portion		64,264,641	64,450,242
Deferred revenue from sale and leaseback – non-current portion	9	1,878,328	1,980,775
Operating lease liability – non-current portion		18,244,915	14,871,910
End of service benefits		57,257,482	56,517,424
Finance lease liability - non-current portion		196,200	96,750
The same of the sa			137,917,101
Current liabilities	-	141,841,566	137,317,101
Trade and other payables	12.15	0.10.100.000	(01/(00 000
Deferred revenue from additional services program – current portion	12,15	919,497,278	694,669,308
		50,201,500	46,578,052
Deferred revenue from sale and leaseback – current portion	9	136,596	136,596
Operating lease liability—current portion Murabah finance	10	3,048,038	1,396,475
	10	240,000,000	200,000,000
Zakat provision		4,429,137	5,388,493
Finance lease -current	-	73,350	26,400
	-	1,217,385,899	948,195,324
Total liabilities		1,359,227,465	1,086,112,425
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,938,947,025	1,652,195,348

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the board of directors, on behalf of the shareholders and were signed on its behalf on October 28, 2018

Chief Financial Officer Chief Executive Officer Chairman

The accompanying notes 1 through 21 form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		For three month	s period ended	For nine mon	ths period ended
		September 30,	September 30	September 30,	September 30,
		2018	2017	2018	2017
	Note	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
		SR	SR	SR	SR
Revenue	11	894,822,565	777,955,340	2,774,801,881	2,596,531,590
Cost of revenue	11	(722,660,431)	(627,362,429)	(2,264,563,738)	(2,139,245,739)
Gross profit		172,162,134	150,592,911	510,238,143	457,285,851
Selling, marketing and					
distribution expenses		(114,516,082)	(100,129,479)	(325,726,558)	(302,808,550)
Administrative expenses		(23,572,346)	(22,351,046)	(73,777,658)	(68,254,316)
Other expenses		(166,435)	(555,040)	(1,633,730)	(1,443,340)
Other income		720,723	533,170	1,594,118	1,256,273
Finance cost		(2,289,618)	(799,239)	(8,085,873)	(1,051,806)
Net profit before zakat		32,338,376	27,291,277	102,608,442	84,984,112
Deferred tax expense			_	_	(240,167)
Zakat	19	(1,383,915)	(1,165,857)	(4,492,177)	(2,256,234)
Net profit for the period		30,954,461	26,125,420	98,116,265	82,487,711
OTHER COMPREHENSIV Item that may be reclassified subsequently to statement of in Exchange differences on	acome:		110 200	245	120 700
translation of foreign operation		(53,830)	118,399	325	138,798
Total comprehensive income for the period		30,900,631	26,243,819	98,116,590	82,626,509
Net profit for the period attributable to:					
Shareholders of the Company		30,954,461	26,125,420	98,116,265	82,487,711
Total comprehensive income					
for the period attributable to);				
Shareholders of the Company		30,900,631	26,243,819	98,116,590	82,626,509
Earnings per share					
Basic earnings per share	13	0.64	0.54	2.04	1.72
Diluted earnings per share	13	0.62	0.52	1.96	1.65

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the board of directors, on behalf of the shareholders and were signed on its behalf on October 28, 2018.

Chief Financial Officer	Chief Executive Officer	Chairman

The accompanying notes 1 through 21 form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Share Capital	Statutory reserve	Retained earnings	Foreign currency translation reserve	Actuarial reserves	Equity attributable to shareholders of the Company	Treasury shares	Total Equity
	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR		
Balance as at January 1, 2017	360,000,000	66,088,888	30,643,498	(104,641)	-	456,627,745		456,627,745
Net income for the period		-	82,487,711		-	82,487,711	-	82,487,711
Dividends distributed	-	-	(31,500,000)			(31,500,000)		(31,500,000)
Transfer to statutory reserve		8,248,771	(8,248,771)	-	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income				138,798	-	138,798	_	138,798
Increase in Share capital	60,000,000	(55,000,000)	(5,000,000)			-	-	
Balance at September 30, 2017	420,000,000	19,337,659	68,382,438	34,157	-	507,754,254		507,754,254
Balance as at January 1, 2018	420,000,000	25,102,741	120,268,174	(101,155)	813,163	566,082,923		566,082,923
Adjustment on adoption of IFRS 9	-	-	(479,953)	-	_	(479,953)	-	(479,953)
Balance as at January 1, 2018 (Adjusted)	420,000,000	25,102,741	119,788,221	(101,155)	813,163	565,602,970	-	565,602,970
Net income for the period			98,116,265	_		98,116,265	_	98,116,265
Transfer to statutory reserve	_	9,811,627	(9,811,627)	_	_		_	_
Dividends distributed (Note 16)			(84,000,000)			(84,000,000)	_	(84,000,000)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	325		325		325
Increase in Share capital	80,000,000	(20,000,000)	(60,000,000)		-			
Issuance of treasury share	_	_	20,000,000		-	20,000,000	(20,000,000)	-
Balance as at September 30, 2018	500,000,000	14,914,368	84,092,859	(100,830)	813,163	599,719,560	(20,000,000)	579,719,560

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the board of directors, on behalf of the shareholders and were signed on its behalf on October 28, 2018.

Chief Financial Officer	Chief Executive Officer	Chairman

The accompanying notes 1 through 21 form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2017
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Cash flows from operating activities:	SR	SR
	00 116 365	02 407 711
Net profit for the period	98,116,265	82,487,711
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of property and equipment	26,097,027	29,431,007
Amortization of intangible assets	4,328,753	3,327,328
Loss from disposal of property and equipment	333,804	79,813
Property and equipment written off	441,434	(100 447)
Deferred revenue on sale and leaseback	(102,447)	(102,447)
Deferred revenue from additional services program	3,437,847	7,139,855
Finance cost	8,085,873	1,051,806
Impairment recognized on installment sales receivable, net	8,817,988	5,029,315
Impairment recognized on trade and other receivables, net	41,551	133,838
Impairment recognized against inventories	9,185,860	3,255,923
Inventories written off	858,492	2.256.024
Zakat expense	4,492,177	2,256,234
End of service benefits	7,617,961	9,133,922
Deferred tax asset		243,713
Operating lease liability	5,024,568	113,515
	176,777,153	143,581,533
Changes in:		
Trade and other receivables	(25,055,498)	(7,354,281)
Installment sales receivables	(140,028,944)	(50,037,790)
Inventories	(137,466,929)	(490,772,897)
Frade and other payables	229,414,033	233,152,296
Cash from (used in) operations	103,639,815	(171,431,139)
End of service benefits paid	(6,877,903)	(4,718,989)
Finance cost paid	(8,085,873)	(1,051,806)
Zakat paid	(5,451,533)	(2,919,604)
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	83,224,506	(180,121,538)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Additions to property and equipment	(37,883,593)	(32,009,050)
Additions to intangible assets	(428,698)	(8,444,566)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	138,760	18,152
Net cash used in investing activities	(38,173,531)	(40,440,464)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Drawdown of Murabaha Ioan	495,000,000	265,000,000
Repayment of Murabaha loan	(455,000,000)	(50,000,000)
Finance lease repayment	(15,600)	
Dividends distribution paid	(84,000,000)	(31,500,000
Net cash (used in) from financing activities	(44,015,600)	183,500,000
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,197,375	(37,062,002
Effects of foreign exchange translation on cash and cash equivalents	325	138,798
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the period	77,160,609	100,197,958
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		63,274,754
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	78,358,309	03,274,734

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the board of directors, on behalf of the shareholders and were signed on its behalf on October 28, 2018

Chief Financial Officer Chief Executive Officer Chairman

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

1. ORGANIZATION AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

United Electronics Company (the "Company") is a Saudi joint stock Company initially registered in Riyadh under commercial registration number 1010175357 dated 19 Muharram 1423H (corresponding to April 1, 2002). In 2004, the Company's registered office was transferred from Riyadh to Al Khobar and, accordingly, the commercial Registration number was changed to 2051029841 dated 10 Jumada II,1425H (corresponding to July 27, 2004). The shares of the company were listed on the Saudi Stock Exchange "Tadawul" on December 24, 2011.

On 8 Muharam 1440H (corresponding to September 18, 2018) the Extraordinary General Meeting approved the increase of the Company's share capital by SR 80 million via a transfer from the retained earnings and the statutory reserve of the fiscal year ended 31 December 2017. Accordingly, the share capital increased from SR 420 million to SR 500 million, and number of shares increased from 42 million shares to 50 million shares. Details of increase are as follow:

- 1- Distribution of 6 million shares as bonus shares to the shareholders at one share for every seven existing shares which represents an increase of 14.29% of the company's share capital, and will be entitled to the shareholders registered at the end of the date of the meeting (registered shareholders in the Company's shareholding register with the Securities Depository Center at the end of the second trading day following the day of the Extraordinary General Meeting).
- 2- Allocation of 2 million shares representing 4.76% of the Company's share capital to establish the employees' stock program (long-term incentive plan).

The address of the Company's head office is as follows:

- United Electronics Company - P.O. Box 76688 Al Khobar 31952, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

The Company's principal activities are the wholesale and retail trade in foodstuff, electric appliances, electronic gadgets, computers and their spare parts and accessories, furniture, office equipment and tools, car recorder installations, maintenance and repair services, establishment of restaurants and third-party marketing.

1.1 Structure of the group

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the financial statements of the company and following subsidiaries:

	ame of consolidated subsidiaries	Effective ownership
1.	United Electronics Company Extra S.P.C., a Co. registered in Bahrain	100%
2.	United Electronics Company Extra L.L.C., a Co. registered in Oman	100%
3.	United Company for Maintenance Services, a Co. registered in Kingdom of Saudi	
	Arabia	100%

The three wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, for which the assets, liabilities and result of operations of these subsidiaries have been included in the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

- 1- United Electronics Company-Extra S.P.C., is registered in Bahrain on 15 Dhul-Qa'da 1432H (corresponding to October 13, 2011). The principal activities of this subsidiary are importing, exporting and trading of electrical and electronics devices and their spare parts, computers and accessories, selling video and audio media materials, importing and exporting computer software and hardware, importing and exporting electronic games, providing maintenance for electric devices in addition to management and development of personal properties.
- 2- United Electronics Company-Extra L.L.C., is registered in Oman on 15 Jumada I 1433H (corresponding to April 7, 2012), the principal activities of this subsidiary is retail trading of computer, non-customized software, household appliances (radio, television, refrigerators, crockery etc.), toys, games, satellites, and phones.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

1- ORGANIZATION AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES (Continued)

2- 1.1 Structure of the group (Continued)

3- United Computers Maintenance and Electronics Company Limited, is Saudi limited liability company incorporated on 10 Rajab 1431H (corresponding to September 22, 2010). The principal activities of this subsidiary are maintenance and repair and providing warranty for electronics, digital and electrical devices, home appliances and computers and wholesale trading of spare parts in electrical and digital devices, photocopy and fax machines, telephones, cell phones, video and electric games, digital pocket assistants, printers and computer-related devices.

The Company and its subsidiaries are together referred as "the Group"

4- As at September 30, 2018, The Group had a total of 43 branches (September 30, 2017: 43 branches) out of which 40 operational branches are in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (September 30, 2017: 40 branches).

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Riyal.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine months period ended 30 September 2018 have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 - Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34") as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements that are issued by Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants (SOCPA). The accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and hence should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. The Company has adopted IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" from 1 January 2018 and accordingly, the accounting policies for this new standard are disclosed in the Note 4.

2.2 Preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

The Condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention except for the defined benefit obligation which is recognized at the present value of future obligation using the projected unit credit method.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year and the respective corresponding interim reporting period, except for the adoption of new and amended standards as set out below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS required management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts in the financial statements. These critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimations were the same as those described in the last annual financial statements, except for new significant judgements and key sources of estimation related to the application of IFRS 9 which are disclosed in note 4.4.

3. BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries detailed in note 1. Control is achieved when the Company:

- · has power over the investee;
- · is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- · has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

3. BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (Continued)

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- The size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- Potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- Any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to
 direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous
 shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the shareholders of the Company.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the consolidated financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES

4.1 Standards issued and applied by the Group

The group has early adopted IFRS 15 – Revenue from contracts with customer effective January 1, 2017. The application of IFRS 15 was made under the modified retrospective approach as permitted by the standards. The modified retrospective application requires the recognition of the cumulative impact of adoption of IFRS 15 on all contracts as of the adoption date. The application of this standard resulted in an adjustment to the opening retained earnings as at January 1, 2017, the date by which the management has adopted the standard, by SR 71,242,730 on account of changes in revenue recognition on additional service program (extended warranty).

IFRS 9 became applicable for the current reporting period and the Company had accordingly adjusted its accounting policies as a result of adopting IFRS 9. The impact of the adoption of this new standard and the new accounting policies are disclosed in note 4 and note 5. The other standards did not have any impact on the Group's accounting policies.

4.2 New standards, amendments and revised IFRS in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

New and revised IFRSs	Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
IFRS 16 IFRS 3, IFRS 11, IAS 12	Leases	January 1, 2019
and IAS 23	Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle	January 1, 2019
IFRIC 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	January 1, 2019
IAS 28	Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures	January 1, 2019
IAS 19	Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement	January 1, 2019
IFRS 9	Amendments to IFRS 9 - Prepayment features with negative	
	compensation & modification of financial liabilities	January 1, 2019

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES (Continued)

4.2 New standards, amendments and revised 1FRS in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Management anticipates that these new standards, interpretations and amendments will be adopted in the Group's consolidated financial statements as and when they are applicable and adoption of these new standards, interpretations and amendments may have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group in the period of initial application.

IFRS 16 will be adopted in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning January 1, 2019. The application of IFRS 16 is effective January 1, 2019 and may have a significant impact on amounts reported and disclosures made in the Group's consolidated financial statements in respect of its leases. However, it is not practicable at this stage to provide a reasonable estimate of effects of the application of IFRS 16 until the Group performs a detailed review

4.3 Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company's annual financial statements as at 31 December 2017, except for the policies explained below that are related to the IFRS became effective on January 1, 2018. The Group has adopted IFRS 9 "financial instruments" effective January 1, 2018. This standard set out the requirements for the recognition and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities. The key changes to the Company's accounting policies resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9 are set as follows:

Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities

The standard eliminates the existing IAS 39 categories of held-to-maturity, loan and receivables and available-for-sale. The classification of financial assets under IFRS 9 is generally based on the business model in which the financial asset is managed together with its relevant contractual cash flow characteristics. IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities.

IFRS 9 replaces the 'incurred loss' model in IAS 39 with an 'expected credit loss' model ("ECL"). The allowance is based on the ECLs associated with the probability of default in the next twelve months unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination.

Transition

Changes in accounting policies resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9 have been applied under modified retrospective approach.

4.3.1 Classification of financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified and measured at Amortized Cost, Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) and Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL). However, the Group as of the reporting date only holds financial assets measured at amortized cost. These assets are subsequently measured at fair value net of loss on impairment.

Financial Asset at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and the
contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal
and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

Business model assessment

The Company assesses the objective of a business model in which an asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- The stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. In particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual revenue, maintaining a particular profit rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- · How the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Company's management;
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES (Continued)

4.3 Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

4.3.1 Classification of financial assets (Continued)

- How managers of the business are compensated- e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- The frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its expectations about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered in isolation, but as part of an overall assessment of how the Company's stated objective for managing the financial assets is achieved and how cash flows are realized.

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realized in a way that is different from the Company original expectations, the Company does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model, but incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward.

Financial assets that are held for trading, if any, and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL because they are neither held to collect contractual cash flows nor held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell financial assets.

Assessments whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Profit' is the consideration for the time value of money, the credit and other basic lending risks associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period and other basic lending costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), along with profit margin.

4.3.2 Classification of financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, other than financial guarantees and loan commitments, as measured at amortized cost. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the Effective Interest Rate (EIR).

Derecognition

Financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset derecognized) and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in OCI is recognized in profit or loss.

4.3.3 Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward-tooking basis the expected credit losses ('ECL') associated with its installment sale receivables carried at amortized cost.

The Group assess impairment "based on three stages model" categorization as follows:

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.3 Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

4.3.3 Impairment (Continued)

Stage 1 (DPD 0 - 30)

Includes installment sale receivables that have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or that have low credit risk at the reporting date. For these assets, 12-months ECL are recognized and interest revenue is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset (that is, without deduction for credit allowance). 12-month ECL are the expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. It is not the expected cash shortfalls over the 12-month period but the entire credit loss on an asset weighted by the probability that the loss will occur in the next 12 months.

Stage 2 (DPD 31 - 90)

Includes installment sale receivables that have had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition (unless they have low credit risk at the reporting date) but that do not have objective evidence of impairment. For these asset, lifetime ECL are recognized, but interest revenue is still calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset. Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of installment receivables. Expected credit losses are the weighted average credit losses with the PD as the weight.

Stage 3 (DPD 90 +)

Include financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime ECL are recognized and interest revenue is calculated on the net carrying amount (that is, net of credit allowance).

Significant increase in credit risk (SICR):

IFRS9 requires management, when determining whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly, to consider reasonable and supportable information available in order to compare the risk of a default occurring at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring at initial recognition of the financial statement.

The Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is measured on either a 12-month (12M) or Lifetime basis depending on whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred since initial recognition or whether an asset is considered to be credit-impaired. Expected credit losses are calculated by cumulative effect of Probability of Default (PD), Exposure at Default (EAD), and Loss Given Default (LGD), defined as follows:

- "Default", The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when: (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse; or (ii) the borrower is past due more than 30 days on any material credit obligation to the Group.
- The PD represents the likelihood of a borrower defaulting on its financial obligation (as per "Definition of default and credit-impaired" above), either over the next 12 months (12M PD), or over the remaining lifetime (Lifetime PD) of the obligation.
- EAD is based on the amounts the Group expects to be owed at the time of default, over the next 12 months (12M EAD) or over the remaining lifetime (Lifetime EAD).
- Loss Given Default (LGD) represents the Group's expectation of the extent of loss on a defaulted exposure. LGD varies by type of counterparty, type and seniority of claim and availability of collateral or other credit support. LGD is expressed as a percentage loss per unit of exposure at the time of default (EAD). LGD is calculated on a 12-month or lifetime basis, where 12-month LGD is the percentage of loss expected to be made if the default occurs in the next 12 months and Lifetime LGD is the percentage of loss expected to be made if the default occurs over the remaining expected lifetime of the loan.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4.3 Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

4.3.3 Impairment (Continued)

The ECL allowance is affected by a variety of factors, as described below:

- Transfers between Stage 1 and Stages 2 or 3 due to financial instruments experiencing significant increases (or decreases) of credit risk or becoming credit-impaired in the period, and the consequent "step up" (or "step down") between 12-month and Lifetime ECL;
- Additional allowances for new financial instruments recognized during the period, as well as releases for financial instruments de-recognized in the period;
- Impact on the measurement of ECL due to changes in Probability of Default PDs, Exposure at Default (EADs) and Loss Given Default (LGDs) in the period, arising from regular refreshing of inputs to models;
- Impacts on the measurement of ECL due to changes made to models and assumptions;
- Discount unwind within ECL due to the passage of time, as ECL is measured on a present value basis;
- Foreign exchange retranslations for assets denominated in foreign currencies and other movements; and
- Financial assets derecognized during the period and write-offs of allowances related to assets that were written off during the period.

The Group has identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses and, using an analysis of historical data, has estimated relationships between macro-economic variables and credit risk and credit losses. The economic scenarios used as at September 30, 2018 included the following key indicators.

- GDP growth
- Inflation rate

Write off

The Group writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

For trade and other receivables, which are considered as low risk by Group with an average credit period of 30 days, the Group uses the simplified approach whereby the expected credit losses are based on the credit loss expected over the lives of these assets. The Group has prepared a provision matrix based on its previous experience adjusted to account for receivables future outlook and the respective economic conditions.

4.4 Critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the directors of the Group are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The following are the critical judgement and key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Installment sales receivables

The measurement of the expected credit loss allowance for installment sales receivable measured at amortized cost, is an area that requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behavior (e.g. the likelihood of customers defaulting and the resulting losses).

A number of significant judgements are also required in applying the accounting requirements for measuring ECL, such as:

- Determining criteria for significant increase in credit risk;
- Choosing appropriate models and assumptions for the measurement of ECL;
- Establishing the number and relative weightings of forward-looking scenarios for each type of product/market and the associated ECL; and
- Establishing groups of similar financial assets for the purposes of measuring ECL.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

5. IMPACT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES DUE TO ADOPTION OF NEW STANDARD

The key changes to the Group's accounting policies resulting from its adoption of IFRS 9 are summarized below:

i) Reconciliation of impairment allowance balance from IAS 39 to IFRS 9

The following table reconciles the prior period's closing impairment allowance measured in accordance with the IAS 39 incurred loss model to the new impairment allowance measured in accordance with the IFRS 9 expected loss model at 1 January 2018:

	Impairment allowance under IAS 39	Re-measurement	Impairment allowance under IFRS 9
	SR	SR	SR
Trade and other receivables	1,720,417	-	1,720,417
Installment sales receivables	16,571,657	479,953	17,051,610
	18,292,074	479,953	18,772,027

ii) Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities on the date of initial application of IFRS 9

	Original classification under IAS 39	New classification under IFRS 9	Original carrying value under IAS 39	New carrying value under IFRS 9
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	77,160,609	77,160,609
Trade and other receivables	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	59,137,104	59,137,104
Installment sales receivables	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	152,331,713	151,851,760
			288,629,426	288,149,473
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	694,669,308	694,669,308
Murabaha Loan	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	200,000,000	200,000,000
			894,669,308	894,669,308

iii) Impact on retained earnings

	Ketained Earnings
Closing balance under IAS 39 (December 31, 2017)	120,268,174
Recognition of expected credit losses under IFRS 9	(479,953)
Opening balance under IFRS 9 (January 1, 2018)	119,788,221

6. INSTALLMENT SALES RECEIVABLE

Details of installment sales receivables are as follows:

	September 30, 2018 SR	December 31, 2017 SR
Installment sales receivable	308,853,030	168,903,370
Less: allowance for impairment	(25,790,314)	(16,571,657)
Net installment sales receivable	283,062,716	152,331,713
Less: non-current portion included in non-current assets	(71,058,155)	(30,789,790)
Installment sales receivable, net - current portion	212,004,561	121,541,923

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

6. INSTALLMENT SALES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

The average credit installment granted is SR 10,000 at pre-determined rate.

As at September 30, 2018, stage wise installment sales receivable balances and the respective ECL are as follows:

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	December 31, 2017
Installment sales receivables	253,644,033	24,916,047	30,292,950	308,853,030	168,903,370
Allowance for impairment	(3,223,084)	(3,462,486)	(19,104,744)	(25,790,314) 283,062,716	(16,571,657) 152,331,713

During the period, there has been no transfer between stage 1, stage 2 and stage 3.

Movement in the allowance for impairment

Movement in the anowance for impartment		
	September 30, 2018 SR	December 31, 2017 SR
Opening balance	16,571,657	10,530,741
Impact of adoption of IFRS 9	479,953	
Impairment for the period / year	8,817,988	6,191,070
Utilized allowance	(79,284)	(150,154)
Closing balance	25,790,314	16,571,657
7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
	SR	SR
Cash at banks	66,889,127	60,523,713
Cash on hand	11,469,182	16,636,896
	78 358 309	77 160 609

8. STATUTORY RESERVE

In accordance with the Regulations for Companies in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the Group has established a statutory reserve by the appropriation of 10% of net income. General Assembly may cease such appropriation when reserve equaled 30% of the share capital.

9. DEFERRED REVENUE FROM SALES AND LEASE BACK

The Group entered into a contract with a third part whereby it sold and leased back the land and buildings on which the Group's Dammam branch is situated for a total amount of SR 69,646,242. The lease period is eighteen years commencing on July 1, 2015 and ending on June 30, 2033. The annual rent is paid in advance. This lease is accounted for as an operating lease. The Group has deferred the difference between the fair value of the asset leased-back and the related sales proceeds over the leaseback term at a monthly amount of SR 11,383.

The summary of the current and non-current portion of the deferred portions is as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2018	2017
	SR	SR
Current portion	136,596	136,596
Non-current portion	1,878,328	1,980,775
	2,014,924	2,117,371

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

10. BANK FACILITIES

The Group has bank facilities from local banks for letter of credit, letters of guarantee and Islamic Murabaha financing. These facilities are subject to Islamic Shariah principles. These facilities carry finance charges at market rates and are secured against promissory notes.

11. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

The management of the Company views the entire business activities of the Company as one operating segment for performance assessment and resources allocation. Because the management views the entire business activities of the Company as one segment, segment reporting is provided by geographical segments only.

There are no intra segment transactions except those eliminated under consolidation adjustments. The details of the results pertaining to Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and subsidiaries results outside the Kingdom with their respective assets and liabilities for the period ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

For three months period ended September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

	Inside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Consolidation adjustments	Total
Revenue, net	838,483,711	56,468,883	(130,029)	894,822,565
Cost of revenue	(674,190,490)	(48,599,970)	130,029	(722,660,431)
Gross profit	164,293,221	7,868,913	-	172,162,134
Net profit / (loss)	30,938,013	(513,067)	529,515	30,954,461

For nine months period ended September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

	Inside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Consolidation adjustments	Total
Revenue, net	2,585,276,064	190,281,245	(755,428)	2,774,801,881
Cost of revenue	(2,100,160,300)	(165,158,866)	755,428	(2,264,563,738)
Gross profit	485,115,764	25,122,379	-	510,238,143
Net profit / (loss)	98,122,012	295,719	(301,466)	98,116,265

Financial position as at September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

	Inside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Outside the Kingdom of Saudl Arabia	Consolidation adjustments	Totai
Current assets	1,390,823,962	42,633,933	(44,387,553)	1,389,070,342
Non-current assets	475,426,652	57,139,484	17,310,547	549,876,683
Total Assets	1,866,250,614	99,773,417	(27,077,006)	1,938,947,025
Current liabilities	1,155,881,332	105,892,120	(44,387,553)	1,217,385,899
Non-current liabilities	130,150,198	11,691,368		141,841,566
Total Liabilities	1,286,031,530	117,583,488	(44,387,553)	1,359,227,465

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

11. SEGMENTAL REPORTING (Continued)

For three months	period ended Septembe	r 30.	2017	(Unaudited)

	Inside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Consolidation adjustments	Total
Revenue, net	723,291,444	55,323,575	(659,679)	777,955,340
Cost of revenue	(581,015,334)	(47,006,774)	659,679	(627,362,429)
Gross profit	142,276,110	8,316,801		150,592,911
Net profit / (loss)	26,163,695	526,664	(564,939)	26,125,420
For nine months period end	led September 30, 2017 (Unaudited)		
	Inside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Consolidation adjustments	Total
Revenue, net	2,433,525,350	165,156,488	(2,150,248)	2,596,531,590
Cost of revenue	(1,999,591,498)	(141,804,489)	2,150,248	(2,139,245,739)
Gross profit	433,933,852	23,351,999		457,285,851
Net profit / (loss)	82,577,911	(2,133,127)	2,042,927	82,487,711
Financial position as at De-	cember 31, 2017 (Audited	d)		
Financial position as at De	Inside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Consolidation adjustments	Total
	Inside the Kingdom of	Outside the Kingdom of		Total 1,132,990,688
Current assets	Inside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	adjustments	1,132,990,688
Current assets Non-current assets	Inside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia 1,146,735,508	Outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia 37,208,002	adjustments (50,952,822)	1,132,990,688
Current assets Non-current assets Total Assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Total Liabilities	Inside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia 1,146,735,508 444,244,083	Outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia 37,208,002 57,361,453	adjustments (50,952,822) 17,599,124	1,132,990,688 519,204,660

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

12. RELATED PARTIES' TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed below as terms and conditions of such transactions are approved by the Company's management, Board of Directors and General Assembly.

During the period, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties that are not members of the Group:

	Transaction Amount		Balance at	
	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,	December 31,
Nature of transaction	2018	2017	2018	2017
	SR	SR	SR	SR
Sales to				
Retal Urban Development Company	61,928		3,000	-
Al Fozan Holding Company	44,818	396,045	7,250	
Purchases from				
United Homeware Company	20,131,896	7,982,975	2,104,144	2,839,186
Madar Tools & Equipment Co.	145,419		143,971	-
Al Yassra Trading Company	301,260	692,057	849,045	
Digital Electronics Solutions Development Company		360,544,050		1,598,178
Rental income from				
United Homeware Company	5,013,630	3,603,060	2,933,719	-
Fixed assets purchases from				
Madar Electrical Materials Co.	2,109,522			-
Rent expense from				
Madar Building Materials Co.	412,500	412,500	-	-
Abdullatif and Mohamed Al Fozan Co.	1,103,250	1,322,850		-
Management fee				
United Homeware Company	637,115	561,668	318,558	-
Others from				
United Homeware Company	214,740		90,683	
Others to				
Madar Building Materials Co.	230,996	231,000	230,996	-

The amounts are on commercial substance and will be settled in cash. Balance due to related parties are included under trade and other payable.

During the period ended September 30, the Group had the following significant transactions with its related parties.

Entity	Relationship	
Al Fozan Holding Company	Shareholder	
United Homeware Company	Affiliate of a shareholder	
Abdullatif and Mohamed Al Fozan Co.	Affiliate of a shareholder	
Digital Electronics Solutions Development Company	Affiliate of a shareholder	
Retal Urban Development Company	Affiliate of a board member	
Madar Building Materials Co. (Previously Al Fozan Building Materials)	Affiliate of a shareholder	
Madar Electrical Materials Co.	Affiliate of a shareholder	
Madar Tools & Equipment Co.	Affiliate of a shareholder	
Al Yassra Trading Co.	Affiliate of a board member	

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

12. RELATED PARTIES' TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (Continued)

Key management compensation:

	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2017
	SR	SR
Short term benefit	15,532,264	7,082,095
Amount payable under retention program	1,383,302	1,107,884
BOD and related committees remuneration	2,518,799	1,633,333

13. EARNING PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. The Company also issued 6 million bonus shares to shareholders during the current period, and 2 million shares were issued to establish the employees' stock program (long-term incentive plan).

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period that is owned by the shareholders. For the diluted earnings per share, it is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which includes the treasury shares issued to establish the employees' stock program and conversion of treasury shares into ordinary shares upon entitlement.

According to IAS 33 "Earnings per share", the number of ordinary shares outstanding before the issuance were adjusted for the proportionate change in the number of ordinary shares outstanding as if the issuance had occurred at the beginning of the earliest period presented.

14. LONG -TERM INCENTIVE PROGRAM

The Company provides a long-term incentive program (the "program") to certain qualified employees who will be rewarded for their role in achieving the Company's long-term goals and to attract and retain talented employees. The program focuses on both current and future performance and enables participants to contribute to the Company's success and is measured based on performance rates determined by the nomination and remuneration Committee.

The program is entirely based on in kind settlement where the approved participants will receive the Company's shares (restricted shares "treasury shares") upon completing the vesting period and achieving the performance measures and fulfilling the necessary conditions by the participant in addition to completing the required approvals. This program is under the supervision of the nomination and remuneration Committee that is approved by the Board of Directors.

At the date of issue of the financial statements, no options or shares were granted to the Company's employees and the related expenses of the program will be determined at fair value at the granting date and the cost shall be charged to the period in which the conditions specified in the program are met and expire on the date that the employees become fully eligible for the benefits of the program (vesting date)

The total expenses related to the program will be charged to the employees' salaries and other expenses with a corresponding increase in the statement of changes in equity in accordance with the requirements of the International Financial Reporting Standard No. (2) "share based payment"

Treasury shares

At the beginning of the period / year
Acquired during the period / year
Disposal upon exercising the options

	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2017
	SR	SR
	•	
	20,000,000	-
	-	-
-	20,900,000	2-

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's principal financial liabilities comprise trade and other payables and loans The Group's principal financial assets cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and installment sale receivables. The main financial risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Management reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below:

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates may affect the Group's income. The Group was exposed to market risk, in the form of interest rate risk and foreign currency risk as described below, during the period under review. There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are managed and measured.

Foreign currency risk management

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of the financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's major financial assets and financial liabilities are denominated in Saudi Riyal, Omani riyal(OR), Bahraini Dinar (BD), Emirates Dirham (AED), US Dollars (USD), and Euro (Euro). Saudi riyals are pegged to the US Dollar, Bahraini Dinar and Omani Riyals and consequently balances in those currencies are not considered to represent a currency risk. Management monitors the fluctuations in Euro currency exchange rates with Saudi Riyals and manages its effect on the financial statements accordingly. Management monitors fluctuations in other foreign exchange rates and manages their effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements accordingly. The Group did not have any significant foreign currency denominated monetary assets or liabilities at the reporting date for which it was exposed to foreign currency fluctuations. Consequently, no foreign currency sensitivity analysis has been presented. The group is exposed to foreign currency risk as follows:

		September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
	Currency	SR	SR
Cash and cash equivalent	USD	269,960	421,003
	EUR	200,758	482,428
Trade and other payables	USD	99,842,295	15,952,773
	EUR	93,687	
	AED	447,091	-

Interest rate and liquidity risk management

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group has interest bearing loans at September 30, 2018 and 2017. Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Liquidity risk

The Group maintains sufficient cash. Management review cash flow forecasts on a regular basis to determine whether the Group has sufficient cash reserves to meet future working capital requirements and to take advantage of business opportunities. The average creditor payment period is 75 days (2017: 53 days).

Contractual maturity analysis for financial liabilities

The following table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows:

	Interest rate	Within 1 year SR	1-5 years SR	Total SR
Trade and other payables	Interest free	919,497,278		919,497,278
Murabaha finance	3.39 % - 3.63 %	240,000,000	-	240,000,000
Finance lease liability	Interest free	269,550	-	269,550

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument may fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk on its short term cash investments, and trade and installment sales receivables. Short term cash investments are placed with banks and institutions with sound credit ratings.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Description	SR	SR
Cash and cash equivalents	79 120 180	77 160 600
Accounts receivables and installment sales receivable*	78,358,309 391,912,067	77,160,609 211,468,817

^{*}For sales installment receivables have been measured based on Expected Credit Loss (ECL) method. The class wise categorization of installment sales receivable ECL are included in note 6.

The Group seeks to manage its credit risk with respect to banks by only dealing with reputable banks. With respect to credit risk arising from the financial assets of the Group, including receivables from employees and bank balances, the Group's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these assets in the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position.

Capital management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximizing the return to shareholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from the previous period / year. The capital structure of the Group consists of equity and debt comprising share capital, the statutory reserve, retained earnings, the foreign currency translation reserve and loans. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

16. DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTION

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on February 21, 2018 resolved to distribute SR 52.5 million cash dividends to the shareholders of the Company for the second half of 2017. Also, in their meeting held on July 8, 2018, the Board of Directors resolved to distribute cash dividends of SR 0.75 per share to the shareholders of the Company for the first half of 2018 with a total amount of SR 31.50 million. Dividends were fully paid during the period ended September 30, 2018.

17. CONTINGENCIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	September 30, 2018 SR	December 31, 2017 SR
Letters of credit	569,370,493	379,629,739
Letters of guarantee	114,291,198	26,091,198
Commitments for the acquisition of property and equipment	47,713,282	2,613,956
Commitments for the acquisition of intangible assets	12,567,204	914,344
18. SUPPLEMENTAL CASHFLOW INFORMATION		
Significant non-cash transactions are as follows,		
	September 30,	June 30,
	2018	2017
	SR	SR
Impact of early adoption of IFRS 15 on deferred revenue from		
additional services program		(71,242,730)
Insurance claim receivables for inventories	16,311,055	
Insurance claim receivables for property and equipment	8,387,245	
Property and equipment written off	4,586,063	
Property and equipment acquired on finance lease	162,000	
Impact of adoption of IFRS 9	(479,953)	

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

19. ZAKAT STATUS

The Company received on January 8, 2018, the final assessment for years 2006 to 2010 from the General Authority of Zakat and Tax ("GAZT") that claimed an additional zakat and tax liability of SR 24 million. The Company has filed an objection to the above-mentioned assessment and obtained a revised assessment of SR 322,278 which was settled during the period. Assessment for years 2011 to 2017 still under review by the General Authority of Zakat and Tax ("GAZT"). The Company obtained the zakat certificate for the year ended December 31, 2017.

20. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the presentation of the current period.

21. APPROVAL OF THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorized for issue on October 28, 2018 corresponding to 19 Safar 1440H.